Subsidiary Organs

The Military Staff Committee

The Military Staff Committee is a subsidiary organ of the Security Council. It consists of the Chiefs of Staff of the permanent members of the Security Council, or their representatives.

The Atomic Energy Commission

The Atomic Energy Commission was created by the General Assembly by a resolution of January 24, 1946, and is a subsidiary organ of the Assembly. It consists of six permanent members (Canada, China, France, the U.S.S.R., the United Kingdom, and the U.S.A.), and the non-permanent members of the Security Council.

It is responsible for proposing specific solutions of the problems raised by the discovery of atomic energy and related matters.

The International Children's Emergency Fund

The International Children's Emergency Fund was established by the General Assembly by a resolution of December 11, 1946, to provide assistance to children and adolescents, especially of countries which were victims of aggression. The Fund is to be administered by an Executive Director under policies established by an Executive Board, in accordance with principles laid down by the Economic and Social Council. The Executive Director is to be appointed by the Secretary-General of the U.N. The Executive Board consists of the representatives of twenty-five states designated by the General Assembly.

Budget

The expenses of the U.N. are, at present, about \$28,000,000 (U.S.) a year. The budget must be approved by a two-thirds vote of the General Assembly. The Assembly, also by a two-thirds vote, approves of the apportionment of the expenses among the Members of the U.N.

¹The text of the resolution creating the Atomic Energy Commission is given in the Canadian report on the London Assembly, pp. 66-7. (The official title of this report is "Report on the first part of the First Session of the General Assembly of the United Nations held in London, January 10-February 14, 1946. Department of External Affairs, Conference Series, 1946, No. 1.")