Queenston and there found that my husband had been wounded, my house plundered and property destroyed. It was while the Americans had possession of the frontier that I learned the plans of the American commander and determined to put the British troops under FitzGibbon in possession of them, and if possible to save the British troops from capture or perhaps total destruction. In doing so I found I should have great difficulty in getting through the American guards, which were out ten miles in the country. Determined to persevere, I left early in the morning, walked nineteen miles in the month of June over a rough and difficult part of the country, when I came to a field belonging to a Mr. Decamp in the neighborhood of the Beaver Dam. By this time daylight had left me. Here I found all the Indians encamped; by moonlight the scene was terrifying and to those accustomed to such scenes might be considered grand. Upon advancing to the Indians they all rose and with some yells said, "Woman," which made me tremble. I cannot express the awful feeling it gave me, but I did not lose my presence of mind. I was determined to persevere. I went up to one of the chiefs, made him understand that I had great news for Capt. FitzGibbon and that he must let me pass to his camp or that he and his party would all be The chief at first objected to let me pass, but finally consented, taken. after some hesitation, to go with mc and accompany me to Fitz-Gibbon's station, which was at the Beaver Dam, where I had an interview with him. I then told him what I had come for and what I had heard-that the Americans intended to make an attack upon the troops under his command and would, from their superior numbers, capture them all. Benefitting by this information, Capt. Fitz-Gibbon formed his plans accordingly and captured about five hundred American infantry, about fifty mounted dragoons, and a field piece or two was taken from the enemy. I returned home next day exhausted and fatigued. I em now advanced in years and when I look back I wonder how I could have gone through so much fatigue with the fortitude to accomplish it.

(From the Anglo-American Magazine, Vol. III., Toronto, November, 1853, No. 5, p. 467.)

(From the "Church," Published at Cobourg, Ont., April, 1845.)

To the Editor of the "Church":

QUEENSTON, 11th April, 1845.

SIR,—In the course of the late debate in the House of Assembly, relative to the propriety of granting Col. FitzGibbon £1000 for his services, in lieu of a grant of land, Mr. Aylwin said "he strongly opposed the grant, and gave as one reason that Col. FitzGibbon had monopolized honor which did not rightfully belong to him. He had