character; the emergence of Paul; change of programme; samples of missionary preaching; churches organized. The new fact: "a door of faith unto the Gentiles."

The second journey. The advance upon Europe. Conflicts and triumphs; an enlarged outlook; his influence with leading

men; an imperial missionary policy.

The third journey. Peter, Barnabas, and certain from James at Antioch; through Galatia and Phrygia to Ephesus; Judaizing emissaries in Galatia and at Corinth. The outbreak of the great controversy. "Anxiety for all the churches;" the Galatian epistle; the Corinthian epistle, and Paul's visits thither; the financial peace-offering; the letter to the Romans; the visit to Jerusalem and the welcome of James; divergent views and efforts at conciliation; the principle established that "The Gentiles are fellow-heirs and fellow-members of the body, and fellow-partakers of the promise in Christ Jesus through the Gospel."