## Kitchener

War Office Officials Receive Little Information Regarding the African Situation.

Victory Over the Boer Units Will Lighten Task of the British.

London, March 1 .- Lord Kitchene of March 1st to the war office as fol-

"Dewet has been forced north over the Orange river, and is now clear of Cape Colony.

taken, others who were stragglers being herself to be ready, in principle, to compensate them for losses. A special

"Eighty men of Kitchener's fighting scouts were attacked by superior numbers, and after a prolonged fight, and sustaining twenty casualties, surrender

The Hopetown correspondent of the Times, in a dispatch, dated February 27th, which describes Col. Plumer's pursuit of Gen. Dewet, which has been continually hampered by heavy rains,

Since Col. Plumer's attack at Wol vekuil on February 15th, the invaders have behaved like harried hares. The

"Dewet, in his fanaticism, is report-

everybody, and that Hasbrouck, who m to co-operate with him."

Mr. Balfour's Reply.

London, March 1 .- During question time in the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Charles P. Scott, Liberal, asked Mr. Balfour, the government leader, at what time in 1899 the government was informed that if war ensued between parent at the Bloemfontein conference ly throw in its lot with the sister repub-

the stenographer, was as follows. "All the information we have of this subject is necessarily a matter of opinion, and therefore conjectural in its character, or else is contained in statements of ex-President Steyn, in which case, unfortunately, it is mendacious."

This announcement brought forth cries of "Oh!" from the Irish and other mem bers of the opposition, and Mr. Balfour dropped the subject. Mr. Balfour's reply was regarded as extremely obse and it was explained in his behalf that he was not referring to anything specific, but referred generally to Mr. Steyn's

most responsible for carrying on the war | who were intoxicated." do not share this opinion, is perfectly vident from Mr. Broderick's official utterances and the conviction of his colleagues, including Lord Roberts. Their carefully prepared campaign, which has been quietly maturing during the past six months, is beginning to have its first

results, and they are perfectly satisfied.

The new concentration of their hopes referred to by the correspondents at the front, is only one of the many steps for which Gen. Kitchener has so long been preparing. That it will lead to the com plete disintegration of the more impor tant Boer units and possibly to the personal surrender of Generals Botha and Dewet, the British war office earnestly

General Kitchener is almost as reticen towards his chiefs in Pall Mall as to the general public. When he has taken Gen. Botha into his camp, the war office expects to hear of it, but not be-fore. As an official said to a reporter of the Associated Press, grimly, "armistices are not in Kitchener's line." The meeting of Gen. Kitchener and

Sir Alfred Milner at Pretoria, probably occurring on Sunday, is generally taken as likely to result in the establishment of a more permanent form of civil govment, in which the severity of martial law will be somewhat tempered in several sections of the country, but nei-ther in London nor in South Africa are the British officials shutting their eyes to the fact that they have a long job ahead of them, which can only be lightened, and by no means solved, through the victories over the Boer units.

The glory which the British press some time ago showered on Gen. Dewet has departed from him. In dispatches and editorials he is now belittled as a disappointed raider, deserted by his own men and venting his fruitless anger by sjamboking his reluctant handful of

Calmer observers, especially officers who have returned from the front, are inclined to fear the elusive Boer leader from which he may be expected at any moment to emerge accompanied by force which, though not formidable numbers, would be particularly formid-

able in execution.

The false announcement of General Botha's surrender on Thursday will be a matter of discussion in the House of Commons, especially the fact which accompanied the assertion, that it was official. This latest "fake" has given rise to many editorials commenting upon the deterioration and unreliability of sec-

Recruits For B.-P.

Winnipeg, March 2.-There were busy rnoon, when the Manitoba and recruits for Baden-Powell's outh African police left by special train for Ottawa. There were on the rain from the West, 246 recruits, from the following points: Sixty-one from Calgary, 20 from Prince Albert, 26 from Macleod, 17 from Pincher Creek, 8 from Lethbridge, 40 from Regina, 30 from Moosomin and 44 from Portage la Prairie, These were joined here by 139 who had enlisted in Wennipeg, bringing the number up to 385.

Claims of Germany. Berlin, March 2.-Before the budget amittee of the Reichstag, Baron von telegraphs from Pretoria under the date Richthoften, secretary of the foreign ofned to-day prohibiting imports from Capetown, owing to the existence of the plague there.

Fifty-six claims of German employees of the Transvaal railroad, who had been ted to Great Britain, who had declared ommittee appointed to determine the

Axes For Troops.

London, March 2.-The war office has made a contract with an American mer-chant to suppy 3,000 felling axes for the British troops in Africa, English firms being unable to make a sufficiently ompt delivery.

GRANTED CUBA'S REQUEST.

Washington, March 2.-The Cuban elegation on economic affairs, which report that Dewet crossed the river has just completed a month's work "After the capture of Dewet's guns ington. It is said that there were three on February 23rd, the enemy were in objects in view, namely, to secure the night, recrossed the railway, and are now appointment of a Cuban-American com- soil. melted away, the majority having been sums up its achievements as follows: probably granted. One of them is the ed as demented. It is said that he flogs appointment of a Cuban-American comission to revise the Cuban tariffs, and still has a compact commando, refuses the other the abolishment of export du-

PROTEST AGAINST CLARK.

Washington, D. C., March 2.-Senator Chandler to-day presented to the Senate a protest from Henry R. Knapp, of the Trasvaal and Great Britain as a Helena, Montana, against the seating result of the differences which made ap- of Hon. W. A. Clark, of Montana. Mr. Knapp claims to act in behalf of the the Orange Free State would undoubted- Labor party of Montana, which party united with the Democrats in the election of the Clarke state ticket, and in the says that Clarke's managers made a npact to assist in securing state legis-Clark expended over \$200,000 in his

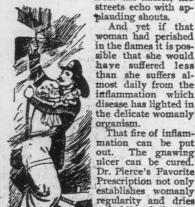
> MUTINY AMONG RECRUITS. They Were En Route to the Philippine When Trouble Occurred

(Associated Press.

Tribune from Ennis, Texas, says: "The mutiny among the recruits en route to London, Mach 2.—The South African ing under a guard of regulars from Fort war has again reached a stage which Sampousten. The car doors were locked

London, March 2 .- Mr. George W. Lederer announces that he has completed negotiations to erect in New York the exact duplicate of the London Hippodrome, a sort of compromise between a theatre and a

When that cry sounds how people sh to help and sympathize! And when some fireman rescues a woman from the flames, the



plauding shouts.

And yet if that woman had perished in the flames it is possible that she would have suffered less than she suffers almost daily from the inflammation which disease has lighted in In the delicate womanly That fire of inflammation can be put out. The gnawing ulcer can be cured. Dr. Pierce's Favorite

Prescription not only establishes womanly regularity and dries enfeebling drains, but it heals inflammation and ulcerations and cures female weak-ness. It makes women strong and sick women well.

"I suffered for four years with what four phy-"I suffered for four years with what four physicians pronounced ulceration and prolapsus of the uterus." writes Mrs. Ada Brooks, of Kirbyville. Taney Co., Missouri. "Also infiammation of bladder and uretina. My case was chronic and complicated. Had several good physicians, but kept getting worse. Had been confined to my bed five mouths when I wrote to you. I received your reply very soon and then dismissed my physician and began taking Dr., Pierce's medicines. I took eight bottles of his 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and began to get better at once. In two mouths I could sit up in a chair, and kept getting better. In four months could do all my house work, including washing and sewing."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, paper covers, is sent free on.

Adviser, paper covers, is sent free on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing only.

Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

## TO REACH THE AMERICAN MARKET

President Cox, of the Crow's Nest Coal Company, Makes Important Announcements At Annual Meeting.

## WILL ASK CHARTER FOR LINE TO BOUNDARY

German delegate will be a member of the Do Not Want Cash Bonus or Land Subsidy—Large Sum to Be Expended on Construction and Develop-

ment Work.

Toronto, March 1.-At the annual entrance by the best possible route to an Toronto to-day, the president, Senator Cox, delivered the following address:

"In congratulating you upon the success of the last year's operations it may be worth while to refer to the erroneous arose from some small parties crossing here in Washington, and returned to in a boat at Marksdrift, where Col. Havana, has issued through Mr. Abad, Plumer prevented the crossing of the its secretary, a statement describing the to the management and control of the railway connection between the Crow's ton. main commando, and took one hundred purposes of the delegation and the re- Crow's Nest Pass Coal Co. We are, in sults attained through the visit to Wash- every respect, a Canadian enterprise, with a large majority of Canadian stockholders, under Canadian control and full retreat, and ought to have fallen reduction of duties on Cuban exports into the hands of the column from to the United States, the abolition of management, and are giving employment into the hands of the column from to the United States, the abolition of Kimberley, but they slipped past at Cuban export duty on tobacco, and the to a great force of labor on Canadian ing interests, We are developing Canada's natrying to recross the Orange river at mittee to revise the Cuban tariffs on a tural resources in one of the most im-Zant Drift, but Hertzog's commando has basis of reciprocity. The commission portant economic minerals and are building up an immense Canadian industry, "Two of the requests have been already | which is bringing wealth into the Dom inion, and which, we feel assured, will be practically exhaustless, it being esti

A Most Important Factor the other the abolishment of export data in the Canadian industrial data and in the Canadian industrial data and in the data and in the Canadian industrial data and indus restricted by a limited market and inadequate railway facilities.

"It affords me great pleasure to an nounce that we are prepared to proceed at once with construction and develophave this money in the treasury of the which I will refer later; but will be devoted exclusively to development work, offices and other works in connection election of Clark in the legislature. He with the coal and coke industries of the ompany. We intend to build at Fernie, Michel, and at another suitable point lation in the interest of labor and have 720 coke ovens which will involve an failed to do so. He also charges that expenditure of \$540,000 under this head alone. We will

Then Have 1,032 Ovens

which will increase our capacity for coke production from over 450 tons per day, as at present, to more than 1,500 tons per day. Our expenditure will also nclude more than a quarter of a mil-Chicago, March 2 .- A special to the lion dollars on mine improvements, offices and miners' dwellings, These expenditures with extensive mining and coke producing operations that are to volunteers left for San Antonio last even- follow will create and maintain two new towns in the coal districts as large as the British newspapers call the eve of and guards were placed on the platforms. The works carried on by this company, That those who are The trouble was caused by some men There is a prospective demand, provided we obtain access to the American narket, as I will hereafter mention, for year, and in three years we expect to incoal per day, a large portion of which will be converted into coke in our ovens, and within five years we expect to have a pay roll of

Fully \$10,000 Per Day. which will be sufficient to maintain three important industrial centres in the coal

"All business men will at once realize company must have the low important such a development will be to the country at large, as mining camps are invariably extensive consum-

ers of supplies. Not only will there be to build this proposed spur. the direct employment of several thousand additional Canadian working men, but a new and most extensive demands mining and coke making for export be a great misfortune to British Columwill be created for the products of Can- trade. The coal and coke are both adian factories in the East, and the food supplies from the Western farms and cattle ranches. It is only fair to you, however, to state that the present and there is nothing further to be done demand of British Columbia for coal and so with them except consume them. Not so with logs, with lumber, with pulp, with states of Washington and Montana are sick and 11 deaths. Immense coal areas in the states of Washington and Montana are sick and 11 deaths. self-evident when I state that the pre-sent demand of British Columbia does into the country in return for coal or once secure possession and control of the rot exceed 1,000 tons of coal and coke coke exports makes the country just that per day, and we cannot expect this do.

The farmer, the miller, I fear the coal and coke of British Col. It soon stops all inflammation, and makes mand to increase in the near future, even the merchant and the manufacturer will under most favorable conditions so as to

Access to the American Markets by a route that will put us in a position to successfully compete with the coal coal and coke industry, and coke producers already in the field. If denied access to the American markets except by roundabout routes, if delayed in our operations by legislative obstruction, if prevented in any way obstruction, if prevented in any way of the very greatest importance. The succession of the very greatest importance of the very greatest importance. If denied access to the American delayed in our operations by legislative obstruction, if prevented in any way will prove from a public standpoint of the very greatest importance. The such continuous down the cost of production of the very greatest importance. The such is will place any barrier in the way of the last stages set in, it can be readily will place any barrier in the way of the last stages set in, it can be readily depends of our countries of our c tion to the narrowest possible margin, our success in the field will be proportionally cramped, and it will be quite materials, essential to profitable smelt-invalve the following the field will be quite materials, essential to profitable smelt-invalve the following t

application has been made to parliament favor of the Canadian side as the place by five of your directors for a charter of establishment of a large and profitable to build a railway from the coal fields smelting industry. The Canadian peoto build a railway from the coal need to be have but to improve their opportunity. Phonographic clocks which verbally anconnect with a spur line from Jenkinto stand out of the way and let the good son, on the Great Northern railway. Fortune in.

Phonographic clocks which verbally and appreciate. If you desire further particular nounce the hours of the day are made in Germany. You can there get a clock that

where we must meet the great competi-

Nest coal fields and Great Northern system will deprive the Canadians and pany may create a shortage in the Canadian supply to benefit American smelt-

"These fears are groundless. In geoogical reports it appears that there are 550,000 acres of coal lands in the Crow's Nest country containing a supply of coal American capitalists interested in which is conceded by all authorities to mining industry of the West that mated that there is in area 20 billion tons of coal. This would admit of an 300 working days per year for over 6,-

Independent of the Immense Coal Areas in Alberta and in other parts of British Columbia! We are at present prepared require; but so far as the local supply building of the proposed line.

"Successful operation of the mines on large scale would be impossible if our market was limited to British Columbia, and it were subject to the fluctuations we have experienced this last year. With an immense coal and coking industry n operation, turning out from six to ten thousand tons of coal a day, the British Columbia smelters now in operation could close down or open up without notice as often as they might feel inclined, and the change would not be felt. The smelters now in operation on the Canadian side only require

About 300 Tons of Coke Per Day. If we are restricted at markets there will be higher initial cost, risk of suspension through accidents, difficulty in securing labor and in meeting any variation in the demand. Although there is dustry in that country. With improved Fernie, which now owes its existence to an immense area of coal in the Crow's transportation facilities, as well as the Nest country, that is of the best quality improved smelting facilities which would capital of each of the subordinate comfor coking, we should not harbor the delusion that this district has all of the freight charges and give rates for treatcoking coal on the continent. There ment that are now impossible. 4,500 tons of coal per day, within a will be competition from the existing "It is hardly necessary to dwell at whatever for their services in perfecting the deal other than the profits to be reyear, and in three years we expect to increase our output to about 6,000 tons of
crease our output to about 6,000 tons of
Puget Sound, Pennsyvania, West Virmining and other enterprises in British
alized from the operation of the under

"To enter and hold this market, which means from 5,000 to 6,000 tons of coal per day, the Crow's Nest Pass Coal

Best Railway Facilities Available, and that is why it is absolutely necessary

"There is hardly any industry so unibrought to the last stage of perfection justify such expenditures. In order that we may proceed with this development it will be absolutely necessary to secure

That government from the royalty. That government is now deriving a review of this railway ask to umbia government from the royalty. That government is now deriving a review of about 100 and 100 an enue of about \$100 a day from our pre-

sent operations.

The Proposed Railway impossible to undertake the development ing at the lowest possible cost, and if the proposed line of railway is built, "Recognizing, therefore, the necessity connecting the Crow's Nest fields with of obtaining direct access to the ad- the American rathway system, the balf obtaining direct access to the ad-acent markets of the United States, an ance of advantage will be decidedly in ance of advantage will be decidedly in ed with, but unless the charter is grant-

able a place Fernie, or some point ad-jacent thereto, would be for the establishment of a smelting industry. There we have the coke without any charge for hauling, while to carry it to any smelting point south of the line would American duty of 60 per cent per ton.

Found at Fernie

with no expense except the cost of quarrying. The lead ores of southern Britwhich is almost impossible for them to find, and those adjacent to the coal fields could at trifling cost for transportation be laid down at Fernie, or some other convenient point. The dry ores necessary to make workable and profitable mixtures and blends are not at present to be obtained in British Columbia, but are to be found through the adjacent mining states along the lines and conections of the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific railway, and the ore cars taking the coal and coke from the ines at Fernie to supply the railways and established industries in these states, instead of coming back empty, would at a low cost for transportation bring back these dry ores to such a melter. There is no point south of the Capitalization Will Be \$1,154,000,boundary line where a smelting industry So Easily or So Profitably

be established. If a smelting industry were established south of the line, there would be, as above mentioned, the cost of transportation of the coke to the site of the smelting industry, the duty on neeting of the Crow's Nest Co., held in Almost Unlimited Market for Coal and this coke entering the United States, the cost of transporting the lead ores from British Columbia to the site of the protion, and without this market any large posed smelter and the American duty development of these British Columbia on the leads entering the United States, coal fields will be practically impossible. which, upon the quality of ore found in "The matter has been expressed in some of the best mines in British Colsome quarters that the establishment of umbia, would probably be about \$9 per

"Simply on the item of transportation stituent companies and is supp there would be serious handicap if the by an address from the board of directmining and smelting industries of a sup-ply of coal and coke, and that the com-ore from British Columbia to a smelter acceptance of the terms offered on the on the American side be compelled to score of decreased expenses and larger return empty, and this would necessarily entail a proportionately higher of manufactured products. In order to carry out the provisions of the consoli-dation, the capitalization of the United freight rate.

"Not the least important in the situa. ion is the fear in the minds of the 000. and \$304,000,000 of five per cent. of the An Export Duty

nay be put on the ores by the Canadian cutput of 10,000 tons per day, allowing government, and this would cripple any 300 working days per year for over 6, smelting industry established on the plans. J. P. Morgan & Company will American side dependent upon Canadian manage the syndicate, and exchange ores as its source of supply. That this bonds and stocks of the new corporaores as its source of supply. That this is not simply theory, but the mature tion for those of the subordinate comjudgment of practical smelting men, is evidenced by the fact that we have the syndicate is to retail all stocks not re- | Hef in a very short time. Second, in the to enter into time contracts with the most positive assurances from a smeltsmelters of British Columbia to supply ing man of large capital and experience penditure of \$635,000, and we already any quantity of coal or coke they may that if we obtain the proposed railway company for this purpose. This does not include the large railway project, to such development of the Crow's Nest British Columbia adjacent to the coal mines will be made probably by the fields; and we have assurances, scarcely less definite, from others of the establishment of three or four more smelting industries at other suitable points in southern British Columbia, provided the to April 1st, but common stocks deproposed road is built. The therefore for southern British Columbia to dividends declared or payable to would appear to be March 1st. No adjustment is made would appear to be

Exceedingly Bright. Once the charter for the railway is assured, the construction of the coke mon stock out of the net earnings of evens, the building of the homes for the miners and the virtual establishment of dends have been paid on the preferred two new towns in southern British Col- stock. Dividends accrue on the latter imbia will await only the opening of on April 1st. the season. Scarce more time will elapse, from the assurances we now have, be-fore more than one large smelting insecuring labor and in meeting any varia- invested in developing this important in-

ginia, Utah and Colorado. There are also immense coal deposits in Montana, Washington and other places which may prove, when tested, to be of good coking quality.

Columbia. Their benefits are self-evi-writing syndicate. Deposits of stock dent. In every lead mine there are masses of ore that will not pay at present the agreement are called for up to March 20th, without penalty. Second Vice-President R. J. H. Ord, of the General Electric Company, who there are propositions and mines just too lean to tempt operators or investors. Every dollar taken off the charge for treatment means thousands of tons more available and proportionately whose interests he is said to have represent the forest and after the 23rd instant

Swells the Pay Rolls of every camp. Every dollar of reduc tion in smelter charges widens the pay streak of every mine, and brings new versally beneficial to a country as coal mines within the paying class. It would be a great misfortune to British Columbia and to the Dominion at large if this opportunity should be lost through the failure to secure adequate means of transportation.

Said Francisco, March 2.—The soldiers and civilians aboard the transport the form Manila, numbered 824.

There were 24 men who had been defaulter to secure adequate means of transportation.

transportation. "There are rival projects south of the umbia will stand a very poor chance of the feet healthy. 25 cts. at drug stores. ever taking it from them

"The promoters of this railway ask no cash bonus or land grant of any of expending their own money to conent operations.

Struct a railway which will be of great public benefit. We now have a prospect

Building a City

cancer is caused by germs or parasites. lay that development half a century. "I, therefore, look forward with confidence to a charter being granted, and the poisons they manufacture being neutralized, the local cancer sore soon heals up this being done, the development which I have outlined will be at once proceedtroduction of the new treatment is the do-

This is simply an effort to secure an "In order to illustrate what I have will speak in any of the modern languages.

Liniment

**CURES--25c.** 

By Mail to Any Address, 30c.

**Gorporation** 

Details of the Gigantic Iron and

Steel Combine Have Been

Completed.

000\_Circular From Mor-

gan & Co.

New York, March 2.-J. P. Morgan

& Company have addressed a circular

to the stock holders of the Federal Steel

tional Tube Company, American Steel

& Wire Company, American Tinplate

Company, Steel Hoop Company and American Steel Sheet Company, which,

are to be merged into the United Steel

It recites the previously known terms

of exchange of securities of the con-

seven per cent. cumulative preferre

An underwriting syndicate of \$200.

plans. J P. Morgan & Company will

tock of the Carnegie company.

panies, and \$25,000,000 in cash.

epositories designated,

quired for the acquisition of comb

mpanies. Negotiable receipts will be

The right is reserved to withdraw the

less two-thirds of its capital stock is de-

surplus until the year's quarterly

the various companies entering the com-

lowances for sinking funds and main

has tendered his resignation, probably

ented in the General Electric Company.

BACK FROM PHILIPPINES.

(Associated Press.)

Rucker, troop L, Third Cavalry, died

CHILBLAINS.

**Curability** of Cancer

Has Been Established Beyond All

Doubt.

No matter what may have been though

San Francisco, March 2.-The soldiers

will accept an important position

discharged soldiers.

tenance.

together with the Carnegie Co

corporation.

**United Steel** 

**Dutton's Little** Anti-Costive Pill McKinley's

Cure Constipation, Dyspepsia and I

25c to Any Address.

CYRUS H. BOWES, CHEMIST.

DUEL MAY FOLLOW. M. Deroulede's Charges Against French Royalists.

Paris, March 2.-The speech of

Deroulede at San Sebastian, accusi

the Royalists of betraying his atter ccup on the occasion of the funeral the late President Faure in 1899, aroused the keenest interest, which beightened by the emphatic denial Andre Buffet, the agent of the Du Orleans. The affair took interesting turn, as political intimate, M. Galli, retelegrani from him maintai had said at San Sebastian. He ates that someone came to him the night of February 22nd, 1899, asked him what he would do if the of Orelans appeared among his frie Company, National Steel Company, Na- M. Deroulede replied that he would following day all the latter's con preparations were overthre know," continues M. Deroulede the Royalists were informed of ed my attempt." He concludes with charging M. Galli and another in friend, M. Dumonteil, to see Buffet arrange a duel. M. Buffet, since his living in Brussels. MM. Galli net earnings, without advances in prices If the duel can be arranged, which

Steel Corporation will be \$1,154,000,000. Of this amount \$425,000,000 is TISM.

thought liable, it will take place

Switzerland or Italy.

The editor of the Vindicator has had Irfn's Pain Balm twice with the me rheumatism in the shoulder from wh which was relieved with two appl and realizing instant benefit and ent atism in thigh joint, almost prostrating with severe pain, which was relieve sued for the deposits of stock at the two applications, rubbing with the lining erms of exchange to any company un Wholesale Agents.

advisable. Preferred stock dividends of A Helpful Catalogue the various companies are adjusted up The Steele-Briggs catalogue is the argest Canadian seed catalogue. Is full of information for the Cana posited must have dividends or rights is full of information for the Canadian grower. It meets his needs exactly. It shows seeds just suited to his climate, it only shows and only prices seeds which have been ested, not only for growth but for quality. For 19e, we will send it with a package of the Steele-Briggs Early Spring Cabbage. This is an especially fine early cabbage, of fine flavor. Both for 19e.

THE STEELE-BRIGGS SEED CO., Ltd., TORONTO, Canada's Greatest Seed House. otherwise. A clause in the charter of According to statements by officials of

DISTRICT. B. C.

received by the undersigned up to noon ( erection and completion of a bridge acro District, B. C.

Drawings, specifications, and form contract may be seen at the Lands an Each tender must be accompanied by a accepted bank cheque or certificate of di posit made payable to the undersigned for the sum of five hundred (\$500) dollars, a security for the due fulfilment of the of tract, which shall be forfeited if the part tendering decline to enter into contract when called upon to de so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. cheques of unsuccessful tenderers will rned to them upon the execution of

le out on the forms supplied and signed with the actual signature of the tenderers.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. ract.

Deputy Commissioner of Lands & Works Victoria, B. C., 19th February, 1901.



CANCELLATION OF RESERVE CASSIAR DISTRICT. Notice is hereby given that the

tion placed on Crown lands situated the placed on Crown lands situated Bennett Lake and Atlin Lake Min slons of Cassiar District, notice was published in the British Gazette and dated 13th December, bereity cancelled.

Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B, C., 39th January, 1901

APIOL STEEL PILLS FOR LADIES
REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES

Order of all chemists, or post free markers. The from EVANS & SONS, LTD., The toria, or MARTIN, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Bouthampton, Bugland.

Inaugurat

sident of United States Upon His Second Ter of Office.

nges During Past Four -A Surplus Instead a Deficit.

(Associated Press.) Washington, March 4.-Wm The ceremony that marked and full of suggestion of nt of the Republic during

years has had its parad some distinctive o-day on his return from t White House, and pas civil contingent was quite made by the marshals, udierly uniform outnum The nations of the wo small, paid their tribute to t in attendance at the cer

ips more than have ass otomac since the days of tributed, through the arines, one of the most able features of the ing over a thousand st e to the President, and ted that no party feeling

capital and in reviewing

ted in the ceremonies n

than ever before. Half

The American na

sixteen governors represent North, South East and V Though worn and nt faithfully executed

he crowds began to gathe stands along the line of to fill up. Along the co nd in its immediate vicinity stands were carried clear ons were brought into oned off at good rates. ident and members of

The President's Spe sident McKinley spoke

led here on the 4th of M e was great anxiety with is of the government. Nov e a surplus instead of a defi constrained to conver s in extraordinary session enues to pay ordinary expenernment. New I have the of knowing that the cor ed has reduced taxation i forty-one millions of doll: ng depression in our man-ining, agricultural and mer stries and the consequent laboring population.

Crowded With Activi is well employed and icts find good markets a

Our diversified production increasing in such unpume as to admonish us of ty of still further enlarging of arkets by broader commentions. For this purpose eaty arrangements with oth ould, in a liberal spirit, be livered and presented. ltivated and promoted. Four years ago we stood of war without the people

without any preparati preparation for the impe did all that in honor could roid the war, but without a inevitable; and the con session, without division oney in anticipation of the eparation to meet it. signally

Favorable to American . in the highest degree h government. It imposed v ons from which it wor rable to seek to escape. We are now at peace with dit is my fervent prayer nces arise between us and they may be settled by pe nent, and that hereafte spared the horrors of wa rusted by the people he with the office er upon its administration the great responsibilities w newed power and commi g unreserved devotion on eir faithful discharge, and oking for my guidance the

are abstructionists v