

SMOKE OLD CHUM

The Tobacco of Quality
1/2 LB. TINS
and in packages

Heaps of Stock at Hick's

5 cars of Shingles all grades, 1 car of Cement
1 car Selenite, 1 car Roofing, 1 car Metal Shingles.

Headquarters for everything in the line of Building Material. Try us and be satisfied.

J. H. HICKS & SONS
Queen St. BRIDGETOWN, N. S.

LARGE INFUX OF IMMIGRANTS NOT EXPECTED AT PRESENT TIME

Highland Scotch for Nova Scotia to Come Through Private Agency.

Ottawa.—That very little immigration to Canada need be looked for during the coming year or, indeed, until the economic condition of the world begins to come back to normal is the impression received from inquiries in the highest official quarters here. All the information which the Department of Immigration has acquired, both in Europe and in the United States, indicates strongly that there are large numbers of persons on both continents who would be willing to come to Canada to settle if they had the means. But unless Canada is to embark on a great scheme of assisting immigration such as Australia has undertaken, involving the expenditure of many millions of dollars, it will likely be several years before we see anything of that great volume of immigration which so many different quarters advise the government to bring here.

Assisted Immigration

The war, and economic conditions following the war, have left the people from which the immigrant class is drawn so impoverished that they are unable to finance a venture to this far-off land, to say nothing of establishing themselves after they get here.

The government has been urged from many quarters to accelerate the flow of people here and recognize the necessity of increased population and increased production. The agents of the Immigration Department abroad, and even in the United States, report that they could get thousands of people willing to come here if they had the means—but unless the country is willing to authorize the expenditure of very large sums the outlook for any great influx is not bright.

Any settlement scheme would require the expenditure of an amount of money which would scarcely be justified in view of Canada's position. The Soldiers' Settlement Board put some 32,000 people on the land at an expenditure of about \$100,000,000.

one sphere to another.

Follow-up System

A feature of the soldiers settlement plan, which will likely be emulated by the Department of Immigration, is the follow-up system which looks after the settler and tries to keep him on the land after he has been placed there. In all immigration brought to Canada, hereafter this plan will be adopted and when settlers are placed on the land at some expense the Immigration Department will try to see that they remain there. In the meantime the government is just doubling its activities in publicity in both the United States and the United Kingdom, including both advertising and lecture work, appealing particularly to those able to finance themselves. Some changes in the agencies in the United States are being made, agents being shifted from places of lesser activities to those places where the prospect of obtaining the class of settlers now sought is brighter.

Scotch Want to Come

A class of immigrant which will be particularly adapted to the Maritime portions of Canada is the Highland Scotchman, who alternates fishing with farming on a small scale. A considerable number of such has been endeavoring to get to Nova Scotia and are asking for some assistance on their passage expenses. The Immigration Department has arranged, through its representatives in Scotland, to get in touch with these people and some co-operation will probably be effected through private immigration organizations to furnish the assistance desired. Probably 400 or 500 of these immigrants will come out next Spring.

Crepe frocks of Lanvin green lend a cool note to the rather sombre afternoon costumes where black still seems to hold sway.

The younger set shows much fondness for the close bodice joined to a full gathered or circular flaring skirt sweeping the floor. Although almond green seems to increase in favor, some smart women are opting reddish red or bright colors, especially in felts. They intend to carry anything on Christmas morning has been brought

HORTICULTURAL NOTES

As readers of the news columns must have noted, the pippin family has been distinguishing itself. The branch known as the Cox Pippin, whose home is in Nova Scotia, won the gold medal awarded at the Imperial Fruit Show held recently in the Crystal Palace, London. Cox Pippin from British Columbia were also a feature of the show. They were highly commended and were awarded a prize as being the best exhibit from British Columbia in the Empire section. The pippins throughout Canada are holding their heads high these days.

The pamphlet, bearing the title: "The Apple in Canada, its Cultivation and Improvement," by W. T. Macoun, Dominion Horticulturist, states that the Cox Orange Pippin originated in England, and goes on to describe the apple about which many fine things can be said. For instance, the flesh is tender and juicy, the core is small, the flavor sub-acid, spicy and very good. It is called an early Winter apple. In Canada, writes the Dominion Horticulturist, the Cox Orange or Cox Pippin has done best in Nova Scotia and British Columbia, and this judgment is borne out by the awards at the recent Imperial Fruit Show, for the Pippins from these Provinces carried off the highest prizes. The tree is described as moderately vigorous, but only fairly productive. Because of its high qualities it is usually reserved for the table. It stands in the dessert class.

The statistics of last year's trade are now available. As respects the production and exportation of apples these statistics show that in 1921 Canada produced 4,046,813 barrels of commercial apples valued at \$29,898,649. The Province of Nova Scotia accounted for 2,036,055 barrels; British Columbia for 1,057,482 barrels; Ontario for 855,865 barrels; Quebec, 35,200 barrels; and New Brunswick, 32,000 barrels. This year the Nova Scotia yield is estimated at 1,577,000 barrels; that of British Columbia, 795,000 barrels; Ontario, 1,151,000 barrels; Quebec, 61,600 barrels; making a total harvest for the Dominion of about 3,625,850 barrels, a slight decrease from the 1921 production, but an increase over that of 1920.

The fiscal year ends on March 31st, so that the disposal of the apple crops of 1921 ran in part into the present fiscal year, 1922. During that year the exports of Canadian apples amounted to 1,845,955 barrels valued at \$8,554,379, as against 1,358,469 barrels in the previous year worth \$5,299,099, and 870,532 barrels worth \$242,219 in 1920. The United Kingdom is the principal importer of Canadian apples, taking more than two-thirds of the entire crop. The United States is the next best customer, followed by the following in the order named:—Australia, Bermuda, Newfoundland and New Zealand. The rapid growth of the Canadian apple export industry may be judged from the fact that in 1907 total exports amounted to only 38,311 barrels; in 1910 to 32,304 barrels, and in 1915 to 1,117,336 barrels.

CUTHBERTSON AND UMLAH FREED

Unique Case in Criminal Law Decided in Police Court.

Stipendiary Magistrate O'Hearn, who presided over the case in the Police Court, and thereby created what is believed to be a precedent in the annals of Criminal Law in Nova Scotia. The cases were those of Edward Cuthbertson charged with bigamy, and Louis Umlah charged with theft from the Post Office, both of whom had previously pleaded guilty.

When the men were arraigned for sentence before Mr. O'Hearn, the latter, who was recently appointed Attorney General of the Province, announced that he was placed in an unique position, as his position as Stipendiary Magistrate, and as Provincial prosecutor he was unable to sentence law-breakers, and his only alternative was to file a nolle prosequi liberating both prisoners.

The men were not slow to take advantage of this good fortune and hastened to leave the court, but Cuthbertson's freedom was short lived, for, as he was leaving the court he was re-arrested on a warrant under the Bastardy Act, issued by the family of the young girl whom he had deceived.

This unexpected ending of the cases, both of which had attracted considerable attention, caused a flurry in police circles. Mr. O'Hearn had expressed himself quite strongly, concerning the conduct of Cuthbertson when the latter was being tried, and it was expected that the prisoner would receive a stiff sentence. Cuthbertson was arrested some time ago on a charge of bigamy as a result of information laid by his legal wife, who resides in Moncton. During his trial it was disclosed that Cuthbertson had left Moncton and come to Halifax to look for work. During his stay here, he paid attention to a young lady, representing himself as single. It is alleged, as a single, and finally married her. His first wife discovered her husband's second marriage and caused his arrest, but at the last hearing when he was finally remanded for sentence, I. C. Doty, counsel for Cuthbertson, produced communications from Cuthbertson's Moncton wife in which she said that for the sake of their child she was willing to take her husband back.

Umlah was arrested several months ago and during the course of the trial admitted his guilt. He left the court a free man owing to the legal technicalities which presented Mr. O'Hearn from exercising his rights as Stipendiary Magistrate.—Halifax Chronicle.

CHANGES IN POSTAL RULES EFFECTIVE JAN. 1

A postal conference in Ottawa between representatives of the United States and Canada, resulted in several changes being made in regard to the sending of mail from one of these countries to the other. The new regulations go into effect on January 1st. Parcels of general merchandise must not exceed eleven pounds in weight and the rate has been fixed at twelve cents a pound. These parcels may be insured under the same terms and conditions applying to parcels for delivery in Canada. The limit of weight of a single book sent at printed rates is also eleven pounds. On payment of a fee of twenty cents more than the ordinary postal rates letters with special delivery plainly written across the upper left hand corner of the address, will be accepted for special delivery in places in

LAW RELATING TO GAMBLING

Section 236 Criminal Code.

The Social Service Council of Nova Scotia is endeavoring to arouse the people of the Province against this heinous evil; and to have the law dealing with it impartially enforced. Many forms of gambling are so innocuous looking that often people who would not care to be reckoned among the criminal class are persuaded that there is no wrong in the methods they take. The law, however, is very severe, and it is only right that any persons who have been, perhaps unknowingly, breaking that law, be given an opportunity to quit, without any necessity for legal action. We believe that no honest, patriotic citizen will wish to defy the law, or flagrantly break it, when he knows the facts. The section of the criminal code dealing with the matter is as follows:

1. Every one is guilty of an indictable offence and liable to two years imprisonment and to a fine not exceeding two thousand dollars who—

(a) makes, prints, advertises or publishes, or causes or procures to be made, printed, advertised or published, any proposal, scheme or plan for advancing, lending, giving, selling or in any way disposing of any property, by lots, cards, tickets or any mode of chance whatsoever; or

(b) sells, barter, exchanges or otherwise disposes of, or causes or procures, or aids or assists in the sale, barter or exchange, any lot, card, ticket or other means or device for advancing, lending, giving, selling or otherwise disposing of any property, by lots, tickets or any mode of chance whatsoever; or

(c) conducts or manages any scheme, contrivance or operation of any kind for the purpose of determining who, or the holders of what lots, tickets, numbers or chances, are the winners of any property so proposed to be advanced, loaned, given, sold or disposed of; or

(d) disposes of, or causes or procures, or aids or assists in the disposal of, any goods, wares or merchandise by any game or mode of chance or mixed chance and skill in which the contestant or competitor pays money or other valuable consideration; or

(e) induces any person to stake or hazard any money or other valuable property or thing on the result of any dice game, shell game, punch board, coin table or on the operation of any wheel of fortune.

2. Every one is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a penalty of twenty dollars who buys, takes or receives any such ticket or other device as above defined.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

OWEN OWEN
Barristers & Solicitors
ANNAPOLIS ROYAL, N. S.
Branch office Middleton—open every Wednesday from 2.45 p.m. to 5 p.m. every Thursday from 9 a.m. to 11 a.m.
Money to Loan Real Estate.

O. S. MILLER
Barrister & Solicitor.
Shafes Building.
BRIDGETOWN, N. S.
Telephone 15.
Money to loan on all Estate Securities

HERMAN C. MORSE
B.A., L.L.B.
Barrister, Solicitor and Notary Public
Money to loan on First-class Real Estate.

INSURANCE AGENT
BRIDGETOWN, N. S.
Office in Royal Bank Building.

JOHN IRNE, K. C.
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, etc.
Office in Piggott Bldg. Queen Street.
Telephone Connection.

W. A. LINGSTONE
Barrister & Solicitor.
CROWBUULDING.
ANNAPOLIS ROYAL
Mr. Livingston on appointment, will meet clients Bridgetown.

Dr. G. SIMS
Veterinary, Mine and Surgery
Tuberculosis a Specialty.
Graduate of Nova Scotia Agricultural College, Ontario Veterinary College, University of Toronto.
Member of N. S. Veterinary Medical Assn.

PARSE, N. S.
Phone night 23-21
Address: 111-113, Queen St., N. S.

W. J. RID
Funeral Director an Embalmer
Latest styles in Cans, etc. All orders will receive prompt attention. Hearse sent to all parts of the county. Office an show-room in two-story building in rear of furniture warehouse. Telephone 76-4.

Dr. F. S. ANDERSON
Dental Surgeon
Graduate of University of Maryland
Office: Queen St., BRIDGETOWN, N. S.
Hours:—9 to 5.

J. H. HICKS & SON
Undertaking.
We do undertaking in all its branches. Hearse sent to any part of county.
Telephone 46. H. B. HICKS, Queen St., BRIDGETOWN

PILES
WRITE and find out what the MCMAC REMEDY is, and how it has done for others and we guarantee it to do for you.
THE MCMAC REMEDY CO. APARTMENT 30 (V) YARMOUTH, N. S. 30-521.

D. A. R. TIMETABLE
Train service as it effect Bridgetown:
No. 96—From Annapolis Royal, arrives 6.25 a.m.
No. 95—From Halifax, arrives 12 p.m.
No. 98—From Yarmouth, arrives 1.05 p.m.
No. 97—From Halifax, arrives 1 p.m.
No. 99—From Halifax, Tuesday, 1 day and Sunday, arrives 2.15 a.m.
No. 100—From Yarmouth, Monday, Wednesday, Saturday, arrives 2.30 a.m.

ORGANS CLEANED AND REPAIRED
Competent workmanship guaranteed.
W. C. PARKER, M. S. Lawrence, N. S.
26-11.
No Volunteers
If the present custom isn't able, husbands will soon have to be secured by conscription.

G. E. BANN

Plumbing
urnace and Stoves
BRIDGETOWN, N. S.
Telephone No. 3-2.

LESTER R. FIN
Architect
AYLESFORD, N. S.

ROSS A. BISHOP
Watchmaker and Jeweller
Clock and Jewellery
Queen Street
BRIDGETOWN, N. S.

WALTER TOLSON
Cabinet Maker and Upholsterer
Printer and Paper Hangar
General Work and Estimates

HAIR WORK DONE
Combs or cut hair, permanents, transformations, etc. Moderate. Satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders promptly attended to.
MISS GEORGINA BISHOP
Annapolis Royal, N. S.

Dr. W. M. C. ARCO
B.A., M.D., C. (McGill)
LAWRENCETOWN

BELYEA & Mac
Chartered Accountants
Audits, Investigations, Municipal and Corporate Income Tax Returns
ST. JOHN, AMHERST, MONTEZUMA

Dr. NANA EIDARI
L.D.S., F.R.C.S. (Ed.)
DENTAL SURGEON
Special attention given to treatment of children and patients of color.
OFFICE HOURS:—10 a.m. to 6 p.m. Evenings by appointment.
Address: 111-113, Queen St., N. S.
Telephone No. 77.

UNA E. CAMERON
Stenographer and Typist
Residence, Grand St. East
BRIDGETOWN, N. S.
Hours:—12 to 2 p.m. and 4 to 6 p.m. Mondays to Fridays.
Lessons given to children 45-131.

ANNIE CHUE
MILLINERY
Dealer in Ladies' Fashion
BRIDGETOWN, N. S.

APPLE TREES
SPECIAL INTRODUCTION
Two new varieties of proven value \$60 pr 100.
SCARLET PIPPIN—Similar to Intosh but its subject of Very profitable.
DELICIOUS—The greatest "maker of the Century."
Good stocks of Duchesne and small quantities of other 17 varieties still available at \$6.00. These are N. S. Ontario trees especially selected. 25% discount on bank reference required.

CANADIAN NURSERY CO.
3-11 Macton, N. B.

A laugh is the most magical on earth. About the busiest thing is an idle rum. It would be great if we could see our friends were as good as our Christmas cards. Prince of Wales has another precedent. Yes, we out him falling off his horse. The tug fame of those who burne would west with MacDougal in tow. China's boy emperor, he had never seen a girl rouge and some of us the same.

Minard's Liniment

A Precious Trophy

Val des Bois, about 35 miles from Buckingham, in Quebec Province, is a celebrated fishing, hunting, and trapping district. Mr. J. A. Larivee, White Deer Lodge, Val des Bois, last fall had the distinction of shooting a remarkable full grown white deer. How this deer escaped detection, and consequently killed in a long time, while living within rifle range of habitations is hard to understand. He lived on the highest mountain at Val des Bois. His natural background of white birch undoubtedly made him invisible to the hunter who could not get close to him. One snow fall, his worries were over as he must have become practically invisible on account of his snow-white color. Not a black or colored hair could be found on his body, even the eyes, muzzle and hoofs being either white or pink. Mr. Larivee first saw the deer as a strange or new white patch on the side of the mountain. Upon examination through field glasses he perceived that it was a white deer. He had seen two specimens before, mounted by the owners, and his joy can easily be imagined. He spent about fifteen minutes planning the stalk and studying the mountain in front of him across Green Lake. Mr. Larivee proceeds to tell his story.



Head of the white deer shot at Val des Bois, Quebec

The mountain was negotiated by a chimney or V shaped indentation which I climbed by holding on to shrubbery, cracks, and small projections of rock, by hand and feet (my rifle—A.22 H.P. Savage, lever action being slung over my back). Reaching the top after an arduous and perilous climb, I made a wide circle and came back to the edge. I could see the deer laying down amongst the white birch trees a tangled branchy mass that I knew the small bore rifle was incapable of penetrating, so I decided on again circling. This time I came out at a point where I could not see him, while there was a sheer drop of several hundred feet to be overcome to get within open shooting distance. It took me two more hours to accomplish this noiselessly, especially care having to be taken not to start stones rolling; the dried leaves and small branches were also too much for me. I finally secured the position desired only to find that Mr. Deer had got up and wandered farther down the mountain side and was laying down again about six hundred feet below me. With my glasses I found that only six or seven inches of his neck, right back of his head, were clear of branches, and the only spot I could get to aim at with a chance of getting the bullet to its mark.

After I shot him it began to rain. I had to get a boat and then had a terrible job of it to drag him down the last to hundred feet to the boat. He was very large; 14 points in the velvet and weighed 201 lbs. dressed. He was tired and wet, but happy as I got him in the boat. It took me four hours of hard and careful sking, but he was worth it. Three hours later, after securing help, the deer was hung up in my shed about half a mile from where I shot him, the best postage being done by the light of my electric torch over a mountain.

UNLESS

Accept or Aspirin, physicians

Cold, Too Early

Hably "Ray" Aspirin is the most effective remedy for colds and influenza.

The following appeared in the one hundred poets in those now—

In Herkimer B. Wheat, of Lily, of Home Hymen, to the The Lilly's Wheat; And now, the haunt, This pair want—

At Belfast, aged 75, to Miss Haply some "This is Dec But 'tis more That age show

TWO MEN

Truro, N. S. teamster, and Indian, were in man's Crossing

Incoming account 113, from Hall factor A. Phill Young was employ of C. A. is lumbering and returning to wards Brookline occurred.

The aged Ineled with him, across the tra but the rear and the lives of

E. C.

FI

Do not take Buildings in NORTHERN Claims Alwa

F. E. BAY
BRIDGE