obtained. The Proctor, having obtained the warrant from the Registrar, is to make a copy of it, and then deliver the warrant and copy to the Marshal, with instructions for the execution of the process. If the instrument is to be served on a ship, cargo, and freight at different places, as many different copies thereof as are requisite must be made by the Proctor for that purpose. Every copy is to be examined with the original by the Marshal, or the person serving the instrument.

§ 8. Execution of Warrants.

When a ship is, or a ship and cargo are, to be arrested, the warrant is to be affixed on the mainmast or some conspicuous part of the vessel for a short time, and a collated copy of it left on board; and when goods only are to be arrested, (either for the purpose of proceeding against such goods or the freight due thereon,) the warrant is to be affixed for a short time on part of the goods, and a collated copy thereof left thereon, or with any person in whose actual custody the goods may be.

In cases of personal arrest the warrant under seal of the Court must be shewn to the party before he is taken into custody.

A certificate of the service of every warrant executed by the Marshal is to be indorsed thereon, and signed by him, in which he is to set forth the time when and the mode by which the service was effected.

When a warrant is served by any other person than the Marshal, there must be, in addition to a similar certificate of the person serving it, his affidavit in verification thereof.

The warrant having been served is to be delivered back to the Proctor, to be by him returned into the Registry at the time when it purports to be returnable; and the Registrar is then to attend with the Proctor before a Judge or Surrogate, and enter a minute in the Assignation Book, that the warrant has been returned duly served and executed.

§ 9. Appearance and Bail.

After the entry of an action, and before the issue of a