

(Mr. Zemskov, Russian Federation)

non-proliferation treaty scheduled for 1995, especially as regards creating the right climate for extending the treaty without limit and making it universal in nature.

(Mr. Brotodiningrat, Indonesia)

... My sole purpose in requesting the floor this morning is to convey the message of H.E. Mr. Ali Alatas, Minister for Foreign Affairs of Indonesia, in his capacity as President of the PTBT Amendment Conference, on the occasion of the thirtieth anniversary of the signing of the Treaty. The message reads as follows:

[The text of the message read by Mr. Brotodiningrat has already been issued as a Conference document (CD/1210).]

Mr. DUBOIS (Canada)

... In early July, Presidents Yeltsin and Clinton announced the extension of the moratoria on nuclear testing. The United States also announced that they plan to initiate discussions with the other nuclear weapons States on modalities and objectives of negotiations for a comprehensive test-ban treaty. France, the United Kingdom, and China have responded positively. These announcements are indeed welcome developments and they bode well for an early start to CTBT negotiations which, as we have stated on numerous occasions, should take place in the Conference on Disarmament. A CTBT would respond to a longstanding and central Canadian arms control objective.

Canada favours negotiations towards a CTBT in a multilateral forum such as the Conference on Disarmament; at the same time realizing that such negotiations must be predicated upon the kind of political will and leadership that has been demonstrated last month by the nuclear weapons States. It is essential, therefore, that the CD take stock of its own resources and expertise which might contribute towards facilitating a successful negotiation of a CTBT. The international community must make its contribution to a strong