

opinion of men who had fewer than fifty, so that, in order to keep my place in her esteem. I admitted to eighty! During our conversation she gave me one of her little white hands, under the pretence on my side of admiring a costly ring, and a prettier plaything you will seldom see. Indeed she is the perfection of beauty. I think I should turn Turk myself if Achmet Bey would give up Alchee. Imagine a complexion of dazzling whiteness—eyes large, dark, and of the most melting expression, with eyelashes so long, that, without a word of exaggeration, they cast a shade upon her face, rosy lips and teeth like pearls; imagine these and much more, and you may form some light notion of Alchee.

The Princes were excessively amused; but could not speak a word, neither indeed could any of the officers present; but when did a Frenchman ever want words to express his admiration of beauty? I of course considered Alchee as mine exclusively; if any one addressed her she turned to me for explanation; if any thing excited her attention she inquired of me what it meant—in fact, we quite understood each other, and I am only living now in hope of another interview.—In all probability I shall write you further respecting Alchee.

## COLONIAL.

### CANADA.

KINGSTON, Jan. 21.

**THREATENED ATTACK UPON KINGSTON.**—A considerable degree of excitement has prevailed in this place within the last few days, in consequence of various reports that our sympathizing neighbors, in conjunction with Mackenzie and others, were meditating an attack upon Kingston. Certain intelligence has from time to time been received, that the people of Jefferson county, were frequently seen drilling at night, holding private meetings, collecting money and provisions, and that they contemplated the taking of our good old town and Fort Henry by a *coup de main*. On Monday the news reached us, upon undoubted authority that the sympathizing rabble actually broke into the arsenal at Watertown, and stole from 600 to 800 stand of arms. This glaring and monstrous outrage has been allowed to pass unnoticed by what is called the respectable portion of the community; as for proper authorities, whose duty it would be to recover the stolen arms and punish the perpetrators, we presume there are none. From such a rabble government we most fervently say, "*Good Lord deliver us!*"

Yesterday news reached us that the pirates had deposited the stolen arms on Sir John's Island, on the St. Lawrence, a few miles below Kingston. Accordingly, yesterday evening a party of riflemen under Captain Sanders, proceeded to reconnoitre the place, but could find nothing, and returned about 10 o'clock last night.

It is certain, however, from various suspicious movements observed along the south side of the St. Lawrence, that an immediate attack upon Canada is meditated; upon what point, remains to be seen. All we can say at present is, "Let them come if they dare." We venture to say, that the gallant subjects of Her Majesty will not long permit our soil to be polluted by the presence of such miscreants.

Troops are pouring in on us from all quarters.

Since writing the above, intelligence has reached us that the pirates have concentrated on Grindstone Island, opposite Gananoque. It is a small island belonging to the United States. In what force they have assembled we have not ascertained.—*Chronicle and Gazette.*

From the Boston Daily Advertiser, March 7.

**THE INVADERS OF CANADA.**—The following paragraph, from the Albany Argus, informs us on official authority, that the piratical bands which had assembled on the Champlain and Michigan frontiers, are dispersed, and the respective expeditions apparently abandoned. The Albany Daily Advertiser states in addition, that Ichabod Miller, at Buffalo, and several persons in Jefferson County, had been arrested on the charge of setting on foot military expeditions against Canada, and that Van Rensselaer had been again arrested at Syracuse. Mackenzie, the first author of the rebellion in Upper Canada, and the chief instigator of the lawless proceedings in New York, was at large on Friday last, on his way to Johnstown.

**THE LOWER CANADA BORDER.**—The Burlington Free Press, of March 2, gives the following account of the late piratical movements on the Northern Frontier.

**LOWER CANADA.**—The patriots are again in motion, and perhaps blood has flowed at the present moment. On Tuesday night, the patriots who had been driven from the province, together with such as were disposed to volunteer in the cause of Canadian liberty, assembled near the line at Champlain, for the purpose of entering Canada. Their number has been variously stated at from three to eighteen hundred. Gen Wool, however, was immediately on the ground, with the New York militia to prevent any organization on this side of the line. Finding themselves foiled at this point, they crossed over to Alburgh during the night, where they were followed by Gen. W., but with a force too small to accomplish his design of arresting their operations. On Wednesday, about ten o'clock, they organized in the neighbourhood of Swanton, to the number of 1832, under the command of Dr Robert Nelson, and a French Colonel, who arrived in this country a few days since, and moved towards the French settlements. They were perfectly armed, and furnished with munitions, and carried with them the means of arming the Frenchmen who might join them. On planting the patriot standard on the Canada side, the Province was proclaimed free and independent of the British crown; a provincial government established, and a written declaration of the independence promulgated. Robert Nelson was proclaimed President.

**THE INVADING FORCES DISBANDED.**—Official despatches from General Wool, and Colonel Worth, from the former of the 2d inst and the latter of the 1st, show that both on the Northern and Western frontiers the disturbing forces have been dispersed, and that tranquillity had been nearly restored.

Gen. Wool writes that the entire force under Drs. Nelson and Cote about 600 strong, surrendered to him at 2 o'clock, p. m. on the 1st inst. near the Canada line, about one mile north of the village of Albuquig Springs, Vt., with all their cannon, small arms and ammunition. Previous to this, Gen. W. had taken one piece of artillery, and nine loads of ammunition prepared for artillery and muskets. Drs. Nelson and Cote were in the custody of Gen. W., by whom they would be surrendered to the civil authorities.—The British troops were within six or eight miles of the invading camp at the time of the surrender.

The whole frontier from St Albans to Watertown, is entirely tranquillized—probably not to be again disturbed.

Gen. Wool left St Albans for Plattsburgh and Champlain yesterday morning.

**FROM THE UPPER CANADA FRONTIER.**—Gov. Marcy of New York has issued his proclamation offering a reward of \$500 each, for infor-

mation which will lead to the detection and conviction of the robbers who broke open and stole arms from the Arsenals at Watertown, Elizabethtown and Batavia.

**ATTEMPTED INVASION OF UPPER CANADA.**—About the 13th of the month the military authorities here received information that an expedition was on foot, designed to invade Canada. Some developments which were made on Saturday morning, led to the belief that the attempt would be made that night, and the deputy marshals and assistants were posted in the principal avenues leading to the city.

About 8, P. M. it was reported that several hundred men had assembled at Comstock's tavern, on the lake shore, 8 miles from town, and Colonel Worth immediately started with the small force of regulars and four volunteer companies under his command to intercept them. When within 200 yards of Comstock's, the road was found to be barricaded by a rail fence and other obstacles.

These were immediately removed—the cry was raised among those assembled at the tavern, "the regulars are coming!"—and these gallant invaders of Canada fled. About 150 took to the ice on the lake with their teams. They were pursued, but having some 2 or 300 yards the start, were not overtaken. They, however, left a howitzer and swivel, which were taken possession of.

The night was piercingly cold, and it was feared that the men on the lake would perish; but toward morning they began to return, some of them frost-bitten, and all heartily disgusted with the enterprize they had undertaken. Not a man, so far as can be ascertained, succeeded in getting into Canada. They had no leaders, and were all provided with arms.

It is deserving of remark, that every fact elicited in the examination of Major Chase, has been confirmed to the letter.

**AND YET ANOTHER.**—On last Friday night the arsenal at Batavia was broken open, and 75 kegs, containing about 1700 lbs. of powder, were stolen.

**LOWER CANADA.**—We learn from the Montreal Morning Courier, that the installation of Sir John Colborne, as Administrator of the Province, took place on Wednesday last, at Montreal, with the usual formalities. There was an illumination in the evening, as a tribute of respect to the new Administrator. It had been arranged that Lord Gosford, the late Governor General, would leave Quebec at one o'clock on that day. He will probably soon arrive in this city by way of Maine.—*Boston Daily Advertiser, March 5.*

Lord Gosford, late Governor General of the Canadas, and his suite, arrived in this city on Monday from Quebec, by way of the Kennebec road and Portland, and took lodgings at the Tremont House.—*Ibid, March 7.*

## FOREIGN.

From the Boston Pearl and Galaxy.

**SIX WEEKS LATER FROM CANTON.**—By the ship Hornum, the Journal of Commerce has received the advices from Canton to October 6, and from Manilla to October 30th.

The Governor and Posyuen of Canton, have issued a decree ordering the British superintendent to send their ships out of the Chinese waters. What course the superintendent would take is not known.

The ship Morrison had returned from Japan to Canton. She was absent 56 days, 48 of which were passed at sea, 3 days in the harbor of Yeddo, and 3 days in the harbor of Kyo-sima, on the south of Kinsin, the western of the three great Japanese Islands,