

there is a complete cementation between Russia, Great Britain and the United States with respect to war policy; and that we have achieved at least that specific collective security common front against fascism which was urged for years immediately before Munich and which Munich seemed to displace.

I should like to make one or two references, and they are very short, to the statements made by Mr. Eden. One of these statements is out of the text of a speech made by Mr. Eden on the occasion of the signing of the treaty and the other a short extract from his address on the treaty in the House of Commons. Speaking on the occasion of the signing of the treaty Mr. Eden states:

"Under the impact of war we have found that understanding which escaped us in the uneasy years of peace." And I connect that with a statement made by Mr. Eden, the same or the following day, in the House of Commons in which he stated:

"We have been able to arrive at this happy result through establishing by our contact with Mr. Stalin and Mr. Molotoff complete mutual confidence. This is the time to mention their valuable contribution to Anglo-Russian understanding over a long period of years."

Now, disregarding for a moment, though I am unable to see how one can, the question of whether or not the United States is tied in with that understanding certainly so far as we are concerned, so far as the empire is concerned, the basis there established for the policy of Great Britain and the empire with respect to war and post-war aims is identical and solidified with that of Russia.

MR. MARTIN: Mr. Cohen, you spoke of an accord between the United States and the U.S.S.R. When was that announced? I do not recall that.