## FIRE LOSSES IN CANADA, JANUARY, 1893.

Вати.	SAGATION,	KIND OF RISE.	Total Loss,	Insurance Loss.
Ian. 1	Kingston	Hotel	\$ 2,000	\$ 1,100
2	Goderich	1)0	6,000	3,500
3	lilora	Stores	8,00	6,500
4	N. D. de Grace	Dwellings	10,000	6,000
		Saloon	3,000 2,000	3,000 1,400
á	Oxford Two	Farm Barn	3,000	1,600
Ś	Montreal	Fur Store	2,500	2,500
10	Montreal	Foundry	2,000	1,000
3	Centrevine, N.D.	Wood WorkingFac  Farm   Dwelling	5,000 2,000	
Š	Owen Sound	Dwelling	5,000	
3	St. Thomas	Rakery	1,500	
7	(Shelburne	Saw Mill	8,000	
		Dwelling	2,500	
		Farm Barns	1,200 5,000	1
10	Harlem	Store	2,500	
11	oStrathroy	1 Do	5,000	
11	Tilsonburg	Hotel	10,000	
11	Rick Lake	Railway Property. Stores and Dwgs	0.000 10,000	
		Store	6,500	2.4
12	Toronto	School	1,100	
11	Rodney	Hotel	4,000	
13	;}Belleville	Stores	3,000	
13	il.ondon	Boot and Shoe Fac.	15,000	
10	Montreal.	Fur Store	3,500 6,000	
		Spice Mills	1,000	
14	Windsor	Lumber Barge	S,000	
		Store	1,500	1,500
		Stores	7,500 10,000	
17	l'ortage la l'miri	Stores	2,000	
18	ilisex	. School	7.50x	1 2
17	Brantford	. Dwelling	2,000	
18	St. Telesphore.	Stables	3.00X	
15	Norwich	Stores	4,000	
18	Quebec	Dwelling	2,000	
19	/Caledonia ····	Stores	28,00	20,000
		. Extract Factory	11,000	
		. Flour Mill	S,000	
		. Store		
	St. Raymond.	Railway Shops	2,000	
2	3 Wallaceburg	<ul> <li>Canning F.ctory</li> </ul>	13,00	
		- Stores		
2	2:Ouchec	. Barn	2,00	
2	รุเบียกหล	<ul> <li>Stores</li></ul>	2.30	_
2	tillenheim	- Parm Property	2.50	0 1,500
1	SWalkerton	Evaporator	2,00	
	Calgary	. Stores		
2	S Moncton, N.B	Hotel	12,00	
2	S'Campbellford	. Woolen Mill Hotel and Stores	15,00	
2	SWinnipeg	. Hotel and Stores.	4,00	
2	S/Winnipeg	Collegiate Institute		
Ş	t Ouchec	Collegiate Institut	30,00	
3	ı Portage la Prairi	e. Do	20,00	
	l'Port l'erry		2,40	
	1			
	•		1,2402,00	ol 5301,900

Comparative Intelligence.—Colonel Yerger and Mose Schaumburg were talking about comparative intelligence of animals. "I dinks dot a horse vas the most intelligent animal," remarked Schaumburg. Colonel Yerger—"No, sir; the horse is not. The rat is the shrewdest and smartest little animal I know of. A rat never sets fire to a store by nibbling at matches until everything is insured for more than its value. A rat that is in that line of business is sharper than a fire insurance agent with a sixty ounce brain and thirty years' experience." As Mose had just suffered (?) from a fire, he thinks there was "some reference to allusions" in Colonel Yerger's remark.—Texas Siftings.

## ANNUAL MEETING OF THE TORONTO BOARD.

The Annual Meeting of the Toronto Board of Fire Underwriters was held a their rooms, Board of Trade Building, Toronto, on the 31st ult. In addition to the local representatives of companies there were present: Messrs. G. F. C. Smith for L. and L. and G.; Wm. Tatley and Geo. Simpson for the Royal; Gerald E. Hart for the Phænix of Hartford; H. J. Mudge for the Queen; J. Kennedy for Fire Insurance Association; E. A. Lilly for London Assurance; E. P. Heaton for Guardian; D. C. Edwards for the Eastern; Randall Davidson for the North British; Harold Hampson for the North America; and G. E. Moberly for the Northern.

Before proceeding to discuss the agenda, a genuine surprise was afforded by the introduction of a motion to do away with the Toronto Board altogether, and bring the city under the general tariff and control of the C. F. U. A. Naturally, this motion was warmly debated, and at the afternoon session was voted down—26 to 7. Local representatives evidently felt very keenly the attempt to dissolve the board, the more so seeing that it is the oldest tariff board in Canada.

A proposal to introduce the stamping system, also known as the "compact system," whereby all recents and policies issued in Toronto by the companies must first be stamped by a special officer of the board as correct in all points, especially as regards tariff rate, was discussed again. Last October the motion to adopt this was carried by a majority of 23 to 1, but it was decided to leave over the final decision until present meeting. However, the steady refusal of the still dissenting one company was sufficient to induce the meeting to shelve the whole matter. A motion to dispense with licensed and special agents and canvassers altogether in Toronto, or raise the present licence fee to \$50, with the object of retaining only bona fide specials, was also given a twelve months' hoist, chiefly, if not wholly, because of the refusal of the same company to consent to the will of the majority.

The Co-insurance Clause was another item for consideration. It was resolved that this innovation was on its trial now in the United States, and that sufficient time had not elapsed to enable a satisfactory estimate to be made of the results of the experiment. Final consideration was therefore postponed until next annual meeting.

In view of the late unsatisfactory state of the water supply in Toronto, the report of the Committee on Fire Appliances was listened to with much interest. We should like to insert the report at length, but must confine ourselves to a brief synopsis. It was stated that the Toronto fire brigade consists of 120 men, all in prime condition, well drilled, and supplied with horses trained in the service. Hose and hook and ladder departments are in a high-state of efficiency. There are 2 first class chemical engines, a fire alarm, most modern system and kept in effect order. Recommendation was made that the city provide a new first class steam fire engine, with necessary equipment, and two salvage wagons. As regards the water works and pressure