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Brief Notices of some Persons engaged in the expedition to Louisburg in 1745.

GOVERNOR WOLCOTT.—The army engaged in this expedition was the largest ever raised in the colonies. The only one that approximated to it was raised in 1711, and commanded by General Nicholson, which made an unsuccessful attempt against Canada. Very few, if any, of the officers who were with Nicholson went to Louisburg, with the exception of General Wolcott. He was deputy-commissary of the Connecticut troops, who, with those raised in New York and New Jersey, marched from Albany towards Quebec; but learning on their way that the large fleet under Admiral Walker, having seven thousand regulars and provincials on board, designed to coöperate against Quebec, was driven back from the Saint Lawrence by adverse winds and unskilful pilotage to the Sidney River, and had abandoned the enterprise, they retreated to Albany, making it a disastrous campaign for the colonies.

In 1745, Wolcott, at the age of sixty-six, headed the troops of Connecticut as major-general, next in rank to Pepperrell, and returned soon after the conquest to New London, the place of embarkation. He was afterward chief justice of the Supreme Court of Connecticut, and Governor from 1751 to 1754. He died May 13, 1767, in the eighty-ninth year of his age. His son signed the Declaration of Independence.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL SAMUEL WALDO, third land officer, was son of Jonathan Waldo, a wealthy merchant of Boston. There were several coincidences in his life compared with that of Pepperrell. Both were extensive landholders in Maine, both resided there; the two commanded the two regiments of Maine; they were many years associated in the Governor's Council; were at Louisburg together; their children were betrothed; they passed a year together in England; they were born the same year, and died within a few days of each other.

In the winter of 1746 and '47, Massachusetts raised fifteen hundred men to march in mid-winter against Crown Point, under General Waldo; but they were attacked by smallpox, which frustrated