

Read Classified Ads
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ST. JOHN STAR.

WEATHER.
FINE AND WARM.

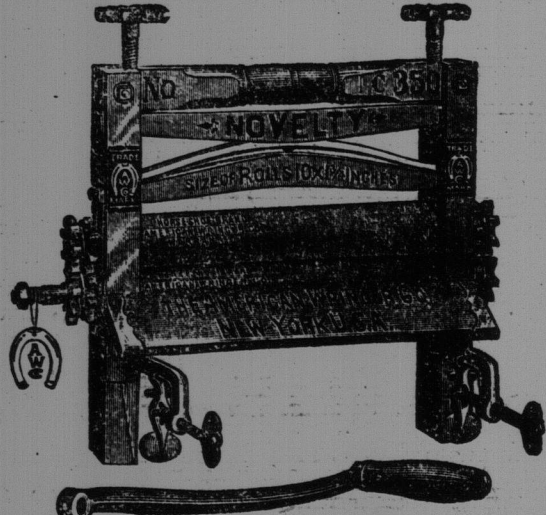
VOL. 6, NO. 287.

ST. JOHN, N. B., MONDAY, AUGUST 20, 1906.

EIGHT PAGES.

ONE CENT

WRINGERS



W. H. THORNE & CO., Ltd.,
Market Square, St. John, N. B.

Every house needs a Wringer. If you have not got one buy it now. We have a splendid assortment to select from, including the Royal, the best Wringer made and guaranteed for five years; the Novelty, the standard wringer; everybody knows it; also the Crown and Eureka.
PRICES FROM \$2.50 TO \$5.00.

Use a "Carbo-Magnetic"

This razor lasts a life time.
Never gets dull.
Never requires honing.
Always ready for instant use.
No new blades required. No annual tax.
Sold on approval. Use it three months and if for any reason you do not want it we will cheerfully take it back.
Sells in the U. S. at \$2.50. Special price in Canada, \$2.00.

Emerson & Fisher Ltd.

Our Boys' Clothing Department.

is a School that forms in Boys the habit of wearing Good Clothing. We take Pupils as young as three years of age.
New School Suits for boys at our Popular Prices.

American Clothing House,
NEW STORE,
11-15 Charlotte St.

Men's Fall Hats.

It is time to think of your Fall Felt Hats.
Our stock is complete in both Hard and Soft Hats for fall. All the leading English and American makes.

ALL PRICES:

Hard Hats, \$1.00 to \$4.00
Soft Hats, 75c to 4.00

F. S. THOMAS, Dufferin Block,
Main St., N. E.

Great Bargain!

..... IN A.....

Piano only a short time in use.

Cost \$300; can be Bought for
\$150 Cash.

THOMAS J. FLOOD,
60 KING ST., - - Opp. Macaulay Bros

Stores open till 8 o'clock

St. John, N. B., August 20th, 1906.

New Fall Shirts and Collars Arrive

We have just received our New Fall Shirts and Collars. They are from the most reliable manufacturers and are all "MADE IN CANADA."

SALEM COAT SHIRTS at \$1.00 and \$1.25
SOFT BOSOM SHIRTS at 50c to \$1.50
WHITE DRESS SHIRTS at 50c, and 75c
WHITE UNLAUNDERED SHIRTS at 75c to \$1.25
STIFF BOSOM SHIRTS at 15c to 25c
LINEN COLLARS at 15c or 2 for 25c.

J. N. HARVEY, Clothing and Furnishings,
100 to 207 Union St.

CLARK SENT UP TO THE SUPREME COURT

Hearing in the Criminal Assault
Case Ended Today.

Little Grace Tuttle Identifies the Prisoner
as the Man Who Assaulted Her on
the Millville Road.

William E. Clark, charged with rape of Ethel Train, was brought into the police court this morning and the preliminary hearing was resumed. Dr. A. W. MacIsaac for the prosecution, and J. B. M. Baxter for the defense.

Before the hearing was commenced the court room was cleared of spectators, including the reporters, and the only ones remaining in court were the police interested in the case, the witnesses for the prosecution, Magistrate Ritchie, Geo. A. Henderson and Irvine, a Bridgeport, N. S. lawyer. The hearing of the case behind closed doors was at the request of Mr. Baxter, who at the session last Friday said that the evidence against the prisoner on incidents other than the one he was charged with might have a tendency to incite the minds of citizens against the prisoner, who would be unfair in view of the fact that a jury is picked from the citizens. Up till today evidence had been placed only on the Train case, and he did not think it fair to his client that other cases should be made public.

This morning there was only one witness examined and this was only Grace Tuttle, whose home is at Penobscot, but who has been in the city for some time visiting. The little girl is about eleven or twelve years of age. Some days ago she was brought to the police court and as Clark passed into the court she said that he was the man who assaulted her on the Millville road.

This morning her evidence was about the same as the story she told her mother some time ago. She says that it was a few days before the Saturday that Ethel Train was assaulted that she was out in a field off the Millville road picking berries, and a man came along and entered her into the bushes. When he got her there he partially disrobed her, but did not go any farther in the way of assault. Some days ago she identified Clark as being that man, and again this morning she identified her.

After this evidence had been taken, Clark was sent up for trial and a case will be heard in supreme court on the first Tuesday of next month.

The police have considerable evidence against Clark, but it was not thought necessary to have it all given in the preliminary hearing.

It is, however, understood that the police will endeavor to connect the prisoner with an attempted assault of a child in Rockwood park, and also with improper conduct on the Millville road several weeks before the Train assault.

Police Court.

Boy Admits Taking Money From His
Companion—Several Drinks
Disposed of.

In the police court this morning John Mitchell charged with assaulting a man on Waterloo street Saturday evening said he knew nothing about it as he was drunk. Policeman Finley told of seeing the assault and Mitchell was remanded.

Thomas Allan, a youth, was charged with stealing four dollars from James Greig's trunk. The two boys had been boarding together in a Marsh street house. The prisoner informed the court this morning that he took the money. He was remanded.

Julian Ribello, Spaniard, was in court charged with wandering about the streets at night. He could talk very little English.

Ribello had a ticket in his pocket for Sydney. He was allowed to go in time for the 11:30 train to carry him out of the city.

Win. Watson, a drunk, was fined 38 or two months in jail.

Christopher Atchison, a Norwegian sailor, was unable to give the police a satisfactory account of himself early Sunday morning and was locked up. The captain of the bark on which the prisoner is a sailor came after him this morning and he was discharged from custody.

EXHIBITION ENTRIES CLOSE.

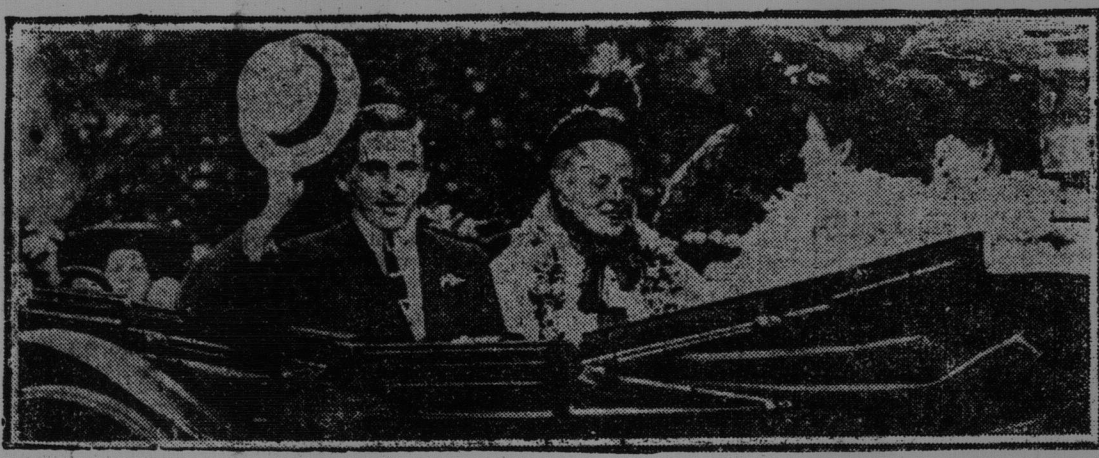
Today the entries for the Exhibition close and the list is unusually large. The space for the exhibits has all been taken with the exception of one excellent space in Industrial Hall. This has been asked for a number of times, but the management would not give it to any of the applicants, as they did not think that they would put on suitable exhibits.

The entries for the agricultural department have also been very satisfactory this year.

The management with space holders to remember that the exhibition is near at hand and consequently they need to commence work decorating their places at once in order to be ready for the opening.

Mrs. Fred McCuskey, accompanied by her son and daughter and brother, Walter Arthur, will leave tonight for Klondike to join Mrs. McCuskey's husband—who is residing there. Mrs. McCuskey and party will sail from Vancouver next Tuesday on the steamer Victoria.

THE GRANDSON OF ENGLAND'S GRAND OLD MAN, WHO WILL SHORTLY ENTER POLITICS.



LONDON, Aug. 19.—Snapshot showing the arrival at Hawarden Castle of the grandson of the "grand old man," who has just become of age and intends to enter political life.

DEATH LIST IN VALPARAISO IS NOW PLACED AT FIVE HUNDRED.

The Fire Has Been Stopped Through the Use of Dynamite—Relief Organizations Are Being Formed.

SANTIAGO DE CHILE, Aug. 20.—Five hundred persons are dead at Valparaiso as a result of the earthquake shocks, according to the latest advices based on the reports of refugees who reached this city this morning. The monetary loss at Valparaiso runs into the millions. Six or eight other cities have been destroyed. The railroad, street railway, telegraph and telephone systems are thoroughly demoralized. The known dead in this city number twenty. Madame Mont, of Admiral Mont, who was reported killed, is alive, but seriously injured. It is expected that the street railway and lighting system in this city will be restored today.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—Startling but conflicting reports regarding the fatalities and monetary losses attendant upon the seismic disturbances in Chile are under yesterday's date, include this city. Details from Valparaiso direct are still meagre and are confusing. From Santiago, where the stories of refugees from the stricken city are heard, and compared by a less excited populace, came more conservative estimate of the devastation wrought.

The latest news this morning is contained in a cable despatch to the Associated Press. The correspondent estimates the dead at Valparaiso at 200. The money loss amounts to millions. Six or eight cities besides Valparaiso have been destroyed. The steam railroads and street lines remain tied up while telegraph and telephone service is paralyzed.

Cable despatches from South America printed in the morning papers under yesterday's date, include the following:

LIMA, Peru, Aug. 19.—The latest news from Valparaiso is to the effect that the panic is subsiding. The mansion of Mr. Edwards is about the only building remaining on Victoria street. The dead in other places are:

At Quillota, 30; Limache, 170, and Petros, 11. Among the killed at Valparaiso were the director of the Lyceum, Charles Hosselan, and family. BUENOS AYRES, Aug. 19.—The cable despatches from Valparaiso have been received. They heartily everying in a satisfactory condition there and say the people are not alarmed.

Refugees who are arriving at Santiago from Valparaiso on horseback and who left there during the worst panic, bring wild stories concerning

the number of deaths by the earthquake and fires. These refugees say the death number 10,000, and that there are 60,000 refugees in the mountains. One rumor, which is not confirmed and is believed to be untrue, is that the dead number 1,000 and the injured 60,000.

Public relief subscriptions were opened in Buenos Aires today. The Jockey Club gave 60,000 pesos. The Argentine government will pass an appropriation for the relief of the sufferers.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Aug. 19.—The free use of dynamite, according to despatches received here, was very effective against the progress of fire at Valparaiso. The firemen were thoroughly exhausted when the shocks were finally subdued. Hundreds of people took refuge on the ships in the harbor.

It is stated that a new danger is threatened by the volcano Woina, which has become very active. Despatches are beginning to arrive here from Santiago. All of Chile was apparently affected by the shocks as well as numerous points in Argentina in the vicinity of the Andes.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—The Tarapaca and Argentina Bank has received the following cable despatch from Valparaiso:

"Every building here is damaged and many of the principal business premises are completely wrecked or burned. There have been many casualties. All the trains have stopped running. The railroad line has been destroyed in places."

"Martial law has been proclaimed. Absolutely no work is being done owing to the continuous small shocks since the two severe shocks of Thursday. We cannot get workmen to clear away the debris from the premises. We could start business on Monday but we are unable to find the other bank managers. Thousands are living in tents in the squares and parks."

PORT DE FRANCE, Island of Martinique, Aug. 20.—Earthquake shocks of more or less severity were felt in the island of Martinique at 1:15 p. m., yesterday at 2:02, 2:14 a. m., and at 3:20 a. m. today. No damage was done.

SANTIAGO DE CHILE, Aug. 20.—One of the Valparaiso refugees declares that Santiago has suffered nothing in comparison with the other towns he traversed on his way. Rail, telegraph and telephone communication at Valparaiso is still interrupted. After the panic had subsided many were celebrated in the open air, it being impossible

to use the churches. It is reported that a merchant has received a telegram saying that the town of Arica has been destroyed. Previous reports that buildings at Talca had fallen have been confirmed. The city hall and the prison are in ruins. The sea at Valparaiso remained calm during the catastrophe.

The only communication between here and Valparaiso today is by means of the soldiers.

SANTIAGO DE CHILE, Aug. 19.—(Delayed in transmission.)—The situation is becoming clearer. A relief committee was organized here today and the street railway service was resumed. It was feared that Santiago would be plunged in darkness owing to the lack of coal to supply the gas works but the officials of the gas company say they have a week's supply.

Coronel Edwards, one of the proprietors of the Mercurio, of Valparaiso, has arrived here on horseback from that city. He confirms the reports that the Alameda quarter and the principal avenues of Valparaiso have been transformed into heaps of ruins. When he left the city the inhabitants were wandering about looking for relatives and friends. The majority of the inhabitants, he says, have sought refuge on the hills, in the park, and along the seashore. The administration building and the Victoria Theatre had disappeared even to their foundations. The Marine Arsenal was only slightly damaged, but none of the private residences are habitable. In spite of the desolation perfect order was maintained by the troops, which were bivouacked on the Grand Avenue and Victoria Square. The military ambulances were gathering up the wounded and the dead. When Mr. Edwards left Valparaiso it was impossible to determine the number of persons killed, but according to his estimate the number of lives lost was small when the extent of the catastrophe is taken into consideration. At one depot he saw fifty bodies. The main hotel was standing and all the guests escaped injury, but Mr. Edwards regards Valparaiso as being uninhabitable for the present.

The squadron of cavalry forming the presidential escort, has started from here for Valparaiso with instructions to requisition all the cattle met with between this place and Valparaiso and to drive the herds to the latter city, in order to prevent a famine.

Many persons have sought refuge on the ships at anchor in the bay of Valparaiso.

The minister of war and of the interior, with detachments of volunteers (Continued on Page 3.)

FOUND CARBOLIC IN HER BEDROOM

Bottle Purchased by Mrs. Stillwell Was Partly Emptied.

Coroner Berryman Investigating a Sudden
Death Which Occurred in North End
on Saturday Night.

Mrs. May Stillwell, employed as a domestic at the Hotel Ferris, Main street, died very suddenly on Saturday evening, after returning from a walk. The cause of death was given as epileptic fits, but there are rumors of suicide, and although a permit for burial was issued by the attending physician, an inquiry into the circumstances of the woman's death was made by coroner D. E. Berryman this morning.

The deceased, in company with her mother, Mrs. Drusilla Ferris, who also works at the same place, came over to the city quite early in the evening and returned about 10 o'clock. Mrs. Ferris a little distance from the hotel stopped and talked with some friends for a short time, while her daughter proceeded to the hotel. According to Mrs. Ferris the young woman went out in a few minutes and returned in a few minutes and retired. Soon after her mother came in and looked into her daughter's bedroom. She found her in a fit and immediately aroused the household. Dr. Case was summoned, but the unfortunate girl expired about the time of his arrival.

The remains were taken to Undertaken Brennan's rooms and are to be taken to Young's Cove, Queens County, for interment.

When Coroner Berryman made enquiries this morning he found a bottle partly filled with carbolic acid in the room occupied by the deceased, and also learned that just before the woman went to the hotel she purchased the poison at J. E. Berryman's drug store. There were no signs of acid about her mouth. The coroner will make further enquiries.

The deceased was a native of Queens county and was only 15 years of age. She came to the city two or three years ago and engaged at house work. About three years ago she was married to George Stillwell, also of Queens county, but they separated after living together less than a week and have lived apart ever since.

WANTS TO TAKE A HAND IN HARBOR MATTERS

Mayor Sears Is Not Satisfied at Being
Left Out in the Cold.

Mayor Sears was seen this morning regarding complaints that are being made that he is not taking any action towards having soundings made at Sand Point in order to find the depth of water at the different berths.

His worship said that as far as he was concerned he would be only too glad to do anything in his power in arranging harbor matters satisfactorily, but that according to the act of union he was left powerless along with line, as by that act the control of the harbor was given solely to the board of works. As he is neither a member of the board of works nor of the west end improvement committee, he is left without any power whatever in regard to the harbor. His worship said that this seemed to be a rather bad clause in the act, as everybody looks to the chief magistrate of the city when any thing is done in connection with the harbor or city goes wrong, and yet in the case of the harbor the mayor has no right to share the blame as he has nothing whatever to say about it.

Mayor Sears said that he thought it would be to the best interests of the city if the mayor should at least be chairman of the west end improvement committee, as that would give him a chance to keep in touch with harbor affairs.

A PLOT TO MURDER PRES. FALLIERES.

An Italian Anarchist Arrested and Found
to Have Lots of Stock for
Making Bombs.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—A special cablegram to a morning paper from Marseilles, France, says that the police yesterday arrested an Italian anarchist of the name of Cirillo Frances, a boot maker, on suspicion of being in a plot to assassinate President Fallieres on his approaching visit to the Marseilles exposition. When Frances's lodgings were searched, the police found 340 grams of fulminate, 500 lead screws and other bomb accessories, all of which had been brought from Italy. The arrest was the result of the receipt of an anonymous letter denouncing the plot, which had wide ramifications, and it is believed to be connected with the arrest of the Italian on the French-Spanish frontier at the time of the attempt on the lives of King Alfonso and Queen Victoria in Madrid. This Italian was released by the French police for want of evidence, but was expelled from the country.

EMPEROR NICHOLAS URGES CEASELESS WAR AGAINST THE REVOLUTIONISTS.

A special ministry to take over the government of the Polish provinces. The establishment of what practically a dictatorship for Poland is hinted at by the Svet, the court organ. The grand manoeuvres at Krasnoyarsk have practically come to an end with the departure of the imperial personages. Some of the troops, including the Horse Guards, already have broken camp and returned permanently to St. Petersburg.

Today was the anniversary of the proclamation of the first, or Boulivin, parliament, and the newspapers devote their leading articles to it.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—In a despatch from Warsaw the correspondent of the Tribune says that one British and one American resident of Lodz had their houses looted by Cossacks after the looting outrage of Wednesday. Both sufferers have filed demands for heavy indemnity with their respective consuls.

MOSCOW, Aug. 19.—An attempt to hold up M. Kitzpoff, the proprietor of a cotton mill on the outskirts of this

city, who was driving from the railroad station with 500 to pay wages was frustrated by the driver of his carriage. Instead of halting when he was ordered to, the driver whipped up his horses and drove over his assailants. He then continued to the factory in spite of the fact that a bullet had entered his horse's neck.

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