

QUESTION OF THE RIGHTS OF THE ROAD

Mr. R. W. Puddicombe Writes
The Advertiser of an Important Matter.

Several narrow escapes from personal injury by the collision of vehicles have been reported lately, and the question of the rights of the road is being discussed at some length among city officials and others, these days.

Several complaints have been made, and Mr. R. W. Puddicombe, who has taken a deep interest in this matter, has written The Advertiser his opinions on the subject:

"This city has passed the village stage, and it is about time the municipal authorities should insist upon the rule of the road being strictly adhered to."

"As it is, drivers generally seem to think they have all the rights to the streets; drive on either side of the street, and many, at any speed they fancy — foot-passengers to look out for themselves or take the consequences—in danger to the lives of the pedestrians."

"Shaving the corners as closely as they dare, narrowly avoiding collisions with others coming from an opposite direction, who are keeping to the right."

"People walking are entitled to reasonable protection, and should be able to feel safe when crossing the streets of our city."

"I am not sure but that bicycle riders are the greatest sinners; they come on one without warning, no bells, and at night no lights."

"Our rulers should compel all carriages to keep to the right of the streets."

"R. W. PUDDICOMBE."

MINISTER OF WAR A HERO OF ROMANCE

Gen. Suchomlinoff, of Russia,
to Wed Wife of Rich Merchant.

Berlin, Sept. 15. — Gen. Suchomlinoff, the Russian minister of war, according to reports received in Berlin, seems to be the hero of a romance as sensational as interesting. It is causing a great stir in society circles here. Mme. Butovitch, the future wife of the war minister, is the present wife of a wealthy merchant, who has determined she shall not be set free to marry again. Mme. Butovitch, however, has collected whole volumes of evidence, in order to bring about a divorce. M. Butovitch, it is alleged, has ill-treated his young and beautiful wife in every possible manner, beaten and otherwise assaulted her in the presence of witnesses.

Young Wife in Captivity.

Suchomlinoff became acquainted with the pair when he was governor-general of Kiev. The Butovitchs, being wealthy, kept open house, and all the notables of the town met under its hospitable roof. The general soon got an insight into the sad condition of the scenes. The husband noticed this, and Mme. Butovitch's martyrdom was increased, it is said.

At first only a real friendship existed between Mme. Butovitch and the general, but it soon ripened into deep love, and Mme. Butovitch, recognizing the man's noble character, consented to become his wife as soon as a divorce could be obtained. She told her husband, who would have consented to a divorce, but soon as he heard her intentions, his rage was unbounded. His one endeavor in life since then has been to ruin Suchomlinoff, it is alleged. The letters exchanged between Madame and the general were sent to Premier Stolypin, together with alleged false accusations against Suchomlinoff that could not be upheld. No witnesses could be found to prove the latter.

Czar Will Assist General.

Meantime, Suchomlinoff became the minister of war, and Butovitch went abroad. Nevertheless, amply provided with means, he continues the campaign against the general with increased vigor, it is said. It is asserted that he has found a ready ally in the person of the czar, to whom Suchomlinoff is objectionable, as he tolerates the Jews.

The czar esteems the talented general greatly. Premier Stolypin, who is said to be striving with might and main to bring about the divorce, reported the whole matter to the czar. As the Russian press has been forbidden to allude to the case, the Butovitch representative, it is said, has received 150,000 rubles to vent his grievances in the foreign press. The Holy Synod has not spoken the last word in reference to the divorce, which is about to be granted by the St. Petersburg consistory. Butovitch, it is charged, is threatening the Holy Synod.

HEROIC DOG CHEWS ROPE

Frees Himself to Save the Lives of Family.

St. Louis, Sept. 15. — Nero, a dog, saved the lives of a man, a woman and a little girl here. Edward Grossenbecher, his wife and 5-year-old daughter were asleep in rear rooms upstairs. At 2:30 a.m. the house was on fire and no one knew it except Nero, who was tied in the kitchen. A few minutes later Grossenbecher was awakened from sound sleep by pounding on the door of his room, then he heard Nero barking and opened the door. When the dog saw his master he whined and turned toward the staircase. A short length of rope with which he had been tied was still attached to Nero's collar. He had chewed through the rope to free himself.

British Columbia, the Great Pacific Province.

Premier McBride, of British Columbia, is of the opinion that British Columbia is destined to be one of the most thickly populated and wealthiest provinces in all Canada. The ever increasing tide of commerce from the Far East must lead to the building up of half a dozen great maritime cities. In his article on "British Columbia in 1950," published in the September 15th issue of COLLIER'S, he predicts that British Columbia twenty-five years hence will have a population of not less than two and one-half million people. This is one of the most interesting of the seven articles recently published in COLLIER'S on the commercial future of Canada.



MAYBELLE MILLMAN,
The Murdered Ann Arbor Girl, Whose
In a Detroit Suburb—A Former
Rested in Connection With the

SPLendid CARRIAGES AND FINE MACHINERY

Are To Be Seen in the Transportation and Machinery Buildings at Fair.

The Machinery Hall and Transportation Buildings at the Western Fair, are perhaps in better shape this year than ever before in the history of the exhibition, the latest goods in all lines being shown in both departments.

There are many men who have been on hand for a number of years, but this exhibition seems to have attracted large numbers who have never entered their goods before.

Hundreds of carriages, wagons, hacks, sleighs, cutters, and automobiles are being shown and are attracting a good deal of attention. The buildings are filled all day, farmers and visitors from outside, comprising the majority of the people.

In the Machinery Hall, a fine line of goods is being shown, the cement trades being especially well represented. Moulding boxes and casts for the different articles that may be made of cement, are shown and several firms have erected verandahs and the like, showing the pretty effects that may be obtained.

Gas and gasoline engines are there in large numbers, power for many exhibits being supplied by them. Windmills and the different classes of pumps for artesian wells comprise another fine class.

In the west wing of the building household goods are placed. Dozens of stoves manufactured by some of the biggest firms in Canada, kitchen cabinets, washing machines, and the like being shown. An array of electrical appliances is interesting.

The auto show, although rather small, is creating much interest and many people are catching the "bug" of the automobile.

WAS LONG TIME GONE

At 87, Man Returns After Absence of 37 Years.

Chicago, Sept. 15. — The prospects of John Griffin, 87 years old, becoming a charge on his family, whom he deserted 37 years ago, were spoiled when Judge Williams made the following ruling:

"A father not willing to regard his children as a liability when they are powerless to help themselves is not entitled to consider them an asset when they are enjoying the fruits of prosperity."

Griffin's four children told the court of the wretched existence of their dead mother, and how she labored at the wash tub to educate and clothe them. Griffin disappeared in 1872, when a warrant was sworn out for him, for beating his wife, and returned only a few days ago, saying he had been all over the world. In leaving the courtroom the son said: "I am worth at least \$20,000, and am willing to make a donation to any worthy person who applies to me for aid, but that old man served 37 years in a penitentiary. I'd go to jail first."

Someone will get a piano for nothing.

Pacific Coast Excursions.

Commencing Sept. 15, and daily, until Oct. 15, the Canadian Pacific will sell one-way colonist tickets to: Nelson, B. C., Rossland, B. C., Vancouver, B. C., Victoria, B. C., Seattle, Wash., Portland, Ore., San Francisco, Cal., or Los Angeles, Cal., for \$41.05. Call for particulars regarding stop-over privileges. Tourist berths can be secured for a small additional charge. Any C. P. R. agent will reserve your berth and give you full information. W. Fulton, city passenger agent, corner Dundas and Richmond, London, 71c

GOVT. AT ONCE TO BUILD L.G. SLATURE

A Sub-Committee of the Cabinet to Take Charge of Work.

Toronto, Ont., Sept. 15. — The Ontario Government has decided upon a thorough and comprehensive reconstruction of the Provincial Parliament buildings, the work to be proceeded with immediately.

As a result, at yesterday's meeting of the Cabinet, a Governmental sub-committee, consisting of Hon. Col. J. S. Hendrie, chairman, Hon. Frank Cochrane and Hon. Dr. J. O. Reame, was appointed to take over the official supervision and charge of the work.

When interviewed by a newspaper man after his initial conference with minister of lands, forests and mines, Hon. Col. Hendrie stated that it had been decided to call at once for tenders from the various trades for the work of permanently repairing the burned wing, the time for receiving tenders for the steel work will close on Monday next, as it is necessary to proceed with the work at once.

A temporary roof is now being put on and Architect E. J. Lennox has been instructed, as far as possible in view of the conditions under which the building was originally constructed, to make the new work fire proof. One extra flat or story will be erected, dividing what was formerly the library.

"We hope to have the burned portion of the building completely reconstructed before the Legislature meets," said Col. Hendrie. "Money for the work will be asked for as it becomes necessary."

"It is also our intention," continued the Minister, "to submit a report on the whole building to the House when it meets, with a view to determining what general fire-proof reconstruction is necessary."

ALL SERENE WITH JAPAN

Premier Katsura Says His Country Is at Peace With the World.

Tokio, Sept. 15. — As was forecasted, the speech of Premier Junaro Katsura, before the Bankers' Club of this city, was a review of the financial condition of the country. He expressed the belief that the financial condition of the country was encouraging, and while maintaining that the present system of finances was excellent, he expressed the hope to improve it steadily until perfection was reached. The premier declared that the avoidance of unproductive expenditure would be consistently followed, and promised that for the ensuing year a sum considerably in excess of \$3,000,000 yen (\$26,000,000) would be devoted to the redemption of bonds.

In conclusion the premier said that the foreign relations of Japan were universally good. The Anglo-Japanese alliance, according to Katsura, would be continued.

He spoke of the warm relations between Japan and America, where the Japanese businessmen are now entertained so lavishly as the honored guests of a friendly nation, thus insuring closer unity and better understanding of intercourse between them. Premier Katsura deprecated any fear of trouble between his country and China by declaring that all outstanding questions between them would be settled by an exchange of concessions.

THE POLE FOUND IN A SIMPLE WAY

Sextant, Pan of Mercury, Silvered Glass and Spirit Level the Instruments.

Chicago, Sept. 10. — A sextant, a pan of mercury, a piece of silvered glass and a spirit level are the simple appliances that would indicate with certainty the location of the pole, according to Professor Edwin B. Frost, director of the Yerkes Observatory, of the University of Chicago at Williams Bay, Wis. Professor Frost last night gave full directions for finding the pole which he described as very simple once the preliminary discomforts of northern travel are overcome. According to Professor Frost, if one is careful to take a squint at the sun several times a day while en route, one can't possibly miss the pole.

As simplified by the Yerkes director, the sextant alone will do the trick if the traveler is on the water. If on land, he should use the pan of mercury also. If it is cold enough to freeze mercury, the piece of silvered glass should be used, maintaining a level with the spirit level.

Sun at Same Altitude.

"To state it briefly and simply, you know you have reached the pole when the sun's rays around in a circle all day at the same altitude in the heavens," said Professor Frost. "The instruments are merely used to ascertain this altitude. The operation is the same as commonly used by mariners and can be done by anyone with a knowledge of trigonometry."

"The arctic explorer, of course, can always tell how far he is from the pole by computing the latitude. Approaching the pole, the altitude of the sun changes with the hours of the day, that being sufficient proof that the pole has not been reached."

"The lightest and most convenient instrument to take on a pole hunt is the sextant. This instrument, comparatively small, is arranged with a mirror and a graduated arc of a circle for measuring the angles between two objects. The mariner looks into the mirror until he sees the round disc of the sun just touching the edge of the water on the horizon and the sextant thus measures the angle of the sun above the horizon. Of course, certain corrections are applied, principally to get the mariner's altitude above the water and the refraction of the atmosphere. This operation gives him his latitude quite directly when he figures out the angle by trigonometry."

How to Find Latitude.

"To illustrate this operation, the latitude of a place is the same angle as the altitude of the pole in the heavens at that place. That will be the angle from the zenith to the celestial equator. All the mariner does is to find the distance from his zenith to the celestial equator. To take the simplest case, suppose that when the sun is on the equator, if he measures the altitude of the sun and subtracts it from 90 degrees, he then has the distance from the equator to the zenith, that is, his latitude. If the sun is 10 degrees north of the equator, he adds 10 degrees."

"When on the earth, or where there is no good horizon, as Peary and Cook probably were, the explorer uses a supplementary affair to get the level. Ordinarily on land he uses a shallow tray of mercury. He looks into this at the reflected image of the sun and at the same time at the real image of the sun making the two discs touch each other. That gives him twice the altitude of the sun and is very accurate. The time thus being found, he knows the pole has been reached if it remains constant all day."

Silvered Glass Used.

"Peary and Cook probably found it too cold for the mercury. In that case they could obtain the level with a spirit level and then use silvered glass instead of mercury, though this is not quite so accurate as the other method. The latter, however, might be used at night, as the computations are made by the stars, but this does not apply to Peary and Cook's present feats."

"Now, the altitude of the sun at the north pole depends on the time of the year. On June 21 the sun would circle in the heavens at an altitude of 23.5 degrees, and on March 21 it just skims around the horizon all day. On Sept. 21 the sun disappears for six months below the horizon."

"At the time Peary reached the pole the sun was about five degrees above the horizon. At the end of each twenty-four hours or day, it would be about one-third degree higher than it was twenty-four hours previous."

Pole Variable Point.

The scientific knowledge that the true axis of the earth is not an invariable point—in fact, that no one spot on the world's surface can be exactly located—is the north pole, was brought out by Professor Frost. The pole actually shifts continually, he says, the maximum distance from the nominal axis never exceeding thirty feet.

Professor Frost recalled the discovery of this fact by an astronomer working at Cambridge, Mass., as one of the most remarkable intellectual triumphs of science.

"Though I should not ordinarily make such a comparison, it might be said that if the pole were a pole in a literal sense, sticking out of the earth's surface, it would continually be plowing a furrow in the ice, never going further than thirty feet from the true or average pole," he said.

"Professor S. P. Chandler, of Cambridge, discovered with instruments of his own invention, that the latitude of any place on the earth is not absolutely fixed, but varies a trifle. Astronomers 3,000 miles from the pole are able to tell where the axis of the earth is with respect to the average pole."

Grand Trunk Annual Western Excursions.

From London to Port Huron and return, \$1.35. Detroit, \$1.40; Chicago, \$2.25; Bay City, \$4.35; Cleveland (via Detroit and D. and C. steamers), \$5.90; Grand Rapids, \$6.20; Saginaw, \$4.25. Good going Sept. 17 and 18. Return limit, Oct. 4, 1909. Further information and tickets may be obtained from any Grand Trunk agent.

BARNARD'S Annual Watch Sale SEPTEMBER 10 to 18

Is of special advantage to those living in the surrounding country, because our sale and the Western Fair can be taken in at the same time. We are showing a great variety of designs in Watches, and the quality is backed up by our binding guarantee.

Gentlemen's Watches

10-k gold-filled 20-year case, 7-jewelled Waltham works...	\$9.00
Solid Silver Open-Face Case, with 7-jewelled Elgin works...	\$6.50
10-k gold-filled 20-year Case, with fine Swiss lever works...	\$9.00
Solid Silver Open-Face Case, with special lever works....	\$6.00
14-k gold-filled 25-year Hunting Case, with our special 15-jewelled works	\$16.00
14-k gold-filled 25-year Case, with 15-jewelled Elgin works.	\$18.00
14-k gold-filled Case, with 15-jewelled Waltham works	\$12.50
Gold-filled Case, open-face, with 15-jewelled Waltham works..	\$12.00
Solid Silver Hunting Case, with 7-jewelled special works	\$10.00
Special Timing Watch, showing one-fifth seconds	\$6.50

Boys' Watches

Ingersoll Watch, guaranteed one year	\$1.00
Open-Face Nickel Case, with Swiss lever works	\$1.50
Gummetal, thin model case, with fine Swiss lever works	\$4.50
Nickel Open-Face Case, thin model, Swiss works	\$3.75

Ladies' Watches

14-k gold-filled, 25-yr. case, with 7-jewelled Waltham works...	\$10.00
14-k gold-filled 25-yr. case, with 15-jewelled Waltham works..	\$12.00
14-k gold-filled, 25-yr. case, small size, with our special 15-jewelled works	\$15.00
14-k gold-filled 25-yr. case, O size, with our spec. movem't.	\$20.00
Solid Silver Wrist Watch, with fine Lever works, leather strap	\$9.00
Solid Gold Wrist Watch, with fine Swiss works	\$45.00
Chatelaine Watch, Swiss make, richly enamelled	\$10.00
Nurses' Watch, in a 14-k filled case, with special works....	\$12.00
14-k gold-filled Case, with 16-jewelled special works	\$20.00
Solid 14-k Gold Case, with fine Waltham works	\$25.00

Girls' Watches

Sterling Silver Watch, open face, with leather wristlet...	\$5.00
Ingersoll Watch, nickel case, guaranteed one year	\$2.25
Gummetal, open face, with fine nickel works	\$6.00
Solid Silver, very small size, fine Swiss Lever works	\$8.00

EVERY WATCH GUARANTEED.

JOHN S. BARNARD
170 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON, CANADA.

TWEEDMOUTH DEAD ONCE OF THE CABINET

Got Into Hot Water Because of Some Correspondence With the Kaiser.

Dublin, Sept. 15. — Lord Tweedmouth died here today, aged 60 years.

Tweedmouth was a member of the British cabinet, being president of the council under Premier Asquith. He was a graduate of Oxford.

The most conspicuous incident of Lord Tweedmouth's life had to do with the admission made in March, 1906, while he was first lord of the admiralty, that he had corresponded with the Kaiser relative to the British naval programme. The report infuriated the British public, and he came in for general criticism.

In March of that year Lord Tweedmouth fell the remark of an acquaintance that he had been in correspondence with the Kaiser, and that he had lately received a letter from him. The subject of the correspondence was the English naval programme. While the correspondence was not made public at the time, reports as to the contents of the Kaiser's letters were strangely parallel.

The letter was declared to be hostile to Sir John Fisher, senior lord of the British admiralty, who had written in a manner inimical to Germany. The Kaiser, however, was in correspondence with the Kaiser, and he came in for general criticism.

It was said that the language of the letter was most familiar.

MAY HAVE TO CURB THE GERMAN KAISER

American Says Anglo-Saxons May Be Driven to It Some Day.

St. Catharines, Ont., Sept. 16. —Replying to an address of welcome to Ontario by Hon. Mr. Duff, minister of agriculture, the members of the American Pomological Society, in session here, Col. C. L. Watrous, of Des Moines, Ia., declared that it was a very foolish thing for Englishmen and Americans to allow little petty jealousies and differences to arise between them.

"We are all of one blood—cousins," said he, "and we should stand together. It may be necessary some day for the Anglo-Saxon race to stand together to repel an invasion of perhaps some yellow race, and maybe for the good of mankind in general. It may happen that we will have to dress down some potentate or other who requires it. I read the other day a speech by the German Emperor in which he said that the German race, if they stood together, can dominate the world. The Anglo-Saxons can do this much more advantageously to the world."

THOMAS LINDSAY DEAD.

Ottawa, Sept. 15. — The death occurred at 3 o'clock this morning, after a long illness, of Thomas Lindsay, the founder of the Lindsay departmental store of this city. Mr. Lindsay, who was 46 years of age, owing to declining health, sold the controlling interest in the business to A. E. Rao & Co., of

Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and guaranteed cure for every form of skin disease, including itching, bleeding and protruding piles. See testimonials in the press and ask your neighbors about it. You can use it and get your money back if not satisfied. 60c. at all dealers or DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT, 110c.

Danderine

GROWS HAIR and we can PROVE IT!

A lady from Minnesota writes: "As a result of using Danderine, my hair is close to five feet in length."

Beautiful Hair at Small Cost

HAIR troubles, like many other diseases, have been wrongly diagnosed and altogether misunderstood. The hair itself is not the thing to be treated, for the reason that it is simply a product of the scalp and wholly dependent upon its action. The scalp is the very soil in which the hair is produced, nurtured and grown, and it alone should receive the attention if results are to be expected. It would be no earthly good to treat the stem of a plant with a view of making it grow and become more beautiful—the soil in which the plant grows must be attended to. Therefore, the scalp in which the hair grows must receive the attention if you are to expect it to grow and become more beautiful.

Loss of hair is caused by the scalp drying up, or losing its supply of moisture or nutriment; when sickness occurs the scalp has simply lost all its nourishment, leaving nothing for the hair to feed upon (as plant or even a tree would die under similar conditions).

The natural thing to do in either case, is to feed and replenish the soil or scalp as the case may be, and your crop will grow and multiply as nature intended it should.

Danderine has a most wonderful effect upon the hair glands and tissues of the scalp. It is the only remedy for the hair ever discovered that is similar to the natural hair foods or liquids of the scalp.

It penetrates the pores quickly and the hair soon shows the effects of its wonderfully exhilarating and life-producing qualities. One 25-cent bottle is enough to convince you of its great worth as a hair growing and hair beautifying remedy—try it and see for yourself.

NOW at all druggists in three sizes, 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle.

KNOWLTON DANDERINE CO., CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, U. S. A.

Fall Millinery Sale Special Offering Specially Priced For Fair Week

600 Trimmed Hats, in all the latest shades, shapes and materials at \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$5.00 and up
500 Felt Shapes, usually sold for \$1.75 to \$2.50. Our price \$1.00 to \$1.50
The finest assortment of Wings and Fancy Trimmings in Western Ontario.
No trouble to show goods. A call appreciated whether you wish to buy or not.

THE WRIGHT HAT 208 DUNDAS STREET.

Wholesale Showrooms and Factory, 420 Ridout Street. Toronto, a few weeks ago. He was a New York City has an average of public-spirited and a popular citizen of one and one-half million visitors each week.