fighting the Circassians were obliged to abandon the fortress The Pilot notices an intention on the part of the Roman to the enemy, having expended all their ammunition, not, however, without carrying off their artillery and baggage into the ever, without carrying off their artillery and baggage into the part of Russia is said to amount in killed alone to 8000, among whom are three generals and forty other officers, and four aides-de-camp of the commanderin-chief. The latter, finding his army so much crippled, for the number of wounded is enormous, was destroying the fortifications to retire to Tiflis to re-organize his force. Dargo was defended by Schamil's regular troops, consisting of a corns of defended by Schamil's regular troops, consisting of a corns of section of the city, to convene a not inhabitants of that section of the city, to convene a not missed to convene a public meeting, for the purpose of providing for the repair of the damage, and of taking steps for the detection of the individuals by whom it was perpetrated.

The body of Mr. Chard, who, with Mr. Cowan, was unforted the number of wounded is enormous, was destroying the fortifications to retire to Tiflis to re-organize his force. Dargo was defended by Schamil's regular troops, consisting of a corns of the middle of the river, about two miles from the scene of the Amanagement of that useful Constitution of the city, to convene a not mind to convene a not missing out their dectrines would break up all society, has and immortal people, called Socialists, we suppose because the carrying out their dectrines would break up all society, has and immortal people, called Socialists, we suppose because the carrying out their dectrines would break up all society, has and immortal people, called Socialists, we suppose because the carrying out their dectrines would break up all society, has and immortal people, called Socialists, we suppose because the carrying out their dectrines would break up all made in the damage, and of taking steps for the detection of the individuals by whom it was perpetrated.

The body of

Colonial.

In addition to the portrait of the Lord Bishop, about to be published by the Messrs. Rowsell, we are gratified to find that an engraving of the Rev. Dr. McCaul, the gifted Vice President of King's College, and late Principal of Upper Canada College, will shortly appear, from the painting taken by Mr. P. March, for the Masters of the College. Dr. McCaul is too well known as an eloquent Divine, a ripe Scholar, and the Gentleman, to need any eulogy, however well merited, at our hands. We rejoice, therefore, that the friends of sound learning will be enabled to acquire this memorial of one who has contributed, in no small degree, to advance the educational standard in this Colony. Mr. March's portrait is considered to be a good likeness, and from the abilities of the party to whose care the engraving has been entrusted, we have reason to expect it will, in addition, be a pleasing ornament to the library .- Toronto Herald.

Detailed Statements of Contributions received from different quarters by the Treasurer of the General Committee for the relief of the sufferers by the late fires, to the 29th September

Auciusive: - me hor better a resident and auciusive			
From Citizens of Quebec.	£11382	9	
" Country Parishes	2447	11	
"Montreal	9005	0	
"Provincial Government of Canada St John's and other places within the	4500	0	
St John's and other places within the	ONE VALLE	50	
1 rovince	3700	16	
The United States of America	900		
St. John's Newfoundland	600	0	
Drunswick	265	11	
Prince Edward's Island and Bermude	100	17	
Great Britain	25589	15	
Army and Navy	577	-10	
Masters and Seamen	232	3	ä
Jersey	367	10	B
" Ireland	128	17	
Nova Scotia	1203	3	
" Coutinent of Europe	30	11	
HALL ALL DINE	TT IN	66	

£62136 18 5 THE MISFORTUNES OF QUEBEC .- Quebec has not only had the late misfortune of having about two thirds of its in-habitants and a great part of their effects destroyed by fire. The failure of the wheat harvests since 1831 by the fly, and

the latter of the wheat harvests since 1001 by the all the cholera of 1832 and 1834 have been sore afflictions, and affected the prosperity of the town and country, and the bad crops

The political agitations commenced in 1831, to effect organic changes in the established constitution of the Province, brought on the resorts to violence in the District of Montreal, which Seat of Government from Quebec, and consequently a dimin-shed expenditure of public money among the inhabitants, a decrease in several branches of the trade and industry of the town, while the revenue collected at the port and the money borrowed on the credit of that revenue, has been chiefly spent in other parts of the Province

in other parts of the Province.

Even the steam communication with the Lower Provinces and England, and the speedy conveyance of passengers and the mails, was removed from Quebec, to be transferred to the United St.

There remains to Quebec its military position, which can-uot be taken away so long as England wishes to have a hid on the river St. Lawrence and the countries on the Gulf; the advantages of the countries of th advantages resulting from its safe and capacious harbour for shipping, and the facilities afforded by the rise and fall of the carrying on the lumber trade.

If the peaceable and good moral conduct of its inhabitants, and greater unanimity and judgement prevail in promoting the common advantage, with sufficient patriotism and intelligence to eschew the excitements to selfish and silly distinctions, passion, and the excitements to selfish and silly distinctions, Passion and prejudice, too frequent on the part of those who probably do not trust sufficiently to their own konest and industrious exertions for a sure means of livelihood, Quebec may surmount its wife. rmount its misfortunes, move forward in the road of prosperity, promote the general interests of its inhabitants, and contribute to the common welfare of Canada.—Quebec Gazette. EXTENSIVE FIRE IN GRIFFINTOWN.—On Saturday morning we stopped the press to announce that a fire had broken out in that part of the town, and continued burning at the

time we wrote.

The following are the particulars so far as we have been able to learn. It appears that the fire originated about 3 o'clock in the morning, in a Coffee-roasting Establishment, Queen Street, not far from Wellington Street; the building itself being of wood as well as the adjoining houses, the flames spread rapidly, the wind being from the east, and before the Fire-Engines could be brought to the spot, had communicated to the large wooden building occupied by Mr. Wragg as a Nail Factory, situated on Gabriel and Prince Streets; thence the fire extended to and along Wellington Street, destroying every house between Queen and Nazareth Streets, with the exception of two; it likewise extended along Gabriel Street as far as Nazareth Street, leaving but three or four buildings in the whole space, Street, leaving but three or four buildings in the whole space, comprising two squares. Most of the houses on Wellington Street were good substantial stone and brick buildings, and the fire was only control of the stantial stone and brick buildings, and the fire was only arrested in this direction by the blowing up of one brick house at the corner of Nazareth Street, and another in that Street, which was done by the Royal Artillery; after this, the fire-companies, with the assistance of the military, were enabled to turn their undivided attention to the southwest side of Nazareth Street and they succeeded in present west side of Nazareth Street, and they succeeded in preventing west side of Nazareth Street, and they succeeded in preventing the conflagration from getting beyond this. Among the buildings destroyed on Wellington Street was the Methodist Chapel—the minister's house adjoining, strange to say, was saved, although much damaged—and a fine three story cut stone building belonging to Mr. Craik, next to the latter building, was consumed.

was consumed.

The total number of dwelling houses destroyed, many of which were good substantial brick and stone houses, is 36; but we conceive that the total number of buildings destroyed, including stores, factories, workshops, stables, &c. must be considerably above a hundred. The principal proprietors of property who are sufferers by this calamity, are Messrs. Spiers, Phillips, Wragg, Macdonell, Macarthur, Galt, Alison, and Footner; besides a number of poor families, amounting, it is Footner; besides a number of poor families, amounting, it is said, to a hundred and nine, who have lost almost everything. Very little furniture has been saved, even what was carried out time to escape the flames being broken and destroyed. The ilitary, as usual when called on in such cases, behaved very well, and we may in a great measure attribute to their exertions the stop put to the conflagration. The English Church lately by the most at one time in considerable danger, but was saved by the most ay the active exertions of some of the firemen, directed by the elergyman and churchwardens. There was a great scarcity of water at 6. water at first, owing to there being no plugs in that part of the town, but in a short time so many water-carts arrived that there was a plential supply; one of the engines took its hose to a large pond in rear of Nazareth Street, and was thus enabled to maintain an uninterrupted stream. A good many abled to maintain an uninterrupted stream. A good many house in Wellington and Nazareth Streets, though uninjured by the fire, had their windows, doors and shutters, smashed to beces by the explosion of the powder.

We understand that the principal sufferers in the way of surance are the Montreal and Mutual offices—the Phonix, Assurance are the Montreal and Mutual offices—the Land Alliance, and Ætna, we believe also lose something. This is the largest fire that has occurred since 1825, when, we believe, that that some two hundred buildings were consumed in the Quebec Suburbs. - Montreal Courier.

We regret to say that about thirty panes of glass were brothe wood work of some of the window frames splintered, by throwing wing stones, many of which, of large size, were found in interior of the chapel. We should hope that this has only chievous trick on the part of some idle boys, as we can hardly believe that any grown up persons would indulge in such a piece of wanton and senseless wickedness.—Courier.

We recommend the part of some land of the part of We regret to hear that the windows of St. Ann's Chap-Ease, Griffintown, were broken on Saturday evening. About thirty small panes of glass were damaged, and large stones were found in the aisle. We are of opinion that this is the mischie-such bad feelings exist with the Roman Catholic residents in Griffintown to lead to the commission of such an outrage; and, secondly, had men taken the matter in hand, the mischief secondly, had men taken the matter in hand, the mischief would have been twenty-fold. We trust, however, that the inhabitants resident near the church will do their endeavour to prevent any further mischief on the part of these offenders.—

Such are the views of two of our contemporaries, --perfectly correct, we believe, only we may add this qualification, that the panes broken are each about three inches square, arranged lozenge-wise age-wise, as in the old English decorated architecture which this church is a very pretty specimen. We heard of the which this church is a very pretty specimen. We heard of the affair, and, after making inquiries, felt satisfied that to give it undue importance would do infinitely more mischief than could any possible with the could be a possible with the could be a possible with the could be any possible with the could be a possible with the c We went votated of stones pelied by mischievous boys. what is very commonly done to unoccupied buildings, of every

The Pilot notices an intention on the part of the Roman

defended by Schamil's regular troops, consisting of a corps of Dagastan Infantry, and the Russian and Polish deserters from the Emperor's service.

a Coroner's inquest was held at Beauharnois on Friday, the 26th, and a verdict of "accidentally drowned" returned. The body was interred in the burial-ground of Beauturned. The body was interred in the burial-ground of Beau-harnois, and was attended to the grave by the principal inha-bitants of the place. The body of Mr. Cowan has not yet been recovered.—Montreal Gazette.

MR. PAPINEAU. - The Montreal Gazette translates the folowing scrap from the Minerve: - "The Hon. L. J. Papineau has at last returned to his native country, after eight years of absence. He arrived on Saturday last at St. John's, in the opposition steamboat, ('sur le steamboat de l'opposition,') the Francis Saltus. On landing he was welcomed by many members of his family, and by a great number of his friends. M. Papineau left St. John's yesterday (Sunday) to visit his sister, Madame Dessaules, of St. Hyacinthe, with whom he will spend several days. We have heard that the hon. ex-Speaker will next repair to his Seigniory of 'La Petite Nation,' by way of next repair to his Seigniory of "La Petite Nation," by way of Vercheres and l'Assumption, and will not arrive in Montreal in less than twelve or fifteen days. Notwithstanding the severe sufferings of so prolonged an exile, we are assured that M. Papineau is not at all changed, and that he enjoys perfect

health.

JOHN MONTGOMERY.—Almost every body in Canada has heard of John Montgomery, who kept a Tavern at Gallows Hill, which, as the "head quarters" of Mackenzie and his rebel band, was burnt to the ground by the Loyslists; and every body is equally well aware, that this same John Montgomery,

to return to the scenes where he had acted so wicked a part, and to the location where he had assisted to work out so much misery to her Majesty's unoffending loyal subjects.

The first act which this pardoned rebel indulged in, on his restoration to the enjoyment of freedom, was to immediately commence rebuilding the house on exactly the same scite, and in precisely the same style as it had formerly existed; and this bravado on his part has now received the finishing touch, by his having actually obtained from the Magistrates of the Home District a licence to open the house as a Tayara.

his having actually obtained from the Magistrates of the Home District a licence to open the house as a Tavern! Yes, incredible as it may sound, John Montgomery, the convicted traitor, is licensed to keep a house of entertainment, for the accommodation of her Majesty's subjects!

It should be known to the public, that the Quarter Sessions of the Home District passed an "Order," in 1837, to the effect "that in addition to the ordinary proof of character demanded from persons applying for Tavern Licenses, a certificate of loyalty was required, to be such as the justices receiving the application should approve." This sound principle of not entrusting the care of a house of public entertainment to persons of ing the care of a house of public entertainment to persons of doubtful allegiance, was further confirmed in 1844, by the Ledoubtful allegiance, was further confirmed in 1844, by the Legislature of the present season, particularly that of potatoes, the culture and use of which has become general since the continued failure of the wheat crops, will add to the misfortune of the citizens as well as the country generally.

These are misfortunes proceeding from causes which are probably beyond human control, and onght to be submitted to without murmuring, using every effort to mitigate the evils which they occasion.

But it is not only from natural and uncontrollable causes that Quebec has suffered.

The political agitations commenced in 1831, to effect organic

Quebec has suffered.

e political agitations commenced in 1831, to effect organic ges in the established constitution of the Province, brought a resorts to violence in the District of Montreal, which ioned the union of the Provinces and the removal of the of Government from Quebec, and consequently a diminexpenditure of public money among the inhabitants, a sae in several branches of the trade and industry of the while the revenue collected at the port and the money wed on the credit of that reaches the port and the money wed on the credit of that reaches the port and the money with the revenue collected at the port and the money wed on the credit of that reaches the port and the money with the revenue collected at the port and the money with the revenue collected at the port and the money will be credit of that reaches the provinces are the provinces and the removal of the period by law, was signed by not less than four Justices, (three of them of the Baldwin batch of new Magistrates,) and the welve freeholders—to wit, Franklin Jacques, J.P., M. P. Empey, J.P., W. C. Rochford, J.P., John Doel, J.P., and Messrs. Robert Petch, Stilwell Wilson, Jacob Suider, J. Hargrave, Elias Snider, George Browne, Wm. Snider, D. Farraghal, Wm. Hill, George Bond, Charles Moore, and John Somerset, have under their hand certified—oh, monstrous prevention of truth—that John Montroperv is a good and loval subject of Her

The "Justices' by whom John Montgomery's loyalty was approved, and who licensed as a proper person to keep an Inn, the man by whose instrumentality, if not actual assistance, the ill-fated Col. Moody was butchered almost at John Montgomery's very door—by whose instrumentality Dr. Horne's house was reduced to ashes and his family rendered homeless—and who on the clearest evidence was convicted in open Court of high treason—these Justices, with S. G. Lynn in the Chair, were Messrs. C. J. Baldwin, J. Woodhill, G. Bell, R. Catheart, J. Hawkins, W. Devenish, W. Clark, M. J. Empey, J. N. Cline, J. Eastwood, P. Shaver, M. J. O'Beirne, Joseph Dennis, and Thomas Bell. The others present strenuously resisted and voted against the outrage, and their honoured names are Col. Amos Thorne, G. T. Denison, and Wm. Campbell, Esquires.

It may be asked, why are the delinquencies of John Montgomery, either previous to his return to Canada deserved forgiveness by an amonded line of conduct, or since this sojourn here manifesced even an outward semblance of penitence—had he remained quiet and retired—we should have been the desired and retired—we should have been the conditions of those whose enterprise and shighly gratified at witnessing the beautiful boat play her part most gallantly. The Reindeer is neatly boat play her part most gallantly. The Reindeer is neatly built, handsomely painted, and moves through the water swiftly, and with swan like gracefulness. Surely the Frederictonians may well be elated at thus sending forth this pre-eminent little Steamer—surely they should be thankful to that gracious Providence which continues to bless their laudable exertions. In conclusion, though a large number of our citizens were enjoying themselves at the St. John Regatta on the same day, those who remained were, perhaps, no less pleased at beholding the highly astisfactory experiment of the lovely Reindeer.—Communicated to the Loyalist.

The last St. John Courier contains a prospectus of the centerious distribution. The Courier also The "Justices" by whom John Montgomery's loyalty was tence-had he remained quiet and retired-we should have been the very last to have intruded upon his retreat. But when it is well known that since the time he escaped from Fort Henry up to the present moment, he is in all respects the same John Montgomery who made his tavern a hot-bed of sedition and the nursery of treason—and that so far from being penitent for the wrong he has committed, his offences against the State are his greatest boast, and that so far from endeavouring to lead an orderly and a loyal life, his daily conversation is disrespectful to the authorities and contemptuous of his Sovereign—we do say that in permitting John Montgomery to return to a privilege he has so beach, aboved it are not zero upon company source.

and an insult to the loyalty of the people of Canada.

That such has been the case is, however, a melancholy fact; and as a matter of record, we have felt called upon to notice it in our columns, in order that the approving "Justices" may be known to the public, and their conceptions of "a good and faithful subject of Her Majesty," appreciated accordingly.—

Toronto Herald.

BEAUHARNOIS CANAL.—The public will be gratified to learn that the masonry and earthwork of the Beauharnois Canal are now fully completed. The machinery of the locks, &c., is in perfect working order; the coffer-dams at the head and foot of the Canal are now being removed; and there is no doubt but that the boats can pass through the Canal on Thursday, the 9th inst., and that the navigation will be fully opened by the 13th.

We understand, from a friend competent to judge, who has just visited them, that the execution of these works is almost unparalleled for beauty and accuracy, and that the cost will be far below that of any similar undertaking in the Province, in proportion to extent.—Montreal Gazette.

MILITARY WORKS AT KINGSTON.-We understand that orders have at length been given for the resumption of the Military Works at this post, and that they are to be proceeded with to a considerable extent, forthwith. We are glad to hear that the front of our splended Town Hall is to be laid open to the Lake by the pulling down of Messrs. McPherson & Crane's storehouses, and the erection of a heavy battery. The shoal atility in a Naval point of view, as a mark for the Harbour .-

We believe it is also proposed to erect a large Tower at Stuart's Point, and strengthen the Works at Fort Henry.

The Works will probably at this late season not proceed further than preparation of Materials; but even that will be means of drawing back to Kingston a large portion of the labouring and mechanical classes who were oblidged to leave it last spring—and we rejoice that there is some prospect of our good old Town retreiving some of its late losses.

We trust care will be taken to prevent the disgraceful scenes of riot which have occurred on the public Provincial Works.—

WARNING TO PARENTS .- It is with pleasure we give pubwarking to l'Arrens.—It is with pleasure we give publicity to the following communication, called forth by our remarks on the death of Mr. Kennedy Barns. We hope the hints thrown out by our correspondent will be more ge crally acted upon. Solomon says, "train up a child in the way he should go, and when he is old he will not depart from it." If parents would only pay a little more attention to the bringing up of their children, by instilling into their requestions. up of their children, by instilling into their young minds correct principles, there would be little fear in after life of their rect principles, there would be little fear in after life of their falling into error, and committing crimes for which they might have to suffer the severest punishment that the law can inflict. Such is the power of a religious education, that when once its impressions are made on the young mind, no matter where the individual's lot may be cast, it can never be wholly eradicated

We hope "A Constant Reader" will favor us often with pieces from his pen; they will be very acceptable.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Advocate. Mr. Editor,-In your last Advocate you record the murder Mr. Editor,—In your last Advocate you record the murder of Mr. Kennedy Barns, wantonly attacked by seven boys. You think it is high time for the Magistrates to put a stop to such disgraceful proceedings. I agree with you that a very active and decided line of conduct is necessary at the present crisis to prevent further disturbances and crime. I consider to obtain this much desired object and benefit, much depends upon the example and precept instilled by parents into the minds of their children. If parents neglect to inculcate principles of integrity and religion, the pernicious seeds of profligacy and vice will soon overrun the mind and betray youth into crimes of the deepest dye; but such is the power of religion, that it is not possible, when its impressions are made in the early part of life.

Thorold, Sept. 23rd, 1845. possible, when its impressions are made in the early part of life, entirely to efface them. Into what follies may not thoughtless youth be betrayed, when not fortified either by the sense of right or the fear of God; the passions bridled by no restraint, plunge them into excesses and crimes, out of which they know not how to extricate themselves. They pursue their destruc-tive course till the sword of justice or the rod of the Almighty due importance would do infinitely more mischief than could possible number of stones, pelied by mischievous boys.—

went yesterday to look at the building itself, and our mion is, most decidedly, that there is no mischief done but tive course till the sword of justice or the rod of the Almighty stops their mad career. If the parents of any one of these seven boys have neglected their duty, "How dreadful the reflection," that their savage conduct is chiefly owing to themselves, to their misplaced indulgence, and unpardonable neglect.

The notorious Robert Owen, the leader of the atheistica

Gazette informs us that the management of that useful Conservative Journal passes into other hands. We are pleased to observe that the change of conductors will produce no departure from the excellent principles which have hitherto marked the character of this periodical. The following extract is a

trantee for its future soundness. "An arrangement baving been made whereby the 'Prince Edward Gazette' comes under the management and into the hands of the subscribers, it is expected that under such circumstances a definite statement of our views be published, in order that the great Conservative cause should not decline by the support which our humble exertions will be energetically given perpetuate. Much as has been said about Equal Rights and sible Government, it is found—and the feeling is gene Responsible Government, it is found—and the feeling is general—that the freedom which is now enjoyed by all classes of her Majesty's subjects—the peace and tranquility which extends over both provinces, is evidently based on a permanent footing and considered universally propitious. Attempts may be made by factious spirits, to produce agitation, but they will be comparatively speaking feeble, inert and incapable of doing any mischief. It will be our duty to oppose in as far as we are able, any attempt of this kind—and on the other hand, firmly, the constitution of the desired product of the conservative cause. mperately, and independently support the Conservative cause, which the connection between Canada and the British Em-

By the explosion of the steamboat Dayton, between Corpu

against them, and expected large reinforcements from the sur-

unding country.

The Sheriff of Hancock county had issued a proclamation, calling on the Mormons to remain quiet, and ordering out a posse comitatus to suppress the rioters. Other accounts tell us posse comitatus to suppress the rioters. Other accounts ten as that an Anti-Mormon was shot, while employed in hunting the Sheriff, who is a Mormon, and that the people are dreadfully excited, and are driving the Mormons from all the out-settlements into Nauvoo. It is also said that the people of Iowa are treating the Mormons in the same way.—Montreal Courier.

Office of H. M. Chief Agent for the Superintendence of Emigration in Canada, QUEBEC, 22d September, 1845. Number of Emigrants arrived at this Port, during the week

		Cabin			Steerage.
From	England,	4			37
	Ireland,	5			54
	Scotland,	0		***	91
	Lower Ports,	0	***	***	5
		-			1000
		9			187
	usly reported,				23958
		525			24145
To sar	ne period last year				18864
Increa	se in favour of 184				
	A				

NEW BRUNSWICK.

THE NEW STEAMER. -On Friday, the 19th ult., about 5 under their hand certified—oh, monstrous perversion of truth
-that John Montgomery is a good and loyal subject of Her
made her trial in presence of a large number of the good citizens of Fredericton. Built on a novel and newly constructed principle—one which has baffled attempts hitherto made even by some of Brother Jonathan's best calculators—some fears were reasonably entertained respecting the Reindeer's answer-

> dericton, and from thence to the Grand Falls; Capital £1,-500,000, in 30,000 shares, of £50 each. The Courier also contains a communication stating that it is in contemplation to establish a line of Steamboats from St. John to the head of the Bay of Fundy .- The Loyalist. THE WEATHER .- After an exceedingly wet and cold sum-

> mer, we have experienced the worst harvest weather we ever witnessed. For the last four weeks we have had a continuation of heavy rains with scarcely any intermission,—not over four or five fine days during that period, and then, we believe, never two fine days consecutively.—Loyalist, Sept. 25.

> POTATOE ROT.—A correspondent of the Bangor Courier orgues that there is no disease in the potatoe, but in the stalk, and that the former decays by fermentation, the stalk being destroyed before the root is ripe. He recommends farmers, whose crops are attacked, to dig their potatoes immediately and spread them out to dry .- Loyalist.

FROM TEXAS.

The New Orleans Picayune of the 19th contains the following further intelligence, received by the steamer Alabama:—
The U. S. sloop of war St. Mary's arrived at the Bay of Aransas on the 15th inst., with a bearer of despatches on board for Gen. Taylor from Washington. On the evening of the same day, the U. S. brig Porpoise hove off the bar and communicated with the St. Mary's. In half an hour thereafter she sailed towards Vera Cruz. Nothing as to their purposes or ntelligence transpired.

We have been favoured with the following extract of a leter from Gen. Taylor to a gentleman in this city, dated Corpus

Christi, Sep. 14th.

"As yet we have met with no enemy, nor do I expect we shall do so, at least for some time; as our Chief Magistrate cannot declare war, and from all the information I can obtain I do not believe that Mexico will declare war against us; even should she have the temerity to do so, she will hardly attempt to invade any of our territory, but will act on the defensive

The report as to the health of the troops, both volunteers and regulars, is entirely favourable. Not a word had been heard, save via New Orleans, of General Arista, nor was there any expectation of hearing of him in the shape of an attack. Gen. Taylor, however, was ever on the alert.

The Government has in its employ the steamers White Wing

and Neva, the sloops Sarah Foyle and Tom Jack, and the schooners Denmark and Carolina, all plying between Corpus Christi and St. Joseph's. The old steamer Monmouth leaks so badly that it is feared she cannot be got round to New Or-Our papers by this arrival come down to the 6th inst. only

from Galveston, they are principally occupied with the labours of the Convention for forming a State Constitution. That pody terminated its sittings on the 28th ult., and the president of Texas immediately issued his proclamation, in pursuance of its provisions, for submitting the same to the people.

The Constitution it is thought will be accepted by the people without hesitation. President Jones's proclamation directs the instince of the

the justices of the several counties to cause the polls to be opened on the 13th of October next, for the purpose of taking the sense of the people of Texas in regard to the adoption or rejection of the constitution; also for their opinion for and against annexation; and also, for their opinion upon the adoption or rejection of the ordinance relative to lands, published yesterday. The election is to be conducted and the returns made in conformity with the middle of the returns made in conformity with the middle of the returns made in conformity with the middle of the returns made in conformity with the middle of the returns made in conformity with the middle of the returns made in conformity with the middle of the returns made in conformity with the middle of the returns made in conformity with the middle of the returns made in conformity with the middle of the returns made in conformity with the middle of the returns made in conformity with the middle of the returns made in conformity with the returns made in conformit ormity with the existing laws regulating elections.

The Hon. G. W. Terrell, late Texan Minister to France and

England, arrived at Galveston on the 2nd inst., in the Hope Gen. Jas. Pickney Henderson, at the urgent solictation of his friends, has consented to allow his name to be used as a candidate for the office of first Governor of the State of Texas.

NIAGARA DISTRICT BRANCH OF THE DIOCESAN CHURCH

The Managing Committee are hereby reminded that their next Quarterly Meeting will be held (D.V.) in the parish of the Lake Shore, mouth of the Grand River, on Wednesday and Thursday, the 15th and 16th of October,—to meet on Wednesday Thursday, the 15th and Tour connectary, needay afternoon at Dunnville.

T. B. FULLER, Secretary.

GOVERNESS.

LADY having had much experience in Tuition, is desito be addressed to the office of this paper. October 2nd, 1845.

EDUCATION.

what is recommonly done to unoccupied buildings, of every the side of the edifice which is viewed by the adjacent houses is that which has nearly altogether escaped damage.—Gazette.

Mr. Editor, if through the medium of your moral and valuable paper, this should remind parents of their duty, and prove a useful lesson, the object is obtained of —Ottawa Advocate.

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Mr. Editor, if through the medium of your moral and valuable paper, this should remind parents of their duty, and prove a useful lesson, the object is obtained of —Ottawa Advocate.

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Mr. Editor, if through the medium of your moral and valuable paper, this should remind parents of their duty, and prove the experienced and competent Assistant, is out-pensioner from 39th Regiment, he is informed that the work and the control of the control o

G. & T. BILTON,

(LATE T. J. PRESTON,) MERCHANT TAILORS. No. 2, Wellington Buildings.

HAVI the pleasure to announce the arrival of their Fall and Winter Goods, comprising a choice asortment of the best West of England Cloths, Casimeres, &c. &c., in a variety of shades, selected expressly for their ards. The Subcribers consider it only necessary to state, that, in

ir present importation, they have fully carried out the principle adopted by them in the selection of their Spring Goods, viz. :- to kep nothing but a first-rate article, -- rendering it unnecessary it the Gentry of Canada West to send to London or Montrea for their Clothing. The same attention will be given to the conducting of the Tailoring Department, so as to ensure a outinuance of the distinguished patronage with which the phages been favoured. which theyhave been favoured.

N. B.—flergymen and Barristers' Gowns, &c. &c., made

Septembe 29, 1845. CIURCHMAN'S ALMANAC.

During the present Month will be published THE CHURCHMAN'S ALMANAC FOR 1846,

COTTAINING FORTY-EIGHT PAGES

band, was burnt to the ground by the Loyalists; and every body is equally well aware, that this same John Montgomery, after being found guilty of treason, and sentenced to death, which was afterwards commuted to transportation, escaped more from Fort Henry at Kingston, and took shelter in that general refuge for the felon, the United States.

It is not very long since that this John Montgomery became the onsect of meet of the state of the death of the state of the onsect of the state of the onsect of the state of the state of the state of the onsect of the state of the s

October 1, 1845. ICCLESIASTICAL MUSIC.

NEARLY READY, AND WILL BE PUBLISHED ABOUT THE MIDDLE OF OCTOBER, ITH THE SANCTION OF THE HON. AND RIGHT REVEREND

CANADIAN CHURCH PSALMODY: CONSISTING OF A Selection of Psalm Tunes, Chants, &c. EDITED BY J. P. CLARKE,

ORGANIST OF CHRIST CHURCH, HAMILTON, THE work will be in medium oblong 4to size, and consist of about one hundred and twenty pages, containing enerally two Psalm Tunes on a page, with Organ or Piano lorte accompaniments, with Anthems for the principal Festiuls during the year, and numerous double and single Chants,

PRICE—In stiff covers, with cloth backs, 6s. 3d. each; full bound in cloth, lettered, 7s. 6d. each.

Persons desirous of having copies more handsomely or subsantially bound will please send their orders to the Publishers.

The work will be for sale, and orders for it may be left at, because of the publishers.

PORTRAIT OF THE HONORABLE AND RIGHT REVEREND The Lord Bishop of Toronto.

T is proposed to publish an Engraving of his Lordship the Bishop of Toronto, from a Painting just completed by Mr. Berthon. The size and style of the Engraving will be similar to the Portrait of His Excellency the Governor General, recently subject. or lis Lordship's family and friends, and is universally pro-nousced to be a most correct and admirable likeness. Persons desious of securing copies of the Engraving, are requested to forward their names without delay. The price will be

Proofs,£1 0 0 The Painting may be seen, and Subscribers names received H. & W. ROWSELL,

King Street, Toronto.

Unper Canada Collège WILL RE-OPEN, after the Summer Vacation, on Wednesday, the 24th September. TERMS:

DAY SCHOLARS.

September 10th, 1845.

Preparatory School......£1 10 0 per quarter. College Forms 2 5 0 4 BOARDERS, (Entering after 24th September, 1845.)

Maximum do. do. do. 33 16 0 4 OPTIONAL BRANCHES-(EXTRA): Hebrew and German. J. P. DE LA HAYE,

Collector pro tem. The Toronto Patriot, Herald, British Canadian, British Colonist, Quebec Mercury, Montreal Courier, Kingston Chronicle, Cobourg Star, and London Inquirer, will please insert till the First of November. Toronto, September, 1845. COLBORNE DISTRICT

GRAMMAR SCHOOL. PRINCIPAL: THE REV. ROBERT J. C. TAYLOR, M.A.

SECOND MASTER: HENRY BALDWIN, Esq., B.A. THE REV. ROBERT J. C. TAYLOR, RECTOR OF

PETERBOROUGH, on taking charge of the above Insti-n, which, under the name of the "Peterborough Government School," he for many years formerly conducted, informs the public, that he is now prepared to receive Pupils into his family, whose general Education he undertakes to superintend, and who, in common with his own children, shall have the Denefit of his watchful and unremitting attention.

To those resident at a distance, or to recently arrived Emi-grants, who have not yet decided on their ultimate destination, and who are often influenced in their decision by a desire of and who are often influenced in their decision by a desire of living in the vicinity of a School, where their children can be fitted for Mercantile pursuits or the learned Professions,—to such it may be proper to state, that, Peterborough, the Capital of the Colborne District, is a large and rapidly increasing County Town, easy of access, either by Stage or Steamboat, and is remarkable for its beautiful and healthy situation.

Mr. TAYLOR'S qualifications for the office of Instruction are Mr. TAYLOR'S qualifications for the omice of Instruction are generally known; he can, however, if necessary, refer to many eminent individuals in the Province, including the Lord Bishops of Montreal and Toronto. His success as a Prizeman, Modesptor, and College Tutor, he can establish by Testimonials from Fellows and Professors of his University, and his aptitude for imparting the information has presented in fully youghed for in imparting the information he possesses is fully vouched for in Letters from two successive Lieutenant Governors of Upper Canada, Lord Seaton and Sir Francis Bond Head. Mr. TAYLOR undertakes to read a course of Mathematics or Classics with any Pupil, desirous of acquiring a higher degree of proficiency in these branches of study than is usually attainable in Public Schools.

Terms, for Board and Tuition, may be known on application. A reduction will be made when two or more pupils are members of the same family.

The School opens on Wednesday, the 17th inst. Peterborough, Canada West, 12th Sept., 1845.

RS. KING has opened a LADIES' SCHOOL at Cornwall, and begs to name the following Gentlemen as references.

In Toronto.—The Rev. Dr. McCaul, the Rev. H. J. Grasett, Hon. Mr. Justice McLean, and Messrs. H. & W. Rowsell.

In Cornwall.—The Rev. J. G. B. Lindsay, Geo. S. Jarvis, Esq., A. McLean, Esq., and P. Vankoughnet, Esq. A limited number of Young Ladies can be received as Boarders. EDUCATION.

TERMS PER QUARTER—(in advance.) For Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar,
History, Biography, Plain and Ornamental
Needle-work, &c. &c. £1 10
Drawing and Painting—each 1 10
Piano, Guitar, and Harp—each 1 10
Dancing 1 10 First Rudiments.

Board and Education in the above branches,— (Dancing extra) 12 0 0
Cornwall, April 7th, 1845. 405-26

BOARDING SCHOOL, FOR YOUNG LADIES, BY MRS. GEORGE RYERSON.

TERMS PER QUARTER: NUITION in the following Branches of Educa- £ s. d. tion, viz.:—Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar, History, Geography, the use of the Globes, French, and Needlework.....

Tuition to Junior Classes, under Ten Years of Age-Each Young Lady to furnish her own Bed, Bedding, and

A Quarter's notice required before removing a Pupil.—
Quarters commence on the 9th May, 1st of September, 23rd of November, and 15th of February.

Mrs. Ryerson hopes to do justice to those who may entrust their children to her care, as she has had much experience in the work of instruction in the West of England, in Dublin, and in London, in the families of Noblemen and private Gentlemen.

Bay Street, (between King Street and.) Bay Street, (between King Street and) Adelaide Street) March, 1845.

EDUCATION.

Beclesiasteal, Commercial and General Information.

Price Fourpence.

THE generally increased demand for this Almanac during the last two years has induced the Publishers to print a much largeredition for 1846, which enables them to reduce the price to Fourpeace Currency. Clergymen and others. THOS. KIRKPATRICK, Esq., of Kingston.

GEORGE S. BOULTON, Esq., of Cobourg. JOHN TURNBULL, Esq., of Belleville. Mrs. Poetter will be happy to forward her terms to any person who may require them. King Street, Kingston, Sept. 16, 1845.

SMITH'S CANADIAN GAZETTEER. MOMPRISING Statistical and General information con COMPRISING Statistical and General information connected with all parts of the Upper Province; Distance Tables; Lists of Professions and Trades; Stage and Steamboats' fares; Lists of Post Offices, Hotels, &c. &c., with descriptions of the leading features of each Township, as regards soil, climate, productions, &c., together with a mass of other useful information, collected from the best authorities, verified by personal observation and enquiries on each spot.—The author having visited every Town, Village, and New Settlement in the Upper Province, for that express purpose.

Embellished with a superior MAP, in which will be laid down every Village and New Settlement.

BY WILLIAM HENRY SMITH. In one handsome volume bound. Price to Subscribers, 10s. To be ready for delivery in January, 1846. Those places from which Dr. Smith has not yet obtained information, will be visited by him during the present

Summer and Autumn. July 21, 1845. Subscriptions received at the Star Office.

SADDLERY.

THE Subscriber, having purchased the Stock in Trade of The work will be for sale, and orders for it may be left at, hamsay, Armour & Co.'s, Kingston; Goodeve & Corrigal's, Cobourg; Ramsay & McKendrick's, Hamilton; J. F. Rogers, Woodstock; Armour & Ramsay, and J. Walton's, Montreal.

H. & W. ROWSELL,

King Street, Toronto. 429-tf to manufacture to order every description of articles connected

with the business.

The Subscriber, being aware of the great attention and assiduity bestowed on the business by his predecessor, and, while he solicits the patronage of his customers, he assures them that the same principles will be adhered to which have characterized his establishment.

WILLIAM PEARSON.

Cobourg, August 5, 1845.

A. & S. NORDHEIMER'S MUSIC ESTABLISHMENT. 122, King Street, Toronto,

SOLE AGENTS of the celebrated PIANO FORTES of Stoddart & Co., New York, and Chickering, of Boston; also, a great variety of other Piano Fortes, of good makers, always on hand, as well as a large and choice assortment of every kind of Brass and Stringed Instruments. A very large and choice collection of the latest publications in Music just received. N.B. Messrs. A. & S. N. beg to give notice that they have 426-tf appointed Mr. CHARLES BOYER, STATIONER, in Cobourg, to act as their Agent, who has now a selection of choice pieces on hand, and will continue to receive the newest publications monthly. Any order in the line left with him, or sent direct to us, will meet with immediate attention.

Old Piano Fortes taken in exchange for new ones. August 22, 1845. FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS, Apothecaries' and Confectioners' Ware:

STONE MORTARS and PESTLES,
Preserve Jars and Gally Pots, covered and uncovered,
Water Closets, Bidet, Chair and Bed Pans, Breast Pipes, Breast Glasses, and Nipple-Shells, Vials and Stoppered Rounds, Pickle and Sauce Bottles, Confectioners and Covers, Fish Globes,

Painters' Materials. White Lead, several qualities, Venetian Red, and Spanish Brown, Green and Black Paints, ground in eil, Dry White Lead, Red Lead, nish Brown, Purple Brown, Rose, English and Dutch Pinks, Prussian Blue, Blue-Black and Damp Blue, Distemper Green, B. T. and Y. T.

Distemper Green, B. T. and Y. T.
Brunswick Greens, light and dark shades,
Litharge, Chrome Yellow, Lampblack, &c.
Whitewash Brushes, Paint Brushes, Varnish Brushes; Sash
Tools; Swan-quill Pencils and Camel-hair Pencils; Win dow Glass, assorted sizes; Boiled and Raw Linseed Oil of the very best quality; Spirits Turpentine and Camphine Oil. Dye Stuffs.

Logwood, Camwood, Redwood, and Dye Stuffs generally. JOHN MULHOLLAND & Co. Toronto, August 13, 1845. 10, City Buildings. 243-15 CHINA, FINE EARTHEN AND STONE WARE.

FIGHE Subscribers have received and are opening a large and varied assortment of the latest and best styles
In Table Ware, " Tea and Breakfast Ware,

"Toilet Ware,
"China Vases, Figures, &c. &c.
Richly Gilt, Ornamented and Plain. GLASSWARE: Wine Decanters; Claret and Water Jugs; Champagne, Ale, Claret, Hock and Wine Glasses and Tumblers, of richly Cut

Flint; low priced Cut Glass, and best Plain Flint Glass.
Looking Glasses, and Looking-glass Plate.
Solar, Astral and Branch Lamp Covers and Chimneys, in very variety of size. every variety of size.

The Subscribers will be regularly receiving considerable additions to their present Stock of Goods, during the remainder

of the business season.

Orders received by Mail, accompanied by a remittance or a satisfactory reference, will receive prompt and careful attention. JOHN MULHOLLAND & Co. Toronto, August 13, 1845.

250 CRATES CROCKERY. SUITABLE to the COUNTRY TRADE, for sale, either by the package, or put up to suit purchasers, by JOHN MULHOLLAND & Co.

Toronto, August 13. 1845. JOHN C. BETTRIDGE,

YONGE STREET, TORONTO, HAS just received from the English, French, and American Markets, an extensive Stock of GENUINE, PATENT AND OTHER MEDICINES:

Drugs, Perfumery, Dye Stuffs, Oils, Colours, Varnishes; GROCERIES, WINES AND LIQUORS: AND EVERY OTHER ARTICLE USUALLY KEPT BY CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS, AND GROCERS.

All of which he is prepared to sell, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, On as Liberal Terms as can be obtained in Canada West. An able Assistant has been engaged to superintend the Drug Department.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED Toronto, July, 1845.

TRENT CHURCH.

THE Subscribers to the TRENT CHURCH, residing in and about Cobourg, are requested to pay their respective Subscriptions to Benjamin Clark, Esq., who holds a list of their names, and is duly authorised to receive the same.

(Signed) SHELDON HAWLEY,

Treasurer to the Building Committee February 20, 1845. S. Givins.

H. & W. ROWSELL, Book-sellers and Printers

TO THE UNIVERSITY OF KING'S COLLEGE,

AVE always on hand an extensive assortment of Books, and are prepared to execute orders which may be given them for procuring Books either from England or from the United States. They particularly invite attention to the facilities they possess for executing orders in Great Britain. having a near relation resident in London, who has had long expensions in the business and who personally attends to the executions. rience in the business, and who personally attends to the ex

Books procured from New-York every week by the Express, and delivered for Cash in Toronto at the New-York prices, with the addition only of Duty and Exchange.—English and American Catalogues of Books can be seen at H. & W. R's.

OODEVE & CORRIGAL beg to intimate to their friends, that they have now in con

Book and Stationery Store, a Book-binding and Paper-ruling Establishment, and are now prepared to execute Book-binding and Ruling to any pattern, and of every description.

Account, School and Toy Books, and Stationery of every

Cobourg, 15th May, 1845.

lescription, always on hand

JUST PUBLISHED, A SELECTION OF PSALMS, HYMNS, AND ANTHEMS.

For every Sinday and Principal Festival throughout the year.

For the use of Congregations in the Dioceses of Quebec and Toronto. Published under the sanction of the Hon, and Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Montreal, and the Hon, and Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Toronto. A new edition of the above is now ready and for sale, price A new collision of the above is now ready and for safe, price Two Shillings, bound in cloth, at the Depository of The Church Society, Toronto; J. Walton's, Montreal; Messrs. Goodeve & Corrigal, Cobourg; and at the Publishers', H. & W. ROWSELL,

King Street, Toronto. Aug. 6, 1845. JUST PUBLISHED.

AND FOR SALE AT THE "CHURCH" OFFICE, IN SHEET FORM, (PRICE 9d.) THE TABLE OF CUSTOMS DUTIES

TO BE LEVIED On Articles Imported by Land or Inland Navigation INTO THE

PROVINCE OF CANADA. FROM AND AFTER THE 6TH APRIL, 1845. This is an indispensable document to all persons engaged in Trade, and an early application is recommended Cobourg, May 9th, 1845.

Teeth! Teeth!! Teeth!!! R. COWLES has again returned to Cobourg and will resume the practice of his profession as Dentist. Having supplied himself with new Instruments as well as beautiful Porcelain Teeth and Gold Foil, he is now prepared to wait apon his friends at his office or at their dwellings. Cobourg, 8th Sept., 1845.

426-tf A SAW-MILL FOR SALE OR TO LET, OR GIVEN IN EXCHANGE

FOR OTHER PROPERTY. THE Subscriber proposes to sell, or let, or would give in exchange for other Property, the SAW-MILL on Lot No. 11, in the 3rd Concession of the Township of Hamilton,

(about 3) miles from the Town of Cobourg).

The Mill has the advantage of a Never Failing stream of water, and rents at Fifty Pounds per annum.

The Purchaser, or Lessee, can have, (at his option) in addition to the Mill, from 100 to 300 acres of LAND, as may be agreed upon,—40 to 50 acres of which are improved. The Land is welf supplied with PINE TIMBER. There is also on the Premises a FRAME DWELLING-HOUSE, with an ORCHARD of from 40 to 50 bearing Fruit-trees.

The Subscriber has also for sale about 30 000 Croppe Revise.

The Subscriber has also for sale about 30,000 CEDAR RAILS. For further particulars, apply to

WILLIAM SOLOMON.

TO LET. On Reasonable Terms, THE COUNTRY RESIDENCE, LODGE, and extenwright, eligibly situated on the Bay, two miles from the Town, on a Macadamized Road, with about 40 acres of land.

Possession given this Fall. Apply to F. M. HILL, Esq. ALSO: to be Let next Spring, a FARM in the vicinity, with a good House and Out-Buildings, &c.

Kingston, August 28, 1845. TO UNIVERSITY STUDENTS, AND OTHERS. A FEW young Gentlemen can be accommodated with fur-nished Lodging and Board, by a Lady residing in To-ronto, and who occupies one of the best and most conveniently situated houses in that city. Reference to Thomas Champion Esq., 144 King Street, and an early application is requested.

LAND SCRIP FOR SALE BY A. B. TOWNLEY, Land and House Agent,

130, KING STREET, TORONTO. [423tf BANK STOCK BOUGHT AND SOLD BY A. B. TOWNLEY,

Land and House Agent, &c. 130, KING STREET, TORONTO. [423-tf BIRTHS.

At the Parsonage, Mascouche, on the 3rd inst., the lady of At the Parsonage, Mascouche, on the 3rd inst., the may be the Rev. John Torrance, of a son.

At the Rectory, Cornwall, on the 28th Sept., the lady of the Rev. J. B. Lindsay, of a Daughter.

At Otonsbee, Colborne District, on Wednesday 1st inst.,

Mrs. Wm. F. McMasters of a son.

Mrs. wm. F. McMasters of a son. Mrs. Wm. F. Accidances of a son.

At Toronto, on Wednesday the 24th ult., the lady of W.
C. Gwynne, Esq., Professor of King's College, of a son.

At Hamilton, C.W., on Wednesday morning, Sept. 24, Mrs.

C. H. Webster of a daughter.
On the 24th ult., at No. 7, Mountain Terrace, Montreal, Mrs. Philip Durnsford of a son. MARRIED. At Drummondville Church, on the 16th ult., by the Rev. W. Leeming, Professor Henry Sullivan, of the University of King's College, Toronto, to Christina Georgina, youngest daughter of the late Lieutenant-Colonel McGregor, C.B., of her Majesty's 59th Regiment of Foot.

On the 30th alt., at Erpingham Lodge, Darlington, by the Rev. T. S. Kennedy, James Ed. Major, Esq., of Montreal, to Charlotte, third daughter of Wm. Smith, Esq., late of Arklow, County Wicklow, Ireland.

At St. George's Church, Grafton, on the 26th ult., by the Rev. J. Wilson, Mr. Wm. Stewart, of Haldimand, to Elizabeth daughter of Mr. John Willis, bete of Cork Leded.

beth, daughter of Mr. John Willis, late of Co. Cork, Ireland. DIED. At his residence in Perth, C. W., on the 26th ultimo, after a short but severe attack of Paralysis, Dr. Alexander Thom, formerly Surgeon of the 41st Regiment, and afterwards on the Medical Staff in Canada. Having served throughout the late war, he was, at its close, appointed Medical Officer to the Mili-

tary Settlement then forming at Perth, and afterwards retired on half pay. His was a character of sterling worth, and he has left behind him many sorrowing friends and relations, and no At Urica (N.Y.), on the 22d ult., Mr. Ludlow, formerly a School Teacher in Upper Canada, amongst the Six Nation In-

dians.
At Niagara, on the 30th ult., Angus Cameron, Esq., Paymaster of the Royal Canadian Rifle Regiment, and formerly of the 79th or Cameron Highlanders, in the 63rd year of his age.
At his father's residence, St. Urbain Street, on Saturday morning the 4th inst., Robert Armour, Junior, Esq., Advocate and Barrister at Law, of this Province, and Law Clerk of the Hon. the Legislative Council, aged 38.

At Windsor Nova Scotia, on the 10th Sept. last, Miss Cochran, eldest daughter of the late Rev. Dr. Cochran, of that place, and sister of the Hon. A. W. Cochran, of Quebec.

Letters received during the week ending Thursday, Oct. 9: Mr. H. Bubbitt; Rev. W. D. L. Street; Rev. M. Harris (2); Rev. Dr. Bethune; Rev. E. J. Boswell, rem.; J. H. Hagarty, Esq. (note of Aug. 24 with enclosure—much obliged); Rev. J. V. Van Ingen; Rev. F. W. Sandys; Rev. J. Wilson; Rev.

397-tf M. M. unfortunately crowded out.