... Hints For the Month of March.

Spring begins the 20th of March, at 6.20 P. M., but spring work began some time since in the South and Southwest. In the North winter yet lingers, but the time for the first spring work has come.

Lay plans for the year without delay. The forchanded man works to great advantage. He loses no time; everything is done at the proper moment.

Hired men are now engaged to begin work April 1st. The season usually consists of 8 or 9 months, leaving the men idle about one quarter of the year. It is well for employers to consider if they cannot better afford to give steady employment. There is work to be done at all seasons if sought for.

The change of Weather often exposes men working in the open air to great risks. To keep the feet dry is very necessary. A well-drained barn-yard is one preventive of wet feet, and wearing rubber boots wherever water or mud is to be encountered, is another. The latter will serve in all cases.

Horses' Feet should be well cared for in the slushy condition of the roads. When brought in from work, horses should be well rubbed down with a piece of blanket, and the feet and legs thoroughly dried. The friction will remove the chilling effect of the cold slush; but if this is left upon the feet, the skin may become deceased, and cracked heels or foot fever result from the carelessness.

Service: Water is to be let off from the fields and roads before the ground is deeply thawed. This will avoid wasteful and annoying washing of gulleys.

Drains should be inspected and the outlets cleared of clogging ice and snow.

Clear Seed may be sown this month upon the bare ground after a light frost. By sowing upon a light flurry of snow, upon which the seed can be seen, a very even cast may be made. The "Cahoon" and the "Philadelphia" broadcast sowers are good machines for sewing seed very rapidly by hand.

Harrowing Fall Grain is in order as soon as plants that have been loosened by heaving, and will aid weak plants to push ahead. A dressing of artificial fertilizers will be a great benefit to these crops.

Artificial Fertilizing seems to be the most important question now before farmers. It is bill. a comparatively new thing here. But there is no other way to procure the necessary manure to cultivate all our fields, and to get the largest crops. Half methods will not pay. We have a wide market to fill and prices are low. To make things even we must produce more. It is well to consider seriously how far one can experiment with artificial fertilizers this season as a guide for future use.

A Caution .- Buy no fertilizers without knowing what they consist of. Pernyian Guano, and other reliable fertilizers, when genuine, always have a brand upon the bags, with a statement of their analysis. Special manures are sold by responsible dealers, according to known formulas, which should be studied by the purchaser, that he may know what he is getting and how to use it.

Cows.-Want of care during the winter caves a cow very poor and weak in the upring. Any animal that is out of condition should be well cared for now. A mess of warm-bran slop, with one ounce of ginger stirred in, will be very useful. It is not safe to over feed, especially with stimulating

Calces.-A calf that is invested with vermin may be known by its rough coat covered with ticks. The young animals should be freed from these pests at once. A mixture of lard and sulphur rubbed along the spine and on the brisket will be effective; and a dose of a tablespoonful of sulphur and molasses, once a day for a week, will help greatly to drive away lice and prevent disease.

" Black-leg" in Calves is frequent just now. It mainly affects the best kept animals. To prevent it give sulphur and molasses, and feed no meal. To reduce the condition gradually is an effective preventive. Medicines come too late in this disease, which is almost fatal at this season.

Sheep.-A few one-ounce doses of a mixture of equal parts of sulphur and cream of tartar will relieve the irritation of the skin common in the early spring, and the loss of much wool by rubbing. Ewes should have dry and clean pens and yards. Abundant litter is no remedy for a wet floor; a dry board is better than a foot of damp straw for a bed.

Lambs.-Early lambs may be pushed for ward by giving them a little fresh cow's milk. They will soon learn to drink this from a pan. The milk should be given warm from a fresh cow, a quarter of a pint to a meal. Do not overfeed any young animal; that retards, instead of assisting growth.

Swine.—Separate breeding sows from other pigs, and provide them with a warm dry pen, bedded with leaves or cut straw, and furnished with a rail fastened 8 inches from the floor and from the wall to prevent the young pigs from being crushed. It is well to give the sow half a pint of raw linseed-oil a few days before farrowing, and immediately after; this may prevent her from destroying the pigs.

Spring-Work .- The first work is to replace fences laid by the winter storms. There is nothing gained by plowing too early. The soil should be dry before a furrow is turned. Manure may be drawn out; stones can be gathered from frozen ground when the warmth of the sun has loosened them.

Poultry.-Unless great cleanliness is observed, the poultry-houses will become offensive and unwholesome in the damp and warmer weather. Clean often, and sprinkle with plaster and coal ashes, or dig up the earthern floor and and freshen it. If lice or tlens abound, apply grease or kerosene oil to the perches: it will spread from these to the hanging him for the third. towls. Provide warm, sheltered nesting places for the early setting hens, and a glass covered coop for the chicks. Feed young chicks little, but often.

Tools.-Every implement needs overhauling, and many will require repairing. This is the last opportunity of getting things " torights" before they will be needed. Sharpen and polish up the tools, clean the machines nerty. and oil them thoroughly; look well for missing holts; change round for square-headed bolts, and put everything in working order.

Handy things to have: A box of copper rivets and burs, a coil of stout copper wire, a few dozen mixed screws, an assortment of carriage bolts, an awl and a few wax ends, a bottle of harness dressing, a pound or two of assorted wrought nails, a few loose links of broken chains, half a dozen brass knobs for cows' horns, a small anvil, a box of axle grease (a mixture of black lead and palm oil is the best), a quart can of sporm oil for machines, 5 gallons of crude petroleum, a small supply of simple medicines and a medicine horn, be found valuable in the saving of time, head men have resolved; to resume also, money, and irritation, when an occasion of at the reduction: This sats 2,000 men at pressing need comes during the busy seasons works and the area of the standard works and the standard of the s

DESPATCHES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, February 22.-A terrific snowstorm raged here all day yesterday. The snow in the railway cuttings is from 16 to 20 feet high, and the railway is completely blocked. Trains have ceased running, and the mails are everywhere delayed. It will probably be a week before roads and railway are again passable. The storm has been most disastrous all over the island, and is by far the worst that the oldest inhabitant can

Great anxiety is felt for the safety of the "Northern Light," which has been in the Straits since Tuesday last.

DETROIT, Mich., February 22.—It is rumored that the Right Rev. Casper H. Burgess, Catholic Bishop of Detroit, has forwarded his resignation to the Pope. No reason assigned. CINCINNATI, February 23.-The financial troubles of Archbishop Purcell appear to increase by later developments. The trustees appointed to audit claims decline to make a public statement, but it is stated that claims already filed amount to \$3,600,000.

LONDON, February 22.- A Dublin despatch states that Dr. Butt is slightly better. A correspondent denies the statement that Dr. | tion required by the French and American Butt is about to resign the leadership of the Home Rulers

Sr. Petersaune, February 23. - Prince Krapatkine, Governor of Charkoff, returning Friday night from a ball, was fired at with a revolver and severely wounded. The perpetrator is unknown.

CONSTANTINOPLE, February 23 .- The Archbishop of Adrianople is not dead, but severely | limit of concession. injured. He was assaulted on account of his Purkish sympathies. Prince Labanoff promised that the Russians will endeavor to discover the parties guilty of the outrage. It is explained that those first arrested were released for fear of a popular rising.

Rome, February 22.-The Pope to-day rereived representatives of 1,302 Catholic pubications issued in Europe and America, and addressed them on the influence and mission of the press. He incidentally stated that temporal power was indispensable to the Holy The Pope very cordially received the the ground is dry. It will help to cover up | Marquis De Gabriac, French Ambassador, who presented an official notification of Grevy's election to the Presidency of France. The interview was mutually satisfactory.

VERSAILLES, February 22.-The Senate, on Saturday, voted urgency for the amnesty

London, February 23 .- The river Garonne burst its embankment at La Bastide Cemon. It is feared lives have been lost; great excitement. Floods have occurred at Bayonne, Tarbes and Bordeaux. Lannon, February 22 .- There is no apparent

reason to credit the rumor of the resignation of Marcere, French Minister of the Interior. Berlin, February 22 .- The North German Gazette continues to publish addresses of adhesion to Bismarck's new commercial policy, filling one or two large columns daily. The significance of the addresses as a proof of the tendency of opinion throughout the country is unmistakable. At present the agriculturists are most active; as a rule the farmers seem to be protectionists of the most radical kind: but the addresses represent all classes of citizens and every branch of production. Among the National Liberals the most depressed tone is manifest. The party is sure to divide on the financial question and in the event of a

practically extinguished. London, February 23.—A correspondent at Paris says a French despatch boat has been ordered to Egypt. An English vessel is also going there to demonstrate the accord of Great Britain and France, who will certainly insist that the Khedive shall not, by relapsing into extra extravagance, become a cause of

dissolution of the Reichstag the party will be

uneasiness to European powers. London, February 22 .- The Duke of Newcastle is dead.

LIVERPOOL, February 22.-There were over 8,000 dock hands employed on 170 vessels

Though there has been no formal action by any portion of the workmen toward terminating the strike, the difficulty in securing labor has entirely ended.

Loxpox, February 23,-The Reform Club gave a grand banquet last evening in honor of the Earl of Dufferin, previous to his departure for St. Petersburg, to assume the duties of British Ambassador. The proceedings were very enthusiastic. Earl Granville, supported by the Marquis of Harlington, the Liberal leader, presided.

London, February 24 -The latest information from Pietermaritzburg says Col. Pearson had had a fight with the enemy, and had inflicted another loss. Her Majesty has sent to Lord Chelmsford messages of sympathy.

New York, February 24.-James Stephens, the Irish agitator, and other Irishmen, want the Irish Nationalists to be united for a move at hand. Stephens said at the Academy Hall last evening:-"If a man wants to join a secret organization, put him in Clan-na-gael; if he wants to belong to a public society, bring him to the Irish Republican Brotherhood. The Fenian Brotherhood has given me its support, and it only remains to be seen what other organizations will do. Nobody was allowed to enter the hall unless he was anadherent of Stephens.

New York, February 24 .- The study of Irish language is vigorously prosecuted in New York and Brooklyn; classes comprising both sexes meet two and three times weekly. considerable number of Germans and Hebrews are taking it in. O'Neill Russell, of Dublin, lectured in Brooklyn last night on the subject of Irish Language, Literature and Music.

Preparations for the celebration of St. Pat-

rick's Day are being made. New York, February 24.—The Rev. Mr King said, in the National Temperance Institute meeting, he wished for a law fining a seller of liquor \$10,000 for the first offence, giving him ten years for the second, and

St. Petersburg, February 24.—Milikoff telegraphs that there have been neither deaths nor new cases of plague in the surrounded

districts since last report. WARSAW, February 24.-- A telegram from Sandomier at the junction of the San and Vistula, reports the river broken by ice; great inundation; vast destruction to pro-

ALEXANDRIA, February' 24.—The French ironclad has arrived.

A definite peace has been arranged between the King of Abyssinia and the Khedive; the former to receive a pension in exchange for the disputed frontier. A was the

London, February 24.—The striking weavers at Ashton-under-Lyne vesterday, to the number of 3,000, decided with only four dissentient voices to continue the strike until reduced to starvation.

Jonathan Gill, merchant, Manchester, has failed; liabilities, £160,000. Lord: Dufferin has started for St. Peters-

burger and a large number of dock all these, and a closet to keep them in, will laborers having resumed work, the Birken-

Dublin, February 24.—Dr. Butt's health has

BELGRADE, February 24. Some renewal of disturbances on the Albanian frontier of Servia is likely to lead to recrimination between

Servin and the Porte.

London, February 24.—A correspondent at Tirnova repeats positively that agents of Austria are intriguing to promote Austrian occupation of the country from Novi-Bazar and the Ægean Sea.

Congratulatory telegrams from the Czar vere received at the opening of the Bulgarian Assembly. The Czar cautions the Bulgarians against embarrassing Russia by imprudences.

BERLIN, February 24.—It is stated that Roumanian evacuation of Arabtabia is due to Gortschakoff's having used violently threatening language on the subject. Germany is now prepared to support Russia's claims concerning the boundary in dispute.

Panis, February 24.—Despite the protectionist campaign, the movement in favor of a treaty of commerce between France and the United States receives numerous adhesions daily. MM. Hippolite and Cahusac have been designated as special reporters to furnish the French commission with informa-Legislatures respecting desirable modifications of customs duties.

The Bureaux of the Senate appointed a committee on the amnesty bill, eight of the nine members of which favor the bill as it was passed by the Deputies. The Minister of Justice stated to-day that the Government, on the amnesty bill, had gone to its utmost

The conflict of the city with the Government with regard to the municipalities grant to Communists has been compromised by confiding the distribution of the relief fund to the Prefect of Seine. The appointment of Albert Grevy as Gov-

ernor of Algeria is now scarcely doubtful. New York, February 24.—Miss Mary Dalton, daughter of the late Police Captain Dalton, has become insane over disappointment in not obtaining a situation as teacher in the public school. She is a graduate of

Hantfonn, Ct., February 24.—Trinity College students were notified by the Faculty that orations, poems and songs at the students' celebration of Washington's birthday must be submitted to the Professor of English Literature for approval. The students ignored this requirement. Eight prominent in the celebration have been suspended and required to leave town. The Faculty refuse to consider a memoral signed by nearly every student, asking a revision of this action. The students have resolved to absent themselves from college exercises until the request is granted. A delegation of students has gone to lay the case before Bishop Williams, Dean

BALTIMORE, Md., February 24 .- The funeral of the late Bishop Foley this forenoon at the Cathedral was attended by a large number of priests, five Bishops, and thousands of people. SAN FRANCISCO, Cal. February 24.—The Chamber of Commerce has adopted energetic resolutions asking the President to sign the anti-Chinese bill. The Journal of Commerce gives the total imports and exports to and from China entered at the Custom House in 1877-8: — Exports, \$35,926,812; imports, \$14,804,047. Of exports \$28,532,236 represents coin and bullion. The export trade is mainly in Chinese hands, while the imports trade, when we exclude goods used by our Chinese population, is a mere bagatelle.

of the Faculty.

CINCINNATI, O., February 24.-The Volksfreund, the German Catholic organ, demands a statement of the affairs of Archbishop Purcell, which it has reason to fear may be worse than reported. German Catholics charge that the money, much of which is their own, has gone to build Irish churches. New York, February 24.-The Times says

it is believed the President will "pocket" the anti-Chinese bill, and thus def the House would be given no chance to vote on it. Bills now sent to the President and not returned fail to become law, because there are not ten days of the session remaining. The opinion also prevails that the Internal Revenue bill will receive the "pocket" veto, because of the large reduction it would occasion in the revenue receipts.

PEDESTRIANISM.

United States vs. Canada-Montreal Wins -Illness of Miss Warren.

A walking match, 25 miles in distance, came off in Perry's Hall last Saturday even-The contestants were Miss Warren of Philadelphia, and Miss Jessie Anderson, of this city. Punctually at 6.30, both contestants appeared on the track, and were greeted with applause by the spectafors. At the start, Miss Warren was decidedly the favourite, though not much betting was done, still, any one willing to speculate on the Canadian could readily have obtained odds of two to one against her. At the start, the long stride and swing of Miss Anderson were at once

noticed. In the earlier part of the race the general opinion seemed to be that the Canadian would be unable to stay the distance, but still she kept it up, occasionally putting on splen-did spurts as Miss Warren tried to pass her. By the time 16 miles had been covered, Miss Anderson led by over three lengths, and notwithstanding all her opponent's efforts, continued to add to her advantage. Shortly after the 16th mile the American complained of

the air of the place choking her.
On the 21st mile, Miss Warren fainted, she was carried out and it was announced that she could not enter the arena again. Miss Anderson walked on, and eventually finished the 25 miles in 5h. and 213m., amidst great enthusiasm.

Miss Warren was greatly admired for her pluck and endurance, and great sympathy was expressed at her illness. The young lady is, however, we are glad to state, now much better.

The fastest mile was made in 111 minutes, the first five miles occupied 594 minutes, and first 10, 2h: 30sec., and the whole distance was made in 5hrs. 213 minutes, or within 13 minutes of the fustest time ever made by a woman. Miss Anderson took 55 steps to each lap, and Miss Warren 65.

Letter from Sir M. Hicks Beach.

" Downing Street, 6th Dec., 1878. "Sin,-I have the honor to transmit to you for publication in the colony under your government, a copy of the Treaty between Her Majesty and the King of Spain for the mutual surrender of fugitive criminals, as well as a copy of the Order-in-Council of the 27th November, for carrying that Treaty into effect. It will be observed that under Article 17 the Treaty comes into operation ten days after its publication, in conformity with the laws of the respective countries. It will, therefore, be in force in this country from the 9th inst. "I have the honor to be, Sir,

"Your most obedient; humble servant. (Signed), "M.E.Hioks-Bragh "To the Officer Administering the Govern-

THE STATE OF STATE OF

—Russian dissenters from the Greek Church Carolina Legislature to make a judiciary com-

The latest organization for mutual protection is that of the farmers of Georgia and RICE.—There was a fair demand for rice, but North and South Carolina, who have combined to resist the exactions of dealers in fer-4.30 for medium, and \$4.50 to 5.50 for best. tilizers.

-The Lighting Committee of the Paris municipality have reported in favor of a twelve-months' experiment of electricity in certain streets and squares ; the price is limited to 21 cents per hour.

-Sporting men in Connecticut are alarmed at the discovery that there is upon the statute books a provision that every horse used in races on which any wager is to be laid or any purse or stake offered shall be forfeited to the State.

Finance and Commerce.

Weekly Review of Trade-Wholesale Prices.

February 21, 1879. The wholesale trade of our city during the past week has, on the whole, shown signs of increased activity. In many of the branches of trade, this activity was mainly caused by the importations of merchants, who are buying largely in order to avoid the higher duties anticipated in the new tariff. The dry goods and grocery trades appear to have been the most active, although a considerable movement has also taken place in the boot and shee and hardware branches. In the other departments, business has been moving

on in it's own quiet, listless way.

The financial market, with the exception of of merchants, with which to pay duties, has not undergone any extensive change. Although the enquiry has been greater, the 49c; Pale Seal, 421c to 45c; Straw Seal, 35c banks have shown less disposition to lend to 40c. money, and greater discrimination in selecting paper. Loans were made at from 6 to 7 per cent. on call, and from 7 to 8 per cent. on time. Sterling Exchange was steady at 1091 to 1091 between banks, and 1093 to 1091 over the counter. Drafts on New York were unchanged at from par to 1-16 premium. At London, Consols stood at 96 5-16, whilst in New York, Sterling Exchange declined from \$4.863 to \$4.86 for sixty-day bills: on demand the price remained steady at \$4.89.

THE STOCK MARKET, a week ago, was strong and active, but has now become weak and declining. With the exception of Bank of Montreal, which shows an advance of from 2 to 27 per cent., the various stocks have, as a general rule, declined in price. Many of them have advanced, and then declined lower

than the opening figure. The following is a comparative statement of the condition of Canadian stocks in Mont-

	real on the dates me	ntioned :-	-	
		13, 1879. s. Buyers.		20, 1879. s. Buyer
	Bank of Montreal, 1321		135	134
	Ontario Bank 63	603	637	G
	Consolidated Blc., 50	493	491	49
	Banquedu Peuple. 52	511		
	Molsons Bank 85	82	85	
	Bank of Toronto 117	112	118	111
	Banque Jacques			
	Cartier 28	271	287	28}
	Merchants' Bank. 78!	27] 77 (76	765
ı	Quebec Bank			
	Banque Nationale			
	Union Bank			•••
ļ	Bk. of Commerce. 101	1001	1015	
	Dominion Bank			
	Maritime Bank			
	Exchange Bank		GO	5)
	Banque Ville	• •		
	Marie			
ł	Federal Bank			
	Montreal Tel. Co., 100'	100	994	59 }
i	Dominion Tel. Co. 70	40		
	Rich. & Ont. Nav.			
i	Co 45	434	413	-11
ľ	City Pass, R'y Co. 76	70 ⁻	76	70
	City Gas Co117	117	117	117
	FLOUR -During	the past	week	the flou

market has shown less activity, but firmer prices. The receipts by railway for the week were 8.673 brls. The present prices of the various grades of flour (per barrel of 196 lbs.)

re as follows:				
uperior Extra	\$4 45		4 55	
xtra Superfine		Ø	4 37	
ancy		0	4 15	
pring Extra	= -:	a	3 90	
trong Bakers			4 50	
Ine	3 2)		3 40	
Iddlings			3 00	
ollards	2 6)	Ø	2 75 1 02	1
ntario Bags (per 10) lbs)	2 20	0	9 00	
Ity Dago (detracted)				

PRODUCE.—Wheat-Receipts by railway during the week, 43,600 bushels. The market has been active and almost nominal Pease—From 72c to 75c per 66 lbs. Oatmeal (Ontario) was quoted at \$2.75 to \$2.85; Cornmeal, kiln-dried yellow, \$2.25 to \$2.35; Corn, 46c to 47½c; Oats, 28c to 30c; Barley, nominal; Cheese, 8c to 9½c; Laid, 8c to 9c for pails and tubs; Dressed Hogs, \$5.35 to \$5.50; Pork, mess, \$13 to \$14; Ashes, pots \$4.05 to \$4.10. Butter sold at—Dairy West ern, fair to good, 9c to 13c; Store-packed Western, 7c to 10c; Morrisburg, selected, good to choice, 15c to 19c; Eastern Townships, do, 18c to 20c. Receipts of Butter, 2,340 pack ages; shipments, 2,926 do.

GROCERIES.-There has been a pretty fair business transacted during the week which was altogether owing to the expected change in the tariff. The sales were chiefly in tens, sugars, tobaccos, and general goods. No specially large transactions were reported, but the "turnover" was considerable in a moderate way, showing that many were inclined to purchase a small supply ahead.

TEAS.—In teas, the transactions have been chiefly confined to Japans, ranging from 27c to 35c. The other kinds sold at the following prices:- Young Hysons, 23c to 25c; Black Teas, almost nominal at 25c to 30c for common; better qualities range from 35c to 65c; Greens, firsts, 48c to 50c; seconds, 35c to 45c; thirds, 27c to 30c; common, 12c to 25c; Congou, fair, 26c to 46c; fine to best, 50c to 60c; choicest, 65c. Japans, low grades, 21c to 24c; medium, 26c to 38c; fine, 40c to 45c; choicest, 48c to 52c.

Corress.-The demand was almost wholly for the mild grades of coffees, the common sorts being quite neglected. Prices :- Java

the former, and 7%c to 8c for the latter. has been selling to some extent at from 74c sugar offering. American Yellows are relatively cheaper. In England raw sugar has been very dull for some time past, but prices having given way, there is an improved busi-ness to report. Refined—The demand for Canadlan and American is on a small scale. Exports to the Mediterranean, however, continue large, and this checks, any decline in prices. Transactions in fruit were light

Proiris.—Transactions in fruit were legal, but holders were firm at current rates. The latter are as a follows:—Raisins—Valencias;

Latter are as a follows:—Raisins—Raisi

\$2; Extra Black Crown \$3.75 to \$4; Sultanas new, \$9 to \$9.50; Sultanas, old, \$4.75 to 5.50; Russian dissenters from the Greek Church are now, computed at 15,000,000.

Strange to say, there are not enough lawyers in the lower house of the North Carolina Legislature to make a judiciary computed at 15,000,000.

Sago, was steady at \$6,00 to 6.75. Taploca, \$7.75 to 0.00. Spice—A fair trade has been done in spices, particularly in black pepper. In other kinds, business has been moderate.

Prices:—Pepper—Black, 9c to 91c; White, 19c to 20c; Allspice, 15c to 16c; Cloves, 40c to 45c; Cassia, 17c to 20c; Ginger, Jamaica, bleached, 23c to 25c; do, unbleached, 21c to 22c; Mace, 85c to 90c. Tobaccos—Were quiet. at the following prices :- Black chewing, 32c to 38c; Bright smoking, all grades, from 36c to 55c.

Fish.—There has been a good demand for most grades, with prices tending upwards. Stocks of salted fish are generally light, and it. is estimated that there are not over 400 barrels of Labrador herrings and 100 of salmon, in the city. The increase of sales are caused by the near approach of Lent. The stocks are expected to run out by the end of the second week in Lent, when, of course, prices will be much dearer. The wholesale prices of salt fish, per barrel of 200 lbs., are as follows :-Labrador herrings, No. 1, \$4.50 to 4.75; Salmon, No. 1, \$13.50; do No. 2, \$0.00; do No. 3, \$10.50; Mackerel, from \$3.50 to 8.00, according to grade and quality; Green Cod No. 1, \$5.50 to 6.00; white fish, per barrel of 100 lbs., \$3.871 to 4.00; trout, 100 lbs barrels, \$3.75 to 4.00; American dry cod, per quintal 112 lbs. \$4.00 to 4.25.

OILS .- A sale of 800 barrels of Raw Linseed Oil was reported at between 54c and 58c. In other kinds, comparatively little was The financial market, with the exception of an increased demand for money on the part to 61c; Olive Oil, 95c to \$1.00; Petroleum, small lots, 171c to 181c; by car-load, 17c; Cod, 35c to 45c; Steam Refined Scal, 47c to

LEATHER.-Trade has been very quiet with little immediate prospect of much im-provement. There was less than usual doing in the country, bad roads being the chief cause. Stocks of all grades are large. Prices

are unchanged:		
Hemlock Spanish Soles, No. 1 0 921		0.24
Do Do. No. 2 0 19	• •	
Buffalo, No. 1 0 20		
Do. No.2 0 18	٠.	0 19
Hemlock Slaughter, No. 1 0 23	٠.	0 26
Waxed Upper, light & medium 0 30	• •	0.87
Do. do. heavy 0 32	• •	0 36
Grained Upper 0 33	• •	0 35
Splits, large 0 24	• •	0 28
Do small 0 23	••	0 26
Calfskin	• •	0 65
Sheepskin Linings 0 20	• •	0 25
Harness	• •	
Rough Leather 0 22	• •	
TITDER This moulest has been see		~ ***

HIDES.—This market has been very quiet during the past week, enquiries being few and far between. Tanners showed no inclination to lay in any stocks at the present prices, for the reason that the leather market is so flat that they cannot get paying prices for their leather. The selling prices of hides are as follows :- Green butchers', No. 1, \$7 to \$8; do No. 2, \$6 to \$7; do No. 3, \$5 to \$6 Calf skins, 10c per lb. Sheep skins, 75c to 80c

BOOTS AND SHOES .- So far the spring business has been light, buyers preferring to purchase small lots at present. A more hopeful feeling pervaded the trade, and the enquiry for goods has slightly increased during the week. The prices are still low, and are as

follows:	
Men's Kip Boots	\$3 00
" French Calf 3 25 to	3 75
" Buff Congress 1 50 to	2 00
" Split Brogans 0 10 to	1 00
Boys' " , 0 85 to	0.00
" Buff & Peb. Congress 1 40 to	1 50
Women's Buff & Peb. Balmorals 1 10 to	1 60
" Prunella Boots 0 50 to	1.50
Misses Buff & Peb. Balmorals 0 00 to	1 15
" Prunella Balmorals 0 65 to	1 20
DRY GOODS.—On the whole, the bus	iness
done during the past week was, so far as	

be judged, considerably in excess of that done at the commencement of the year. No doubt, the prospect of an advance in duties has to some extent stimulated this branch of trade. It is to be regretted that remittances have not improved.
FURS.—There is no change to report in

furs, and none will occur until the March sales in London. Trade was generally dull

at quotations :—
Beaver, fall clear pelt per lb \$ 1 25 to 1 75
Bear, large prime 5 00 to 8 00
Skunk 0 25 to 0 50
Winter Muskrat 0 10 to 12
Fall " 0 08 to 0 10
Coon, 0 25 to 0 60
Red Fox 0 75 to 1 2
Cross Fox 2 00 to 3 00
Martin Pale (Canada) 0 75 to 1 2
Mink, Western Canada 0 75 to 1 2
Mink, East, Can., prime small 0 00 to 0 75
Otter, dark prime 5 00 to 8 00
Fisher, " 4 00 to 7 00
Lynx 1 25 to 1 50
HARDWAREBusiness has been rather

better this week, in consequence of a more extensive demand for goods, in prospect of an increased tariff. This demand must be looked upon as arising more from speculation than the actual wants of buyers. Some houses showed no desire to sell at the present low prices, until the change of the tariff is announced.

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS .- Trade on the whole has been rather quiet, with the exception of some considerable purchases of heavy chemicals in expectation of an advance in duties. The terms of these transactions have not transpired. In the English market, although there was no change in prices to report, no distinct improvement was observable, but there was a better tone and prices were steadier. The local quotations are:—Sal Soda (per 100 lbs), \$1.20 to \$1.30; Caustic, \$2.50 to \$2.60; Soda Ash, \$1.75; Alum, \$1.60 to \$1.75; Bicarb Soda (per keg of 112 lbs), \$3.15 to \$3.25; Saltpetre (112 1bs), \$7.75 to \$8. Soda Ash is extremely scarce, and the high grades only are to be obtained.

The New Dispensation, 12 53

The Emulsion of Palatable Castor Oil with glycerine, manufactured by Scorr & Bowns, is one of the greatest medical triumphs and Mocha, 29c to 32c; Singapore, 21c to of the age. It has made what was the most 24c; Maricaibo, 20c to 22½c; Rio, 18½c to 20 detestable medicine the most agreeable of them Sugars .- The largest transactions were in all. Children take it, as cheerfully as they ac-Granulated and Extra "C" at 81c to 83c for cept a spoonful of cream, and literally creator more. To any one who knows-and who does Yellow was offering at from 63 to 71c. Scotch not—the Castor Oll is the most efficacious cathartic and cure of intestinal inflammation, to 8c. but there are no common grades of this the inestimable nature of this new dispensation will be approved. Scott & Bewne's Palatable Castor oil should be in every household. Price, 25 cents.

ADVERTISEMENTS

A 32 column monthly STORY PAFER a year the with 50 printed Gold Leaf Cards, I light in CEN cost, 25 cts. Eagle Hylnting Co , Springfield, Hass.

Friday 2002 St. W. St. W. St. C. B. Trecow

soft shell, 15c to 16c per lb. Filherts, Sicily, War on the momental renewed Bat 81c to 20c, do Naples, 64c to 710. Walnuts, free) before buying fixen on the moment of the renewed Bat of the file to 12c; do Bordeaux, 7c fo 8c. War Circular. Lonest prices ever given of Bandon War Circular Lovest prices ever given Organs War Adress Danieu F. Beaty, Washing it

OHERTY & DOHERTY

ADVOCATES, &c. No. 50 St. James Street, Montreal, T. J. Doherty, B. C. L., C. J. Doherty, A.B., B.C.L.

> No More Sleepless Nights BY USING

HAWKES' HYPNOTIC

Employed with success in cases of Wakefulness, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, v Toothache, Migraine, Asthma, Nervousness, and all other Maladles or Accidents which pre-vent sleep.

PRICE 15 AND 20 CENTS.

For sale by Gray, Devins & Bolton, Lewis & Co., McGale, Covernton and Hawkes, Montreal,

DAME PHILOMENE LEBLANC HAS, THIS DAY, sucd. at Montreal, her husband, ALFRED FLEURANT, of Montreal, merchant, for separation of property.

Montreal, 15th February, 1879. LONGPRE & DAVID.

Plaintiff's Attorney.

WEEKLY TEST.

Increase..... 551

CLEARING PRICES. Our White Cottons are much cheaper than ISUAL. CARSLEY'S Cottons are warranted pure and free from any kind of dressing.

Useful Plain White Pillow Cotton, reduced to 13c per yard.

40-inch Grey Pillow Cotton of a very superior quality, reduced to 13c.

Good White Cotton Sheeting, reduced to 21c only.

CURTAINS! CURTAINS! Over 500 pair of Lace, Muslin, Leno, Egyptian, Java, Smyrna, and Panama Curtains have last arrived, and are marked at astonishingly low

Muslin Curtains, three yards long, with double border, reduced to 55c per pair. LARGE DIAPER TOWELS, He EACH. Beautiful large Diaper Towels, worth 15c, reduced to 11c each.

Extra large Pure Linen Huckaback Towels, worth 25c, reduced to 17c each.

TABLE LINEN FOR 22c PER YARD. Useful and wide Table Linen, reduced from Me to 22c per yard. We are selling useful Roller Linen at ic per yard. WINCEY AT 41c PER YARD.

All our Winceys that we have been selling during the past season as high as 10c per yard have been reduced to 41c per yard. THOSE BEAUTIFUL SILKEN SHOWERS. We have marked down those beautiful Silker Shower Dress Goods to 33c per yard.

SILKS! SILKS! Every piece of silk has been reduced, and in some cases 20c per yard has been takenof. Our Striped Washing Silks, worth 55c, have been reduced to 45c per yard. Pleaso ask to see our Canadian Silks. They are much superior to foreign makes.

SHOW ROOM.

During our Cheap Sale in Show Room, we expect to have a busy time in selling the following goods:— JACKETS, from \$1.75. ULSTERS, from \$2.75. COSTUMES, from \$350.

SKIRTS, from 60c. MUFFS, from \$1.25 BOAS, from \$1.75. ASTRICAN FUR JACKETS, FROM SISON

Shawls from \$1.00. Hand crocheted Wool Vests, \$1.5 Ladles' Cotton Underclothing to be sold chea-Infants' Embroidered Waists, all at half price. Infants' Embroidered Waists, an art many prices from 16c.

Infants' Embroidered Robes at the following reduced prices:—
Embroidered Robes, \$3,88 reduced to \$2,00.

"""" 4,75 "" 258 "" 3,00.

"""" 7,25 "" 4,00.

"""" 8,00 "" 4,75.

S. CARSLEY, 393 AND 395 NOTRE DAME STREET,



MONTREAL.

TO THE MOST REV., RIGHT REV AND REV. CLERGY,

ANDTO SUPERIORS OF RELIGIOUS

COMMUNITIES:

We beg to call your attention to our late in portation, consisting of Church Ornaments and Religious Articles, Priceis, Vestments, Canditicks, Ostensarias, Ciborias, Chalices, Censors, Diadems, Crowns, Hearts, Gold and Silve Fringe, Tassols, Gold and Silver Cloth and Merinos, Linen, &c., &c. Banners, Flags, fin assortment of

VASES. STATUES, ROSARIES (In Coral, Ivory, Mother-of-Pearl, Amber, Cora

Jet, Garnet, &c.) PURE BEESWAX, TOR TORRET . F & 1000 H BEESWAX CANDLES. DAR

ALTAR WINES, &Chicker of County Count Having ourselves carfully selected our good Those visiting the City respectfully lifts Correspondence solleited Prompt attention all enquiries or orders. ---

A C SENECAL & CO. Importers and Manufacturers.

No. 184 Notre Dame-Street. Montre 50 CAEDS CHICOHIS Lace sec, with hand paid 18 cit. ba Cho. There of the New 2018 No. 1 The Co. 10 Mar.

A DAY TO AGENTS—Somelains new. It suprised Ontal free Address, MILECUT.