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HEVICTORIA HOME JOURNA

Devoted to Social Phitical Literary, Musical and Dramatic Gossio.

ICTORIA, B. C., JANUARY 27, 1894.

\$1.00 PER ANNUM

TALES OF THE TOWN.

hal as large a charter as the windlow on whom I please."

N a car crowded with men, women and children, all doing to attend the sing of the new delilebed, an old lady to find all the seats taken, in usle jammed with people hangn to the straps. Most of the gentlewho were seated were too far away to the offering of a seat practicable, who was directly in front of the lady turned his head towards the dow, and paid no attention to her. woman was aged in appearance and ed tired and worn. Time had not it gently with her and she exhibited er bearing all the evidences of fatigue nervous exhaustion. Wearily she z mithe strap, and looked as if she almost drop from tiredness. But man sat calmly looking out of the ndow. To my certain knowledge he d been sitting in his office all day, and d no need for a seat while an old lady s'andi g. There was some curiosity first as to the species to which he longed, but at last he was recognized belonging to the great family of man hogs. He was simply showing one ore of his many beautiful traits. The her passengers wanted to drop him into sewer, but a desire to maintain the ater in as pure a state as possible prented such a course. The hog was peritted to remain on the car.

That monument to the vanity of one an-the drillshed-was opened with a at deal of show last Wednesday even-Why the public ever permitted such cheap structure to disfigure the beautigrounds around the Parliament buildgs can only be explained by the theory at the obligation to apply to the courts r an injunction restraining the buildg of the drillshed was so general that no ne felt himself bound in particular to ndertake it. Victoria has just about as nuch use for a drillshed as the city police orce have for spectacles—perhaps not so nuch. Of course it may serve as a shelter luring the winter months for the young nen who play lawn tennis for a living in ummer time. If this was the "gallant Colonel's" object in giving his "influence" o secure a drillshed, I confess the point was well taken.

And now a word about the dedication ceremonies. There are some who would like to know why it was that the only religious denomination represented on the platform was the Episcopalian. His Lordship Bishop Perrin is a most estimable gentleman, and it would have been cause for regret had he been absent, but the beginning of any years since they bave the honor to ask him to be a witness for

at the same time there appears no good reason why the clergymen of the other religious bodies should not have been present. I fully realize the fact that not a few of the clergymen would feel relieved at not being invited, but nevertheless that does not detract from the snub-providing of course that they did not receive an invitation to participate in the dedication ceremonies. At whose door this serious omission should be laid, it does not transpire; but it is said that if a certain "gallant colonel" ever offers his valuable services to the public again, the multitude of Catholics, Presbyteriaus, Methodists, Baptists, etc., whose clergymen were left out on the occasion referred to, will want to know who was responsible for the delicate inattention.

The "valiant Colonel" also displayed his comprehensive knowledge of military training when he left the men standing at attention for fully half an hour while they were compelled to listen to at least one exceedingly dry address. The public were pleased to observe that Mr. Jacob, accompanied by Mr. Dewdney, officiated at the ceremony of dedication. The splendid appearance of the men was generally commented upon. From a physical stand-point, a finer body of men it would be hard to get together.

A few weeks ago, an item appeared in these columns directing attention to the conduct of certain young men, who, it was stated, were in the habit of making night hideous with their carousals. It is with pleasure that THE HOME JOURNAL announces that nearly every one of the young men mentioned have profited by the advice tendered them and have further resolved to live better lives in the future. It is little things of this kind that help to brighten the pathway of this great moral journal. Nothing affords the humble architect of these columns more pleasure thau to learn that the advice given in sorrow rather than in anger has been acted upon. To rescue the perishing is "Every lawyer who has ever tried a case one of the great aims of THE HOME in which there is a vigorous dispute as JOURNAL; and this is one of the reasons why this enterprising paper enjoys to-day the greatest circulation of any paper west of Toronto. Let the good work go on,

A gentleman who is well posted in business matters says that the probability is that more merchants have, after taking stock, found themselves in better shape financially than they expected. They have been curtailing purchases and reducing stock during the late depression; they have extended fewer credits and reduced their outstanding obligations at the same time, They, therefore, find a smaller stock but fresher goods, less debts and fewer "hard" accounts than at

been in business. THE HOME JOURNAL is optimistic enough to believe this, and hopes its readers have realized it. The merchants who are making their plans for the year should not forget to include a liberal amount for advertising. The habitual advertiser generally makes an appropriation for this department of his business, and because trade has been and still is dull should be no reason for cutting the advertising appropriation off. The year upon which we have just entered is one in which there will need to be displayed more than the usual amount of energy and persistence. Trade will be slow in coming to merchants of every class. It will take a good deal of persuading. Good live advertising will help. And in making plans for the year why not select some one bright employee, if necessary, who has the faculty of putting things, to look after the advertising, write the advertisements and play a part in making such advertising as is done tell.

It is a matter worthy of remark that the sickly sentimentality so very often ac-companying the execution of the death sentence on a human being is severely absent in the case of Alcert Stroebel, who will pay the penalty of his fiendish crime, next Tuesday. Stroebel has few, if any, sympathizers; many of course are moved with the sad reflection that one so young should have fallen into evil ways so early in life; but otherwise the feeling is that society is to be congratulated on his removal. Stroebel was convicted on a chain of circumstantial evidence, the strongest links in which were supplied by himself. If he had not testified, it is doubtful if a conviction could have been secured. was the same with Lucky, the murderer of his father, mother and sister, who was recently executed at Brockville, Ont. All of which goes to prove that a good witness is a most important factor in bringing about a conviction or depriving the law of its dues.

to the facts," said an old lawyer to the writer, the other day, "appreciates what we call a good witness. My observation is that a darkey, if he is of the bright, intellectual variety, makes the best kind of a witness. In the first place he thoroughly enjoys it, is prompt in attendance, and you can always rely upon his being in place when you call him. Then again, his asseverations on the witness stand have nothing uncertain about them; his imagination is as strong as that of a woman, and, womanlike, he is just as positive of what he imagines he saw as he is of what he actually saw. Added to these virtues is the fact that he is a zealous partisan. If you do him