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At the front of the Men's Store you will find a long rack jammed full of hand-made Overcoats, offered you at a great reduction for spot cash. You will find every size and style, well tailored, handsome garments, and going at prices like the following:—

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Monday, Jan. 4th, 1915
At Charlottetown

Scholarships and Refund of Railway Fare will be paid all those who complete at least one week's work in a satisfactory manner.

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THEODORE ROSS,

Principal, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Dec. 30th, 1914.

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Millions of Plugs sold yearly because it is the best.

Hickey & Nicholson
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Legislative Assembly.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

RULES RELATING TO PRIVATE BILLS.

36. All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within fourteen days after the commencement of the session exclusive of adjournment.

37. No private Bill shall be brought into the House, but upon a petition first presented, truly stating the case at the peril of the suitors for such Bill and such petition must be signed by said parties.

38. A committee will be appointed at the commencement of every Session consisting of five members, of whom three shall be quorum, to be denominated "The Private Bills Committee" to whom shall be referred every private Bill and no proceedings after the first reading shall be had upon such Bill until such Committee has reported thereon to the House.

39. So soon as the Committee has reported any Bill, such Bill together with any amendments that may be suggested by the Committee, shall be printed at the expense of the parties who are suitors for such Bill and printed copies thereof delivered to the members before the second reading if deemed necessary by the Committee.

40. No Bill for the particular interests of any person or persons, Corporation or Corporations, or body or bodies of people shall be read a second time until all fees be paid for the same into the hands of the Clerk of the House.

41. No Bill having for its object the vesting in or conferring upon any person or persons, Municipality or Body Corporate the title to any tract of land shall be received or read in the House unless at least four weeks notice containing a full description of the land in question has been published in the Royal Gazette and one other newspaper in this province of the intention of such person or persons.

H. E. DAWSON,
Clerk Legislative Assembly
Dec. 2nd, 1914. 51.—

Tenders

Falconwood Hospital, Provincial Infirmary, King's Queen's and Prince County Prisons.

Department of Public Works,
Charlottetown, Nov. 10/1914

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this office until noon on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER, 23rd, 1914,

from any person or persons willing to contract to supply the Hospital for the Infirmary and Provincial Prisons, Falconwood, for the year ending December 31st, 1915 with supplies as per list to be seen at this office.

Also to supply King's, Queen's and Prince County Prisons for the same period and under the same conditions with the following articles—Hard and Soft Bread, Malt, Oatmeal, K-rice, and Fresh Beef.

All articles to be of the best Quality. Tenders must express the price per barrel, pound and gallon, and to be accompanied by the names of two respectable persons willing to become bound for the faithful performance of the Contract.

The Trustees and the Department do not necessarily bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

The tenders must express on the cover, "All Supply Tenders" and "Falconwood Hospital and Provincial Infirmary Supply Tenders."

L. B. McMILLAN,
Secretary of Public Works,
Nov. 11th, 1914.—21

W. J. P. McMILLAN, M.D.
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,
148 PRINCE STREET,
CHARLOTTETOWN.

London, Dec. 25.—Christmas brought no rest to the embattled European armies. It found the Russians still fighting desperately in the snows of Poland against the fierce attacks of the Germans and Austrians; Prezemysl still in the grip of the invading army; the French making spasmodic thrusts against the long German lines of trenches in Northern and Northeastern France, and the British and Belgians engaged in almost hand-to-hand warfare against the German trenches in West-Belgium. In Flanders yesterday things were generally quiet, says the German bulletin. The French report intermittent artillery fire there. The French claim several successes along the centre and eastern lines, while the Germans declare that they have taken the second British trenches in Belgium. Both sides assert that they have repulsed attacks at various points, which indicates that the feeling process is under way all along the lines. "So close are the trenches of the Allies and the Germans at many points that almost the only weapons used are hand grenades, since it is impossible for the men to expose themselves even to so small a degree as would be necessary for the use of their rifles. There have been formal truces between the British and the Germans for burial of the dead between the lines. According to a British eye-witness, for many weeks along miles of the battle line the dead have lain as they fell.

Petrograd, Dec. 25.—Mild weather in Poland has kept the ground dry, and interferes with the moving of the German's heavy guns, while permitting the Russians to dig trenches. The new year is expected to usher in the long waited-for definite clash of Russian and German armies on the result of which may hang the outcome of the whole war.

London, Dec. 26.—The Times says that the recent visit of the Hungarian premier, Count Tisza to the Kaiser was in response to his summons and Tisza was told that Germany was relying on Hungarian even more than Austria in the struggle against the Allies. He was told to seek to conciliate the Rumanians of Transylvania and negotiate with the Southern Slaves of Hungary. London, Dec. 26.—The Daily Mail correspondent telegraphs that the Belgian army has won a success that is more valuable as a revenge for the reverse endured on the same ground in November, near Lombaerteyde. It gallantly checked the German trenches on the flank and the Germans surrendered. Between two and three thousand prisoners were taken.

London, Dec. 26.—Petrograd sends word that in an attack by the Germans near Bolimow on the Rawa, the Germans moved down and the Russians attacked with the bayonet. Upwards of 10,000 German bodies were collected and many prisoners taken, including two battalions and eight machine guns.

New York, Dec. 27.—A Herald cable from Amsterdam says, German telegrams all describe the amazement and confusion produced by the sudden blow at Cuxhaven delivered by the British navy and the air fleet. Though the official German report says the British attempt was futile yet it is easy to read between the lines that the British bombs were most effective. What surprises the Germans is the daring of the British cruiser force which succeeded in passing through the mine field to the mouth of the Elbe. The general feeling now is that England has decided to wait no longer for the German fleet to come out but intends to attack decisively. There is a foreboding that the German admiral, Von Tirpitz's childish scheme of forcing England to make peace without risking Germany's navy already is shattered. London, Dec. 27.—Of the

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DIED.

MCDONALD.—At Orwell Cove, on Dec. 19th, Daniel J. McDonald, in the 56th year of his age.

MCKENZIE.—At Canoe Cove, on Dec. 23rd, after a nine days illness of pneumonia, Jessie Beloved wife of Mr. Neil McKenzie aged 68 years.

NELSON.—In this city, Dec. 27th, Annie Nelson, aged 55 years.

MURPHY.—At Chelton on Dec. 9th, 1914, Peter Murphy, aged 53 years, leaving a widow four daughters and two sons to mourn their loss.

NEWSOM.—At Crappad, on Dec. 26th, of pneumonia, George Newsom, aged 69 years.

YOUNKER.—At Milton, Dec. 26th, C. Younker, aged 71 years.

DILLON.—In Charlottetown, at his father's residence, Grafton Street, Tuesday morning 29th, at 12.30 o'clock, Charles Dillon at the age of 26 years. R. I. P.

BEERS.—On Christmas Day, Joseph Beers in the 85th year of his age.

HUGHES.—In the City, Dec. 22nd, John Hughes, aged 78 years R. I. P.

MCNEVIN.—At Canoe Cove on the 22nd inst., after a three week's illness, Mrs. Neil R. McNevin, aged 71.

The Market Prices.

Bacon	0.90 to 0.92
Eggs, per doz.	0.40 to 0.45
Powls each	0.80 to 0.90
Chickens per pair	0.85 to 1.00
Flour (per cwt.)	2.00 to 2.05
Beef small	0.10 to 0.14
Mutton, per lb.	0.08 to 0.09
Pork	0.08 to 0.09
Potatoes (new) (cwt.)	0.25 to 0.30
Hay, per 100 lbs.	0.70 to 0.80
Straw	0.45 to 0.50
Hides (per lb.)	0.12 to 0.13
Cal Skins	0.14 to 0.15
Sheepskins	0.60 to 0.85
Oatmeal (per cwt.)	0.50 to 0.60
Tariffs	0.12 to 0.15
Duckies (per lb.)	0.30 to 0.35
Pressed hay	14.00 to 17.00
Straw	0.30 to 0.35
Dicks per pair	1.50 to 1.60
Lamb Pelts	0.60 to 0.85

Morson & Duffy

Barristers & Attorneys

Brown's Block, Charlottetown, P. E.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Jan 1915-16

It is officially announced from Ottawa that parliament will reassemble on February 4. The government expects to get its legislation through by Easter. The measures, it is stated, will be largely confined to war legislation. There will be a small grist of private legislation, while certain tariff changes will appear in the budget, made necessary for war tax purposes and for increased war revenue.

On the ice, close to the shore off Victoria Park, the dead body of a man was found on Saturday morning. When found the body was encased in several inches of ice. An axe had to be used to remove it. It turned out to be the body of George Brown of York Point, North River. He was between 60 and 70 years of age and had been fishing smelts. The body was removed to Hennessey's undertaking rooms.

Early Sunday morning the fire alarm summoned the firemen to a bad blaze in the Newson Block. The fire started in the basement and burned its way up to the book store of Mr. W. J. Brown where much damage was done. The next floor occupied by offices also suffered considerably. The law offices of Mathieson McDonald & Stewart were considerably damaged by fire and water. The insurance office of Mr. Holbrook was also a sufferer. All had some insurance.

Early on Christmas morning the beautiful Catholic Church at Kelly's Cross was discovered to be on fire. The devouring element had made such progress before being discovered that nothing could be done to save it. The church and contents were completely destroyed. It was a beautiful church, completed about fifteen years ago and cost about \$15,000. We understand there was insurance to the amount of \$7,000. For the time being the parishioners will be able to worship in the adjoining hall, where Mass can be said.

At Arcadia, near Yarmouth, last Wednesday, three young boys, the oldest twelve, and his companions, seven and twelve, were drowned. The two youngest were brothers. The oldest was drawing the two little fellows on a sled when he came to a thin spot in the ice. He stopped himself, but the sled went right through. He then bravely went to the rescue of the little ones and lost his life in the attempt. The accident happened about fifty yards from the mill. It was seen by Yarmouth boys who were "geling" through the ice, and they hurried to the scene, but when they arrived all three were under the ice. The bodies were recovered.

A very sad and fatal Railway accident occurred at Murray's crossing, near Bradalbane, on Christmas Day. Mr. and Mrs. John A. McKenzie of Hartsville, about 65 years of age, were returning home in the afternoon, after spending the day with their daughter, Mrs. Graham at Bradalbane, and started to cross the railway track at the place above named. The train from Charlottetown was approaching at the time; but they perhaps did not see or hear it. In any event when the vehicle was on the track the train struck it and threw both occupants out. The train was stopped as soon as possible and the unfortunate picked up. Both were alive and the train proceeded as speedily as possible to Emerald where medical aid was secured; but it availed nothing. Mrs. McKenzie died in about an hour. Mr. McKenzie was rushed by train to the hospital at Summerside; but he also died during the night.

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