UNDED 1866

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SPRAY CALENDAR.

	1st APPLICATION.	2nd APPLICATION.	and ADDITOATION	REMARKS.
PLANTS AND PEST.	18t APPLICATION.	2nd APPLICATION.	3rd APPLICATION.	
APPLE. ab or black spot, can- ker, leaf spot, codling moth and other biting msects, scale insects, blater mite and aphids.	Shortly before the buds burst. Use A1 or B. For San Jose Scale prune severely, scrape off loose bark, and drench the whole tree, paying special attention to outer twigs.	Just before the blossoms open. Use A2 or D, with 2 or 3 lbs. arsenate of lead to each 40 gals. of the liquid.	Immediately after the blossoms have all or nearly all, fallen, and before the calyces close. Use A3 or D, with 2 lbs. arsenate of lead to each 40 gals. This is the application for coding moth.	For scab, if the first half of June is wet or foggy and cool, give a 4th application with the same mixture as the 3rd, about ten days later than it; also if the latter half of August is wet, spray at once with A3 or D to prevent late attacks of scab and sooty fungus. If aphids are annually troublesome, delay 1st application till buds begin to burst, then add Black Leaf 40 to A1 or B and cover every bud. For Cankers cut out diseased bark, disinfect and cover with white lead paint or gas tar. For Blight on young trees keep suckers rubbed off trunk and main branches and cut out promptly any diseased branches or twigs well below the diseased bark. Always disinfect both cuts and tools with corrosive sublimate.
PEAR. Seab or cracking, blight, sodling moth, other bit- ling insects, scale in- sects, blister mite, psylla and slug.	Shortly before the buds burst. Use A1 or B. For San Jose Scale see above under apple.	Just before the blossoms open. Use A2 or D, with 2 or 3 lbs. arsenate of lead to 40 gals. of the liquid.	Just after blossoms have fallen. Use A3 or D, with 2 lbs. arsenate of lead to 40 gals.	Pears subject to Scab should always receive a 4th application 10 days later than 3rd with same mixture. For Blight cut out carefully in winter all blighted branches and twigs, cutting a foot or more below the diseased part. Also remove and burn trees too severely blighted to save. Throughout growing season watch for and remove promptly in the same way all blighted twigs or branches. Disinfect at once tools and all cuts with corrosive sublimate (1 to 1,000). For Psylla delay 1st spraying with A1 or B until leaf buds have burst and add Black Leaf 40 to Codling Moth spray if necessary. Arsenate of lead will kill Slugs (3 lbs. to 40 gals).
PLUM AND CHERRY. Black-knot, brown rot, leaf blight or shot-hole fungus, curculto, slug and aphids, and cherry fruit-flies.	Just before the buds burst. Use A1 or B. For San Jose Scale see above under apple.	Just after fruit is set. Use A2 or D, with 3 Ibs. arsenate of lead to 40 gals.	About two weeks later. Use A3 or D, with 3 Ibs. arsenate of lead to 40 gals.	For Cherry Fruit-flies (the cause of the little white headless maggots in cherries) use 3 lbs. arsenate of lead, 1 gal. molasses and 39 gals. water. Apply to all cherry trees just as Early Richmonds are getting a reddish blush, and again to only Montmorency and late varieties about 10 to 12 days later. For leaf-spot give a 4th application with same mixture as 3rd just after cherries are picked. Cut out and burn all Black Knots in winter and whenever seen in summer. For Slugs see under Pear above. Examine sweet cherries for aphids after blossoms fall, and, if present, add Black Leaf 40 to 2nd application. Good pruning with resulting increase of sunlight and air circulation help against Brown Rot.
PEACH. Leaf-curl, scab or black spot, yellows, little peach, curculio, borer, San Jose scale, shot- hole borer.	Use A1 or B.	Soon after fruit is set. Use 2 or 3 lbs arsenate of lead, and 1 or 2 lbs. freshly slaked lime to 40 galls. of water for curculio. Omit if curculio is not troublesome.	About one month after fruit is set. Use C, if troubled by brown rot. Good pruning and thinning the fruit help to control this disease.	If brown rot is likely to be troublesome use C again about one month before fruit ripens. Destroy mum mied fruit in autumn. Remove at once and burn any tree attacked by yellows or little peach and also all suspected trees. Dig out borers at base of tree with knife in May and again in October. Fo shot-hole borer cut down and burn before April aldead or dying trees or branches, and leave no brusheaps near orchard.
GRAPES. Slack rot, powdery mildew, downy mildew, anthracnose, flea-beetle, leaf hopper.	When 3rd leaf is appearing. Use D.	Just before the blossoms open. Use D.	Just after fruit sets. Use D.	Spray again whenever wet weather threatens. I should always be done before, not after rain. A first sign of powdery mildew dust with sulphur of spray with C. For flea-beetles use poison whenever they appear. For leaf-hoppers or "thrips" use Black Leaf 40 or whale oil soap in July to destroy nymphs. Clean cultivation is very important and destruction of all old mummied grapes and prunings.
CURRANT,GOOSEBERRY Mildew. leaf-spot. currant worm and aphids, red spider and San Jose Scale.	Use A1 or B. For San Jose Scale prune and	Just before blossoms appear. Use A2, with 2 lbs. arsenate of lead to 40 gals.	Just after fruit is formed. Use A2, with 2 lbs. arsenate of lead to each 40 gals. If caterpillars are at-	For worms when fruit is ripening, use hellebore. Loo for aphids just as buds burst; if present spra with Black Leaf 40 or kerosene emulsion or whal oil soap, or postpone 1st application till then an add Black Leaf 40 to A1 or B. If anthracnose is very severe, set out new plantation of the property of the service of the property of
RASPBERRY AND BLACKBERRY. Anthracnose, red rust frown gall.	1	omit if no anthracnose.	tacking the leaves use 2 lbs. arsenate of lead to 40 gals water if no danger of poisoning the fruit; otherwise use 1 oz. hellebore to 1 gal. water.	of healthy shoots. If disease begins, cut out of canes as soon as fruit is picked, also badly-attacked new ones, and burn. For red rust remove and burn plants at once. No other remedy. For crown goest out plants in fresh soil, rejecting any plant with a gall on root or crown.
	For leaf-spot set out only healthy plants with no sign of disease. First season spray with D before blossoms open and keep plant covered with mixture throughout the season. Second year spray before blossoming with D and again soon after picking; or mow a burn over after picking. Do not take more than two crops off. Plow down at once after second crop. For white grubs dig out soon as injury is noticed. Do not plant on land broken up from old meadow or pasture for at least three years after breaking. Most and plowing down just after the second crop is a great aid against pests.			
STRAWBERRY.	burn over after picking.	owing down just after the s		
BEAN.—Anthracnose and	burn over after picking. soon as injury is noticed. ing, burning over and pl	owing down just after the se	e. Do not work among t	he plants if they are wet with rain or dew. Spray
Leaf-spot and white grub	burn over after picking. soon as injury is noticed. ing, burning over and pl Get seeds from pods scarcely pays as a rule For flea-beetle on tu Bordeaux and a poison on cabbage and cauliflow paper discs, putting on a	owing down just after the some showing no signs of disease arnip sow after June 21st, and a sticker. Repeat in er, then spray with fresh py so soon as plants are set our muon laundry soap dissolved	or dust plants as soon as two days. For enterpil rethrum, 1 ounce to 1 gallont, or set out plants after a in 4 gallons water. Hit	they appear above ground with Paris green, or spray we lars dust with Paris green until heads begin to form water. For root maggots use medium thick tarred fee July 1st. For aphids use kerosene emulsion as soon them hard.
BEAN.—Anthracnose and bacteriosis. CABBAGE AND TURNIP Flea-beetles, caterpillars root maggots, aphids. POTATO. Tip burn, early blight late blight, scab, Colorado beetle, flea-beetle	burn over after picking. soon as injury is noticed. ing, burning over and pl Get seeds from pods scarcely pays as a rule For flea-beetle on tu Bordeaux and a poison on cabbage and cauliflow paper discs, putting on a they appear, or 1 lb. co Keep foliage covered t, is at all damp after about	showing no signs of disease arnip sow after June 21st, and a sticker. Repeat in the ser, then spray with fresh py as soon as plants are set our mmon laundry soap dissolved with D from time plants at out 15th July, as late blight centing 2 hours in 1 pint.	or dust plants as soon as two days. For enterpil rethrum, 1 ounce to 1 gallors, or set out plants after in 4 gallons water. Hit is about 5 inches high. To begins about this time.	they appear above ground with Paris green, or spray will lars dust with Paris green until heads begin to for a water. For root maggots use medium thick tarred fe July 1st. For aphids use kerosene emulsion as soon them hard. ake special precautions to see this is well done if weath Add a poison to each application when necessary. Fewater. Spread out on grass to dry. Wash all boxed the state of the search them.
BEAN.—Anthracnose and bacteriosis. CABBAGE AND TURNIP Flea-beetles, caterpillars root maggots, aphids. POTATO. Tip burn, early blight late blight, scab, Cole	burn over after picking. soon as injury is noticed. ing, burning over and pl Get seeds from pods scarcely pays as a rule For flea-beetle on tu Bordeaux and a poison on cabbage and cauliflow paper discs, putting on a they appear, or 1 lb. co Keep foliage covered is at all damp after about the seed of the	showing no signs of disease arnip sow after June 21st, and a sticker. Repeat in the series of the soon as plants are set our mmon laundry soap dissolved with D from time plants are set out 15th July, as late blight cutting 2 hours in 1 pint to be used in same liquid, bed with D. Keep foliage in	or dust plants as soon as two days. For enterpill rethrum, 1 ounce to 1 gallon t, or set out plants after d in 4 gallons water. Hit re about 5 inches high. To t begins about this time. Of formalin to 30 gallons of Plant none but perfectly him field covered with D until	they appear above ground with Paris green, or spray what with Paris green until heads begin to form water. For root maggots use medium thick tarred fed July 1st. For aphids use kerosene emulsion as soon them hard. ake special precautions to see this is well done if weath add a poison to each application when necessary. For water. Spread out on grass to dry. Wash all boxes

nigher testing concentrated ne hydrometer rength of the ccording to the

weeks May add sticker and a little lime. Note.—A1—Concentrated lime-sulphur, strength 1:030 specific gravity (1:035 for San Jose Scale) (1:030=1 gal. commercial to 9 gals, water and 1:035=1 gal.

A2—Concentrated lime-sulphur, strength 1:010 or 1:009 specific gravity=commercial 1 gal. to from 30 to 35 gals, water.

A3—Concentrated lime-sulphur, strength 1:009 or 1:008 specific gravity=commercial 1 gal. to from 33 to 40 gals, water.

B—The old beauty mixture 4 4 40 form

B -The old home-boiled lime-sulphur, 20.15.40 formula. C -Self-boiled lime-sulphur. D -Bordeaux mixture, 4.4.40 formula.