

BRITISH HOLD OFF ENEMY AS THEY CONSOLIDATE GAINS

Heavy Rain Fell During Day and No Strong Infantry Attacks Were Made During the Day

HELD BACK AUSTRIANS

Considerable Activity Both by Artillery and Infantry Continues Along the Riga Front

MUTINY FAILED

Four Battleships of German Fleet Scene of Effort to Force Some Kind of Peace

Concerns Fall Hats

As is customary after the attainment of the objectives of his drives, Field Marshal Haig on Wednesday permitted the British troops in Flanders, to have a breathing spell while consolidating their gains of Tuesday along the Riga front.

On the right bank of the Meuse river, in the Verdun sector, the Germans north of the Bois de Somme, following a violent bombardment, attacked the French line and penetrated it at several points, but were kept from proceeding further by the fire of General Petain's artillery.

AUSTRIAN WORKMEN The Germans also attempted to gain ground against the Italians on the Carso plateau, but in the furious fighting which followed they were worsted, suffering heavy casualties.

Considerable activity, both by the army and the infantry, continues on the Riga front, in the north Russian zone. East of the Spittal farm the Germans have taken several positions, in the middle sector of this front, the duels have reached considerable proportions to the north of Lake Mladost.

Peace is impossible, according to the German propaganda, because the German antagonists demand German soil to try to separate the people from their emperor. The German foreign secretary, in an address to the reichstag, asserted that there was no impediment to peace that could not be overcome by negotiations except the demand of France for the return of Alsace-Lorraine.

THE GERMAN MUTINY The news has leaked out that recently there was a mutiny on four battleships of the German fleet at Wilhelmshaven, the captain of one of which was thrown overboard and drowned. The sailors later surrendered and a number of them are being sentenced to long terms of imprisonment.

PARCELS FOR CHRISTMAS Packages for Boys in Trenches Must be Shipped Early.

Ottawa, Oct. 10.—Miss Kathleen Maloney, one of the chief clerks of the records office, who has returned from a visit to England and to the Canadian bases in France, tells of the way in which parcels to soldiers are handled. In the month of August alone, she said, 450,000 letters and 25,000 parcels passed through one Canadian depot in France. Miss Maloney urges an early preparation for the Christmas rush.

SUBMARINE BADLY DAMAGED Copenhagen, Oct. 10.—A large submarine was observed today passing through the Little Belt southward in a badly damaged condition. Both port and starboard quarters and the stern of the submarine gave evidence of a severe engagement.

PEACE SIGNIFICANCE Amsterdam, Oct. 10.—The German foreign secretary, Herr von Kuhlmann, is proceeding at an early date on a visit to Vienna, Budapest, Sofia and Constantinople. It is stated that his mission had important political and peace significance.

EVANGELIST BUNS AMOK Hammond, Ind., Oct. 10.—Drawing revolver Oscar Landmesser, an itinerant evangelist, shot Fred Bayne of Indiana Harbor, to death in a crowded court room here today and seriously wounded two other persons. The evangelist was then shot and seriously wounded by two court attendants.

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Elevators Will Be Operated Under Government Supervision, Rules and Regulations

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LASTS TO SEPT., 1918

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"1. When any difference arises between any employee and his superior officer, the employee will have the right to appeal before such superior officer with a fellow-employee chosen by him to maintain that he was in the right; if he thereby fails to obtain satisfaction according to his contention, he will have the right to appeal before the said director together with the presiding officer of Local Union No. 954, who will fix a time and place for hearing both of which both parties shall notify in writing.

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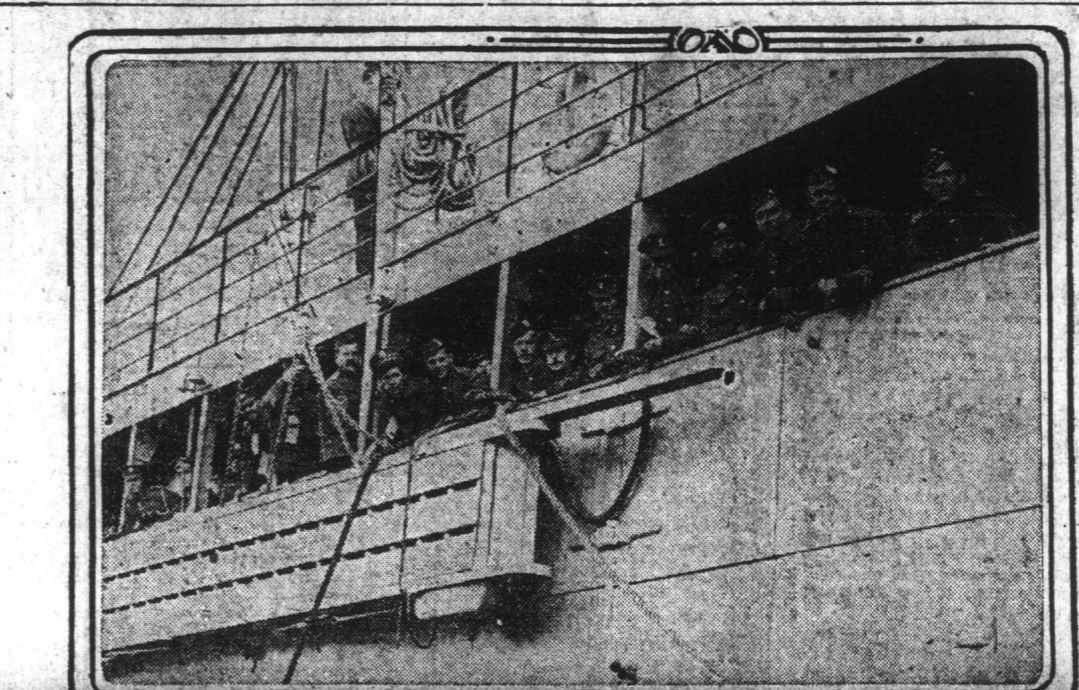
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WILL NEVER GIVE UP "Great Britain, according to our information, had pledged herself to France that she will continue the fight for the conquest of Alsace-Lorraine, both politically and with her armies, so long as France desires to adhere to the principle of the restoration of the territorial integrity of the invaded countries. I think it proper to give a clear and firm statement of our attitude, since, obviously, there still seems to be a misconception in this respect among our enemies and even among our neutral friends.

"That answer is no. So long as one German hand can hold a gun the integrity of the territory handed down to us as a glorious inheritance by our forefathers can never be the subject of negotiations or concessions."

MICHAELIS OUTLINES PEACE THAT WOULD SATISFY GERMANS

Complains That Enemies Are Trying to Drive a Wedge Between German People and German Emperor

TO STAND TOGETHER Fears Armed Alliance of Enemies May Grow Into an Economic Offensive Alliance

Amsterdam, Oct. 10.—At the sitting of the reichstag yesterday, Dr. Michaelis, the imperial chancellor, asserted that peace was impossible as long as Germany's enemies demanded any German soil or endeavored to drive a wedge between the German people and their emperor. The speech of the chancellor was delivered during the discussion of the resolution, against the peace of the army in favor of a German peace.

"We would get along much better," said the chancellor, "if those who combat the peace resolution of July 18 and assert that their supporters want a separate peace would be more just toward this resolution. We must work out in this complex sense, and forcefully, the aims comprised in this resolution. We must be clear in our minds as to what we desire and must emphasize what was said in the resolution.

"The German nation will stand together as one man, unshakable and persevering in the fight until his right and the rights of our allies to existence and development are assured. In its unity the German empire is invincible.

"We must continue to persevere until the German empire, on the continent and overseas, establishes its position. Further, we must strive to see that the armed alliance of our enemies does not grow into an economic offensive alliance.

"We can in this sense achieve a peace which guarantees the peasant the reward of his land, which gives the worker merited recompense; which creates a market for industries and supplies the foundation for social progress which gives our ships the possibility of a free voyage of entering ports and taking on our allies over the world—the peace of the wisest economic and cultural development; a real peace. This peace we can attain within these limits."

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ANOTHER DAY OF DOUBT; NO SIGN OF UNION GOVERNMENT

Politicians Are Flooding to Ottawa From All Directions Because of Continued Negotiations

NO PERSON SPEAKS YET

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SIR WILFRID'S FUTURE

Believed Now That He Will Remain Leader of Opposition Whatever Happens

Ottawa, Oct. 10.—Politicians are flocking to the capital from all directions in consequence of a continuation of the negotiations for union government. The arrivals today included Premier Brewster, of British Columbia; Hon. W. S. Fielding, P. B. Carvell, Hon. S. A. Fisher, and F. G. Gardiner, and Liberal whip, is expected to arrive from Toronto in the morning. Attorney-General Farris, of British Columbia, is also in the capital, but in connection with supreme court cases and may not have any direct interest in the negotiations.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who has been in Toronto for three days conferring with Liberal candidates and prominent members of the party, is expected in Ottawa tomorrow. There are as yet no further developments in regard to his possible retirement from the Liberal leadership. The impression appears to be growing that whether or not a momentous administration is organized, Sir Wilfrid will continue to lead the opposition forces.

There is little indication tonight that any material headway has been made by the negotiators for union. This, at least, was the surface indication, although comparatively few are really in the know what is going on behind the scenes.

Sir Robert Borden stated this afternoon that no definite conclusion had yet been reached in the negotiations.

Premier Brewster Arrives. Ottawa, Oct. 10.—Premier H. C. Brewster, of British Columbia, who arrived from the west today, lost no time in getting in touch with other western Liberals. This afternoon F. B. Carvell, of New Brunswick, returned to the city. It is said he will be in the capital today to include the Liberal whip, who is expected to arrive in the capital today.

Election After the War. Ottawa, Oct. 10.—In connection with the union government negotiations, Hon. J. D. Murray, premier of Nova Scotia, is said to be on his way to the capital. Sir George Garneau, of Quebec, is mentioned as being a cabinet possibility. There was no conference between Sir Robert Borden and the western men this morning, but Hon. J. A. Calder visited at noon the prime minister's office in the prime minister's office is located.

It is said that the western Liberals insist upon the government giving a pledge to bring on another election as soon as the war is over. They are willing, it is said, to let matters of domestic policy such as the tariff stand until the war is over, but they do not favor having consideration of these matters deferred to any other time. Naturally there is considerable opposition to the union proposals from both political camps, but the disposition of both groups of negotiators is to brush this opposition aside if a satisfactory basis of union can be arrived at. Further negotiations will be necessary before it can be definitely decided whether a satisfactory basis of union can be reached.

"Dr. Clark has not changed his politics as far as I know, but he is supporting the government that the war may be speedily and in victory and lasting peace. He is proud of Canada and of the splendid achievements of her sons somewhere in France and is not a party voter, but the disposition of good will of all parties and creeds, of the Red Deer constituency should through him support the boys in the trenches."

"The constituency of Red Deer honors itself by selecting Dr. Michael Clark to represent it in the next parliament," concluded Mr. Bennett.

Premier Brewster's Position. Fort William, Oct. 10.—"If I am to be associated in any way with union government, I would have to be shown that it would be in the best interests of every one of us, and that it would be in the best interests of Canada. I am going to see to it that it is in the best interests of Canada," said Premier Brewster, of British Columbia, who is expected to arrive tonight on route to Ottawa. "I am going east purely on provincial business," added the Pacific coast premier, "and I know nothing of any other reports which may have emanated about my being summoned to take a seat in a coalition cabinet. Furthermore, I do not know of any consultations being held among the different premiers of the various western provinces with a view to agreeing on any policy which would support the present Dominion government."

Asked if he had any other things being called, join a coalition cabinet, Premier Brewster said that unless certain conditions were apparent which were not in evidence just now, he wished to deny most emphatically statements which he had heard made to the effect that he had been in consultation on the subject with Premier Borden, nor had he had any conferences with Hon. N. W. Rowell, Hon. A. L. Sifton or Hon. A. B. Hudson in that connection.

NEW GERMAN WAYS OF TRENCH WARFARE PROVE A FAILURE

Substitution of Prepared Lines of Shell Craters for Battered Trench Lines Is Almost Valueless

OFFICERS POWERLESS Do Not Know What Men Are Doing and Cannot Exercise Authority

London, Oct. 10.—British merchant vessels over 1,000 tons sunk by mine or submarine in the week ending Oct. 10, according to the official statement of the British admiralty tonight. Two vessels under 1,000 tons, including one of the latter category, and fishing vessels, also were sunk. The summary: Arrivals, 2,919; sailings, 2,638. British merchant vessels over 1,000 tons sunk by mine or submarine, 14; under 1,000 tons, including one of the latter category, 2. Fishing vessels sunk three. British vessels unaccountably attacked, including those previously captured, five.

The above report shows an increase of three vessels of more than 1,000 tons over the admiralty's weekly report of last week, but the figures are the same as those of the previous week, with regard to the smaller category.

Officers in "bill boxes" or similar shelters are unable to exercise effective control or even know what the men in the craters are doing. Hence at the moment of attack the men are either not at their posts or are in a frame of mind which makes

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