

plant, gorgonias, corals, alcyoniums, flabellums, and sponges, that afford no less delight to the eye, and are no less gently agitated by the heaving waters than the most beautiful garden in earth when a gentle breeze passes through the waving boughs."

News of the Week.

A soldier belonging to a company of the 17th Regt. at Chebham Camp was drowned, on Tuesday last, having become entangled in the weeds. Ensign Dunning, in endeavouring to rescue him, narrowly escaped a similar fate.

The Fancy Fair at the Horticultural Gardens, on Tuesday, presented a pleasing appearance, and the concert in the evening attracted a large number of visitors. The net proceeds amounted to about \$400.

The Scullers' Race which was run on Saturday by G. Lovett and E. Brown, for the championship of the harbour, was won by Lovett—who came in a short distance ahead of his competitor.

The Colonist says—There was a large sword fish caught at Partridge Cove, head of Bedford Basin, on Thursday morning. It measured from the point of the sword to the end of the tail, 10 ft. 3 in.; girth at shoulder, 4 ft. 6 in.; length of sword, 3 ft. 11 in.; across the tail fins, 3 ft. 3 in. It was caught in a salmon net belonging to Mr. David McGrath.

Alderman Spence was sworn in yesterday as a member of the City Council.

On the 30th ult. a boy was committed for trial at Amherst, for discharging a gun at Mrs. Goldsmith.

The various papers throughout the province speak encouragingly respecting the prospects of abundant crops this season; and we are glad to observe that appearances indicate a bountiful harvest in Canada, New Brunswick and P. E. Island.—*Chronicle.*

The Newfoundland Express of the 28th ult. states that the accounts of the fishery for the past few days are generally much more favourable. A vessel from Green Bay reports that the coast is now clear of ice. Intelligence from the Labrador is more cheering. The vessels have got down safe, and the fishery was reported good in the vicinity of Cape Charles.

An American named Merrill was recently arrested at St. John, N. B. for endeavouring to enlist men for the American military service. He gave bail for his appearance, and absconded previous to the day appointed for his examination. Another man named McCardell was subsequently fined \$80 for soliciting a corporal of the 15th Regt. to desert, and enlist in the American army.

It has been decided by the Imperial

authorities to erect fortifications at the entrance of St. John N. B. harbour.

AMERICAN INTELLIGENCE.

It is said to be the settled determination of the people of New York to resist the draft: and in New England the draft is practically annulled by the disappearance of conscripts, and by the large numbers exempted for disability, or over or under age.

By Telegraph to Morning & Evening Papers.

Telegrams received during the past week report wholesale conscription commenced at Richmond; and at Memphis Confederates were impressing everybody, railroad, railroad stock, and cotton hurrying to Mobile.

Confederates threaten to sell coloured prisoners into slavery. President Lincoln proclaims they shall be protected, and if executed or sold into slavery, he will retaliate upon Confederate prisoners.

August 1, evening.—Gen. Blunt's fight with Cooper was at Elk. The Confederates lost 200 killed, 300 wounded, and 60 prisoners. Blunt lost 2 howitzers, 10 killed and 25 wounded. A dispatch to the New York Times says that an order will be issued to commence the draft again in New York on Monday. Latest accounts from Charleston say, the Federals have erected line batteries within 250 yards of Fort Wagner, and heavy guns within a mile of Fort Sumter. Brasher city is reported to have surrendered to gun-boat Schem.

LATEST EUROPEAN NEWS.

We have received English despatches of the 25th ult. per R. M. Steamship Arabia, which arrived yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Roebuck on the 13th withdrew his motion for recognizing the Confederate States of America.

A public demonstration in favour of Poland was held in London on Wednesday night. A proposition was adopted deprecating all negotiation with Russia respecting Poland, except upon a basis of the cessation of hostilities, the withdrawal of the Russian troops from every part of Poland, and the establishment of a separate and independent Polish State; and urging that if an armed intervention were requisite the English people would cheerfully bear the responsibility. A deputation was appointed to lay this proposition before Earl Russell.

During the week ending the 11th July, there has been a considerable decrease in the number of persons receiving relief.

The directors of the Atlantic Telegraph Company have invited tenders for the laying of a cable between the coast of Ireland and Newfoundland, so that there is a good prospect of Telegraphic communication being shortly established between Europe and North America.

A crowd of people assembled in Aston Park, Birmingham, on Monday, to witness a female styling herself Madame Genevieve perform, in imitation of Blondin, on a rope fixed at an elevation of 60 feet. While gratifying the depraved taste of the audience, the poor wretch was instantaneously killed through the rope breaking. The inhabitants of Birmingham, sickened at the horrible death of Madame Genevieve, are determined to agitate for an act of Parliament prohibiting such dangerous andgrading exhibitions.

In the House of Lords, on Monday, Earl Granville, in reply to Lord Lyveden, expressed regret that the Canadians had not yet made any provision for the defence of that colony, and stated that in the event of war it would be impossible for England to help them unless they were willing to help themselves.

In the House of Commons Mr. Horsman moved a resolution expressing the opinion of the house that the arrangements made with regard to Poland by the treaty of Vienna have failed to secure the good government of Poland and the peace of Europe, and that any further attempt to replace Poland under the condition of that treaty must cause calamity to Poland and embarrassment and danger to Europe. The honourable member said that the Government had either gone too far or not far enough in this matter. It ought either to have been refrained from kindling in the minds of the Poles expectations of assistance which there was no intention to grant, or be prepared to back up its protests with force. He could not approve of the middle course which the Government had taken.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer replied, and other members spoke on the subject—when Lord Palmerston entered into details of the question with the object of showing that the Government had pursued a wise and proper course in confining its exertions on behalf of Poland to diplomatic remonstrances. He was sorry that Russia had declined to comply with the suggestion for a suspension of hostilities as a preliminary to negotiations, and hoped that the house would excuse him from then stating what steps her Majesty's Government would next take in concert with France and Austria. He promised, however, that such steps should be in accordance with the wishes of the house and the country. The motion was then withdrawn.

The great International Agricultural Exhibition at Hamburg, which has just closed, has been a perfect success. Entries were made by 34 different nationalities, extending from Russia on the north and east to the States of North America on the west. England was well represented, and carried off her full proportion of the prizes awarded.

It is stated that the Emperor of the