

R FOR SALE.

Delivery at Money Cove
of Grand Manan, the
a Frame of 400 tons—will
Rector or Church-War-

TER.

Has for sale

Butter,

Superfine Flour,

do of Flour,

JOHN LOCHAB,

th 1888.

ICE.

Forbid harboring

HOMAS KELLY, an

he having this day

FUS BANGROFT,

18, 1887.

ICE.

any legal demands

of St. Patrick in the

ceased, are requested to

to the Subscribers for ad-

debited to the said Es-

immediate payment to

BROWNBRIG.

1887.

ICE.

legal demands against the

of the late of St. George in

deceased are requested to

to the Subscribers for ad-

debited to the said Es-

immediate payment to

BROWNBRIG.

1887.

ICE.

Three times each week,

on Monday, Wednesday,

Thursday, and Saturday,

and go through in

thirty days.

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ST. ANDREWS STANDARD.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

AT SAINT ANDREWS, NEW BRUNSWICK BY

GEO. N. SMITH.

TERMS.

15s. a year, delivered in town or called for.

17s. 6d. do, when forwarded by post.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Inserted according to written orders, or continued

bill for if no written directions.

First insertion of 12 lines and under, 3s.

Each repetition of Do 1s.

First insertion of all over 12 lines 3d per line

Each repetition over 12 lines 1d per line

Advertising by the year as may be agreed on.

The Standard.

NEW-BRUNSWICK.

Volume 5.

SAINT ANDREWS, SATURDAY, MAY 5, 1888.

Number 17.

MONTHLY ALMANAC

1888.	First	Second	Third	Fourth	Old
May	week	week	week	week	day
Tuesday	1	8	15	22	29
Wednesday	2	9	16	23	30
Thursday	3	10	17	24	31
Friday	4	11	18	25	
Saturday	5	12	19	26	
Sunday	6	13	20	27	
Monday	7	14	21	28	

USEFUL MEMORANDA.
Average time of Sun rise this day, 6m. after 6
Do. Sun set, 6m. before 6
Moon's First Quarter, on the 3d at 5pm. after 6
Do. Full, 10th—24m. before 6
Do. Last Quarter, 18th—10m. before 6
Do. New Moon, 25th—7m. after 1
High Water at Full Moon—6m. after 11

CAP. VII.
An Act to provide for the collection of County and Parish Rates.
Passed 1st March 1838.

Clerks of the Peace to make out and transmit within fourteen days the warrants of Assessments to the assessors.

I. Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governor, Legislative Council, and Assembly, That whenever the Justices of the Peace for the several Counties in this Province shall, under and by virtue of any Act or Acts of the General Assembly for that purpose made or to be made, order any sum or sums of money to be raised, levied and assessed, for the purpose of defraying any county, town or parish charge or expense, it shall be the duty of the Clerks of the Peace for the respective counties to make out the warrants, under the hands of such Clerks respectively and the seal of the said County, for assessing such sum or sums of money to be raised as aforesaid, and within fifteen days from the date of the order for the assessment to transmit such warrants to the assessors of rates for the several towns and parishes in the said counties respectively, under the penalty of ten pounds for each and every neglect.

Assessment to be made and delivered to the Collectors within forty-five days.

II. And be it enacted, That it shall be the duty of the said assessors, without delay, after receiving the said warrants of assessments, to make a rate and assessment on their respective towns and parishes, in such manner as shall be authorized by the laws then in force, and within forty-five days to deliver to the several collectors of rates within the respective towns or parishes a list containing the christian and surname of all persons rated within the several districts, to which the said collectors may have been appointed, with the several amounts to be collected for every such person, such list being signed by the said assessors, and having endorsed thereon a precept under their hands in the form following, that is to say:

Form of Precept.
'To A. B. one of the Collectors of Rates in the Town or Parish of, or to any other Collector of Rates in the Town or Parish of

'You are hereby required forthwith to collect from the several persons named in the annexed assessment, the sums set against their names respectively, under the last column thereof intitled Total Assessment, amounting in the whole to the sum of, and to pay the same when collected into the hands of County Treasurer, (or overseers of the poor or otherwise as the case may be) Given under our hands this day of in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and

Duplicate of assessment and the warrant to be transmitted to the Clerk. Penalty.

And further it shall be the duty of the said assessors to make out a duplicate of all and every of their respective assessments, and to transmit the same together with the warrant of assessment within ten days to the clerks of the Peace of their respective counties, to be filed of record; and if any assessor shall neglect or omit to perform the duty herein required of him he shall be liable to the penalty of ten pounds.

Collectors to proceed without delay, and pay over their collections monthly. To proceed against delinquents and render a full account within four months. Proceedings against collectors for neglect of duty.

III. And be it enacted, That it shall be the duty of the several collectors of rates in the several Towns and Parishes without delay after the receipt of such assessment and precept as aforesaid, to demand the several sums contained in the said list, of the several persons therein named, and shall if required give a written statement showing the several amounts assessed on such person; and such collectors shall, on the first Monday in every month, pay over to the person or persons authorized by law to receive the same, the several sums of money which may have been received by such collectors during the preceding month, with a list of the persons from whom the same may have been received; and upon neglect or refusal of any person, or persons to pay the amount demanded of him, or them, the said collectors shall within ten days after such demand proceed against such person or persons so neglecting or refusing, according to the powers hereinafter given to the said collectors, and also within four months after the receipt of the precept for collecting the said assessment, render to the Clerk of the Peace, under oath, a full and true account of all and every sum or sums of money, which may have been received by them on account of the said assessments, with proper vouchers for all sums paid by them, and also a correct list of all defaulters in paying their said assessment; and if any collector shall neglect or refuse to omit to pay over the several sums so collected as aforesaid, on or before the days appointed therefor, or to proceed against all or any of the defaulters as aforesaid, or to render such account or list as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace in the respective Counties, at any General Sessions or at any special Sessions, or the major part of

them, then and there assembled, to order such collector to be brought before them; and the constable or other officer, who may serve such order is hereby empowered to arrest the body and bring him forthwith before the said Justices, and thereupon, if they see fit, to commit such collector to the common goal of the County, there to be and remain, without bail or mainprize, until he shall have made full payment and satisfaction for all and every such sum or sums of money as may have been received by him, and shall have rendered a full and correct account of the collections made by him, with the list of defaulters as aforesaid, and whether proceeded against or not, unless the said Justices, for some sufficient cause shown by such collector may deem it proper sooner to discharge him.

Proceedings by collectors against persons neglecting to pay within ten days after demand.

IV. And be it enacted, That if any person assessed within any Town or Parish shall refuse or neglect to pay the amount of his or her assessment, by the space of ten days next after such demand as aforesaid, then and in such case it shall be the duty of the collector of taxes for the district where such demand was made to make application to any Justice of the Peace in the County, upon complaint made to him under oath by such collector that the amount assessed upon any person has not been paid as aforesaid, and that demand had been made as required by the third section of this Act, to issue warrant of distress and execution against the party complained of, in the form following:

County, as. To any Constable of the Parish of. You are hereby required to levy of the Goods and Chattels of A. B. within your Parish, which sum has been assessed upon, and also to collect, amounting in the whole to, and to have the money before me at my dwelling house, on the day of, to be rendered to C. D. Collector of Taxes for the district of, for want of goods and chattels whereon to levy you will take the body of the said A. B. and him safely keep for days, unless the said and costs be sooner paid, and how you shall have executed this precept, make return to me at the day and place aforesaid. Given under my hand this day of one thousand eight hundred and

E. F. Justice of the Peace for the County of

And the Constable to whom any execution as aforesaid shall be delivered, shall forthwith proceed to levy the same, in the same manner as is provided for the levying executions in an Act made and passed in the fourth year of his present Majesty's reign, intitled 'An Act to regulate proceedings before Justices of the Peace in civil suits.' Provided always that no person so committed to goal shall be liable to be detained more than one day for every two shillings of the amount assessed and costs required by such execution to be levied, or more than fifty days in the whole if the amount exceed five pounds; and every person so committed shall be entitled to his discharge at the expiration of such time; and provided further, that notwithstanding the discharge of the defendant as aforesaid, the judgment upon which such execution issued shall remain good against the property of the defendant, and a new execution may be issued against his property in like manner as if he had not been imprisoned.

Compensation to the assessors and collectors to be settled by the Sessions. Amount limited.

V. And be it enacted, That there shall be allowed to the assessors and collectors respectively in the several Towns and Parishes, such compensation or fees for their services as the Justices of the Peace for the several Counties shall, at their General Sessions at which each respective assessment is ordered deemed reasonable, and then and there order and establish: Provided always, that no assessor shall in the whole be allowed at a greater rate than five per cent. and no collector at a greater rate than ten per cent. on the amount ordered to be assessed; provided also, that no assessor shall be allowed a percentage on any greater sum than he may actually collect and pay over, nor be entitled to receive such percentage until he shall have collected the whole amount mentioned in the precept to him directed, or assigned sufficient reason satisfactory to the Sessions for not collecting the same, nor until such collector shall have rendered a full account, showing the amounts received and paid by him, and a correct list of all the defaulters in his district as is provided in and by the third section of this Act.

Expense of assessing and collecting to be included in the assessors' warrant.

VI. And be it enacted, That a sum equal to the per centage on the several amounts ordered to be assessed as aforesaid, shall be included in every assessor's warrant, for defraying the expenses of assessing and collecting, and when such sum collected shall be paid into the hands of the respective County Treasurers for the purpose of paying the assessors and collectors, as the Justices may by their order in Sessions from time to time direct.

Assessment to be legal, although it may exceed the sum ordered by ten per cent.

VII. And whereas it is difficult in most cases for the assessors to apportion the rate or assessment to be made by them so that the amount thereof shall correspond with the exact sum ordered to be assessed; Be it enacted, That in all assessments for Town or Parish rates, now made or hereafter to be made, such assessment shall be deemed and taken to be legal, although the aggregate amount thereof shall exceed the sum ordered to be assessed; provided the difference shall not be more than ten per cent. on the sum so ordered.

Assessors and collectors to be appointed annually by the Sessions. To be sworn. Penalty for refusing to accept of office or neglect to be sworn. How vacancies to be filled up.

VIII. And be it enacted, That the Justices of the Peace in the several Counties in this Province, shall at their General Sessions in each year at which Town or Parish officers are appointed have power and authority, and they are hereby required to nominate and appoint three or more fit persons to be assessors, and one or more fit person or persons to be collectors of the several rates or assessments which may be ordered to be made on the several Towns or Parishes in each respective County, which persons shall be styled assessors or collectors of taxes (as the case may be), for the Town or Parish for which they may have been appointed as aforesaid; and every such assessor or collector shall, within ten days after receiving notice of such his appointment, notify the Town Clerk of his acceptance of the office, and be sworn to the faithful discharge of his duty before some Justice of the Peace, who shall forthwith transmit to the Clerk of the Peace of the County, a memorandum that such oath hath been administered; and if any person so appointed shall refuse to accept of the office or neglect to be sworn as aforesaid, within the time specified for the purpose, he shall be liable to the penalty of two pounds, except in the case of a vacancy, when the Town Clerk of the City of Saint John and Parish of Portland shall be ten pounds for any such neglect or refusal, and upon such refusal or neglect as aforesaid, or upon any vacancy occasioned by the death or removal from the parish of any assessor or collector appointed as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for any two Justices of the Peace for the County, when such vacancy may occur, forthwith to appoint another fit person to fill the office of assessor or collector, and the person so appointed shall be notified by the Town Clerk of such appointment, and shall be liable to the like penalties for refusing or neglecting to accept of the office, and to be sworn in within ten days after such notification, as if he had been appointed by the sessions as aforesaid, and in case of such refusal or neglect, it shall and may be lawful for the said two Justices or any other two Justices of the Peace for the County, to appoint another fit person to fill the office of assessor or collector, and the person so appointed shall be notified by the Town Clerk of such appointment, and shall be liable to the like penalties for refusing or neglecting to accept of the office, and to be sworn in within ten days after such notification, as if he had been appointed by the sessions as aforesaid, and in case of such refusal or neglect, it shall and may be lawful for the said two Justices or any other two Justices of the Peace for the County, to appoint another fit person to fill the office of assessor or collector, and the person so appointed shall be notified by the Town Clerk of such appointment, and shall be liable to the like penalties for refusing or neglecting to accept of the office, and to be sworn in within ten days after such notification, as if he had been appointed by the sessions as aforesaid.

Recovery of Penalties. A W. 4. C. 45.

IX. And be it enacted, That the several and respective penalties imposed by this Act shall and may be recovered upon complaint made to any one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County where such offence shall be committed, upon the oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, and be levied as is provided in and by an Act made and passed in the fourth year of Her present Majesty's reign, intitled 'An Act to facilitate summary proceedings before Justices of the Peace, and the execution of warrants by constables,' and paid in the hands of the County Treasurer for the use of the County.

Fees to Justices and Constables.

X. And be it enacted, That the fees to be taken by Justices of the Peace shall be as follows:

For every affidavit of collector, including the oath one shilling.

For every warrant of distress, &c. ninepence.

And the fees to constables for serving each and every warrant of distress and sale, the same as are now allowed to constables, under the Act to regulate proceedings before Justices of the Peace in civil suits.

26 G. 3. C. 42. in part suspended.

XI. And be it enacted, That the operation of the third section of an Act, made and passed in the twenty sixth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the third, intitled 'An Act for assessing, collecting and levying County rates,' except so much as relates to the appointment and duties of County Treasurers, and also the operation of the fifth and sixth sections of the said recited Act, shall and is hereby suspended while this Act shall continue and be in force.

Receipts by County Treasurers, and Discharges by the General Sessions to be good in Law or Equity.

XII. And be it enacted, That the receipts of the respective County Treasurers, or other persons authorized to receive the monies collected shall be sufficient discharges to all collectors, and the discharges of the Justices of the Peace or the greater part of them by their orders made at their respective General Sessions to such Treasurers, shall be deemed and allowed as good and sufficient releases and discharges of law or equity.

Clerks, assessors or collectors to perform their duties although neglected to be done within the prescribed time.

XIII. Provided always and be it enacted, That when any Clerk of the Peace, assessor or collector may have neglected, or performed any of their said duties within the time prescribed by this Act, it shall nevertheless be lawful for such clerk, assessor or collector to perform such duty after the time so prescribed by this Act, if such subsequent proceedings shall be held and deemed good and valid to all intents and purposes as if done within the said prescribed period.

Previous assessments to be in force.

XIV. And be it enacted, That all assessments now made, or which shall be made before the passing of this Act shall continue and be in force in the same manner as if this Act had been made.

Limitation.
XV. And be it enacted, That this Act shall continue and be in force until the first day of April which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty.

CAP. XXV.
An Act to authorize the Magistrates of the County of Charlotte to levy an assessment to pay off the County debt.

Passed 9th March 1838.

Enacted by the Lieutenant Governor, Legislative Council and Assembly, That the Justices of the Peace for the County of Charlotte at any General Sessions of the Peace hereafter to be holden therein, be and they are hereby authorized and empowered to make such rate and assessment of any sum not exceeding one thousand pounds, as they in their discretion may think necessary for the purpose of paying the County debt, and contingent expenses of the County, the same to be assessed, levied, collected and paid, agreeably to any act now or hereafter to be in force for the assessing, collecting and levying of the County Rates.

CAP. XXIX.
An Act in addition to an Act intitled 'An Act to make more effectual regulations, relating to Pilots within this Province,' so far as regards the County of Charlotte.

Passed 9th March 1838.

WHEREAS Branch Pilots are now by law not entitled to any pilotage from any ship or vessel outward bound, from any port or place within the Inner Bay of Passamaquoddy, refusing to receive the same; And whereas it is right that such Pilots should receive full Pilotage from such ships or vessels, so refusing to receive them; for remedy whereof.

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governor, Legislative Council and Assembly, That from and after the passing of this Act, if any Branch Pilot for the County of Charlotte, shall in any case make an appearance that he has discharged his duty, by offering his service upon any ship or vessel that shall depart outward bound, from any port or place within the County of Charlotte, in proper time and place, agreeably to the regulations which may be made by virtue of the above recited Act, made and passed in the second year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intitled 'An Act to make more effectual regulations relating to Pilots within this Province,' and the master of such ship or vessel not having any other Pilot on board authorized to act as such under and by virtue of the said recited Act, shall not employ such Pilot so offering his service as aforesaid, then and in such case such Pilot upon due proof, by the oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, that he did so offer his service, shall be entitled to demand, sue for and recover from the Master of such ship or vessel, one moiety of such rates and fees as shall be so established as aforesaid, for the Pilotage of such ship or vessel, in the same manner and in all respects, subject to the same provisions, as Pilots are by the provisions of the hereinafore in part recited Act, who attend upon inward bound vessels.

CAP. XXXVII.
An Act to amend an Act, intitled 'An Act establishing the rates to be taken for Warlike and Cranage of Ships and other Vessels within the limits of this Province.'

Passed 9th March 1838.

WHEREAS by the fifth section of an Act made and passed in the twenty sixth year of the reign His Majesty King George the Third, intitled 'An Act estab-

lishing the Wharfe and Cranage of Ships and other Vessels within the limits of this Province,' the owner or owners of wharves by themselves or their agents, are empowered to remove any lumber, mill stones, or other goods, which may encumber their wharves or incommodate or obstruct the passing or repassing of any carts or carriages employed for the purpose of loading or unloading any ship or other vessel, and to keep the same in custody, but no power is given by the said Act to charge such goods with the expenses of yarding or housing, or to sell the same in the event of their not being claimed.

I. Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governor, Legislative Council and Assembly, That from and after the passing of this Act, when any wharf shall be encumbered by merchandise of any description, or rubbish or ballast, so as to obstruct the free passage of carts and other carriages, the owner or owners of such wharf, or his or their agent shall give notice to the owner, owners or consignees of such merchandise, or to the person who may have deposited rubbish or ballast thereon, which notice may be given personally or in writing and left at the residence or office of such owner, consignee or person as aforesaid, to remove the same; and if such merchandise or rubbish or ballast is not removed in a reasonable time after such notice, then it shall and may be lawful to and for the said owner or owners of such wharf or his or their agent to remove the same, and to keep such merchandise in custody until the whole costs of removing, and keeping the same is fully paid; and in case the owner or consignee of such merchandise is unknown, or not to be found, the owner or agent as aforesaid of such wharf may at his discretion remove and keep the same, until some person appears to claim the same, and pay the costs of removing and keeping as aforesaid: Provided always, that when any such merchandise so removed shall be of a perishable nature, the same may within twenty-four hours after such removal or as soon after as possible, be sold by Public Auction by a licensed auctioneer, and if such merchandise is not of a perishable nature, the same may be sold in thirty days after such removal, and the proceeds of such sale respectively, after deducting the expense of removal and keeping and all other charges, shall be paid by the auctioneer to the owner or consignee of the merchandise so sold when supplied for.

II. And be it enacted, That no ballast of any kind or rubbish shall be placed or handled on wharf or wharves, without the permission or consent of the owner, owners or agent of such wharf or wharves, under the penalty of ten pounds, to be sued for and recovered with costs in the name of such owner or owners, or agent, and to the use of such owner or owners, in any Court of competent jurisdiction, and the person who may have so placed or landed or caused to be placed or landed such ballast or rubbish, may be held to bail in any such action by order of a Judge of the Court in which the action may be brought, upon the facts being made sufficiently to appear by affidavit: Provided also, that if any merchandise or rubbish or ballast which may have been obstructing or encumbering any wharf or wharves, and removed by the owner or agent of such wharf should not be sufficient when sold to defray the expense of removing the same, together with all other charges, the expenses so incurred with all other charges after deducting the proceeds of sale as the case may be, shall be paid by the owner of such merchandise, rubbish or ballast, or person who may have deposited or landed the same on any wharf, to be sued for and recovered in an action of debt or before any Court of competent jurisdiction.

DAHLIA. This is a beautiful autumnal flowering plant, a native of Mexico. There are many varieties, single and double, and of almost every colour and shade. Dahlias will grow in almost any soil, but a poor sandy, or gravelly soil is thought best, for the purpose of preventing them from growing too luxuriant, which would be the case if planted in a rich soil. In a poor soil they produce a greater abundance of flowers. They are propagated by seed and by dividing the roots.

The seed may be sown in March, in pots, and placed in a hot-bed, or green house. About the middle of May, or when there is no danger from frost, plant them out in the borders, or wherever they are to stand, and, as they advance in height, let them be well supported by stakes, otherwise the wind will break them down.

The roots are tuberous, resembling a sweet potato, and should be taken up in Oct. or Nov. and preserved through the winter in a box filled with dry sand, placed where the frost never penetrates. Towards the end of April or when they begin to sprout, divide the roots and plant them in a bare place, taking care to cover them in the case of frost. Plant only those that have a bud, and be careful that it is not hurt by dividing the roots. The plants soon shoot up to considerable height, and produce a great abundance of flowers.

The plants must be well supported by slender stakes. They are said to do well if planted in large pots.

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Original issues in Poor Condition
Best copy available

K O D A K