

A FUNERAL AT SEA.

One of our passengers, a Colonel W., had served his country in various climes for thirty-nine years; nine of them in India. His eldest son, following in his steps, had embraced that profession also, and was in the service of the East India Company. His other and younger son, when he had been out to Australia to settle there, was located on a creek, a tributary of the Goulburn. Then it was, after twenty years' residence, that he perceived his constitution beginning to give way, and his thoughts turned anxiously to the home of his youth, when, being encouraged by his physicians, who assured him it was possible he might endure the voyage, he determined to re-visit Ireland, set his affairs in order, and expire in the arms of his only daughter, left solitary in the paternal mansion. When on board, during a few brilliant days that we were becalmed to the south-west of New Zealand, supported by his faithful servant Mickey, he left his cabin, and sat in the cheery sunshine on the quarter-deck. There we spent long, driven on the day after day, and week after week, towards the South-pole—and in the rough weather the veteran was no more seen. On we went through the Southern Pacific—sometimes surrounded by numerous and immense icebergs—driving amidst them through storm and darkness—a sublime, yet dangerous situation. We were pleasantly visited by rain, hail, sleet, and snow—in that wintry region. Again, after rounding Cape Horn, after passing the Falkland Isles, we were approaching the more genial atmosphere of tropical latitudes; and once more the grey-headed warrior, resting his hand on Mickey's shoulder, came forth, and basked in the sunshine of the quarter-deck. In that weary, chilly, and anxious time, how much he was changed for the worse. Pale, thin, and haggard-looking, you felt he could not survive long. Again he was confined to his cabin, grew gradually weaker, and expired in the night of the 6th of June. Intelligence of his death spread swiftly and sadly through the vessel. Early orders were given by the captain that the whole crew should be neatly dressed, and orderly attend at noon the funeral and solemnly interred in the bowels of the ship, and four seamen carried the corpse from the tully, on a portion of the hatchway, for a pall. On the gangway of the lee-side of the ship the body was placed; a numerous, reverent, and respectable assemblage surrounded it; whilst the beautiful and impressive burial-service was most appropriately read by a venerable Scotch gentleman, Mr. Erskine, of Alva. The morning had been bright—the wind gentle—the sea softly glittering in the sun. Now, in the deep silence, and the sound of that one only voice—the sun as if purposely retired behind a cloud—the wild sighs among the cordage—the very sea-birds, petrels and albatross—seemed to move about the ship on noiseless pinions—in that profound hush of the intensely solitary ocean. How powerfully were impressed upon you, during this scene, the mysteries of life and death. Always seemed to me most sublime and touching the Church burial-service—even where the stir of life is densest in thronged towns—solemnly beautiful in the homely rural quiet of country churchyards; but at sea, when human life seems a thing of accident—the plaything of wind and wave—how infinitely more impressive. At the words "we therefore commit his body to the deep," there was a sudden motion of the hatchway—a chilling sensation was felt by all present—and the body was launched into the ocean. A lady on the poop saw the body float on the water for a moment, then disappear forever. Powerfully impressed by the circumstances of this funeral, I composed almost immediately the following poem—

THE SOLDIER FINDS A SEAMAN'S GRAVE.
Astrid for fame, his native coast,
He left for India's burning strand,
To combat with the alien host,
With dauntless heart and desperate hand.
Often he fought, as on the sea,
Returned with joy that victory gave,
Who here this day, on the lone sea,
Has sunk into a seaman's grave.
Where thick the bolts of death were sped;
Where men in festering beds were strown;
Unearthed 'midst storms of carnage dread,
He safe returned unto his own.
Returned with Fame to Love—to be
Of Love and Fame the blessed slave;
Who here this day, on the lone sea,
Has found at length a seaman's grave.
The honours paid to young and old,
To warriors dead, he must forego;
The drum in mournful measures rolled—
The march, the music, rings no more.
His comrades armed, his charger led,
Round which war's magic shade lay;
With the last tribute to the dead—
How different from the seaman's grave.
Beloved was she who bailed him lord,
And bled'st were those who called him sire,
The shapers of his festive board,
The brighteners of his waning fire;
But years glide on, and fast will be
The things we most would bless and save,
As well he knew who on the sea
This day has found a seaman's grave.

[From Richard Howitt's "Impressions of Australia, during four years' residence with that British Colony. Notes of a voyage round the world; Australian Poems, &c., in MS.]

Ecclesiastical Intelligence.

IRELAND.

COLLEGE OF ST. COLUMBA.
On Monday, the 16th of September, His Grace the Lord Primate held his first Visitation of this institution. His Grace arrived at the college at half-past two o'clock, accompanied by the Rev. Dr. Miller, Vicar-General of Armagh, and the Rev. James Jones, His Grace's Chaplain. He was received by the Lord Bishop of Meath, the Rector of Meath, Archdeacon Disney, Rector of Stackallan, and the following Governors of the college: Viscount Adair, M.P., Rev. Dr. Elrington, Augustus Stafford O'Brien, Esq., M.P., William Monnell, Esq., and the Rev. Dr. Todd. His Grace having visited the apartments of the Warden and Fellows, with the chapel, school-room, and dormitory, the Governors laid before him the following report:—"My Lord Primate—On the occasion of your Grace's first Visitation of the College of St. Columba, the founders and governors deem it their duty to submit to you the following brief account of the progress that has been made towards the attainment of the objects for which the college was founded. Your Grace is aware that in April, 1844, possession was taken of Stackallan House, of which a lease for seven years was obtained, as a temporary site for the College. The Warden and Fellows were formally appointed on the 25th of that month, and, on the 1st of August following, the necessary repairs and alterations being completed, the educational department of the College was opened, and at the close of the term, ending on the 16th of December last, there were seven boys on the books. During the second term, ending on the 1st of July last, the number of boys had increased to seventeen, and at present there are twenty-five on the books of the College. As the cultivation of the Irish language is one of the principal objects of the Institution, in the first instance, the measures that have been adopted for the attainment of this end. Five Irish Scholarships have been founded in the University of Dublin, under regulations which have received your Grace's approval, and that of the Provost of Trinity College.

These Scholarships have already been the means of encouraging and assisting several members of the University in the study of Irish. Mr. Coffey, one of the first Scholars elected on this foundation, who has spoken Irish from infancy, is now a Fellow of St. Columba's, and to him has been intrusted the instruction of the boys in that language. Another of the fellows Mr. King, has also made considerable proficiency in the language, and is able to give very efficient assistance in teaching the boys; he is at present engaged, in conjunction with Mr. Coffey, in preparing, for the use of the College, an Irish primer and reading-book. Arrangements have also been made with Mr. O'Donovan, one of the best Irish scholars now living, for the publication of a complete Irish grammar for the use of the higher classes. Twelve Scholarships have also been founded in the College itself; two of the value of forty guineas per annum, and ten of thirty guineas; the two former are tenable only by boys who are vicerally acquainted with Irish before their admission into the College, and the remainder are held on the condition of acquiring that language. Every scholar of the College is required to learn Irish daily, and several have made such proficiency, that we hope very soon to introduce conversation classes. But while we have thus paid every possible attention to the cultivation of the Irish language, we have not forgotten that another very important part of our undertaking is to establish a classical school of the best and most efficient kind. No pains or expense have been spared to effect this object; and we have been fortunate enough to secure the services of a Warden and Fellows, to whose zeal and energy is mainly owing the success that has hitherto attended us. The classical department of the College has been placed under the care of two gentlemen, both of them in holy orders, who have been distinguished for their classical attainments in the University of Oxford; and Mr. King, who is also in orders, and who was formerly a Scholar of Trinity College, Dublin, has undertaken to give instructions in science and in Hebrew. One of the Fellows, Mr. Monk, is an accomplished musician, and, with his assistance, the Warden has been enabled to establish singing classes among the boys, and to teach them the elements of music theoretically. Their success has been such, that the boys are now able to take part in the psalmody in the parish church, and to perform occasionally the choral service in the College chapel. To another of the Fellows, Mr. Du Noyer, has been committed the department of drawing, and although he has joined the College only during the last term, the pupils have made a very considerable progress under his instructions. A very competent teacher of modern languages (Mons. De Crettes) has been engaged. This gentleman is not a member of the College, but resides in the neighbourhood, and attends daily, or as often as is found necessary, to give instructions. Besides French, which is his native language, M. De Crettes is qualified to teach Italian and German; and any or all of these languages, if desired by the parents of the pupils, will be taught without any additional charge. In carrying out the remainder of our plan, we have experienced considerable difficulties, chiefly arising from the inadequacy of our present temporary house to supply the accommodation required. We must, therefore, take immediate steps to procure a permanent site for the College, and to erect, without further delay, the necessary buildings. For this purpose we must endeavour to add very considerably to our funds, by an earnest appeal to the friends of religious education, and the support we have already received leads us to entertain a confident hope that such an appeal will not be made in vain. To one donor, whose name we are not permitted to mention, our most grateful thanks are due, for the magnificent gift of £2000, which is to be made the foundation of a permanent endowment. We are also under deep obligations to several zealous friends, for most valuable presents of carved oak furniture, of plate for the service of the chapel, of a large bell, and of an organ which has cost £600. Our benefactors have prohibited the public mention of their names, and therefore we can only express in this general way our thankfulness, and our conviction that the welfare of the Institution is effectually promoted by donations such as these. They enable us at once to give to the house an air of dignity; they remove, in a great measure, the appearance of a new establishment, and they tend to create those associations which have been found so important as auxiliaries of education in our ancient schools and colleges. The liberality of our friends has also enabled us to collect together a most valuable and useful library. We have had your Grace's permission to employ the magnificent donation which you were pleased to contribute to our funds, in the purchase of books, with which we hope to connect your name, and thus to record the honourable patronage you have given to the college, in a more permanent manner than if we had expended your Grace's donation in the general purposes of the establishment. Other friends have also contributed some valuable books, so that we are now in possession of a most useful library of classical, theological, and miscellaneous literature. We consider it a most fortunate circumstance that we have been enabled, in this early stage of our labours, to form a library so admirably adapted to promote the purposes of the College, that it cannot fail to be felt as a great addition to the value of a Fellowship, in the estimation of the class of young men whom we would desire to engage. A temporary chapel has been fitted up in a manner we hope not unbecoming its destination. And here again we are indebted to the munificence of our friends, of whom we can only name the President and Fellows of Magdalene College, Oxford. In the internal discipline of the College we have desired to follow, as closely as possible, the model of our ancient institutions, and to exhibit the religion of our Church in all its reality and purity. For this purpose we have provided that daily instructions shall be given in the Holy Scriptures, and in the Church Catechism and formularies; and we have placed the College in close connexion with your Grace, and with the Bishop of this Diocese, resolved to submit ourselves in every respect to the guidance of your Grace's advice and authority; and to anticipate, if possible, your wishes. Acting upon these principles, we feel that we can look with confidence for the Divine blessing upon our labours, conscious that we are aiming only at the promotion of God's glory, and the welfare of His Holy Church. We have provided, with the Bishop's sanction, that morning and evening prayer shall be said daily, according to the order of the Church, in the chapel which His Lordship has been pleased to license for the purpose. But on Sundays, and all other holidays when there is public service, our chapel service is suspended, and all members of the College attend in the parish church. The success that has hitherto attended our efforts, and the present most prosperous state of the Institution, may be taken, we trust, as a proof of the soundness of the principles upon which it is conducted. To the Warden and Fellows our warmest thanks are due, for the manner in which they have at all times received our advice and suggestions; and we cannot allow ourselves to doubt, that the same Providential Hand which has already raised up for the College, agents so admirably fitted for their work, and inclined the hearts of so many of His servants to befriend it by their munificence and their prayers, will continue His blessing, and provide for it the means which are necessary for its permanent and efficient endowment."

ENGLAND.

THE LORD BISHOP OF GLOUCESTER AND BRISTOL, in his late Confirmation tour through Alderton, Camden, Moreton-in-Marsh, Stow, Bourton-on-the-Water, Northleach, Fairford, Oakley, Malmesbury, Chippenham, and Corsham, administered the holy ordinance to 2,959 young persons.

THE LORD BISHOP OF LICHFIELD confirmed on Friday last at Wellington, Shropshire, nearly 700

persons; amongst them were several middle-aged, and one old man at least sixty years of age; on the previous day his lordship confirmed 1,100 young persons at St. Chad's church, Shrewsbury, and 500 at Conover; and on Wednesday last 540 young persons were confirmed by his Lordship at Ellesmere.

UNOSTENTATIOUS MUSICIEN.—A beautiful service of communion plate was being anonymously presented to the new church at Clifton, by a lady.

NEW CHURCHES.—It was stated at the last annual meeting of the Pastoral Aid Society, that in the beginning of the present twenty churches were built in eight years, whereas in the last eight years five hundred and twenty-five have been built.

BURTON-ON-TRENT.—On Wednesday the Lord Bishop of Lichfield consecrated the New Church at this place, in the presence of a large number of Clergymen, and influential inhabitants of the town and neighbourhood. The church is in the early English or Lancet-Gothic style, and is cruciform in its arrangement, and will hold 1,000 persons.

CRICKLADE.—On the 4th inst., the Lord Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol consecrated a new church at Eisey, near this place, in place of a former (which, having become unsafe, had been taken down), within the church-yard, but on a different site. The church is a simple Norman structure, built at the sole expense of Earl St. Germain's, to hold about 120 persons of stone. The circular apse contains six windows fitted with stained glass, the present of a lady, and painted by herself in diaper. The capitals of shafts, stone pulpit, corbels, and other parts, have been left entirely plain, to be enriched at future opportunities. The communion-table is of stone, detached some space from the wall, and the floor round it is laid with encaustic tiles. There is a lectern on a single shaft, copied from an ancient example, and a small kneeling desk within the chancel; both of which, as well as the floor, are plain, and well suited to the church.

THE REV. DR. SCORSEBY, Vicar of Bradford, has returned home, after a voyage across the Atlantic and sojourn in the United States of some months' duration.

PUBLIC ADMISSION OF A ROMISH CONVERT INTO THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—An interesting service took place in the new chapel at Ellerker, in the administration of a person, professing allegiance to the Bishop of Rome, into Communion with the Church of England. The convert was a young man—Mr. Boham—who was attached to a party conducting the government ordnance survey of the county of York. He had been for some time in a course of discipline and instruction, under the care of the Rev. G. F. Townsend, Incumbent of Ellerker; and on Thursday was admitted, in the presence of the Venerable Archdeacon Wilberforce and other Clergymen, into the Holy Communion of the National Church. At the conclusion of the litany, the Venerable Archdeacon Wilberforce proceeded to admit the convert into the Church of England, as to a more pure branch of the one Holy Catholic Church of Christ.

DAILY SERVICE IN PARISH CHURCHES.—The Bishops of the Church of England throughout the seventeenth century, in their charges, very generally and most urgently enforced the duty of observing the daily service. In the life of George Herbert (he was born in 1593) by Isaac Walton, we read as follows:—"Mr. Herbert's own practice was to appear constantly with his wife and three nieces, and his whole family, twice every day at the Church Prayers in the chapel, (belonging to the parish church of Beuron, near Sarum), which does almost join to his parsonage house. . . . He, like Joshua, brought out only his whole household thus to serve the Lord, but brought most of his parishioners, and many gentlemen of the neighbourhood, constantly to make a part of his congregation twice a day; and some of the meaner sort of his parish did so love and reverence Mr. Herbert, that they would let their plough rest when Mr. Herbert's saint's bell rung to prayers, that they might also offer their devotions to God with him; and would then return back to their plough. And his most holy life was such, that it begot such reverence to God, and to him, that they thought themselves the happier, when they carried Mr. Herbert's blessing back with them to their labour."

SCOTLAND.

NEW CHURCH AT DALKEITH.—His Grace the Duke of Buccleuch is now erecting a new Church on his grounds, which will be a great boon to Dalkeith, there being no Church nearer than Musselburgh. The edifice is nearly finished, and when completed, will form a great ornament to the town, which it closely adjoins. The building, which is of a beautiful design by Messrs. Burn and Bryce, is in the Gothic style. An order for a magnificent organ has been given to Mr. Hamilton, of this city—Edinburgh Observer and Churchman's Family Gazette.

NEW CHURCHES are about to be built in Scotland—one at Melrose, one at Falkirk, and one at Dalkeith. Gratifying evidences of the increase of the Church in this part of the empire.

Advertisements.

RATES.
Six lines and under, 2s. 4d. first insertion, and 7d. each subsequent insertion. Ten lines and under, 2s. 9d. first insertion, and 1s. each subsequent insertion. Above ten lines, 4d. per line first insertion, and 1d. per line each subsequent insertion. The usual discount is made where parties advertise by the year, or for a considerable time.
Advertisements, without written directions to the contrary, post-paid, inserted free of charge, and charged accordingly.

WILLIAM STENNETT,
MANUFACTURING SILVER-SMITH,
Jeweller and Watchmaker,
STORE STREET, KINGSTON,
AND
KING STREET, TORONTO.

DEALER in Silver and Plated Ware, Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Gold and Gilt Jewellery, Jet Goods, German Silver, Britannia Metal, and Japanese Ware, Fine Cutlery, &c.
Watches, Clocks, Plate and Jewellery, carefully repaired; Engraving and Dye-stitching executed.
The highest cash price paid for old Gold and Silver.
July, 1842. 202-1f

JOHN HART,
PAINTER, GLAZIER, GRAINER AND PAPER-HANGER,
(LATE OF THE FIRM OF HART & MARSH.)

RESPECTFULLY returns thanks for the kind support he has received while in partnership, and desires to acquaint his friends and the public that he has removed to the house lately occupied by Mr. POPPLEWELL, No. 233, King Street, two doors east of Mr. Rowell's, where he intends carrying on the above business, and trusts, by strict attention and liberal terms, to still merit a continuance of public patronage.
Toronto, 22nd May, 1842. 47-1f

EMPORIUM.
UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF THE UNIVERSITY.
W. H. EDWARDS,
HAIRDRESSER AND PERFUMER,
No. 2, ST. JAMES'S BUILDINGS, KING STREET.

BEGS respectfully to acquaint his Friends and the Gentry of this City that he has recently fitted up
A PRIVATE DRESSING-ROOM
for their convenience, and he hopes they will favour him with their patronage.
Also, a Room for the accommodation of Ladies and Children. He would mention that he has on hand a quantity of
RAZORS, HAIR-BRUSHES, AND PERFUMERY.
—ALSO—
A Composition for the certain cure of Ring-worms.
RAZORS CAREFULLY SET.
Private Entrance to the Dressing-Room, one door west of the Shop.
Toronto, May, 1844. 359-1f

JOHN BROOKS,
BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,
FROM LONDON.

THANKFUL to his friends and the public in general for the very liberal support received since he commenced business in this city, begs leave to intimate that he has REMOVED to
No. 4, VICTORIA ROW,
(his former Shop having been partially destroyed by the late fire in King Street), where he hopes, by close diligence and punctuality in business, to merit a continuance of the favours hitherto extended to him. Removed to the house lately occupied by Mr. POPPLEWELL, No. 233, King Street, two doors east of Mr. Rowell's, where he intends carrying on the above business, and trusts, by strict attention and liberal terms, to still merit a continuance of public patronage.
Toronto, September 26, 1843. 326-1f

A SHOP and OFFICES to Let at No. 4, Victoria Row. Apply to JOHN BROOKS, on the Premises.

CARVING, GILDING,
LOOKING-GLASS AND PICTURE-FRAME MANUFACTORY,
A FEW DOORS WEST OF THE MARKET,
KING STREET, COBURG.
SIMON MUNRO
RESPECTFULLY begs leave to announce, that he has opened in the TOWN OF COBURG, an establishment for the above Business,—such as Carving, Gilding, Looking-glass and Picture-frame Making; House, Sign, and Ornamental Painting; Glazing, Graining, Marbling, Paper-hanging, &c. &c.
Gilt Window Cornices; Rich Ornamental Frames for Oil Paintings; Plain Oil and Water Colours; and Gold Frames for Prints—made to order, and on the shortest notice.
Prints, Maps, and Oil Paintings, Cleaned and Varished in the best style.
Gilt Mouldings, for bordering rooms, always on hand.
Orders from the Country punctually attended to.
Cobourg, 12th June, 1844. 361-1f

THOMAS BILTON,
WOOLLEN DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 2, WELLINGTON BUILDINGS, KING STREET,
TORONTO.
[LATE T. J. PRESTON.]
WOULD inform his friends and the public that he has purchased the entire Stock of Mr. T. J. PRESTON, and will continue to carry on the business of MERCHANDISE TAILOR, in the same style, and on the same Terms as his predecessor, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage so favourably extended to him.
T. B. will always keep on hand a well selected stock of the Best West of England Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Doenkins, &c. &c.
—ALSO—A selection of superior VESTINGS, all of which he is prepared to make up to order in the most fashionable manner, and on moderate terms.
P.S.—A variety of styles of Gold and Silver Laces, Cord, &c. suitable for Military Uniforms, Liveries, &c.
—ALSO—Ladies' Riding Habits, Cassocks, Clergymen, and Queen's Counsel's Gowns, Barristers' Robes, Naval and Military Uniforms, &c. &c. made on the shortest notice and in superior style.
Toronto, May 13, 1844. 357-1f

J. H. JONES,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
RETURNS his sincere thanks to his friends and the public in general for the liberal patronage he has received since his commencement in business, and begs to inform them that he has just received a FRESH SUPPLY OF GOODS, suitable for the season, which he is prepared to make up in the most fashionable manner, and on moderate terms.
Cobourg, 15th April, 1844. 353-1f

FASHIONABLE TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 6, WATERLOO BUILDINGS,
NEXT DOOR TO STONE'S HOTEL, TORONTO.
ROBERT HAWKE, in tendering his sincere thanks to his Friends particularly and the Public generally, begs leave to inform them, that he keeps constantly on hand a well-selected stock of
West of England Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Doenkins, &c. &c.
WITH
VESTINGS, IN GREAT VARIETY,
Which he is prepared to put up to order in the most fashionable manner, and on moderate terms.
N.B.—Cassocks, Clergymen and Queen's Counsel's Gowns, Barristers' Robes, &c. made on the shortest notice and in superior style.
Toronto, May 30, 1844. 359-1f

THOMAS H. EDMUNDS,
TAILOR, ROBE MAKER, AND DRAPER,
No. 2, CHURCH STREET, TORONTO.
IN returning his most sincere thanks to his friends and the public generally, for the liberal support hitherto extended to him, would beg most respectfully to inform them that he has just received (per Great Britain from London), a large assortment of Goods, adapted for the present and coming seasons, which, for quality and elegance, cannot be surpassed in the Province. Also, materials for University, Barristers', and Clergymen's Robes, from ADAM & EDWARDS, Robe Maker to Her Majesty's High Court of Exchequer, Chancery Lane, London. And as the advertiser has had considerable experience in Robe making, as well as all other branches of his business, he hopes, by unremitting attention to business, to merit that patronage which it will ever be his study to deserve.
Toronto, May 23, 1844. 385-1f

T. & M. BURGESS,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
(LATE G. BILTON.)
No. 128, KING STREET,
TORONTO. 343

SMITH & MACDONELL,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND GROCERIES,
West End of Victoria Row, Toronto.
May 26, 1843. 307-1f

RIDOUT & PHILLIPS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS,
AND
DEALERS IN WINES AND LIQUORS,
Wellington Buildings,
CORNER OF KING AND CHURCH STREETS.
Toronto, February 2, 1843. 291-1f

MESSRS. BETHUNE & BLACKSTONE,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, &c.
OFFICE OVER THE WATERLOO HOUSE,
No. 134, KING STREET, TORONTO.
ONE DOOR EAST OF RIDOUT, BROTHERS & CO.
December 1, 1842. 292-1f

DR. PRINCE,
(Late of Newmarket.)
OPPOSITE LADY CAMPBELL'S,
DUKE STREET.
Toronto, 7th August, 1841. 7-1f

DENTISTRY.
DR. COWLES has removed his Office to his intended residence, on King Street, the house formerly occupied by Mr. Sisson, nearly opposite Messrs. Gravely and Jackson's Store.
Cobourg, June, 19, 1844. 362-1f

J. W. BENT,
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,
KING STREET, KINGSTON.
PHYSICIAN'S AND FAMILY PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.
July 14, 1842. 292-1f

MR. HOPNER MEYER,
ARRIST,
HAS REMOVED TO 140, KING STREET,
FIRST DOOR WEST OF YONGE STREET.
Toronto, June 24, 1842. 61-1f

MR. J. D. HUMPHREYS,
(FORMERLY OF THE ROYAL ACADEMY OF MUSIC)
PROFESSOR OF
SINGING AND THE PIANO FORTE.
Toronto, Oct. 7, 1843. 330-1f

MR. W. SCOTT BURN,
ACCOUNTANT,
No. 4, VICTORIA ROW, KING STREET,
TORONTO.
Toronto, June, 1844. 364

EDWARD GEORGE O'BRIEN,
GENERAL AGENT,
No. 4, VICTORIA ROW, KING STREET,
TORONTO.
OPPOSITE WELLINGTON BUILDINGS. 332-1f

OWEN, MILLER & MILLS,
COACH BUILDERS,
FROM LONDON,
CORNER OF PRINCESS AND BARRIE STREETS,
TORONTO.
AND KING STREET,
TORONTO. 329-1f

THOMAS WHEELER,
CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER,
ENGRAVER, &c.
191, King Street, Toronto.
Reference, for integrity and ability, kindly permitted to the Lord Bishop of Toronto. 370

FOR SALE,
BANK STOCK, LAND SCRIP, &c.
BY EDWARD G. O'BRIEN,
No. 4, Victoria Row, King Street,
TORONTO.
Current Prices of Bank and other Stocks, as well as rates of Exchange, &c., may be ascertained on application to the above.
January, 1844. 339-1f

FOR SALE,
In the village of Grafton, a Village Lot, containing One-fourth of an Acre, with a Cottage erected thereon, nearly opposite the Store of John Taylor Esq. Apply to
Wm. BOWWELL,
Solicitor, Cobourg.
Cobourg, 12th July, 1843. 313

DAILY STEAM CONVEYANCE,
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)
BETWEEN TORONTO AND KINGSTON,
CALLING AT THE INTERMEDIATE PORTS, viz: WINDSOR, DALLINGTON, BOND HEAD, PORT HOPE, and COBURG, weather permitting.
THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKETS
SOVEREIGN, CAPT. ELSMLEY,
CITY OF TORONTO, CAPT. T. DICK,
PRINCESS ROYAL, CAPT. COLLEGE,
SAIL AS UNDER.
From Toronto to Kingston:
SOVEREIGN,
Every Monday and Thursday, at Noon.
CITY OF TORONTO,
Every Tuesday and Friday, at Noon.
PRINCESS ROYAL,
Every Wednesday and Saturday, at Noon.
From Kingston to Toronto:
PRINCESS ROYAL,
Every Monday and Thursday Evenings, at Eight o'clock.
SOVEREIGN,
Every Tuesday and Friday Evenings, at Eight o'clock.
CITY OF TORONTO,
Every Wednesday and Saturday Evenings, at Eight o'clock.
Steamers arrive daily at Toronto from Hamilton and Niagara, in time for the above Boats to Kingston.
Passengers are particularly requested to look after their personal Luggage, as the Proprietors will not be accountable for any articles whatever, unless Entered and Signed for, as received by them or their Agents.
Royal Mail Packet Office, Front Street, }
Toronto, 16th May, 1844. 359

DAILY LINE
BETWEEN BUFFALO AND NIAGARA FALLS.
The Fast-running Low Pressure Steam-boat
EMERALD,
CAPT. VAN ALLEN.
WILL leave Buffalo every day for Chippewa and Port Robinson, at 9 o'clock, A.M., and returning, will leave Port Robinson at 12 o'clock, noon, and the Rail Road Dock, Chippewa, at 12 o'clock, P.M.,—except on Sundays, when she will leave Buffalo at the same hour for Chippewa only, and returning will leave Chippewa at 4 o'clock, P.M.
By this route, passengers leaving Buffalo at 9 o'clock, A.M., will have an opportunity of viewing Navy Island, Niagara Falls, and the splendid scenery of Niagara River, and arrive at Queenston in time for the boats proceeding to Toronto, Oswego, Rochester, Kingston and Montreal. Returning, will arrive in time for the Eastern cars, and the Boats going West on Lake Erie.
Passengers leaving Toronto in the morning and taking the Cars at Queenston and the Emerald at Chippewa, will reach Buffalo before 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Cars also leave Queenston in the evening after the arrival of the Steamer that leaves Toronto at 2 P.M.
June, 1844. 365.

STEAMER TO OSWEGO.
THE STEAMER ADMIRAL,
CAPT. VAN ALLEN.
WILL leave HAMILTON for OSWEGO, every Tuesday and Saturday, at 2 o'clock, P.M.
Will leave TORONTO for OSWEGO, every Tuesday, at 10 P.M., and every Saturday, at 7 P.M.
Will leave PORT HOPE and COBURG for OSWEGO, touching at WELLINGTON, (weather permitting) early every Wednesday morning.
Will leave OSWEGO for TORONTO and HAMILTON, every Monday, at 4 P.M.
Will leave OSWEGO for COBURG, PORT HOPE, TORONTO and HAMILTON, every Thursday, at 6 P.M.
Will leave HAMILTON for TORONTO, every Tuesday and Saturday, at 8 A.M.
Toronto, May 30, 1844. 354

DAILY LINE OF STEAMERS TO ROCHESTER.
THE STEAMER AMERICA,
CAPT. TWOHY.
WILL leave TORONTO for ROCHESTER, touching at Port Hope and Cobourg, and other intermediate Ports (weather permitting) every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning, at Eleven o'clock; and will leave ROCHESTER for COBURG, &c. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at Eight o'clock, A.M.
Toronto, 1844. 352

THE STEAMER GORE,
CAPT. KERR.
WILL leave TORONTO for ROCHESTER DIRECT, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday Evening, at Seven o'clock; and will leave ROCHESTER for Toronto direct, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at half-past Two o'clock, P.M.
Toronto, March 16th, 1844. 349

The Steamer Eclipse,
CAPT. JOHN GORDON.
WILL leave HAMILTON for TORONTO, at 7 o'clock, A.M., and leave TORONTO for HAMILTON, at 3 o'clock, P.M.
Toronto, April 11th, 1844. 349

MONTREAL DIRECT.
THE NEW LOW PRESSURE STEAMBOATS,
CHARLOTTE,
BYTOWN, and CALEDONIA.
WILL leave KINGSTON for MONTREAL, descending all the Rapids of the St. Lawrence; and MONTREAL for KINGSTON, calling at all the intermediate Ports, as follows, viz:
DOWNWARDS:
THE CHARLOTTE
Leaves Kingston every Monday, at 2 o'clock, P.M.
" French Creek " 5 " "
" Prescott Tuesday, 1 " " A.M.
" Ogdensburg " 1 1/2 " "
" St. Regis " 6 " "
" Coteau du Lac " 11 " "
And arrives in Montreal the same day at 3 o'clock.
THE BYTOWN
Leaves Kingston every Wednesday, at 2 o'clock, P.M.
" Gananoque " 5 " "
" Prescott Thursday, 1 " " A.M.
" Ogdensburg " 1 1/2 " "
" St. Regis " 6 " "
" Coteau du Lac " 11 " "
And arrives in Montreal the same day at 3 o'clock.
THE CALEDONIA
Leaves Kingston every Friday, at 2 o'clock, P.M.
" Gananoque " 5 " "
" Prescott Saturday, 1 " " A.M.
" Ogdensburg " 1 1/2 " "
" St. Regis " 6 " "
" Coteau du Lac " 11 " "
And arrives in Montreal the same day at 3 o'clock.
UPWARDS:
THE CHARLOTTE
Leaves Montreal every Wednesday, at 6 o'clock, P.M.
" Lachine Thursday, 4 " " A.M.
" Carillon " 1 " " P.M.
" Grenville " 1 " " P.M.
" Bytown " 7 " " A.M.
" Bytown Friday, 8 " " A.M.
" Kempsville " 2 " " P.M.
" Merrickville " 7 " " "
" Smith's Falls " 11 " " "
" Oliver's Ferry Saturday, 4 " " A.M.
" Isthmus " 7 " " "
And arrives in Kingston the same Evening.
THE BYTOWN
Leaves Montreal every Friday, at 6 o'clock, P.M.
" Lachine Saturday, 4 " " A.M.
" Carillon " 1 " " P.M.
" Grenville " 1 " " P.M.
" Bytown " 7 " " A.M.
" Bytown Sunday, 8 " " A.M.
" Kempsville " 2 " " P.M.
" Merrickville " 7 " " "
" Smith's Falls " 11 " " "
" Oliver's Falls Monday, 4 " " A.M.
" Isthmus " 7 " " "
And arrives in Kingston the same Evening.
THE CALEDONIA
Leaves Montreal every Monday, at 6 o'clock, P.M.
" Lachine Tuesday, 4 " " A.M.
" Carillon " 1 " " P.M.
" Grenville " 1 " " P.M.
" Bytown " 7 " " A.M.
" Bytown Wednesday, 8 " " A.M.
" Kempsville " 2 " " P.M.
" Merrickville " 7 " " "
" Smith's Falls " 11 " " "
" Oliver's Falls Thursday, 4 " " A.M.
" Isthmus " 7 " " "
And arrives in Kingston the same day.
These Boats being strongly built, expressly for the Navigation of the River St. Lawrence, and having Low Pressure Engines, afford a desirable conveyance to persons wishing a Safe, Comfortable and Speedy Passage.
The Propellers James, Meteor, and Mercury, leave Kingston and Montreal every alternate day, or to
Apply to the Captains on Board, or to
MACPHERSON & CRANE,
Kingston, May, 1844. 337

J. G. JOSEPH,
Optician, Spectacles & Mathematical Instrument Maker,
No. 2, Victoria Buildings,
ADJOINING BRITISH NORTH AMERICAN BANK,
KING STREET, TORONTO.
IN returning thanks to the public generally for the liberal support he has received since his commencement, would state that he has opened, in addition to his former Stock, an extensive assortment of SPECTACLES, adapted to every eye sight within the reach of artificial assistance. Compasses, Theodolites, Levels, Thermometers, Barometers, Hydrometers and Saccharometers, Phantoms and Magic Lanterns, Compound and Botanical Microscopes, Prisms, Telescopes and Spy-Glasses, and various other articles in his avocation. In connection, he has on hand and will make to order WATCHES, JEWELLERY, and SILVER WARE.
All articles in the above line made and repaired to order.
Toronto, 17th July, 1844. 356-1f

FORWARDING, &c.
1844.
THE SUBSCRIBERS, beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that they will be fully prepared, on the opening of the Navigation, with efficient means to carry on their usual business as
Forwarders, Warehousemen,
AND SHIPPING AGENTS.
Routes of Transport between Kingston and Montreal, via the Rideau Canal upwards, and River St. Lawrence downwards.
Their Line of Steam-boats, Ericson Propellers, (first introduced into Canada by them) Schooners, and Barges, equal to any in the country, will enable them to forward Merchandise, Produce, and Passengers, on the Canal, Lakes and River, at all low rates, and with such expedition, as any other House in the Trade.
In addition they would also beg to state, that they have leased from the Kingston Marine Railway Company, their spacious STONE STORE-HOUSE, foot of Gore Street, together with a large New Warehouse, to be erected by the Company on the adjoining Wharf, which will be ready for occupation on the opening of the Navigation.
These premises will afford them facilities for Transhipment, Storage and despatch, superior to any they have hitherto occupied in Kingston, while the safety of Property stored in Fire-proof Buildings, is too well known to the Commercial Public to require comment.
At Montreal, Brockville and Bytown, they will occupy the same extensive Premises which they have hitherto occupied.
Entries passed, Duties and all other Charges paid on Goods consigned to them from Great Britain.
MURRAY & SANDERSON,
Montreal.
SANDERSON & MURRAY,
Kingston and Brockville.
February, 1844. 346-1f

BUILDING LOTS.
ELEVEN splendid BONA FIDE Lots, containing about half an acre each, beautifully situated on the East Bank of the River Don, about a quarter of a mile from the Bridge, and well adapted for the erection of Houses, or other buildings, several of the lots run down to the river, the soil is excellent, and the price exceedingly low.
For further particulars apply to Mr. J. G. HOWARD, Architect and D. P. Surveyor, 243, King Street, Toronto.
Toronto, October 27, 1842. 277-1f

THE PHENIX FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.
APPLICATIONS for Insurance by this Company are requested to be made to the undersigned, who is also authorised to receive premiums for the renewal of policies.
MOFFATTS, MURRAY & CO.
Toronto, July 1, 1841.

Home Office Mutual Fire Company.
DISTRICT—NEW STREET,
OPPOSITE NEWCASTLE STREET, TORONTO.
INSURES Dwellings, Houses, Warehouses, Buildings in general, Merchandise, Household Furniture, Mills, Manufactories, &c.
DIRECTORS.
John McMurich, John Doel,
James Beatty, Charles Thompson,
John Eastwood, Benjamin Thorne,
James G. Murray, H. W. Warren,
Capt. J. Emsley, B. W. Smith,
J. RAIS, Secretary. J. H. PRICE, Esq., President.
All losses promptly adjusted. Letters by mail must be post-paid.
July 5, 1843. 317

TO FAMILIES AND INVALIDS.
THE following indispensable FAMILY REMEDIES may be found at the Drug Stores, and soon at every Country Store in the Province. Remember and never get away unless they have the facilities of the name of COMSTOCK & Co. on the wrapper, and all others by the same name are base imitations and counterfeits. If the merchant nearest you has them not, urge him to procure the next time he visits New York, or to write for them. No family should be a week without these remedies.
BALDNESS.
Balm of Columbia, FOR THE HAIR, which will stop it falling out, and will grow again, and will keep the hair grow rapidly, or on those who have lost the hair from any cause.
All Vermin that infest the heads of children, schools, &c. are either killed by it, or driven out. The name of COMSTOCK & Co. is on it, or never try it. Remember this always.
Rheumatism and Lameness
positively cured, and all shrivelled muscles and limbs are restored, in the old or young, by the INDIAN VEGETABLE LIXIR AND NERVE AND BONE LIXIR, which never without the name of COMSTOCK & Co. is on it.
PILES, &c.
are wholly prevented, or governed if the attack has come on. If you use the only true HAY'S LAXATIVE, from COMSTOCK & Co. All Secret and every other relief by it that admits of an outward application. It acts like a charm.
HORSES that have Ring-bone, Spavin, Wind-Galls, &c. are cured by Row's Specific; and FOUNDED HORSES entirely cured by Doc's Founder Ointment. Mark this, all horsemen.
MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR SALVE.
The most extraordinary remedy ever invented for all new or old Burns and Scalds,
BURNS AND SCALDS,
and sores and SORE EYES. It has delighted thousands. It will stop all pain in ten minutes, and no failure. It will cure the Pains of the LIPS, SPREAD PLASTERS.
A better and more useful article was never made. All should wear them ready.
LIN'S TEMPERANCE BITTERS:
on the principle of substituting the tonic in place of the stimulant, which has reformed so many drunkards. To be used with health.
LIN'S BLOOD PILLS,
superior to all others for cleansing the system and the humors affecting the blood, and for all irregularities of the bowels, and the general health.
HEADACHE.
DR. SPOHN'S HEADACHE REMEDY,
will effectually cure your sick headache, either from the nerves or biliousness. Hundreds of families are using it with great joy.
Dr. Spohn's Elixir of Health,
for the certain prevention of FEVERS or any general sickness, which purges the stomach in the most perfect order, the bowels regular, and a determination to the surface. COLDS, COUGHS, pain in the bones, hoarseness, and DROPSY, are quickly cured by it.—Know this by its trade.
CORN.—The French Plaster is a sure cure.
THE INDIA HAIR DYE,
Colours the hair any shade you wish, but will not color the skin.
SARSAPARILLA.
COMSTOCK'S COMPOUND EXTRACT.
There is no other preparation of Sarsaparilla that can exceed or equal this. If you are sure to get COMSTOCK'S, you will find superior to all others. It does not require puffing.
Dr. Lin's Celestial Balm of China,
A positive cure for the Piles, and all external ailments—all internal irritations brought to the surface by friction with this Balm.—The colic, swollen or inflamed bowels, the tightness of the bowels, the application on a flannel will relieve and cure at once. Fresh wounds of old sores are rapidly cured by it.
Dr. Bartholomew's Expectant,
will prevent or cure all incipient CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, and COLDS, taken in time, and is a delightful remedy. Remember the name, and get COMSTOCK'S.
Kolmstock's Vermifuge
will eradicate all WORMS in children or adults with a certainty equal to anything. It is a rapid and safe cure.
Tooth Drops.—KLINGE'S Cure effectually.
Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1844, by COMSTOCK & Co. in the Clerk's office of the Southern District of New York.
By applying to our Agents in each town and village, papers may be had free, showing the most respectable names in the country for these remedies, so that you can see for yourselves, and believe them.
Be sure you call for our articles, and do not be put off with other stories, that others are