

Arrival of the "Europa."

Great Battle on the Danube.

New York, May 19.
The Europa arrived at 1 o'clock.
Flour declined 64; Corn 28. Markets steady. Arrivals of foreign breadstuffs large, little speculation and trade generally steady, with no quotable change in prices from previous reports.
Consols closed 87½ to 87.
Pitched battle on the 18th and 19th. Omar Pasha 60,000 Turks and Russians under Gen. Liders. Russians retreated behind Czwarvona with loss of many guns, baggage, military chests, &c.
Up to 23d Silistria undamaged amidst continued attacks.
Greek insurgents beaten in every quarter, almost whole Grecian coast blockaded by allies.
Allied fleets had bombarded Sulina. No details.
Napier's fleet quiet near Stockholm.
Much excitement caused by the reported capture of French brig by American privateer Grapo Shot. A British steamer sent in pursuit.

By Telegraph.

New York, May 23.
The Steamship Franklin arrived at Sandy Hook, New York, at 10½ o'clock a. m. on Monday.
Liverpool dates are to the 10th May. No special war news. Consols rose to 88 in consequence of the Chancellor of the Exchequer's Budget, announcing that the National Loan will be raised for War purposes.
Paris Bourse rose on report that Denmark and Sweden joined the Western Powers.
Austria has presented fresh terms to Russia, if declined she will join English and French.
Reported that Russian Fleet sailed from Helsingfors May 5th, when Admiral Napier signalled Allied Fleets to prepare for sea immediately.
Cotton unchanged.
Floor, extensive demand with advance of 1s. Corn advanced 1s.
London. Money market easier.
Arctic not arrived out.

ODESSA.

on the Black Sea, which has been bombarded by Admiral Dundas, contains a population of about 90,000. It is the emporium of the South of Russia, and is built on cliffs rising above the sea and forming an amphitheatre around the bay; it is fortified according to the modern principles of defence, and the citadel, on the east side of the town, commanding the port. "The port is formed by two large moles, one of which is regularly defended by a parapet with embrasures for the cannon, the anchorage in the bay is good, and the water so deep that vessels of the first class lie within reach of the shore."

EMIGRATION TO BRITISH AMERICA.

We are glad to find that the emigration from Ireland begins to be more extensively carried on to British America than it has hitherto been. Until very lately New York was the great point of attraction to which every Irish farmer and peasant bent his course, now Quebec appears to be gaining the preference, and we hear that several ships are fitting out in Queenstown for the conveyance of emigrants to different parts of our North American colonies. It is true that, for several years past, emigration has been going on from Ireland to these localities, but we think it will be found that more than three-fourths of the Irish emigrants betook themselves to the United States. They all flock to New York, under the impression that they had there a better chance of getting immediate work; but they will find that at present labour is as much in demand in every part of British America as it is in the United States, probably more so; consequently, no doubt, in some measure, on the formation of the railroads now in progress throughout the dominion, and wherever the communication is thus opened up cultivation is sure to follow. The three several provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick, in our opinion, offer every advantage which they could desire to those emigrants who are either not inclined, or have not the means to seek a new home at the antipodes. Waste and unoccupied land is as yet abundant in these provinces; and from the well known fertility of the soil, is certain to reward the skill and labour of those who cultivate it. In wheat especially, Canada is known to be most productive; and recent events show that it is advisable to encourage its cultivation in our own colonies, where it will be beyond the control of an enemy and the contingencies of war. The cultivation of wheat is known to have increased in Canada within the last three or four years, and the colonists now see how much it is to their advantage to encourage it, as they are certain to find a ready and profitable market for as much as they can export. We see, in the increased number of emigrants now turning their attention to the British colonies, instead of to the United States, the most promising prospects to the colonies, and we have little hesitation in saying that, before many years elapse, they will be among the most valuable possessions of the British Crown.—*Shipping Gazette.*

Trial of Major Wyse.—At the trial of Major Wyse, yesterday, the Port Warden, several insurance Office inspectors, and a host of nautical men were called for the defence, and they all agreed in declaring the Falcon to be an unworthy vessel. She was classed as A. 3 on some of the insurance office books, while on others she was struck out altogether.—*ib.*

[From the Royal Gazette Extra, May 20.]
BY AUTHORITY.

By His Excellency Sir Edmund Walker Head, Bart., Lieutenant Governor and [L.S.] Commander in Chief of the Province of New Brunswick, &c. &c.

EDMUND HEAD.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the General Assembly of this Province stands prorogued to Monday the twenty second day of May instant; I have thought fit to dissolve the said General Assembly, and the same is hereby accordingly dissolved; whereof all persons whom it may concern will take due notice.

And I have further thought fit to order and direct that Writs for calling a new General Assembly be forthwith issued in due form, returnable on Monday the thirty day of July next.

Given under my Hand and Seal, at Fredericton, the nineteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty four, and in the seventeenth year of Her Majesty's reign.

By His Excellency's Command.

J. R. PARTELOW.

THE ELECTIONS.—are now creating considerable excitement, and the contest is likely to be a severe one in this City and County. Requisitions, numerous signed, are, we understand, being got up to Mr. Partelow, and to Messrs. Simonds, Ritchie, Tilley and McLean. The talk at the corners is, that Tilley will go in for the City by an unanimous vote—that Harding will beat any opponent yet spoken of—that Partelow will head the Poll for the County; McLean and Ritchie next, and that the tie for the fourth man will be between Wilmot, Simonds, and Godard. This is only talk, however.—*Courier.*

STOCKS.—We hear that some shares of Commercial Bank Stock changed hands this week at 12½ per cent. premium, and some Suspension Bridge Stock at par.—*ib.*

We are gratified to notice among the Admiralty promotions the name of Mr. Wm. F. Huyghue, of this City, who has been serving as Clerk in the Impregnable flag ship, at Devonport, for some years back. He has now been promoted to be a Paymaster, and appointed to the Algeria. He is a son of Samuel F. Huyghue Esq., of the Ordnance Department at this station, and served some years in the Imperial Customs at this port.—*ib.*

We learn from many reliable authorities that our prognostications last Autumn on the subject of the Lumber Trade, are, notwithstanding the high current prices, on the point of being too generally fulfilled. The unprecedented high prices paid for supplies and labour have absorbed the greater part of the profits of the operatives; while on account of the number of instances in which the farmers carried away their hay and oats for consumption in the woods, their stock at home have been left to perish. To add to this calamity, the Freshet in the St. John River and its tributaries has risen to a pitch which already has swept away vast quantities of boom poles, logs, and timber, in indiscriminate masses to the sea. Some of the property thus floated off will be found at Indian Town, some will be secured at the Fredericton Booms, but much more will never be seen by its rightful owners.—*Fred. Reporter.*

It is said that the New Brunswick Delegates on the Fishery question, will be the Hon. Messrs. Chandler and Hazen, both members of the Legislative Council.—*ib.*

The present freshet is the highest which we have had at Fredericton in the last twenty years.—*ib.*

It is currently reported that another Episcopal Church will shortly be erected in the City of Fredericton, and we have little doubt of the correctness of the statement, as the individuals associated for the purpose are able as well as willing to effect their praiseworthy object.—*ib.*

The nominations made by the Orangemen of this County in prospect of the approaching election are, Charles Fisher, James S. Berk, W. H. Needham, and Thomas Pickard, Esquires. The Card of the latter, gentleman will be found in this paper, as will also that of Mr. Kerr.

We are also informed by the *Head Quarters*, that Mr. John Hen, of Prince William, is a candidate; and we neglected to mention before, that Mr. John H. Reed has announced himself—his policy being that of sustaining Agriculture, and the destruction of "Beas and Wolves." We ardently trust that the ravenous animals alluded to will ever find a formidable opponent in Mr. R.—*ib.*

The Fisheries.—We learn on good authority that the convention of Commissioners from each of the North American Colonies will be held this summer at Montreal, and not at New York, as has been stated. We hope the American Government have something good to offer to the Colonies in return for the valuable fisheries which our neighbours are so anxious to obtain, but for our part we cannot see that this Province has much to gain at present by giving up the fisheries, as we have now plenty of business, prosperous times and, everything that could be desired. A few years ago, this was not the case, the Province was depressed and anxious to obtain reciprocity with the United States on any terms, but as they were then so very indifferent about giving any concessions to the British Government, for the valuable privileges wanted by them, we think we are getting along very well indeed without their assistance, and perhaps had better just hold on to our fisheries in the meantime unless they are willing to meet the

views of the British Government on fair and equitable terms of reciprocity in Registry of Ships, Coasting Trade, and Duties.—*St. John Courier.*

THE STANDARD OFFICE IS REMOVED to the Bank buildings, over Mr. Moore's shop, Market Square.

THE STANDARD.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 24, 1854.

LIST OF CANDIDATES.
John McAdam, A. H. Gilmour, J. G. Stevens, James Brown, James Boyd, J. W. Chandler, G. J. Thompson, J. W. McInnes, Isaac Knight, Wm. Meloney.

In our next, we trust we will be able to complete the list.

DISSOLUTION OF THE ASSEMBLY.—His Excellency the Lieut. Governor, has issued a Proclamation bearing date 19th May, dissolving the General Assembly. The Writs for a new Assembly are returnable on Monday the third of July next. The High Sheriff of Charlotte has received the Writ, which with the days of nomination and declaration will be published in our next number. We understand that the NOMINATION will take place on the 17th JUNE, the ELECTION on the 24th, and the DECLARATION of Members elected on the 1st JULY.

CANVASSING.—the work goes bravely on. The desire for Parliamentary distinction is a plant that appears to thrive well in Charlotte County. There will be no lack of "good men and true" to select from, as may be seen from the list which we publish under our editorial head. It cannot be that parties offer themselves as Representatives, merely for the paltry emolument of fifteen shillings a day, or the small patronage which lies in their gift, for as has been observed "where it secures a single friend it makes a dozen enemies." Besides much of the patronage hitherto enjoyed by the Representatives will soon be out of their hands—that is if the people only desire it, by adopting Municipal Corporations as they will then have the Bye Road money granted to the Council in gross to be expended as they may deem proper.

After all that has been said with respect to these Bye Road Grants, we can scarcely credit their being so important aid at elections; it is but a poor compliment to pay any independent freeholder to say that he was bought over by a paltry bye road grant. There will be, no doubt, for the next few weeks, considerable shaking of hands, and kind enquiries for "the family, and admiring the children, &c." this is now as it has been from time immemorial a common custom—and our view of the matter is, that those who find fault with the Candidates, for so doing, would perhaps be quite as likely to follow the "good old custom" themselves.

In another column we have inserted Mr. J. G. Stevens' card to the Electors. In our opinion, it is one, which would reflect credit upon any Candidate. He has given his views in *extenso*, and we feel warranted in saying, freely and honestly. He has a large and respectably signed Requisition, which is an evidence that he has been called out by that portion of the constituency, who know and appreciate his abilities and integrity.

Mr. Gilmour's and Mr. Chandler's Cards, came too late for publication this week.

A proclamation issued by His Excellency the Lieut. Governor directs that the 31st day of May inst., be kept as a day of humiliation and prayer for the success of Her Majesty's Arms in the present war, the prosperity of the British Empire, and a safe and lasting peace. In accordance with this arrangement the Lord Bishop of Fredericton has prescribed a form of prayer, and corresponding services to be used in the Churches and chapels of the Church of England in this Province.

The proclamation was read from the Pulpits of the various Churches in this Town on Sabbath last—and notice given that Divine Service would be held on the 31st, and the day observed as one of humiliation and prayer.

THE WOOLSTOCK JOURNAL.—We have received the first number of a paper bearing the above title; it is a respectable paper, neatly printed, and if we may judge from its editorials in the first number, will be a credit to provincial literature. The Journal is published by Mr. W. R. Melville, formerly one of the proprietors of our old friend the "Sentinel." We wish our new contemporary success.

We are pleased to learn that Lewis M. Wilkins the newly appointed Provincial Secretary of Nova Scotia, has in the contest

consequent upon his acceptance of office, gained his Election in the Township of Windsor by a majority of 130 votes over his opponent Mr. McLatchey.

We learn by telegraph from St. John, that the dams at the Union Point Mills, and a large quantity of lumber both manufactured and unmanufactured were carried away by the freshet on Sunday night last. Large quantities of clapboards and other lumber came through the Falls, supposed to be from milling establishments up the River.

INFANTICIDE, we regret to observe is becoming frequent in the city of St. John. No less than three cases occurred last week, in three consecutive days, Saturday, and Sunday and Monday; making four instances of this horrible crime within a fortnight. It speaks but little for the morals of a community, where such abominable deeds are committed to their mid.

THE ANGLO AMERICAN MAGAZINE for May, was received during the week. It contains a well executed lithograph map of the Baltic Sea and countries adjoining—Fashion plate &c., and the reading matter as usual is both interesting and instructive. We have taken occasion in previous numbers, to notice this excellent provincial work, and again recommend it as a thoroughly British, and well conducted periodical.

THE WARD CASE.

There still continues to be the most intense excitement throughout Kent County in consequence of the verdict rendered in the Ward case. The keeper of a hardware store, in the region of Louisville, has sold out all his knives and pistols. Old men say that for twenty years there has been nothing like the excitement now raging in the State. Every one regards it necessary to take the law into his own hands, because no one has any faith in courts and juries.

MARRIAGES.

At Carleton, on the 2d instant, by the Rev. F. Coster, Mr. George Dow, of St. George, to Caroline, youngest daughter of Mr. Daniel L. Dykeman of Carleton.

At New York, on Monday the 15th inst., in St. Luke's Church, by the Rev. Mr. Tuttle, Mr. Charles R. Bayard, of St. John, to Anna M. Hoffman, youngest daughter of the late Stephen B. Hoffman, Esq., of New York.

SHIPPING JOURNAL.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

May 18th.—Ship Star of Freedom, Atlantic, Liverpool, 49 days. Gen. cargo to E. & J. Wilson, and others.—Apl. 27, lat. 49 N. long. 46 W., passed ship Princess Royal of Plymouth for Quebec, same day Cleo. Padstow of Hayle for Quebec. 29th lat. 49 N. long. 46 W., spoke Sarah Louisa from Cardiff for Quebec. May 4th, lat. 45 N. long. 51 W., spoke bge. Maria, of Milford for Quebec.

The Star of Freedom was enclosed in the ice in lat. 48 N. long. 45 W.

18th.—Packet Schr. Crown, Lord, Saint John, merchandise, &c. to sundry.

May 19th.—Brig Kathleen, Hall, Cork, Deals by McCoull & Russell.

ST. ANDREWS & QUEBEC RAILROAD NOTICE.

It having been determined by the Directors to make an "Entry" under the Contract, and resume possession of the Works, and carry them on under their own control and management.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.—That the Directors will be prepared to receive Tenders for the execution of the works, in sections, according to its nature, at the first Board Meeting, to be held after the 1st day of June, proximo.

Further particulars and "forms of tender" may be obtained on application at the Company's offices, on and after Friday the 27th instant.

By order,
JULIUS THOMPSON,
Manager.

St. Andrews, May 23rd, 1854.

TO LET.

FOR A TERM OF YEARS,
POSSESSION GIVEN THE
1st day of July next.

THE extensive wharves and three stores on said Wharves, in the town of St. Andrews, now in the possession of Messrs. Dimock & Wilson.

—A.E.S.—
the dwelling house, barns, and garden, on Water Street. Also, the large day Goods Store occupied by them as a retail store, together with the adjoining dwelling house formerly occupied as a Custom House, called the "Sloan House," with garden, Barn and Wharf attached, fronting on Water Street.

These eligible stands for business, and family residences, are worthy the attention of persons desirous of such.

The patronage and pecuniary assistance of the subscriber if required will be given to the lessee.

Apply to
JOHN WILSON,
Chambers, May 19th, 1854. nm.

NEW GOODS.

The Subscriber has just landed, and is now opening a great selection of

Spring & Summer GOODS.

together with his stock on hand, making a SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of everything suitable for the season, which he will sell cheaper than any in the market, for prompt payment.

C. BRADLEY,
Saint Andrews, May 23rd, 1854. 31

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.

GENTLEMEN.—You will in a short time be called upon to exercise your responsible privilege of electing Members to serve you in the ensuing House of Assembly. At the solicitation of many influential and respectable persons in different parts of this County, and in obedience to a numerously signed Requisition, from its electors, I offer myself as a Candidate for your suffrages.

In doing so I sincerely desire to be more impressed with the responsibility devolving on every Member of Legislature, rather than with the honour connected with the station.

Gentlemen Freeholders of the County of Charlotte,

There surely has never been a period in the history of our Province such as the present one, so urgently calling for an honest, energetic and liberal policy—for Members having not only the will, but the ability to introduce and carry through in Legislature the many reformatory movements pressed on us by the necessities of the day. We live in an age of progress and it is the midst of the advancing genius and onward legislation of other countries, New Brunswick cannot, and ought not, to be left an exception to this prevailing spirit of the age, and to those beneficial measures which throughout the civilized world must be now taken in hand and cannot be pushed off to future generations.

There certainly then exists a powerful motive for the exercise of a calm and thoughtful consideration, as to what persons are best fitted to advance with prudence, and direct the current which cannot be stayed.

Gentlemen Electors, and well wishers of your Country,

Is it not to be confessed with deep regret, that hitherto in many cases, the requirements of a good Legislator, and the talents and capacity of the Legislature, have not been much taken into consideration? and in the midst of the many influences at work before and at the election, has not the truth been, that, instead of the Candidate being elected by the free and unfeigned choice of the people, he has often in a manner elected himself? Is it then to be wondered at that so much of self seeking and self interest has taken the place of a healthy and onward legislation, which might and would doubtless be productive of so much good to our rich but much neglected Province.

Gentlemen Electors,

Much depends on sound and wholesome legislation; let not the coming opportunity pass unimproved. Send men who will be not merely Members of Assembly, but Representatives of your interests, who are able with energy and ability to advocate, and with honesty and integrity of purpose to carry through each measure as will advance our Country's good; men who will strive to bring to light and practical working our yet neglected resources; men who will raise the Agriculture of our Province and uphold it as the main pillar of our Country's pride and profit, and hold out laudable encouragement to the hard working farmer; men who will be sensibly and actively awake to the unexplored treasures of our Province, who will give a stimulus to our vast Fisheries, and aid the deserving fisherman in his pious pursuits; men who will desire to place within the reach of the poorest child of our country, the means of a fair and practical Education; men who will look to a proper and adequate remuneration being given to our Jurymen in their services to their country; men who will encourage a healthy emigration, that settlements of hard working and well inclined people may occupy and improve our too much monopolized Wilderness lands; men who will have a care for the Poor Man amidst his many contending difficulties, and remove the taxation for the hard earned necessities of life; men who will not be over lavish of that which is not their own; but judiciously expend the revenue of the Province, that all may directly reap the benefit of that which is indirectly taken from them.

Such I desire to see carried into effect; and if elected, will use my influence to have done.

INDEPENDENT ELECTORS.—At the Hustings I trust I may have an opportunity more fully to express my views and principles. I come out on no particular interest, I have formed no league or combination, nor do I intend to do so. I desire if elected, to be so by the free voice of a free people; your interests are identical with my own, your defeat will be shared by myself, your success will be mine; and should any other candidate than myself have your preference, then run steady for such a one, that you may secure his services, and if your free and prudent selection, then I should feel bound to help