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## IEN YEARS OLD.

I measured mysolf by tho wall in tho garden; Tho hollyhocks blossomod far over my head; Oh, whon I can touch, with tho tips of my fingors, The highest green bud, with its lining of red,
I shall not be a ohild any more, but a womnn; Dear hollghock blossoms, how gind I shall be!
I wish thog would harry-the geare that are coming, And bring tho bright dnys that I dream of to me!
Oh, when I nam grown, I shall know all my lessonsI shall be very rich, vory haudsome and fine, And good, too-of course - 'twill be eazier then To say to the tempter "No!" ovory time.
'Chero'll be many to love me, and nothing to rex mo No knots in miy sewirg, no crusts to my bread.
My days will go by like the days in a story: The ereetest and gladdest that evor Was read.

And then I shall come ont some day to the garden (For this little coruer must almags be mino) ; I slall wear a white gorna all embroidered with stiver, That trails in the grass with a rustle and shine.

And meeting some clijd here at play in the sunbhine. With gracious hands laid on her head, I shall say, " I measured mesell by these hollyhock blossoms When 1 was no taller than yon, dear, one day!"

Sho will smilo in ry faco as I stoop low to kiss hor, And-Hark! they are calling me in to my tea! Oh, blossome, I wish that the slow years would hurry ! When, when will thog bring all I dream of to mos

## THREE GOOD LESSONS.

"One of my first lessons," said Mr. Sturges, the eminent merchant, " was in 1813, when I was eleven years old. My grandfather had a fine tlow of sheep, which were carefully tended during the war of those times. I was the shepherd boy, and my business was to watch the sheep in the fields. A boy who was more fond of his book than the sheep, was sent with me, but left the work to me, while he lay under the trees and read. I did not like that. and finally went to my grandfather and cumplained of it. I shall never forget the kind smile of the old gentleman as he sain - "Never mind, Jonathan, my boy; if you wa,teh the sheep, you will have the sheep."
"What does grandfather mean by that? I said to myself. "I don't expect to have a sheep." I couk not exactly make out in my mind what it was, but I had great confidence in him, for he was a judge, and had been in Congress in Washington's time; so I concluded it was all right, and went back contentedly to the sheep. After I got into the field I could not keep his words out of my head. Then I thought of Sunday's lesson : "Thou hast been faithful over a few things, I will make thee ruler over many things." I began to see through it: "Never you mind who neglects lis duty, be you faithful, and you will have your reward."
"I received a second lesson soon after I came to New York as a clerk to the late Lyman Recd. A merchant from Ohio who knew me came to buy goods, and said, "Make yourself so useful that they cannot do without you." I took his neaning quicker than 1 did that of my grandfather.
"Well, I worked upon these two ideas until Bir. Reed offered me a partnership in the business. The first morning after the partnership was made known, Mr. James Geery, the
old tea-merchant, called in to congratulate me, and ho said: "Tou aro all right now. I have only one word of advice togive you : Be careful whoin you walk the streets with." That was lesson number three."

And what valuable lessons they are: Fi delity in all things; do your best for your employers ; carefulness about your assuciates. Let every boy take these lessons home and study them well. They are the foundation stones of character and honourable success.

## TIIE BIRYHDAY GIF'!

There are often wells of thought and feeling in childhood of whose depths parents little dream. We are so accustomed to think of our children's tastes, desires, and will as being reflections of our own that we too often forget to study their natures, recornise their individuality, and treat them as sentient beings With such retlections I listened to the relation of the following incident :

A little girl of this city, about ten years of age, was visiting her aunt in the country. They were discussing a certain book, and the aunt remarked-
"Your birthday is near; perhaps your mamma will buy it for you for a birthday present."

A tinge of sadness rested on the sweet young face as she quickly answered-
" She could give me something else I would rather heve, something 1 would rather have than anything cloe in the world."
"Wel!, I'm sure," said her aunt, "your mamma will get it for you, if it does not cost too much.'
"It will nut cost money," replied the child, " it will not cost any thing.'

But she could not then be persunded to tell what it was. After a lung time the shrinking little spirit said-
"Auntie, I will tell you part ; it is something she gave ume befure little bruther came. It is just not to do something for that one day now don't you know?"

The discerning auntic drew the little one to her and asked-
"Is it tbat mamma should not scold you on your birthday?"

A trembllng " Yes,' and long the dear head rested in silence on the bosom of that loving, patient aunt.

When I heard this little incident related by that aunt herself my heart wept, and I quickly asked myself, " Ain I not that mother? Have not the cares of a growing family caused me to be often less patient with my first-born, my darling Edith ? Have not $I$, in the multiplicity of duties, been unresponsive to the heart longing for a mother's tender caress and loving recognition of little services rendered?"

## A BOYS RELIGION.

If a boy is a lover of the Lord Jesus Christ he canit lead a prayer-meeting, or be a church officer, or a preacher, but he can be a godly boy, in a boy's way and in a boy's place. He ought not to be too solemn or too quiet for a boy. He need not cease to be a boy because he is a Christian. He ought to jump, play climb,
and yoll like a real boy. But in it allhe oughtto show thespirit of Christ. He oughtto be free from vulgarity and profanity. He ought to eschow tolarco in every form and have a horror of intoxicating drinks. Ho out to be peaceable, gentle, merciful, generous. He ought to take the part of small boys against large boys. Ho ought to discourage fighting. Me ought to refuse to be a party to mischief, to persecution, to deceit. And above all things, he ought now and then to show his colors. He need not always be interrupting a game to say that he is a Christian ; he ought not to be ashamed to say that he refuses to do something becauso it is wrong and wicked, or because he fears God or is a Christian. He ought to take no part in the ridicule of sacred things, but meet the ridicule of others with a bold statement that for the things of God he feels the deepest reverence.-Royal Roud.

## SOSCEPTIBILITY OF GIRLS.

Girls are markedly susceptible to the influence of surroundings and circumstances. Ubserve how readily they apprupriatio all the little manners and ways of any better bred household into which they may chance to be introduced. Let both boys and girls make their entrance to such households together and shortly the girl drops all her old ways, and changes so that her early training would hardly be detected. Not so the boy. Ho yields to new influences also, but shows it less; and is much longer in adopting new ways, and when he has adupted them there is apt to cling around them some flavour of the old. This ready imitative eapacity, this casy adaptation of the manners of those in higher spleres of life does not, in our country especially, always lead to dignity and order in dress.

## GUUD WURK FUR CHILDREN.

Let your daughter with a little advice, cut up a few yards of calicu, and make apruns, dresses and bedquilts, even if there be a little waste and poor fits. She will be likely to see her mistakes and profit by them. Let her make some cake and bread, and broil some meat and some corn, no matter if she docs have to throw some of it into the swillpail. It is better to make a few mistakes while young, in acquiring an education, than to grow up without experience. They must learn something or make great blunders during a purtion of their lives, when left to rely on themselves. In many respects children are not trusted enough. They are "bossed" toc much.

THE noblest part of $\varepsilon$ friend is an honest boldness in the telling us of errors. He that tells me of a fault, aiming at my good, I must think him wise and faithful; wise, in spying that which $I$ see not; faithful, in a plain admonishment, not tainted with flattery.

A Japhnese Christian, about to sell some articles, asked the customer, as he was about to pay for them, " have you noticed this fault, and this, and this?" The purchaser had not observed the defects, and decided not to take the articles. This is the kind of Christians converted Japanese inake.

