

# HUN LEAGUE OF NATIONS LOOKS QUEER

## Erzberger's Plan Includes Many of the German Demands.

### FREEDOM OF SEAS

#### Possession of Colonies, and Open Door for All Members.

Amsterdam cable: A draft of a...  
Members of the league would recognize freedom of the seas. Straits, canals and connecting seas, both banks of which are not in possession of the same federal state, would be internationalized, and their fortifications retained, guarded by a command consisting of contingents from all the federated states, and commanded in rotation every three years by a delegate of the states.

Safety of private property on the high seas would be proclaimed, and the naval prize law and blockade law abolished. Exercise of the right of blockade would be reserved to the league, and only to the league, for use against any federal state which violates the league's constitution, and against any state not belonging to the league which takes up arms against the neutralized state.

Ships of the federated states and their cargo would be treated in each state like its own. Overseas cables would be controlled by a commission of the league.  
Members of the league would pronounce the raising of troops in colonial territories. All states with colonies situated in Africa would be perpetually neutral states.  
The third section, dealing with the league's executive department, provides that in event of offences, members will proceed against the violator of the constitution, first by severance of diplomatic relations; second, complete isolation of the offender by closing frontiers to imports, exports, postal and railroad traffic, and, third, in given circumstances by blockade.  
The same measure would be taken against any hostile menace of a federated state from a non-member. Should the offending state cross its frontiers with hostile intent against one or more members of the league, joint military and marine assistance would be given.  
Erzberger invites criticism of his plans as well as practical counter-proposals.

### U-BOAT STILL BUSY.

#### Sank Steam Trawler Off U. S. Atlantic Coast.

An Atlantic Port, Cable — The American steam trawler Kingsfisher was torpedoed and sunk 85 miles off the North Atlantic coast last night. Captain Riley and his crew of 25 were rescued and reached shore.  
The trawler was on the fishing banks when the enemy submarine appeared. Notices received here last night indicated that the torpedo was fired without warning. No one was injured, and the captain and crew quickly took to the boats. They reported that the submarine did not approach them after they had left their vessel, and that there was no shell-fire. The weather was moderate and the men were able to row to land.  
The Kingsfisher was owned in Boston. She registered 265 tons, and was built at San Francisco in 1902.

### ROUMAN HEIR FLEES.

#### Crown Prince Charles Escapes to Odessa.

Copenhagen, Cable — The Roumanian Crown Prince last fled from Roumanian territory and arrived in Odessa, according to the Ukrainian newspaper Kievskaya Mysl.  
News of the flight of Crown Prince Charles, of Roumania, follows closely reports that came from German sources of an anti-German outbreak in Roumania, in which Queen Marie, who is an uncompromising sympathizer with the Entente, was the prime mover. King Ferdinand was reported to be holding aloof from the movement. Field Marshal von Mackensen, it was stated, was to return to Roumania at once, together with Dr. Solf, the German Colonial Secretary, presumably to deal with the reported outbreak.  
Crown Prince Charles is known to have been in sympathy with the attitude of his mother in her bitter hatred for all things German.

"Never put off till to-morrow what you can do to-day," admonished the hustler. "Did the same chap invent that proverb who told us that all things come to those who wait?" asked the indolent one.

# CHEERFUL NEWS FROM N. RUSSIA

## Details of Hun Rout by Karelians.

### Horvath's Revolters Go Back to Semenov.

#### London report: The following official communication dealing with the operations in Northern Russia was issued to-day:

"On the Oulua the largest of the enemy's armored steamers has been captured.  
"On the Murmansk front there have been several encounters between Karelians and hostile patrols who crossed the frontier into Karelia from Finland. The Karelians have been uniformly successful.  
"In a severe defeat of German-led forces at Ukhinskaya, the enemy suffered heavily and was pursued while in disorderly retreat. Thousands of rifles and many boats were captured."  
**REVOLTERS JOIN COSSACKS.**  
Vladivostok cable: The Czechoslovak battle front in European Russia, according to the chief of staff of General Galda, commander-in-chief of the Czechoslovak forces in Siberia, ran on September 11 from Yekaterinburg, on the Asiatic side of the Ural mountains, to Krasno-Ufimsk, 100 miles west of Yekaterinburg, to Kazan, 430 miles east of Moscow, and then to Nikoloyev, on the Black Sea, 100 miles east of Odessa. Saratov, on the right bank of the Volga, was in the hands of the Russian Red Guards, but Tzaritsyn, on the Volga, 200 miles south of Saratov, has been occupied by the Cossacks of Gen. Dutoff, an anti-Bolehevik leader.  
Gen. Horvath, the head of the Provisional Siberian Government, has arrived here. The members of the local Government have gone to Omsk to ascertain their standing with the Siberian Government.  
On the advice of the Entente Allied consuls at Vladivostok, the weapons of Gen. Horvath's troops, who were recently were disarmed, have been restored. The guns were given back to the troops on the understanding that the men would join Gen. Semenov's Cossack forces.  
The strike of the railroad employes on the Chinese Eastern Railway has been adjusted.  
**The Pill That Brings Relief**—When, after one has partaken of a meal he is oppressed by feelings of fullness and pains in the stomach he suffers from dyspepsia, which will persist if it be not dealt with. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are the very best medicine that can be taken to bring relief. These pills are specially compounded to deal with dyspepsia, and their sterling qualities in this respect can be vouched for by legions of users.

# GERMAN CRISIS COMING TO HEAD

## News in Past 24 Hours Has Been Very Uncertain.

### Clerical Organ Declares for People's Government.

Copenhagen cable says: That the political crisis in Germany, the intensification of which in the last few weeks has been plainly indicated in various ways, is rapidly pointing to a head, appears to be evidenced by the uncertain supply of news from that country in the last 24 hours.  
The clerical organ Germania publishes an article declaring in favor of a Parliamentary Government. It says that the majority parties strongly favor such reforms as can give the people and their representatives greater influence in shaping policies.  
"In the course of this war," it says, "nearly all have become united; the people are better guardians of peace and of agreements than secret diplomacy, and the people who must shed their blood can justifiably demand the right to participate in the most important acts of the State."  
Germania expresses the belief that a Parliamentary Government can be formed with Count von Hertling at its head.  
As further evidence of the changing sentiment in Germany the recent action of the National Liberals in endorsing the speech of the Vice-Chancellor, Frederick von Payer, may be recalled. While this in itself does not mean the conversion of this party to parliamentarism, it is taken to indicate at least that the majority of the party have abandoned the annexationist standpoint.  
The party's attitude regarding the Reichstag peace resolutions of July, 1917, will be taken up Monday.

# EX-OZAR'S REMAINS

## Exhumed and Given Fitting Obsequies.

Amsterdam cable: Solemn ceremonies over the body of Nicholas Romanoff, former Emperor of Russia, have been held at Yekaterinburg by troops of the "People's Army," according to "Izvestia," of Moscow. The body had been buried in a wood near where the Emperor was executed, and was located through information provided by persons acquainted with circumstances of the execution.  
The work of exhumation was done in the presence of many representatives of the supreme ecclesiastical authorities of western Siberia, as well as delegates of the "People's Army," Cossacks and Czechoslovakians. The body was placed in a zinc coffin, encased in Siberian cedar, and placed in the cathedral at Yekaterinburg, under a guard of honor composed of the commander of the "People's Army." It will be buried in a special sarcophagus at Omsk.

# FOE LEADERS CONFER.

## The Vice-Chancellor Meets Party Leaders.

Copenhagen cable: Vice-Chancellor von Hertling, of Germany, received various party leaders on Saturday, according to the Tageblatt, of Berlin. The discussions with the leaders, who called separately, were confidential. The Vorwaerts says:  
"The Tageblatt" learns that Imperial Chancellor von Hertling is opposed to having Socialists in his Cabinet. If this is correct, there is complete unanimity between him and our party. Possibility of participation in von Hertling's Government has, so far as we are aware, never been considered by the Socialists."

# ITALIAN FRONT.

## Czecho-Slovak Division Repulsed Teutons.

Rome, Cable — Official statement issued to-day dealing with operations in the mountain front of the northern Italian theatre follows:  
"South of Nagu yesterday, after violent fighting, our troops, mainly with hand grenades, two enemy columns attacked the first column pressing forward, and the second endeavoring to strike the base of the column with an encircling movement.  
"The gallant troops of the Sixth Czecho-Slovak division, who were holding the position, defending themselves with admirable valor, and the encircling attack was crushed and repulsed by machine guns, who bravely went outside their lines to fight. The other hostile columns, having carried a small advanced post, gained a foothold on the base of the mountain with an encircling movement.  
"We also destroyed an enemy outpost on the northern slopes of Monte Tomba, taking prisoners in the enterprise."  
Saturday's War Office report said:  
"Along the whole front there were active actions of a harassing nature. Our batteries caused fires at Melette, in the Asiago plateau region, and blew up an ammunition dump near Griesolera, on the lower Piave River.  
"Attempts of hostile assault parties failed in front of our lines south of Mori, at Monte Corna and Vallarsa, to the north of Gappa and east of Salotoul.  
"Our reconnoitering parties attacked and drove back in the Ledro valley a small observation post of the enemy, who left dead and prisoners.  
"Ammunition and various material were brought back from reconnoitering parties at Tonesella and on the islets in the Piave in the Montello region.  
"One hostile airplane was brought down west of Perut and in the valley of Jauro there were patrol encounters with the capture of some prisoners by us."

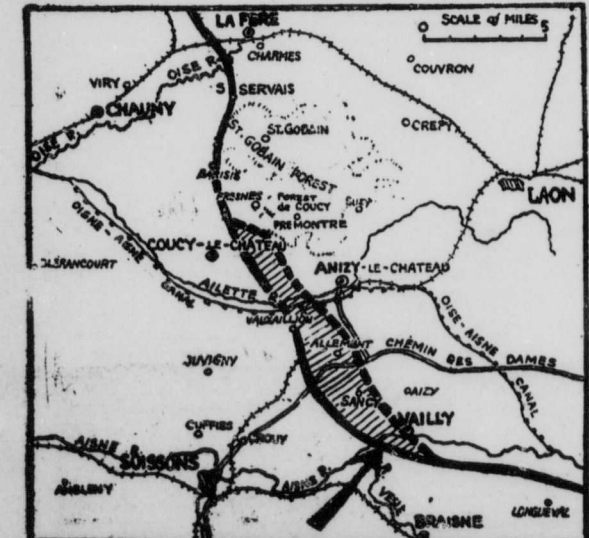
# SHORT ITEMS OF THE NEWS OF THE DAY

## Japanese Cabinet of Field Marshal Terauchi Has Resigned.

### ROB CHURCH CHOIR

#### 500 American Soldiers Sent Home Suffering From "Flu."

In food riots at Salzburg, Germany, the Government palace was attacked. The city of Nantes has adopted St. Michel, recently liberated from the enemy.  
Three fires of mysterious origin have occurred at Brighton within the past few days.  
Storm delayed vessels on the Great Lakes, but most of the overdue boats are now reported.  
The dressing room of the lady members of Trinity Methodist Church choir, Toronto, was visited by thieves.  
Frank Johnston, colored, who keeps a rooming house at 302 Adelaide street west, Toronto, attacked two burglars with a razor.  
William R. Gillespie, Toronto, is dead, and James Hoskin was rendered unconscious by gas poisoning, thought to be from a defective heater.  
Major Theodore Roosevelt, jr., has been made Lieutenant-colonel of his regiment, according to a cable message received by his father.  
The Japanese Cabinet, headed by Field Marshal Terauchi, which has held office since October, 1916, resigned Saturday.  
About 500 American soldiers arrived at an Atlantic U. S. port Friday, suffering from Spanish influenza, and were removed to hospitals ashore for treatment.  
General Currie, in a letter to the Fourth British Division, expresses the high appreciation of the Canadian Corps for the splendid part played by the Fourth Division during the recent operations.  
Without the Government provision increasing the guaranteed price of wheat from \$2.20 a bushel, which once caused its veto, by President Wilson, the agricultural appropriation bill, carrying \$27,800,000, was passed late Saturday by the U. S. House without a record vote.  
After an unsuccessful attempt to kill his wife by cutting her throat recently, Clarence R. Beam, who with Mrs. Beam and their two children, went to Detroit from London, Ont., a short time ago, ended his own life by suicide.  
To prove his oft-disputed assertion that, although 65 years of age, he still is physically fit for military service, for which he has repeatedly tried, William J. Duffy, a deputy internal revenue collector and formerly a noted athlete, swam from Brooklyn Bridge to Coney Island, approximately 12 miles in faster time than he did eight years ago.  
Miller's Worm Powders are not surpassed by any other preparation as a vermifuge or worm destroyer. Indeed, there are few preparations that have the merit that it has to recommend it. Mothers, aware of its excellence, seek its aid at the first indication of the presence of worms in their children, knowing that it has a perfectly trustworthy medicine that will give immediate and lasting relief.



**FOCH'S NEW BLOW.**  
The capture of Vally on the Aisne brings the French again in reach of the Chemin des Dames (the Ladies' Walk). A little more will bring them to the heights of the Aisne and they will secure ground from which Laon can be successfully attacked and captured. The broken line shows the French advance since Sunday.



**WHY GERMANYS SQUEALS.**  
The nearer the war gets to Germany the more the German people squeal. Over here we have not heard much of the work that our aviators have been doing in Germany, but here is a map issued by the British government showing the places which were raided in one month this summer. In all 88 raids were made on places in Germany in the month and 81 tons of bombs were dropped. The map shows the places raided and the number of raids on each place.