

Weather Forecast:

Fine and Warm

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HOME
EDITION

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DAY AND NIGHT BRITISH POUND GERMAN LINES ITALIANS RECAPTURE MORE POSITIONS FROM AUSTRIANS RUMANIA ABOUT TO JOIN ALLIES, IS REPORT

FIRE CURTAIN OF THE FRENCH AGAIN BLOCKS RUSH OF HUNS

Another Attack on Fleury
Checked by Joffre.

SURPRISE ASSAULTS FAIL
Advance of Germans in Cham-
pagne Also Broken Up.

NO CHANGE AT THIAUMONT

Heavy Fighting by Artillery
on the Left Bank of the
Meuse.

[Canadian Press.]

Paris, June 28.—12:20 p.m.—German troops last night delivered another attack on the French positions near Fleury, on the sector of the Verdun front, over which violent fighting has been in progress for several days. The assault was checked by the French fire, the war office announced today.

There was spirited fighting near Thiaumont works, which the Germans captured several days ago, but no change occurred in the situation there.

West of the Meuse there was no infantry fighting of importance. Artillery engagements occurred in the sector between Avocourt and Chantonnay.

THE FRENCH STATEMENT.

"In the region to the south of Laasigny the Germans endeavored last night to deliver several surprise attacks upon minor French posts. All their efforts resulted in failure.

"In the Champagne district a strong reconnoitering party of the enemy which was trying to reach our lines along the road from St. Hilaire Le Grand to St. Souplet was dispersed by our fire.

Grenade Fighting.
"On the left bank of the River Meuse there has been artillery fighting in the vicinity of Avocourt and Chantonnay. At Hill 304 and at Dead Man Hill there have been minor engagements with hand grenades.

"On the right bank of the river there was a counter-attack at 3 o'clock on our positions to the northeast of Hill 321. This was repulsed with hand grenades. Another counter-attack between Fleury and the eastern boundary of the Chapelle wood was at once checked by our curtain of fire.

In the vicinity of the Thiaumont works, where the fighting was spirited last night, the situation remains unchanged.

BULGARS UNEASY AS GREECE SUBMITS TO DEMANDS OF ALLIES

[Canadian Press.]

Berlin, June 28.—Sofia reports indicate that Bulgaria is uneasy, owing to the possible consequences of Greece's capitulation to the entente demands. It is said that official Bulgarian circles declare Bulgaria would be forced to regard a Greece under the dictatorship of Venizelos and obeying entente orders as an open enemy.

Sofia feels that Greece's capitulation has caused the whole Balkan problem to enter a new stage. The effects of the changed situation are already making themselves felt in Sofia and Bucharest. While recognizing Greece's goodwill to further maintain neutrality, Sofia regards Greece's future attitude as most difficult.

TAGEBLATT SUSPENDED BY GERMAN CENSOR

[Canadian Press.]

Berlin, June 28.—Via London.—The Tageblatt, one of the leading Berlin newspapers, announced this morning that its appearance had been prohibited by order of the military commander. This is the first instance for some months of the suspension of a Berlin paper.

STEAMER ARRIVALS.

Glasgow, June 28.—Arrived: Steamship California, from New York.
London, June 28.—Arrived: Pomeranian, from Montreal; Dabney, from Montreal; Dundee, from London; Rotterdam, June 28.—Arrived: Gothland, from Quebec.
Montreal, June 28.—Arrived: Molite, from Quebec; Matasana, from Quebec.

AUSTRIANS FLUNG BACK FURTHER DISTANCE BY GREAT ITALIAN DRIVE

Two More Positions Captured by the Troops of Cadorna as
Enemy Falls Back—Italian Advance Has Now Reached
the Giamarra Valley.

(Canadian Press.)

Rome, June 28, via London, 1:45 p.m.—The Italians have flung back the Austrians a further distance on the Trentino front. The war office today announced the capture of Monte Giamondo, north of Fusine and Monte Caviojo. These positions lie between Posina and Astico.

The Italians also advanced on the Asiago Plateau, occupying the southern side of the Assa Valley, and reached the slopes of Monte Resta, Monte Interotto, and Monte Mosoiagh.

Monte Colombiara was carried, and the Italian advance reached the Gatamarra Valley.

The Italian Report.

The communication follows:
"From the Adige to the Brenta commanding positions and strongly organized defences, now reached by the enemy, have increasingly hindered his activity in resisting our advance. Nevertheless we made considerable progress all day yesterday.

"In the Lagarina Valley and in the Arsa Valley there was intense artillery action. We shelled positions of the enemy on Monte Trappola and Monte Tese, and took the trenches near Malda Suga.

"Between the Posina and the Astico we took the enemy's positions of Monte Giamondo, north of Fusine, and Monte Caviojo. Cavalry detachments reached Pedesca.

Carry the Slopes.
"On the Asiago plateau we occupied the southern side of the Assa Valley and reached the slopes of Monte Rasca, Monte Interotto and Monte Mosoiagh, which were held strongly by the enemy's vanguards. Further north, after carrying Monte Colombiara, we began to approach Gatamarra Valley. On the remainder of the front as far as the Brenta there was no change.

"On the upper Piave we made an attack after intense artillery preparation, taking some redoubts and trenches in the neighborhood of Prekofel.

"On the Isonzo the artillery was active. We made raids and captured 353 prisoners, including 7 officers and 2 machine guns."

LAVERGNE NOW SAYS
FAVORS CONSCRIPTION

Declares French-Canadian Would Approve of It.

[Canadian Press.]

Contrecoeur, Que., June 28.—French-Canadians would submit to conscription if introduced into Canada, Col. Armand Lavergne, the Nationalist, argued before a bilingual meeting here last night. He himself would submit to conscription and go to the front if sent.

A MANITOBA PROTEST.
[Canadian Press.]

Winnipeg, Man., June 28.—The Association D'Education Des Canadiens Francais Du Manitoba, at the convention which was opened at St. Boniface yesterday, passed a resolution expressing its "energetic protest against the abolition of the teaching of the French language in their schools as provided by the school law passed at the last session of the Provincial Legislature of Manitoba."

FRENCH TROOPS QUELL REVOLT IN ALGERIA

Rabat, Morocco, via Paris, June 28.—French troops have quelled a serious revolt of tribes in the El Oud region in Algeria, after fierce fighting. The rebels offered desperate resistance, and were only defeated after their principal stronghold had been stormed by two French columns. Their leaders then surrendered.

NEW DEFENCES OF KOVEL BEING RUSHED BY FOE

[Canadian Press.]

Petrograd, via London, June 28.—More than 100,000 men, of whom a large proportion are prisoners of war, are at work strengthening the defences of Kovol, according to the Source Gazette. The new defences extend more than ten miles from the town.

The crossing of the Dniester, southwest of Buczacz, by the Don Cossacks is regarded here as another nail in the coffin of Kolomoia. The Cossacks are now expected to sweep around the Cherniava River from the west.

PRUSSIAN LOSSES ARE NEARLY THREE MILLIONS

[Canadian Press.]

Amsterdam, via London, June 28.—The latest Prussian casualty list, covering the period from June 8 to 20, brings the total Prussian loss to 2,740,196. This figure is not believed to include the losses at Verdun.

KILLED IN ACTION,
LEAVING WIFE AND
FAMILY IN LONDON



PTE. WILLIAM HALLS

PTE. WM. HALLS AMONG THE DEAD; HAS FAMILY HERE

Worked at McCormick's Prior
to Enlisting.

PTE. COLLING MISSING

London Boy Joined Forces in
West—Many Friends in
City.

Pte. William Halls, who has been officially reported killed in action on June 12, resided at 55 High street, this city, before enlisting.

He was born in the town of South Shields, County Durham, England, and was in his 34th year.

He sailed the seas for several years before coming to Canada eighteen months ago. He came direct to London, and secured employment at McCormick's factory, working in the shipping department.

He enlisted in August, 1915, with the 34th Battalion, and left for overseas service in October last year. Shortly after arrival in England he was transferred to the 13th Battalion, Royal Canadian Highlanders.

His last letter, dated June 11, one day before his death, states that they were preparing for another attack, which was expected any time. This, it is believed, came the next day, when he was killed in action.

He is survived by a wife and three small children, the eldest about ten years old.

PTE. COLLING MISSING.

Mrs. Elizabeth Colling, 229 Waterloo street, has received word from the militia authorities that her son, Pte. Gladstone Colling of the 49th Battalion of Edmonton, has been missing since June 2. Pte. Colling was in the grenade section of his battalion, and had been in the trenches since October, and probably took part in the big battle during the first few days of June, when there were so many Canadian casualties.

His father was Rev. Thomas Colling, who some years ago was pastor of the Askin Street Methodist Church.

Pte. Colling is a cousin of Major Gordon Ingram of the headquarters staff and Capt. Howard Ingram of the 142nd Battalion.

Continued on Page 3, Column 3.

"SOO" PAPER BARRED FROM PUBLICATION FOR THREE MONTHS

Drastic Action Follows Ap-
pearance of Anti-Recruit-
ing Article.

[Canadian Press.]

Sault Ste. Marie, June 28.—Lieut.-Col. Chambers, chief press censor for Canada, arrived here last evening's train from Ottawa and was met at the station by Lieut.-Col. Jones, commanding the 27th Overseas Battalion, and Chief Vincent, of the city police.

A quarter of an hour later a guard of the Sault Express and took possession of it by direction of the chief press censor, contained statements calculated to cause disaffection to His Majesty, to assist and encourage the enemy, and to prevent, embarrass and hinder the successful prosecution of the war.

The crossing of the Dniester, southwest of Buczacz, by the Don Cossacks is regarded here as another nail in the coffin of Kolomoia. The Cossacks are now expected to sweep around the Cherniava River from the west.

Alexandro Padilla Bell, the new Spanish minister to Mexico, arrived in Vera Cruz tonight, and was received by high officials of the foreign office. Great political significance is attached to the coming of the new minister, as it is understood that he will offer the friendly mediation of Spain in an attempt to settle the disputes between the United States and Mexico.

FIREMEN DOING WELL.—Firemen Albert Dean and Charles Shibley, who were injured when the motor fire truck was struck by a Grand Trunk train a week ago last Sunday, are doing well in Victoria Hospital, and daily show signs of improvement. Driver Sweet, who was taken to his home, is fast recovering.

LAST CHANCE FOR PRES. CARRANZA TO CLIMB DOWN

Unless U. S. Troopers Are Re-
leased by Tomorrow, War
Will Follow.

CONGRESS WITH WILSON
Expected to Comply Promptly
With the Request For
Action.

PRISONERS WELL TREATED

British Consul at Chihuahua
Looking After Interests
of Americans.

[Canadian Press.]

Washington, D. C., June 28.—No official intimation had reached the state department early today as to when or how Carranza would reply to the American note. An overnight dispatch from Special Agent Rodgers at Mexico City brought only the information that a special car left yesterday for Vera Cruz, carrying 70 Americans, including 21 from Guanajuato.

[Canadian Press.]

Washington, June 28.—This was reported by Washington officials as the final day in negotiations with Mexico. It was probably the last day at which Carranza in which to comply with the United States demand for release of 23 troopers held as prisoners at Chihuahua City. If his reply, either by act or in a communication, does not arrive by tonight or if it is unsatisfactory, President Wilson is determined to go before Congress, probably tomorrow, and ask authority to rescue the prisoners by force.

Congress To Back Wilson.
Indications were that Congress would comply promptly with President Wilson's request. Unofficial reports stated that Gen. Carranza's reply was on its way to Washington, having been dispatched from Mexico City last night. Officials had no intimation of its nature.

Only incidental consideration was given by the state department today to Mexican Ambassador Designate Arredondo's communication, sent late yesterday, asking that 30 Mexican soldiers, who had been arrested in California and Arizona, be released and complaining against the unofficial embargo against shipment of foodstuffs and merchandise across the boundary into Mexico.

All questions, including that of possible mediation, were regarded as subsidiary to that of the freeing of the American troopers at Chihuahua. Carranza was gratified to learn by a report of the British consul in that city that the prisoners were being well treated, and that only two were slightly wounded.

PERSHING FALLS BACK.

Mexico City, June 28.—The American forces, under the command of Gen. Pershing, have abandoned Bachimba and San Jeronimo, in order to concentrate to the north, according to advices received by Gen. Alvaro Obregon, according to reports from Gen. Jacinto Trevino, commanding the government troops in Chihuahua. The Carranza forces have occupied these positions and organized them so as to prevent the American troops from again occupying them. Reports received from Zacatecas are to the effect that Col. Miguel Hernandez, one of the rebel chieftains, is ready with his forces to join the Carranza army.

Reinforced Railway Lines.

According to information from Nacazari, Sonora, the Southern Pacific Railway line and the telephone and telegraph systems are in the hands of the de facto government forces.

Replies are being received from the Latin-American republics to which Foreign Secretary Aguilar recently sent messages concerning the Carrizima and Mazatlan incidents. Some of the replies offer co-operation with a view to averting, through mediation, a war between the United States and Mexico.

Gen. F. C. Cajigas, commander-in-chief of the Zapata forces in the state of Hidalgo, has offered all the men under his command to the military commander at Vera Cruz for the service of the facts government. Gen. Carranza has accepted the proffer of Gen. Cajigas.

Alejandro Padilla Bell, the new Spanish minister to Mexico, arrived in Vera Cruz tonight, and was received by high officials of the foreign office. Great political significance is attached to the coming of the new minister, as it is understood that he will offer the friendly mediation of Spain in an attempt to settle the disputes between the United States and Mexico.

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LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 6 o'clock last night: Highest, 70; lowest, 50. The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 62; lowest, 50.

British Guns Pouring Shells Into Foe's Works on 70-Mile Front; Shell Bursts Mark Entire Horizon

COURT OVERRULES
CASEMENT'S PLEA
TO QUASH CHARGE

Counsel's Contentment as to the
Indictment Fails.

SIR ROGER TAKES STAND

Appears Unnerved as He
Reads Statement to the
Court.

[Canadian Press.]

London, June 28.—Dramatic developments are expected at today's session of the trial of Sir Roger Casement for high treason. Chief among these is a statement in his own defence which Sir Roger is prepared to make from the dock.

Francis P. Doyle, the Philadelphia attorney who is acting as solicitor for Casement, announced before the opening of court that no witnesses would be called for the defence, but that the arguments of counsel would be supplemented by a statement from the prisoner. As was indicated yesterday, the main defence will rest on the argument of counsel for the quashing of the indictment on the ground of lack of jurisdiction.

No Witnesses.

In reference to the decision of Casement's counsel not to call any witnesses, Mr. Doyle said: "Inasmuch as this trial affects not only the life of Sir Roger Casement, but also the aspirations of the Irish nation, it has been deemed advisable not to call any witnesses in this jurisdiction." He added that no witnesses were available in this country, and that it would have been necessary to go to Germany for them.

Continued on Page 11, Column 3.

CARL LIEBKNECHT TO BE TRIED ON TREASON CHARGE

Socialist Leader Charged With
Organizing An Anti-Govern-
ment Demonstration.

[Canadian Press.]

Berlin, June 28.—Via London.—Four Reich newspapers published today the following from the semi-official Wolff Bureau:

"In the course of a demonstration last evening for Deputy Liebknecht, a rather large crowd collected at Potsdamer Platz (Berlin). Some twenty persons were taken into custody to establish their identity. There were no further incidents."

[Canadian Press.]

Berlin, June 28.—The trial of Carl Liebknecht, the Socialist leader, begins today before a court-martial which will decide whether he was guilty of attempted treason in time of war in participating in a May Day peace demonstration in Berlin.

Reinforced the Police.

Dr. Liebknecht, whose criticisms of the Government in speeches in the Reichstag previously had led to his expulsion from the Socialist party in that body, was arrested on May 1 during the demonstration and since has been held in custody, the Reichstag having on May 11 by a vote of 229 to 111 declined to order his release. He has been accused not only of taking part in but of arranging the demonstration, at which it is alleged cries of "Down with the war" and "Down with the Kaiser!" were raised by the excited demonstrators. A report on his arrest, made to the Reichstag, contained these charges, and in detailing the circumstances of the incident, asserted that he resisted the police, but finally was knocked down and overpowered.

May Get Fifteen Years.

Parliamentary immunity for Dr. Liebknecht was claimed, but not allowed. It was announced he had admitted that he was guilty of treason, but had admitted taking part in the demonstration. It was at first understood that he was to be brought before a court-martial—he being a soldier as well as a legislator—on the charge of high treason, conviction on which would have carried with it the death sentence, but recently it was published that the accusation had been modified to attempted treason in war time, the maximum penalty for which is fifteen years' penal servitude.

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British Artillery Hammering at German Trenches and Fortifications At All Points—Under Cover of Bombardment Raiders Bring In Hun Prisoners.

(Canadian Press.)

British Headquarters in France, Tuesday, June 27, via London, June 28, 12:40 p.m.—British guns continued today the bombardment over a broad front which was begun yesterday. The Associated Press correspondent, riding seventy miles behind the lines, found the same regular pounding of positions on both days, whether in the Somme region or along the Vimy Ridge.

Going to a point on high ground, which allowed a broad sweep of vision in a rolling country, or forward to observation posts in the trenches, the correspondent found the horizon always bounded by shell bursts. There might be a lull at one point for a while, but soon the inferno in that direction was renewed.

Under cover of the bombardment the British made numerous trench raids last night, bringing in groups of prisoners.

The British released gas at certain points, but discontinued when the weather was found to be unfavorable.

RUMANIA CLOSES FRONTIER
TO BULGARS; SIGNS POINT
JOINING HANDS WITH ALLIES

[Canadian Press.]

New York, June 28.—A news agency dispatch from London, published here today, says:

"Interest in the expected grand offensive of the Allies shifted temporarily today to the situation in the Balkans with the revival of reports that Rumania is preparing to join the Allies."

Frontier Closed.

A heavily-censored Bucharest dispatch, telegraphed via Athens, reported that Bulgaria had closed her frontier against Rumania. Bulgarian troops were reported to be concentrating along the Rumanian frontier.

The Evening News received a Bucharest dispatch reporting that the Rumanian Cabinet, at a special session, took certain steps as a result of Bulgaria's movements. The dispatch bore evidence of having been heavily censored. It gave no indications of what steps were taken, but the censor passed the statement that Rumanian military chiefs participated in the cabinet conference.

COMPANY'S TERMS NOW SEEM MORE FAVORABLE

Controllers and Street Railway Meet
Today—Settlement Expected.

There will be a conference this evening between the board of control and the London Street Railway to discuss the differences between them. This session was scheduled for Thursday evening, but since Saturday is a legal holiday, the meeting was moved forward one day in order to allow for a special meeting on Friday.

The letter of the company has been received. It is as follows: "The terms are more favorable than some weeks ago, in that the company agree to pave Beaconsfield avenue in addition to the other streets mentioned. That there will be an agreement seems probable. It is expected that the feeling of the aldermen, ruffled by the calling of one of their number a scavenger, will be smoothed over."

The company will refuse to give lower fares for Sunday traffic, and this may cause some annoyance. However, it seems probable that an amicable settlement will be reached.

THE WEATHER

TOMORROW—FAIR AND WARM.
Toronto, June 28—8 a.m.
Forecasts.

Light to moderate winds; fair and moderately warm today and on Thursday.

Temperatures.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

Stations.	High.	Low.	Weather.
Victoria	61	48	Cloudy
Calgary	72	44	Cloudy
Winnipeg	74	55	Fair
Port Arthur	60	48	Clear
Perry Sound	68	50	Cloudy
Buffalo	74	55	Cloudy
London	74	55	Cloudy
Kingston	74	55	Fair
Ottawa	66	52	Fair
Quebec	74	52	Fair

GREEK SITUATION CRITICAL AS ALLIES' DEMANDS MET

[Canadian Press.]

Athens, June 28.—Via London.—The situation in Greece remains critical and full of uncertainty, although the demands of the Allies are being rapidly carried out. The royal decree for the general demobilization of the Greek army was signed by King Constantine yesterday afternoon and a Venizelos adherent, Zymbrakakis, will be sworn in as chief of police today.

Near-Admiral Damilanos has been appointed minister of marine. Vice-Admiral Condouriotis, who was first named, refused the appointment.