The Toronto World.

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"Want" advertisements one cent a word each insertion.

A FARMERS' ISSUE, TOO.

Vital as is cheap Niagara power to the manufacturing interests of Western Ontario, it is in no sense a class question. The issue that is being fought out is important to the farmer as well as to the manufacturer.

Electrical energy bids fair to become a revolutionary force on the farm as well as in industrial life. It is serving practical purposes for the farmer to-day, and its scope is being continually expanded.

Not least of the benefits cheap electrical power can confer upon the farmers of Ontario are cheap passenger and freight rates on the electrical roads that are radiating into all parts of the Province.

The towns and cities of Western Ontario at the Berlin conference gave effect to their conviction that cheap Niagara power is a manufacturers' question. Let the rural municipalities realize that cheap Niagara power is also a farmers' question. The interests are not antagonistic. They can best achieve their ends by working together, and the rural municipalities should hasten to co-operate with the towns and cities in their effort to prevent the creation of a power monopoly at Niagara Falls.

It is not an issue which concerns only that portion of Ontario within the zone of distribution of Niagara power. Ontario is rich in waterpower widely diffused. The result of the fight of the municipalities for equal rights with private companies at Niagara will be a notable and important precedent. The Ontario government has given semi-official assurance that it will grant any municipality or group of municipalities the right to generate and transmit Niagara Falls power.

The question now is for the municipalities to frame a scheme of co-operation which will enable them to utilize this legislative privilege. There were evidences of corporate conspiracy against the harmony of the Berlin conference. It did not accomplish its aims at Berlin, but it is certain to be followed up by persistent insidious interference designed to set the municipalities at each others' throats.

Vigilance and perseverance are the price of the existence of the municipal union. So far it has been superior to the narrow prejudices which its enemies have endeavored to create. The danger is now that the hand of the corporations will appear in a more menacing form. There is also danger in the alleged friendship of men like Andrew Pattullo, M.L.A., and T. H. Preston, M.L.A. These men fight theoretical battles for municipal rights, and when a practical issue arrives they appear as wolves in sheep's clothing.

T. H. Preston was not above rousing jealousies against Toronto at the Berlin conference. Only a day or two before the meeting at Berlin, Andrew Pattullo, M.L.A., used the columns of this newspaper to throw down the very scheme which the Berlin conference adopted to protect the municipalities from a power monopoly at Niagara Falls. The municipalities cannot afford to regard men like Pattullo and Preston as friends on this question of Niagara Falls power. They should expect little from them and they will not be disappointed.

The duty of the hour is the co-operation of city, town and rural municipalities, which have a common interest in securing cheap Niagara power. A great opportunity is before them, and it must be seized now, or it will be lost. The magnificent heritage which nature left the Province in Niagara Falls has been going piecemeal to private companies over whom the government has retained practically no control. For the strategic position which remains the municipalities must move quickly, or Niagara Falls, which were intended to confer untold benefits upon the people of Ontario, will be used for their oppression.

A ONE-SIDED ARRANGEMENT.

The name of Hon. Edward Blake is mentioned, not as one of the commissioners to interpret the Alaskan boundary treaty, but as counsel for Canada, and a better appointment could not be made. The Globe says that Mr. Justice Armour is likely to be one of the commissioners and that the Dominion government is pressing hard to have two Canadian commissioners.

The proposal that the American commissioners shall be red-hot advocates of the American case, but that the British commissioners shall be innocent of advocacy of the Canadian side is causing adverse comment.

The correspondent of the St. John Sun says that Mr. Justice Mills has been ruled from representing Canada because he wrote two moderate argumentative articles on the Canadian side; but the American government is appointing Senator Lodge, who is an avowed and uncompromising advocate of the American claims.

A LAW FORBIDDING SAW-OFFS.

It appears that in England the saw-off is forbidden by law. The Montreal Star quotes the following section from the English Act for the prevention of corrupt and illegal practices:

"If any person makes any agreement or terms, or enters into any undertaking in relation to the withdrawal of an election petition, and such agreement, terms or undertaking is or are for the withdrawal of the election petition in consideration of any payment, or in consideration that the seat shall at any time be vacated, or in consideration of the withdrawal of any other election petition, or is or are (whether lawful or unlawful) not mentioned in the aforesaid affidavits, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be liable, on conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months and to a fine not exceeding two hundred pounds."

Other provisions in the English law indicate that its framers were in earnest. It is provided, for instance, that an officer known as the director of public prosecutions shall attend every trial in order to prevent collusion. We might adopt some of these provisons in Canada, but it is doubtful whether they would be effective unless we adopted also the spirit that prompts them. "Where there's a will there's a way," is a proverb that explains many of the evasions of our election laws.

A FARMER'S GRIEVANCE.

The Farming World appeals to the Dominion government to check the importation of cheap horses from the United States. The animals to which objection is taken are "culls" and worth between five and ten dollars each. They are subject to the ridiculously low duty of three dollars a head, and naturally American culls find a profitable market in Canada.

To export horses of this class to the United States, the Canadian shipper would have to pay a duty of not less than thirty dollars a head. The result is that the worthless horseflesh of the United States is being unloaded on Canada, while the American duty is sufficient to guarantee that the cull will not be shipped back.

A twofold evil follows. The Canadian farmer must meet the competition of American rakes. The West, to which the cast-off horses of the United States are largely exported, has become the breeding ground for low-grade stock, and the effect is now being felt thruout the Dominion.

The remedy is in the hands of the Dominion government. As The Farming World admits, there are in Canada conflicting influences to be considered. When the question was brought up in the Dominion parliament, Frank Oliver, M.P., of Alberta, declared that further restriction of the trade in "culls" would be a serious matter to the western farmer. The western farmer often, and indeed usually, starts with a small capital. He wants to break ground and take off his harvest at the least possible cost. He buys the cheapest horse he can find, and that horse is the American "cull."

Of course, the answer to this argument is that in the long run the western farmer, or any other farmer, finds it profitable to buy a good horse. The "cull" is dear at any price. When this fact can be made to appeal to the people of the West, there will be a speedy revision of the tariff that will exclude the American "cull" from Canada as effectively as the Canadian "cull" is excluded from the United States.

RESPONSIBLE GOVERNMENT.

While the Liberals claim credit for fighting for the establishment of responsible government, Conservatives claim to belong to the "constitutional party," upholding not only the forms of the constitution but its spirit. Both are, therefore, bound to maintain the doctrine of the responsibility of ministers, of political parties and of members of parliament. Both are bound to resist the methods by which this responsibility is being gradually weakened and undermined.

One of these methods is the abuse of the practice of referring certain matters to committees of parliament. Committees serve a useful purpose in relieving parliament of details, and also in hearing the evidence and arguments of outsiders. It was never intended that they should assume governmental responsibilities or that a minister, when challenged as to his position on a bill, should be allowed to plead that he accepted the judgment of a committee. He may make any use he pleases of the material placed before him by the committee, but he must form his own judgment and take full responsibility.

Another mode of shirking responsibility is the practice of making questions involving great public interests open questions on which a government as a whole takes no definite position. The responsibility of a government and a party is easily fixed, and cannot be evaded. But it is difficult to fix responsibility by searching division lists for the yeas and nays, and still more difficult to follow votes in committees. Even when the member's name is found, the discovery may be useless, for he may have disappeared from political life. But governments and parties have a certain permanence which enables them to be followed and made responsible for their acts. The element of permanence is so strong that men will often support a party merely because of its name and traditions. Enjoying this advantage, the parties ought to be willing to accept all the responsibilities of their position.

When it was proposed to transfer to the county councils the power of appointing sheriffs, registrars and other officials, it was argued strongly that their appointments were much better made by a government which could be held responsible for its acts. Such a responsibility, it was said, could not be fastened on a mere majority of a county council: the members might be in the council one year and out the next. If that argument was good for the retention of patronage, it ought to be good for the bearing of responsibility.

FOR THE MANY, OR FOR THE FEW

Statistics published in The New York Journal show that the principle of public ownership has been applied to the lighting of Chicago, with wonderful success. Enemies of public ownership insist that the principle is a dream, something that the people should enter upon with fear and trepidation. They ignore the fact that public ownership is not an untried theory. When it has been tried, and the trials have extended over many years and in many places, the result is, in nine cases out of ten, highly advantageous to the people.

Take the case of Chicago. Is a saving of $283,612.89 in electric lighting in one year the achievement of an airy theory or a dream? Yet the fact is that private ownership of the electric light system of Chicago would have cost the people of that city just $283,612.89 more than it cost as operated under municipal auspices.

In fifteen years of public ownership of its lighting plant, Chicago has saved enough to pay for the whole plant, and the annual extensions of the city. Well may The New York Journal ask wherein does the public, the owner of the utility, profit from private ownership.

And wherein does the City of Toronto profit from private ownership of her public utilities, notably, the Street Railway? The people are given a cold ride, often in crowded cars, in order that the shareholders may receive fat dividends. It requires one-half the earnings of the Toronto Street Railway to pay interest on its watered stock. Under municipal ownership, this amount would go to the reduction or fares, to the heating of the cars, to the improvement of the road, and to give better wages to the men.

The ambition of the private corporation in control of a public utility is to give the greatest possible returns to its shareholders. Public owner hip looks solely to the advancement of the interests of the people, who share every dollar that a public utility may yield.

That Russian who lived to be 200 years old would have been good for at least 200 more in almost any other country.

New Brunswick is Hon. A.G. Blair's fair right hand, and now delighted Premier Tweedie would be to hold it for just about four years!

Inspectors Hughes and Chapman now have orders under which they know the weight of the gloves they are privileged to spar with.

They have found anthracite in Nova Scotia, which is not sensational news, now that Torontonians are finding stray chunks in their coal bins.

Horatius Lodge, Herminius Root and Lartius Turner may be depended upon to keep the bridge of Uncle Sam's claims in this Alaskan boundary arbitration.

A majestic hotel is proposed for Ottawa. Toronto having a King Edward Hotel, Ottawa will have to do the next best thing and call its bang-up tavern "the Major Maude."

Hon. E. J. Davis says that he would rather give $15,000 to the poor than spend it in the election courts. Give it when, Mr. Davis? In the season of elections, or a little later on?

Sad that Bill Hohenzollern should officially announce that he has no interests at Toronto Junction just when Jimmy Bond expected royal congratulations on the retention of his seat in council.

Complaint is made of "stove-huggers," who come into a street car and stand in front of the stove and absorb all the heat. Robbing a street car stove of its little store of heat is poor business.

A London newspaper contains the notice of the death of a son of a gentleman who had held the office of Attorney-General of "New Brunswick, Nova Scotia." This looks like the much-talked-of maritime union.

The last number of The Imperial Argus contains a very complimentary reference to a letter written by Mr. J. S. Cole of Toronto, headed, "the most important article of manufacture heads and hearts." The letter is a plea for the establishment of broader and sounder educational methods thruout the empire. It condemns the ordinary modes of examination, which take no account of originality. Judged by such puerile standards, he says, men with highly-developed brains, like Cromwell, Marlborough, Napoleon, Wellington and Bismarck, would fail. We suppose the difficulty is that the very originality of such men makes it hard to measure them by standards and rules of any kind.

NO MORE FREE GIFTS.

Railway Subsidies Said to Have Built Up Baronial Families.

Weekly Sun: Reports from Ottawa indicate that negotiations are on between the government and the promoters of the Grand Trunk Pacific. Before the government commits itself, it would do well to ascertain the views of its supporters in this province and elsewhere on the subject. The Simcoe Reformer, a strong Liberal journal, undoubtedly voices the opinions of the Liberals of Southwestern Ontario when it says:

"If we are to judge the temper of the people of Canada by what we hear in this portion of Ontario, it is good betting the government that gave 5000 acres of land and $6000 in cash to another railroad to the Pacific might just as well leave an order at the same time for its political coffin. If more railroads to the West are to be built, and the country is to help in the work, it must be on a vastly different basis than heretofore. No more free gifts, to build up baronial families in England, will get any encouragement from the voters of this province at least. One crop of Lord Mountstephens and Lord Strathconas is quite sufficient for this democratic country. Nor are our wide-awake farmers ready to be goldbricked by any proposal that the country should take stock. A stockholder that isn't in the construction company would come off slim.

LONDON & CANADIAN LOAN & AGENCY CO., LIMITED.

The directors of the London and Canadian Loan and Agency Company, Limited, presented their 29th annual report to the shareholders yesterday. The report showed that the net profits for the year amounted to $102,728.28, out of which two half-yearly dividends, at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, were paid. The company has had a successful year, and, owing to the magnificent crops in Manitoba, several claims hitherto doubtful, have been paid in full, thus materially increasing the profits for the year. The company's funds have been kept fully employed.

INARTISTIC STAMPS.

Editor World,—I observe that the United States postal authorities have taken action in the matter of calling in their recent issue of two-cent stamps on the ground that the design is considered inartistic and clumsy. In this respect, what prospect is there of the Postmaster-General of Canada calling in the entire issue of miserably engraved and Cheap-John looking stamps now designated Canada postage, and giving the Canadian public a stamp creditable to our country? There are four objections to the present stamps in use: Cheap paper, bad engraving, indistinct figures and the mucilage is poor.

George J. Bryan.

Toronto, Feb. 18.

A New Manufacturing Industry.

The Henderson Roller Bearing Manufacturing Company, Limited, have leased a factory at No. 66 Esplanade-street west. The said premises are being thoroughly fitted-up for the purposes of the company, and equipped with the most modern machinery, so as to manufacture their bearings on a large scale, in order to meet the growing demands for the same. A number of large orders have already been received, and the company proposes to proceed to fill orders at once.

Mr. H. L. Rogers, who has been associated for the past twelve years with the Grand Trunk Railway locomotive works at Stratford, has been placed in charge, and his long experience and intimate knowledge of machinery and designing are a guarantee of thorough and efficient work. It is felt that the company has been fortunate in securing one who has had such extensive experience with rolling stock, as well as with general machinery.

These bearings are proving very satisfactory on all classes of work, having been tested on bicycles, delivery wagons, shafting, dynamos, etc. Their efficiency under heavy loads has been demonstrated by the test at Stratford, where, for the past six months, they have been in constant use, carrying up to ninety-five tons, and effecting a saving of seventy-five per cent. of power. No lubrication has been required since the bearings were installed. Arrangements are being made for the immediate equipment of electric and steam railway cars with this bearing, which has all the qualities necessary for carrying the heaviest trains, running at the greatest rate of speed, and it is believed to be destined to revolutionize railway transportation.

The shareholders, at their annual meeting, elected a strong Board of Directors for the coming year, and a progressive policy has been inaugurated. The stock which was offered is being rapidly subscribed for, and only a limited amount is now available at par. Those who wish to secure some of the first issue may do so by calling at the office, 403 Temple Building. Further issue of stock will be at an advanced price.

THE T. EATON CO. LIMITED

Carefully Selected Friday Bargains

Double-quick prices are being placed on Winter and other goods so that counters, tables, racks and shelves may be cleared and prepared for Spring stocks. In many departments, such as Dress Goods, Millinery, Cloaks, Ribbons, etc., you can revel in the novelty, beauty and newness of spring styles and goods already to hand, but still there is much to be done before all stocks show that up-to-date completeness so characteristic of this store. These Friday Bargains will help to get things ready. They have been carefully selected; each bargain is good seed, because it will establish a confidence in the Eaton goods, values and methods, and will bring the buyer back to the store.

Footwear

125 pairs Men's Boots; heavy oil buff leather; standard screw; Fair stitch soles; sizes 6 to 10; regular values $1, $1.25 and $1.50; Friday 90c

191 pairs Ladies' Boots; in button and laced styles; fine glazed vici kid; Goodyear welt, solid soles; up-to-date designs; sizes 2 1-2 to 7; regular value $3; Friday..$2.00

200 pairs Boys' Boots; suitable for school wear; standard screw; solid leather; soles and heels; sizes 1 to 5; made to sell for $1.50; Friday $1.25

Children's Dresses

250 Children's White Nainsook Dresses; yoke made with fine tucking; neck and sleeves finished with fine embroidery; size 6 months, 1, 2, 3 and 4 years; regular value 85c; on sale Friday.39c

Coats and Skirts

40 only Misses' Monte Carlo Coats; made of frieze and beaver cloth; some with storm collar; colors black, navy and Oxford; sizes 30, 32 and 34-inch bust; regular $6 to $7.50; Friday, to clear $1.50

Ladies' Unlined Walking Skirts; made of all-wool Venetian cheviot; colors grey, blue and Oxford; trimmed with straps of same material and finished with stitching; a new skirt, that would be good value at $6 in the regular way, but will be offered for the first time on Friday, at $3.75

Curtains

225 pairs Nottingham Lace Curtains; 54 inches wide and 3 1-2 yards long; latest cord edge; mostly single borders; fancy floral and spray centres; this curtain will wash and wear well; regular price $1.75 to $2 a pair; Friday, to clear $1.25

63 pairs Tapestry Curtains; 3 yards long; reversible designs, with deep knotted fringe top and bottom; colors crimson, green, blue, rose and olive; regular price $3 a pair, Friday $2.00

420 yards English Sateen; 31 inches wide; soft, bright satin finish; free from dressing; assorted designs and colorings; regular 18c to 20c a yard; Friday, to clear 12 1-2c

Carpets, Linoleums

790 yards English Body Brussels Carpet; 27 inches wide; suitable for any room; 5-8 borders to match; regular prices 90c, $1 and $1.15 per yard; Friday, made, laid and lined, at 75c

1165 square yards Scotch Linoleums; 2 yards wide; floral, block and tile patterns; for dining-rooms, kitchens, halls, etc.; regular prices 55c and 60c per yard; Friday, at 40c

Wall Paper

2100 rolls Glimmer Wall Paper, with match ceilings; pretty floral, stripe and set figure patterns; crimson, pink and green colors; for halls, bedrooms and dining-rooms; regular prices 8c and 10c per single roll; on sale Friday 04c

900 rolls Gilt and Embossed Gilt Wall Papers; complete combinations; handsome designs, in olive, buff and terra-cotta colors; for sitting-rooms and drawing-rooms; regular prices 15c and 17c per single roll; on sale Friday....08c

Woodenware

72 only Royal Dominion Wringers, with solid white rubber rolls; a guarantee given with each machine; regular price $2.50; Friday $1.85

75 only Games of Table Tennis; each set includes the best style attachments; two sanded racquets, large net and three balls; rules on cover of box; regular price $1.25; Friday 50c

Furniture

25 BAKING CABINETS; made of ash, in golden finish; clear white basswood top; 28 x 48 inches; fitted with two large flour bins, one spice drawer, one cutlery drawer and one sliding bakeboard; regular price $6.50 each; Friday, at 5.50

200 CHAIRS, hardwood; golden oak finish; shaped solid wood seats; strongly made; suitable for kitchen or dining-room; regular price 42c each; Friday, at 32

15 ONLY MANTEL FOLDING Beds; made of ash and oak; two arge flour bins, one extra heavy rails and fancy top; fitted with a fine steel wire spring mattress; size 4 x 6 feet; regular prices $7.25 to $8; Friday, at 5.50

12 ONLY SIDEBOARDS; made of good quality ash; in golden oak finish; heavily carved shaped top; 48 inches wide; 18 x 30 - inch bevel-plate mirror; one large and two small drawers; double door cupboard; regular price $12.50; Friday, at 8.90

100 PARLOR TABLES; solid oak; 24 x 24 inches top, with moulded rim; fancy turned legs and shelf, reg. price $1.90; Friday, at 1.30

Silverware

Fruit or Nut Bowls; new design; bright finish; gold lined; fancy feet and border; regular $5.75; Friday $2.68

Cream Jugs and Spoon Holders; some bright, some satin engraved finish; fancy handles; regular $2.50; Friday $1.38

Fountain Pens

3 gross Fountain Pens; fitted with 14k. gold nib; guaranteed; made with a new style reservoir; size No. 4, a first-class pen in every particular; regular price $2; Friday 98c

Books at 15c

500 copies of our Green Library Edition; bound in silk cloth, with gilt top and titles; a durable book, with a headband; a very large list of titles to choose from; never sold before for less than 25c; Friday, to clear 15c

Groceries

Gold Dust Cornmeal; Friday, a stone for 28c

Finest Clover Honey; Friday, a quart gem jar for 30c

Finest Desiccate Cocoanut; Friday, a pound for 12c

Our special blend of India and Ceylon Tea; regular 30c; Friday 25c

Gloves, Hosiery

Ladies' Kid Gloves, with 2-dome fasteners; oversewn seams; Paris and embroidered backs; colors, tan, mode, beaver, black and white; regular price 75c; Friday 39c

50 dozen Ladies' Plain Black Cashmere Hose; seamless finished foot; fashioned leg; double sole, heel and toe; extra fine pure wool yarn; sizes 8 1-2 to 10; regular price 35c per pair; Friday 19c

Boys' Extra Heavy 4-1 Rib Black Wool Hose; seamless; double heel and toe; made of a fine, soft pure wool yarn; sizes 7 to 10; regular price 25c; to clear, Friday..13c

Men's Furnishings

160 dozen Men's Fine Elastic Web Suspenders; mohair ends; kid stayed back; detachable fasteners; slide buckles; would sell in the regular way at 25c; our price Friday 15c

27 dozen Men's Fine Colored Cambric Shirts; open front, with neglige bosom; laundried neckband and cuffs; also some sizes with open back; laundried bosom; separate turn-down collar, in fancy blue and pink stripes; bought to sell at 50c; Friday Bargain 39c

72 dozen Men's Fine Silk and Satin Neckwear; latest styles, in four-in-hand, knots, puffs and large flowing ends; neat and fancy patterns; made to sell at 50c each; Friday 25c

Boys' and Men's Fine White Laundried Shirts; open back; linen bosom and cuffs; reinforced fronts; continuous facings; heavy cotton; slightly soiled; selling today at 43c, 50c and 75c; Friday.33c

Men's Clothing

Men's Suits; heavy all-wool worsted finished tweeds, in dark blue, grey and black checked pattern; four-buttoned, double-breasted sacque style; sizes 36 to 44; regular selling price $8.50; Friday..$5.00

35 Men's Overcoats only sizes, in black imported beaver cloth; medium length; box back style; velvet collars; sizes 34 to 42; a $5 coat; Friday $3.95

Boys' Suits

Boys' 3-Piece Suits; short pants; single and double-breasted sacque shape; all-wool dark grey tweeds and a few worsted tweeds; sizes 27 to 32; regular prices $4.50 and $5; Friday $2.99

Boys 2-Piece Suits; short pants; single-breasted; pleated and Norfolk jacket style; all-wool tweeds; sizes 22 to 26; regular prices $2.75, $3 and $3.50; Friday..$1.89

Boys' Sailor Suits; short pants; all-wool imported English worsted serges; deep sailor collars; trimmed with several rows of black braid; separate fronts; pants lined; sizes 23 to 27; regular price $5; Friday $3.49

Household Cottons

2800 yards Fine Canadian Bleached Cotton; firm weave; entirely free from sizing; 36 inches wide; regular value 8c; Friday 05c

1900 yards Unbleached Plain Sheeting; made from round even yarn; soft finish; full 72 inches wide; regular price 18c; Friday 13c

Household Linens

3200 yards Red Bordered Crash Roller Towelling; firm weave; extra heavy; 15 inches wide; regular 7c yard; Friday 05c

90 dozen Full-Bleached Satin Damask Table Napkins; all linen; 5-8 x 5-8 size; regular $1.35 per dozen; Friday $1.03

Chinaware

40 only ten-piece Toilet Sets; satin finish; natural colored floral decorations; gold-lined edges, in very pleasing shapes; regular prices $6 and $6.50; Friday, for $3.95

25 only Brass Banquet Lamps, with circular burner and silver finish Cupid pedestal; complete with chimney and globe; regular price $2.50; Friday $1.89

120 only English Jet Teapots, in pretty shapes; decorated in colors and gold; regular prices 39c and 35c; Friday 21c

THE TORONTO DAILY STAR WILL HAVE A MORE COMPLETE LIST

THE T. EATON CO. LIMITED
190 YONGE ST., TORONTO

TRANS-CANADA RAILWAY
Shortest—Ocean to Ocean.
A Canadian Line.
For Canadian People.
Through Canadian Territory.
To Canadian Ports.

JUST A COLD SETTLED IN THE KIDNEYS, BUT IT TURNED TO DROPSY.

IT WAS CURED BY

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS.

Read of This Wonderful Cure. It May Do You or Your Friends Some Good to Know About It.

Miss Agnes Creelman, Upper Smithfield, N.S., writes:—About 18 months ago I caught cold. It settled in my kidneys, and finally turned into Dropsy. My face, limbs, and feet were very much bloated, and if I pressed my finger on them it would make a white impression that would last fully a minute before the flesh regained its natural color. I was advised to try DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS, and before I had used half a box I could notice an improvement, and the one box completely cured me. I have never been troubled with it since, thanks to DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS.

Price 50c. per box, or 3 boxes for $1.25; all dealers, or The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

TOWNSHIP OF YORK
AUCTION SALE OF SUBURBAN PROPERTY.

There will be offered for sale by public auction in the Council Chamber of the Township of York, Confederation Life Building, Toronto, on Monday, the 23rd day of February, 1903, at 1.30 p.m., a number of building lots, the property of the Township of York. List of said property furnished on application.

S. W. ARMSTRONG, Treas. T'p. of York, 106 Victoria St., Toronto.

Choice Bitter Oranges for making marmalade, and an Excellent Scotch Recipe,

AT

MICHIE'S

7 King St. West.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS.

EPPS'S COCOA

An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact, fitted to build up and maintain robust health, and to resist winter's extreme cold. Sold in ½ lb. tins, labelled JAMES EPPS & Co., Ld., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England. 246

EPPS'S COCOA

GIVING STRENGTH AND VIGOR.

ELECTRIC FIXTURES

Persons wanting Electric and Combination Fixtures should call and inspect the display in the art show rooms of the

TORONTO ELECTRIC LIGHT CO., Limited.

Many new and artistic designs are there shown and the prices are low.

THE TORONTO ELECTRIC LIGHT CO., Limited
12 Adelaide St. East

FISH CARVERS and EATERS

We can supply all styles of Fish Servers in pearl, ivory or Silver handles of the best English make—call and inspect our stock of table goods.

RICE LEWIS & SON, LIMITED.
Cor King and Victoria Streets, Toronto.

MAPLE SYRUP

The "Empress Brand" put up by us is guaranteed pure and wholesome.

Ask your grocer for "Empress Brand."

THE CANADIAN MAPLE SYRUP CO.,
246 Toronto, Ont.

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

We solicit the business of Manufacturers, Engineers and others who realize the advisability of having their Patent business transacted by Experts. Preliminary advice free. Charges moderate. Our Inventors' Help, 128 pages, sent upon request. Marion & Marion, New York Life Bldg., Montreal; and Washington, D.C., U.S.A. 246

Firemen Kept Busy.

The firemen responded to the following calls on Wednesday:

5.10 a.m., box 167; Corbett Bros.' grocery, 134 Dundas-street; damage to contents $400, to building $100, owned by Denison estate.

6.15 a.m., still alarm; Walker & Robertson's office, 91 West Richmond-street; damage to contents $100, to building $10.

7.30 a.m., box 234; 152 Berkeley-street; no damage.

5.17 p.m., still alarm; 3 Washington avenue; defective chimney; damage small.

7.55 p.m., still alarm; 18 Elm Grove-avenue; damage $100.

9.28 p.m., box 21; false alarm caused by mistaking steam for smoke of a fire at 84 East King-street.

11.25 p.m., box 23; 84 East King-street; steam mistaken for smoke of a fire.

Husband Followed Wife.

Niagara aFlls, Feb. 18.—F. A. Hutt, clerk of Stamford Township, died suddenly of heart failure last night. He had been clerk for 21 years, and during that time he had been absent from only one meeting of the council, and that the last meeting on Monday of last week. Mrs. Hutt died of asthmatic heart failure after a long illness, and on the day of the funeral Mr. Hutt was prostrated with weakness, but seemed on a fair way to recovery when death overtook him.

Water Pipes Burst.

Kingston, Feb. 18.—The waterworks system at the Kingston Penitentiary is badly disarranged by reason of the freezing up of the reservoir and pipes leading therefrom. Many of the pipes burst, causing no end of trouble.

Persecuting Corns.

Don't suffer. Just apply Putnam's Painless Corn and Wart Extractor; it cures corns, warts, bunions and callouses in 24 hours. Insist on "Putnam's;" it's the best. 246