

sheen; hairs less abundant, placed principally along veins and beneath cell. Fringes long, silken, same colour as primaries.

Beneath as above in colour, a shade paler and slightly glossy, the hairs less numerous, chiefly along costal region of primaries. No markings except the diffuse, dusky, discal dot on primaries. Body and legs of the same colour, the fore and middle femora rather heavily clothed with black scales in front.

The type male, one of several taken in April at Walters' Station, Calif., is in the author's collection. Co-types from the same locality will be placed in the Rutgers College collection and the U. S. Nat. Museum. A single co-type recently received from San Diego, Calif., taken April 10th, 1910, is almost worthy of varietal distinction. This example is smaller, only 25 mm. expanse, the wings are more rounded at apices, so thin in texture that the label beneath can be read through them, and the extradiscal line runs closer to discal dot.

(To be continued.)

BASILONA IMPERIALIS DRURY.

On June 26th last, a fine male specimen of this handsome moth was taken by Mr. W. H. G. Garrioch, at an arc light near his residence, on Front street, Hull. He had taken a like specimen a few night previously at the same place. Both specimens were brought to me while they were yet alive, and I have set them up. *As far as I know, these captures of B. imperialis are the first recorded for the Province of Quebec.*

Mr. Arthur Gibson has given me permission to add to this note the following statement: "I, too, have a record of three specimens occurring at the electric light here on the Farm, viz.: on June 22, I saw the upper wing of a specimen lying on the grass, near an electric light; on June 24th a male was taken at the electric light, by one of the working men on the Farm, and brought to me for identification, and, on June 26th, another male was captured on the Farm by another employee."

The Central Experimental Farm is on the Ontario side of the River Ottawa, a few miles from Hull; and, as there is much young pine growing on the banks of the river, it is probable that *B. imperialis* has adopted the neighborhood as one of its habitats.

THOMAS W. FYLES,

Hull, P. Q., July 19th, 1910.