fion of great Differences and Confusions) as they arife from a very different Caufe: and allude chiefly, if not folely, to the very ftrange and extensive Privileges and Powers, granted to Papifts in North America, by the Quebec Act. For fo far am I from being an Enemy to, nay fo much am I a Friend Toleration in general, that I could to with to fee it extended to those of every Sect and Perfuafion ; and it's Limits only bounded by the Safety of our own Religion and Government. But I own, in those Countries were fuch extenfive Privileges have been granted, I have my Doubts, whether they are perfectly confiltent with the Safety of either.

I THINK alfo the Credit given to the collective Body of Roman Catholicks for the fudden and extensive Reformation making in fome Parts of *Europe*; and the Truft reposed in them as a Body; ought to be in exact Proportion to the Temper, Disposition, and Willingness, with which that Reformation is received by the Bulk of those People; — and the Effect

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