An illicit still has been discovered in full blast at Palmerston.

The epizootic has made its appearance again in Nova Scotia.

Good Templars of Blyth have purchased a $250 organ.

The union of Yorkville to Toronto, is being advocated.

Montreal has had a very successful spelling match.

The miners at Reserve colliery, Cape Breton, who recently struck for higher wages, have resumed work.

Some days ago two deer entered the barnyard of Mr. McKinnon, Kinmount, and were discovered quietly feeding with the cattle.

A countryman, while on the train between Komoka and London, on Friday, lost fifty dollars by playing three-card monte with some sharpers.

A serious fire occurred at Campbellford, on Friday, which consumed nine buildings. Loss about $12,000, mostly covered by insurance.

The house of Mrs. Jones, in Chatham, was attempted to be robbed the other night, but the robbers were scared off by Mrs. Jones with an unloaded pistol.

At a spelling match in New Edinburgh last week. The Governor-general's stenographic writer carried off the prize. There were some twenty competitors.

The petitions for a prohibitory liquor law during the recent session have been extremely numerous, the total number presented being no less than 416.

A special train with 600 English and Scotch emigrants arrived in Montreal, on Saturday, from Portland, they having come out on the *Hibernian*. They are all coming westward.

The body of Mrs. Sheppard, of the Township of Logan, who drowned herself on the 4th, in the river Thames, was found in the mill pond in Mitchell, on Friday.

It is stated that, on the retirement of Mr. Scott from the pastorate of St. Andrew's church, London a call will be extended to the Rev. Dr. Inglis, of Brooklyn, formerly of Hamilton.

On Friday night some person or persons broke into St. Paul's Church, Belleville, and destroyed a number of ornaments and decorations belonging to the church.

Mr. J. C. Baldwin, of Lucknow, has a very handsome specimen of long wool, which measures about 14 inches. The wool was taken from a yearling ewe lamb.

An attempt will be made to carry the Dunkin Bill in the Township to Bastard in a short time. Wolford will vote on the Bill on the 27th inst., and Brockville about the 10th of May.

Father Chiniquy has left Montreal, but will return the 1st of May. A house has been leased for him by his converts, and is now being magnificently furnished.

A printer in Montreal received a postal card from Bangor, Me., on Friday, threatening to shoot him on sight. The card was not signed, but the party to whom it was addressed thinks he recognizes the handwriting.

A young man named Forsyth, employed in the County office, Cayuga, was found dead in the woods on Wednesday last. He had been missing for some days, and as he was addicted to drink it is supposed that he died in a fit of *delirium tremens*.

A woman named Isabella Mackenzie was found dead in her bed a few weeks ago, in Kinloss, by some school children. She lived entirely alone, and was evidently dead four days when found. Deceased of the heart and inflammation of the lungs were the causes of her death.

John Street, a young builder, while carrying a bundle of shingles up the roof of a house, the other day, in Walkerton, slipped and fell. Taking two bundles of shingles with him he tumbled off the roof into a well 23 feet deep, in which at the time was a man cleaning out the well. Strange to say, neither was hurt.

A girl named Charlotte Denning ran away from her home in Glencoe last week and went to London to get married. Her father telegraphed the authorities to stop her, and she was accordingly arrested. The magistrate discharged the prisoner, saying he knew of no law to prevent her getting married if she wanted to, and she was thereafter united in wedlock to her affianced.

For some time past a couple of Mormon apostles have been holding forth in London, and not a few converts have been made to that faith by their preaching. It is reported that two young men named Moore and Stratton were publicly baptized by them last week in the River Thames at Kensington bridge, the ceremony attending the immersion being described as of a very coarse and blasphemous character.

Mark Reynold, a young man of twenty-one years of age, was found dead in bed at the residence of Mr. John Wiles, township of Fullarton, on the 5th. He had been for a number of years suffering from a wound in the head, inflicted by his father with an axe during a fit of temporary insanity, and his sudden death is supposed to be traceable to that event.

Katie Blake, the young girl mother of the murdered child found at Woodbridge a few days ago, has been arrested at Meaford. The trial took place on Thursday, and the jury brought in the following verdict:—"That the said infant came to its death in the month of March last, in the village of Woodbridge, county of York, at the hands of Katie Blake, its mother, by cutting its throat with a pair of scissors.

The Beecher family is unfortunate Mr. Beecher, of Cleveland, a cousin of Henry Ward Beecher was the victim of a daring highway robbery in London, the other night. While walking on Richmond street he was attacked from behind and knocked senseless. He was then relieved of $260 in greenbacks by the robber, who escaped. A clue has been obtained to the guilty party, and it is expected that his capture will follow shorty.

At Listowel, on the first of the month, some youthful wags got a stick, dressed it up in women's clothes, and then placed it on the railway track. A train going east came along, and the engine driver seeing the effigy, and imagining it to be a female, with all due gallantry stopped the train, and the conductor and he got off to remove the lady as she did not seem inclined herself to move. Their warm indignation can be more easily imagined than described when they found it was only a "dummy," which had pinned to its skirts "April Fool."

It is understood that the provisions of the new postal law, enforcing the prepayment of newspapers from the offices of publication, will come into effect on the first of May next. The papers will be weighed in bulk at the post offices and charged at the rate of one cent per pound. It is proposed to furnish each newspaper office with a pass book, and a duplicate book will be held by the post office. The weight of each day's mail will be entered in each book and receipted by the receiving Clerk, and the amount of postage to be collected entered. Once a week, probably Monday, the amount of postage for the previous week will be collected.

In the Welland Assizes last week, a man named Matthias Konkle, of the village of Beamsville, was indicted for rape on the person of a child named Marshall, eight years of age, who resided at the house of prisoner's father. Konkle is a married man, but did not live with his wife. A verdict of Guilty was rendered, and he was sentenced to be hanged on the 12th of May next. A man named John McGuire was charged with the murder of Ann Maria Stone at St. Catharines on the 6th of November, 1874. She was his paramour; and, becoming jealous of her attentions to others, he beat her to death by kicking and trampling upon her. The evidence not being sufficiently conclusive in all its details the jury took a merciful view and brought in a verdict of manslaughter. He was sentenced to seven years in the penitentiary.]

Grand Trunk Railway

TRAINS WILL LEAVE GODERICH AS FOLLOWS:

No. 1 Express, 7.00 a. m., for Toronto, London and Buffalo.
No. 7 Mixed, 9.15 a. m., for Stratford.
No. 3 Mail Express 12.45 p. m., for Toronto, Buffalo and Detroit.
No. 9 Mixed, 3.30 p. m.,

TRAINS WILL ARRIVE AS FOLLOWS:

No. 8 Mixed, 11.00 a. m., from Stratford.
No. 2 Mail Express 2.00 p. m., from Toronto, Detroit and Buffalo.
No. 10 Mixed, 7.00 p. m., from Stratford.
No. 4 Express, 10.00 p. m., from Buffalo.

SPRING PLANTING.

The Toronto Nurseries, Established in 1842, and covering over 200 acres,

HAVE always on hand a large and choice stock of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, Small Fruits, Roses, Bedding Plants, &c. &c. All orders for Huron and Bruce Counties received at the Signal Office. Call and see Catalogues or send 10 cents for one to the

SIGNAL OFFICE, Goderich.

Huron Signal.

GODERICH, APRIL 14, 1875.

The Late Session.

After a lengthy and successful session the Dominion Parliament was prorogued on Thursday last with the usual ceremonies, though with less of the display customary upon this occasion. Since February 4th, when the House first met, the Senate held forty-seven sittings and the Commons forty-eight, and the work performed was unprecedentedly large. Important measures have been adopted, amongst which are—Bills for the establishment of a Supreme Court, an Insolvency Law, for the establishment of a Territorial Government in the North West Territories and an Insurance Law. All these were promised in the Governor General's opening speech, and contrary to general custom the Government has done all that the Speech from the Throne announced.

The first of those measures met with but little opposition as its provisions generally met the views of all parties, with the one exception of the abolition of appeals to the Throne, which called forth a wail from the *Leader* and Sir John who thought the establishment of a Supreme Court severed the last tie which bound this country to Britain. The Insolvency Law received a great deal of attention and was subjected to considerable pruning before being finally adopted. It provides against voluntary assignments by debtors, places the appointment of assignees in the hands of the Government, and is a great safeguard against the frauds have been which too frequently practised under the old law. With the object of opening up the North West Territories a bill has been introduced providing for the establishment of a Council and the appointment of a Governor General to open up and advance the country. It provides for the elective system of representation as the population increases, and the sale and manufacture of liquors is prohibited. A bill respecting the postage of letters and papers, the principal feature of which is prepayment in advance has been adopted, although the prepayment upon papers was strongly denounced by papers throughout the country. It entails a heavy expense upon country newspapers, and is a specimen of legislation which no newspaper in the country will give the Government much credit for. A large number of other bills of importance were put through, and in this respect the session has been prolific.

Three subjects of discussion came before the House, namely, the Pacific Railway, Riel and the New Brunswick School Laws. Lengthy and able debates took place in the discussion of these subjects. In the first case the Parliament advised the connection of the Canada Central with French River, a part rail and part water line from Thunder Bay to Manitoba, the surveys to be prosecuted and telegraph line located toward Fort Pelly, a pass to be decided upon through the Rocky Mountains and the line to be located in British Columbia, where a sum of two millions are to be annually spent in the construction, and the Pembina branch to be completed. Riel, Lepine and O'Donoghue were banished the country with the forfeiture of political rights, the two former for five years and the latter during his lifetime, and all other offenders were granted complete amnesty. In the New Brunswick School matter the House of Commons did not think it advisable to take the action requested of them, but a large majority agreed to address the Queen praying her influence to be exercised towards the amendment by the Provincial Legislature of the laws affecting the Catholic minority.

Amongst the subjects brought up by members were the naturalization of aliens introduced by Mr. Young, competitive examinations by Mr. Casey, prohibition by Mr. Ross and other less important subjects. Mr. Ross' scheme was well discussed and placed in such a light as to make its advancement irresistible. Its progress has been very gratifying, and temperance men have reason to be encouraged. Mr. Mills introduced his scheme for a remodelling of the Senate and carried an expression in its favor by a small majority. Having succeeded so far, and after giving an outline of future plans and exhibiting its features the matter was dropped in the meantime, and will be taken up at another session when it will no doubt be adopted. Committee investigations have formed a prominent feature of the doings in the Capital, and the evidence which has been evolved tends more and more to sink the late administration in the sight of the people. Contracts were given to friends of members at most exorbitant figures, and the corruption which existed was simply scandalous.

The Government has weathered through the session with great credit to itself. With the legacy of misdeeds which the late Government left to them to make amends therefor, their task has been difficult and involved many delicate points. And the ungenerous remnant of the late administration saw the ticklish position of the present Government and were eagerly on the watch to lead them into some pitfall and fall upon them. They have proven themselves equal to the situation, however, and with a clear field they can pursue their own policy and win popular favor on that alone.

The Senate.

Some little suprise was created last week by the action of the Senate on the Esquimault and Nanaimo Railway Bill, which was thrown out by a vote 23 to 21. Very little has been heard from this body for some time past, and its position in popular estimation has been that of a governmental institution of no use whatever. As if to defy Mr. Mills, and his hobbies, it has assumed a vivacity which appears more like an attempt at braggadocio than if, in pursuing the course they have done, they saw good reasons for their action.

To persons conversant with the history of Canada's dealings with British Columbia, and the promises and pledges made to her at the time of her admission to the union, the attempt to delay tardy justice is reprehensible. Mr. Mackenzie and his colleagues were alive to the fact that a definite action should be taken during the late session to fulfil in a degree the more important undertaking of the late government with the people of British Columbia, and the proposal to build the railroad from Nanaimo to Esquimault was but a tithe of what these people expected to see performed are this. The plea upon which the Senate based its objections to the Bill, that it was saddling the country with too great an expense deserves to be characterized as wise, if there was any grounds for believing that the country would lose thereby; but the facts point in a contrary direction. But considering that they were correct in their judgement, is it to be deemed right and in justice to British Columbia to withold this partial fulfilment of the government's pledges. Considering every circumstance in its worthiness their action resolves itself into a simple manifestation of the supremacy in that body of the spirit of Toryism and Opposition to such measures as may be construed in a manner to their advantage and for the advancement of their own base ends. So far from being a check or a lesson of correction to the majority of the Commons, it speaks more loudly than ever of the incapacity of the Senate. They have proven themselves of little advantage in the legislation of the past, and when with a desire to create a little sensation and announce to the people the fact of their existance, by an act which is directly opposed to national honor and justice we begin to be aware of the necessity of re-modelling and institution patiently tolerated while it retains its ancient character but which in a spirit of ill nature may create an aggravating amount of discord.

Mr. Mills' Senate scheme will receive many strong supporters through this action, and many who lightly regard the presence of such a body will adopt the elective scheme as furnishing a safeguard against another manifestation like to that of the present existing body. Our observations have proven to us that the older a politician grows the more rigorous becomes his devotion to party principles; and, in composition, the Senate being a compendium in a degree, of the John A. government with all the devotion to their party which lifelong service could instil in them, their late action is not so unnatural as might appear at first sight.

The Park.

PUBLIC MEETING IN THE ODDFELLOW'S HALL.

In accordance with the proclamation of the Mayor a public meeting was held in the Oddfellow's Hall on Friday evening for the purpose of publicly discussing the Park question. The Hall was about half filled, or rather more, and the audience represented the several classes of ratepayers, so that a very fair idea can be expressed of the probable result of the submission of the by law to the people. The Mayor was called to the chair and in a few words explained the object of the meeting.

Mr. A. M. Ross was then called for and took the platform. He reviewed the past regrets of the town in not being able to secure the "point" for a park. He spoke of the summer hotel scheme in connection with the park, and did not desire to hide the fact that the town would be assisting the hotel company in a manner, by purchasing part of the property; but contended that in no way could this be considered as a bonus to the hotel company, as the town were purchasing property for the use of the public and to be held by the town for ever. He explained, in reply to a question asked by Mr. Crabb, that he, as one of a committee, waited on Mr. Kirkpatrick and got, in writing, an offer to the hotel company to purchase the whole property for $12,000; and that Mr. Kirkpatrick further bound himself, that if the town wished to purchase half, or any part of said property, he (Mr. Kirkpatrick) would deal separately with the town and deed the portion so desired directly to the town; that Mr. Kirkpatrick held his offer open for two weeks and at the expiration of that time the hotel company closed the bargain, on the conditions mentioned, so that if the by-law be passed, the town can obtain a deed of one half the property from Mr. Kirkpatrick, and have nothing to do with the hotel company. That the town has now the choice of either half of the property for one half the purchase money. He thought the price reasonable enough and the terms easy. If those who say the price is unreasonable would make a calculation, taking the amount paid for the property by Mr. Kirkpatrick and what he expended on the property since, as well as interest on the money, they would find that he was not making much, if any profit in this sale. The speaker referred to the American travel and the amount of money left here by such people, and the probability of many investing in property here; he also referred to the arguments he heard from temperance men against the entire scheme, and said he considered them narrow and foolish. He would support the by-law and call on all good citizens who have the interest of Goderich at heart to do likewise.

Mr. H. W. Ball said he admitted his ideas on this subject were very peculiar; he opposed the entire scheme of both park and hotel on temperance principles; he characterised the American visitors as a flying population and did not consider their patronage worth much; he ridiculed the scheme generally. The audience evidently agreed with the speaker on one point, namely, that his ideas were very peculiar. He would vote against the by-law.

Mr. Garrow thought it was rediculous to oppose either the park or hotel scheme on temperance grounds, and he could not agree at all with the very peculiar ideas of the last speaker; he was a temperance man, and as such thought those who opposed on that ground very intemperate, narrow minded and illiberal. Temperance men were calling out for a temperance hotel and said they would favor such. Let them subscribe stock now and have the proposed hotel conducted on temperance principles and he (Mr. Garrow) would vote with them. (Mr. Ross, so will I.) He would support the by law and encourage the progress of the town.

Mr. Crabb then took the speakers stand; he was not in favor of the park or the hotel and declared the scheme a swindle; he did not think anything of the Americans who visit us and said they were only shoddy. He attempted several other equally silly arguments but seemed to feel his own weakness. He advised ratepayers to vote the by-law down and would do all he could against it. [The public will remember that at the first meeting, held to open the hotel project, Mr. Crabb was chairman and did then express himself very strongly in favor of the scheme, and asked all right minded men to put their shoulders to the wheel and help to build up the town." Consistency thou art a jewel."]

Mr. Savage was strongly in favor of both park and hotel, and was sorry to see old business men bringing forward empty, foolish objections to schemes of progress, and especially that any business man would attempt to redicule American visitors who spend so much money among us. Americans have now invested in this town fully $50,000 and he (Mr. Savage) had a conversation with Mr. Hawley in which he said that if the present hotel scheme is carried through he (Mr. H.) will build another, and a larger one, on his own property at the Light House.

Mr. Wynn was opposed to the by-law on temperance principles, and contended that the park matter was brought up for the evident purpose of assisting the hotel and he considered it equal to granting a bonus to the hotel company.

Mr. Campbell said the question before the meeting was as to the advisability of purchasing property for a town park. When he heard that a hotel company was about purchasing the "Point" property for hotel purposes, it occurred to him that there might be more land than said company would require, and accordingly he brought the matter before the town Council and [illegible] Committee appointed, which waited on the directors, to see if they were willing to allow the town to have a part of said property; he did this of his own accord, and as he considered, for the benefit of the town, and without being requested to do so by any hotel stock holder or other person. He, as a temperance man, was sorry to see the foolish opposition to both the park and hotel schemes by some professedly temperance men. He hoped to see the by-law passed and would vote for it, even in the light of assisting the hotel. He would also advocate the conducting said hotel on temperance principles.

The chairman then stated in a few pointed remarks the advantages of securing said property for a town park. He said that $1 from each citizen, if paid down now, would buy the park, or about 12 cents a year for ten years. He confirmed Mr. Ross' statement regarding Mr. Kirkpatrick's offer, and the conditions of the bargain. He also pointed out the fact that the town may soon be called on to open a street to the dock between the said property and Messrs. Ogilvie's Mill, and if all of said property should fall into the hands of the hotel company the town would have to pay a large sum to the said company for such street allowance. The meeting closed about eleven o'clock.

No one could help remarking the very decided feeling in favor of the scheme. Had a vote been taken they would stand fully 6 to 1 in favor of the by-law. But it is to be regretted that any of our business men should be so narrow minded as to oppose the building up of this town as a summer resort. We should one and all unite in making our American visitors welcome, instead of calling them names and refusing accommodation for them.

MR. WM. MCDOUGALL has formally opened the ball in Cookstown, South Simcoe. Under very favorable circumstances and before a large audience he laid before the Tory public his new policy and announced himself in the role of a "Conservative liberal." His platform is somewhat unreconcilable with his past history; he is to be "conservative in reference to the constitution" or confederation Act which he helped to frame and which his present friend Mr. M. C. Cameron totally opposed. He opposes the present government on the ground of economy in the use of public money and such other hackneyed subjects of the Opposition policy. Some exception was taken to Mr. McDougall's expressions by a gentleman present at the meeting, who was not satisfied with their honesty. This opposition was quieted down by the assembly. The Reformers of the constituency are taking steps to make a strong contest.

THE BEECHER TRIAL is still dragging its "weary length along." Mr. Beecher's evidence in the witness stand has been reviewed with interest by thousands. The main feature of his testimony is a flat denial of all the charges of an improper character made by Tilton and Moulton, and the public opinion is left as divided as ever. Either Beecher has wickedly perjured himself, or his two enemies are the most unprincipled of black mailers. Tilton's character at present is unenviable, and his reputation for integrity is small. Under a cross examination a better judgment of Beecher's evidence will be arrived, but the straightforward story already told impresses public feeling in his favor. It will take three weeks to get through his examination.

THE London, Eng., *Times* thus speak of railway building in Canada: "No amount of argument can, we should hope lead sensible people in this country to put more money into railroad projects in the Canadian Dominion, for not only is there no traffic for such railways, but supposing there were, their owners are exposed to the constant danger that the Dominion Parliament may grant a subsidy for a competitive railway to run half a mile off. In this way the Canadian Southern has been built to the ruin of the proprietors of the Canada Great Western. If the belief in the value of schemes such as we have criticised is too profound amongst Canadians, as we are told, we say again, let them find money at home. Millions enough have been presented to the Dominion already by this country."

THE H. & Q. R. R. scheme has received a check from the Leeds and Grenville Counties' Council. A petition from the back townships asking for assistance to the road was voted down by the influence of the front townships who have no interest in the road. Mr. Fowler with his usual indefatigable spirit, has taken steps to have a mandamus issued to compel the various Reeves to submit a by-law to the ratepayers interested. A separate bonus by-law will be submitted to each of the townships—six in number—which were favorable to the scheme, and the assistance will be secured in one way if not by another.

THE London *Advertiser's* Ottawa correspondent says:—"Conservatives are circulating a rumor that Sir John Macdonald is to be one of the Judges of the Supreme Court. The wish is probably father to the thought. Sir John has evidently lost the confidence of the party, and Tupper, as will appear from his courie during the session, confidently expects the leadership."

IT IS reported that Mr. Fournier is likely to take a position in the Supreme Court, which will necessitate several Cabinet changes.

HON. ALEX. MACKENZIE will be entertained at a banquet in Toronto, at the Queen's Hotel, on Friday next, by his friends and political admirers. The occasion will be an interesting one.

ITALY.—It is reported that the Pope will take up his residence in the United States if it should become impossible for him to remain in Rome, and it was with a view to such a possible emergency that Archbishop McCloskey was elevated to the Cardinalate.

BRAZIL.—The report of the intended abdication of the Emperor of Brail turns out to be without foundation.

SPAIN.—Reinforcements to the number of 15,000 men are to be sent from Spain to Cuba.

Gen. Campos has entered Ripoli after a fight, in which he lost 400 killed and wounded. The loss of the Carlists is not known.

Fourteen officers who abandoned the cause of Don Carlos have arrived at Biarritz. The Carlists tried to stop them from crossing the frontier. It is said that General Elias has given in his adhesion to King Alfonso.

GERMANY.—The difficulty between Germany and China, relative to the plundering of the barque Prince Bismarck, has been satisfactorily settled.

A little difficulty exists between Germany and Belgium, although no immediate trouble is anticipated. The former country has made demands of the later which have been rejected, but an amicable settlement will likely soon be made, as no appeal has been made by either country to outside influence for a settlement.

RUSSIA.—The Czareona Princess Imperial has given birth to a daughter.

AMERICAN.—A destructive tornado visited Edinburgh, Ill., Thursday. A church was blown down, and several of the persons in it at the time received serious injuries.

A terrible explosion followed by a destructive conflagration on Wednesday, occurred in San Francisco, Mex; women, and children were killed and injured by the catastrophe. Loss $520,000.

A storm in Little Rock, Ark., on the 7th, prostrated telegraph wires in all directions. A number of houses were blown down and five persons were killed and several others wounded. About the same hour a storm struck Texarkana, [illegible] injuring one child and slightly injuring several others. Rain fell in torrents, flooding the streets throughout the city.

BELGIUM.—The Princess Marie wife of the Count of Flanders, has given birth to a son.

FRANCE.—The French Government has sent instructions to its consuls to summon for the last time French subjects living abroad, who are liable to military service, to have their names registered at the consulates.

Judge's Criminal Court.

Stephen Shelly was brought up charged with stealing two shirts, two sheets and pillow cases the property of Mr. James Bartliffe. The indictment also, in a second count, charges the prisoner with receiving those articles knowing them to have been stolen. Mr. Bartliffe was sworn, and stated that he lost articles of clothing in February last and identified shirts (produced) by a mark; that the clothes were on lines in garden when taken; it was on a Wednesday about the beginning of February; would not swear it was not in January; did not see prisoner take the articles; did not lay any information against prisoner then, but did so afterwards when the case was before Mr. Crabb.

Mr. Harry Reed, sworn, stated that he assisted Mr. Gooding in searching prisoner's premises for stolen goods. Found bag, produced, with clothes in a cellar under a bedroom in prisoner's house; we were searching for beef at the time but did not find any; prisoner seemed to be in occupation of the premises, and his daughter and son were in the house when we were searching.

Wm. F. Gooding, Constable, sworn, stated that he recognised the articles produced as those found in prisoner's premises; Mr. Reed and Mr. R. McLean were present assisting to search; prisoner is tenant for Mr. Smith of London; had no warrant to search for anything but beef; did not find beef; we took articles produced as we considered they were found under suspicious circumstances; warrant was against Shelley and Swaffield; think Swaffield resided with prisoner; prisoner had also a wife and family living with him; did not arrest Mrs. Shelly but have an order from Mr. Crabb to do so without a warrant; believe there was a warrant issued for her in this case.

Robert McLean, butcher, sworn, I lost a carcass of beef from slaughter house in Colborne about a month ago; I assisted Messrs. Gooding and Reed to search prisoner's premises; found clothes, produced, in cellar in prisoner's house, they were all in the bag, also produced; I looked at the clothes and would say those produced are the same articles we found in cellar.

Mr. P. O'Rourke, Mr. B. O'Rourke and Mr. Wm. F. Gooding were next called and repeated the evidence already given in the last trial. Mr Davison objected to this evidence, contending that prisoner was acquitted on the last case and the evidence given in that case could not be used now, but his Honor decided to take the evidence.

Alexander Eagle, sworn, stated that he lost several articles about 4th March last, and identified whiffletrees, neck yoke, two clevis' and a wrench, produced, as the articles he lost; was with constable when these articles were found on prisoner's premises; found the neck yoke in the yard and the clevis, in house.

Mr. John Ferguson, sworn, stated that his mother lost some articles of clothing on the same night as Mr. Bartliffe lost his. He recognised a dress, produced, as belonging to his mother.

Mr. Charles Wells, sworn, recognized a pole pitcher, produced, as his property and stated that he missed it three years ago.

Mr. Gooding was called again and identified all the articles produced, and stated that they were found on the premises of prisoner. Mr. H. Reed corroborated the evidence of Mr. Gooding.

Wm. H. Brooks, sworn, stated that he lost whiffletrees about two months ago, and he recognised those produced as the ones he lost.

This closed the case for the Crown. Mr. Davison contended that all evidence not referring specially to the present indictment should be struck out.

There does not appear to be evidence sufficient to convict the prisoner on the first count, and some doubt may be entertained as to the sufficiency of the evidence on the second count. His Honor reserved his decision till Saturday next.

Board of Trade.

On Tuesday evening 6th inst, there was a meeting of the chartered members, the President, Mr. Hutchinson in the chair. Mr. Crabb stated that, after carefully reading the statute, he concluded that the Council recommended by the committee at last meeting could not act legally as their names did not all appear upon the certificate filed with the secretary of state and he therefore moved, seconded by Mr. J. Saunders, that the minutes of the previous meeting be amended by adopting the report of the committee as handed in, save and excepting those names that appear in said report which did not appear on said certificate as charter members, and therefore the said Council be composed of Messrs. J. H. Finlay, F. Jordan, R. McKay, H. Cooke, R. Radcliff, B. Crofts, H. W. Ball, A. M. Ross, Henry Horton, W. Kay, J. V. Detlor, A. C. Simmons, George Grant, J. Saunders. and Wm. Campbell. After some little discussion this was adopted unanimously.

Moved by Mr. H. W. Ball, seconded by Mr. George H. Parsons, that a committee consisting of Messrs. A. M. Ross, J. H. Finlay and F. A. Robertson be appointed to recommend twelve names of members of the Board to form a Board of Arbitration in connection with the Board of Trade, and to report at next meeting.—Carried. Moved by Mr. F. A. Robertson, seconded by Mr. E. Bingham, that a committee be appointed composed of Messrs. Wm. Campbell, B. Crofts, D. Watson, H. Cooke, R. Radcliff, John Bond, The President Vice President and Secretary, with power to add to their number, to draft by-laws to submit to the Board at the next meeting.—Carried. The President and Vice President took and deposited their oaths of office. The Board adjourned until the 20th inst.

Spring Assizes.

The Assizes were opened yesterday at noon, His Lordship Justice Gwynne on the bench. Besides members of the Goderich Bar we observed Thomas Robertson Esq., Q. C. from Hamilton; John Idington Esq. L. L. B., Stratford; F. Holmstead Esq. and H. Meyer Esq. Seaforth, and S. Malcolmson Esq. of Clinton. The following Grand Jury was then sworn: David Patton, Goderich, Foreman; Geo. Armstrong E. D. Ashfield; Wm. Campbell, Seaforth; Jas. Davidson, McKillop; Thos. Hamilton, Colborne; John Jameson, W. D., Ashfield; John Jackson, E. Wawanosh; John Maildrew, Hay; David McIlwain, W. Wawanosh; F. A. Montgomery, Goderich; Archibald Mathieson, Clinton; Patrick McPhilip, Exeter; Jos. Radcliffe, W. Wawanosh; Andrew Rutledge, Bayfield; James Smaill, Goderich.

His Lordship addressed the Grand Jury in a few words congratulating them on the state of the criminal docket, there being nothing of a criminal nature for them to consider. Referring to the only case they were called on to present upon, His Lordship stated that it was a case of perjury growing out of a civil suit and that the defendant was out on bail. He explained the nature of the offence and the duty of the Grand Jury in dealing with it.

The jury then retired, and the Court proceeded with the civil docket which contains but eleven cases. A full report of the cases and the presentment of the Grand Jury will appear in our next issue.

LOCAL NEWS.

REMEMBER the West Riding Spring Show on Friday, 16th inst.

SUCKERS are being caught in the harbor with nets.

FISHING.—The first fishing boat left the harbor on Tuesday to cast nets. The boat belonged to Mr. Tolsma.

STRANGERS IN TOWN.—This being "Assize week," a goodly number of strangers are in town to attend the court.

POTATO BUGS.—The Colorado potato beetle is showing signs of returning vigor in this vicinity.

A meeting will be held in the same place next Saturday evening, at 7,30 p. m., for the purpose of receiving reports and making further preparations.

APPOINTMENT.—Mr. J. J. Bell, late proprietor of the SIGNAL, has received an appointment on the North West Government surveying staff at a salary of $1200 and expenses paid.

PREPARING.—Word has been received from the Meteorological Office at Toronto to have the light house put in order, so as to be ready for immediate commencement of duties at notice from head quarters.

HATS.—Mr. W. M. Savage announces the arrival of a new stock of hats, caps &c., of the latest styles. Mr. Savage intends selling out his dry goods business entirely, and commencing the business of hatter and furrier solely.

PLOUGHS.—Mr. H. J. Nott will be present at all the Spring Shows this month, in this County, with Gray's new patent Gang Plough, and those in need of a really superior article should secure one without delay—Adv.

THANKS.—We have again to thank the caterer of stale news on West street for a generous amount of free advertising of ourselves. The SIGNAL is mentioned no less than *twenty* times in its last issue. Dear chip, your kindness is fully appreciated.

LAUNCHED.—The three vessels which were forced upon the Grand Trunk dock have been safely launched. Every man who was engaged in getting off the Jane McLeod was a captain, but there was no red tapeism about the work, you may be sure.

SAFE WANTED.—Our town fathers should attend to the matter of furnishing a safe or fire proof room for keeping the public documents and records. No proper provision is at present made to secure these documents against destruction by fire.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.—The regular meeting of the Varna District Teachers' Institute will be held at the usual place on Saturday, 17th inst. A good programme of exercises for the meeting is completed and an interesting time is expected.

A SWEET DISCOVERY.—A few days ago a son of Capt. J. Bogie was in the bush on his father's farm, and noticed some bees flying about a baswood tree. The tree, a hollow one, was cut down, and a large amount of honey was found, although much less than must have been in it last fall. Some of the comb was fully five feet long. A hive was brough to the spot, and all the bees were secured.

SUICIDE.—We learn from the Saginaw *Courier* that Wm H. Robertson, of Port Huron, a lake captain, committed suicide at Grand Rapids on the 2nd inst. Jealousy of his wife is said to be the cause of the rash act. Deceased was well known in town, particularly by those engaged in the same business.

SPELLING MATCHES.—This amusement of the olden time is being revived with considerable eclat. The United States newspapers of late regularly contained announcements and reports of interesting contests, and Canada seemingly has taken the fever. Sarnia has had its match, which resulted in the defeat of ten members of the Y. M. C. A. by ten outsiders. Goderich should take up the cue.

FINE WORK.—Mr James Vivian has fitted up a very elegant sample room, the painting, and embellishing being done by Mr. E. R. Watson. The work is well executed and the parlor looks handsome. Mr. Bingham is also fitting up a parlor for the public accommodation in beautiful style. The work is done by Mr. Clucas, and exhibits great taste on his part. The room will be richly furnished and will be in keeping with the brilliant finishing of the walls.

THE HORSE CASE.—Peter O'Donohoe was brought up for trial on Wednesday last, when Mr. Lewis asked to have the case postponed on account of the absence of material witnesses. Mr. M. C. Cameron, who is acting for the prosecutor in a civil suit, also pressed for a postponment. Mr. Doyle and Mr. F. W. Johnston, who appeared for the prisoner contended that there was no evidence to convict and that it was a great injustice to the prisoner to have the charge standing against him. Bail was taken for prisoners appearance and the case fixed for trial on Tuesday, June 15th next.

TO FISHERMEN.—Mr. Whitcher, Commissioner of Fisheries at Ottawa, has issued a circular, dated April 3, setting forth the close seasons in Ontario for fish, and it would be well for all who are interested to make a note of the dates, as during the periods hereafter mentioned no person can slay, take, catch, buy, or have in their possession the fish designed. The close seasons are as follows:—

White fish, from	Nov. 10 to Dec. 1.
Salmon trout and lake trout	Oct. 15 to Dec. 1.
Speckled trout, brook trout, and river trout	Sept. 15 to Jan. 1.
Fresh water herring	Oct. 15 to Dec. 1.
Bass	May 15 to June 15.
Pickerel	April 15 to May 15.
Maskenonge or muskelonge	April 15 to May 15.

SCHOOL PRINTING.—In the lastissue of our town cotemporary an explanation is furnished of a little business controversy between the two printing offices with regard to the school printing and which has no occasion to be brought before the public, but since the matter has been thus introduced we do not hesitate to speak our minds publicly. Heretofore the printing has been almost altogether controlled by our cotemporary, simply through the presence of the proprietor in the board. The suggestion to give the work by tender we thought gave a fair chance to both, but we considered it foolishness to tender upon such a small item; but all our efforts to arrange a plan met with objection and we were forced to the opinion that our cotemporary was too anxious to have the work as of yore to come to any amicable settlement. The consequence was tenders were put in and the matter decided in that way. We showed no anxiety to secure the printing further than to put in our tender, although knowing full well that it belonged to us by rights. Our cotemporary may be pleased, in its snivelling unmanliness, to say we regard the printing as "sour grapes" and rejoice at having secured the same; but if they think that the public will esteem them for gloating over having secured this amount of revenue from a body of which the proprietor of the *Star* is a member, they are sadly mistaken. The law respecting the conduct of the School Board prevents any of its members drawing money therefrom for their benefit, and here this clause is openly violated and has been. The proprietor of our cotemporary journal is a member of the board, and notwithstanding the law in the case he presents his accounts regularly to the Board and draws his money without a conscientious scruple and without objection being made. Such conduct deserves correction if law is deserving of support. Had our cotemporary held his peace and not puffed himself before the public we would have refrained from speaking plainly, but there is a bound to human patience, and we will let them know that they have placed themselves in a wrong light.

BALL AND SUPPER.—The last ball and supper of the season at the Goderich Dancing Academy will take place on Friday evening, 23rd inst., dancing to commence at 8 p.m. Good music will be in attendance, and a pleasant time is anticipated. Tickets admitting lady and gentleman, $1.50.

APPOINTED.—The London *Free Press* says: Mr. James Magee, the young and rising barrister of the firm of Harris Magee & Campbell, of London, has been appointed Crown Prosecutor by the Ontario Government for the Sandwich and Goderich assizes.

FALL WHEAT.—The fall wheat in this vicinity is looking well, and it gives promise of yielding a good crop. In some places it has been killed by the intense frost, but these are exceptions to the general rule, as the deep snow and absence of thaws during the winter have ensured its safe keeping. Ploughing has been going on during the past week, although the ground is rather wet yet.

REMOVED.—Mr. Jas. Martin, pump maker, having made a change in his business, has removed his establishment to the old marble factory on Victoria street, where the business will be carried on under the title of Martin & Weller. The new firm are in a position to do excellent work, and give satisfaction to the public.

HARPERS' MONTHLY.—The May number of this magazine is to hand replete with interesting reading matter. Two articles entitled "American Humor" and the "Concord Fight," will prove interesting to every reader. The third paper on the "History of Caricaturing" is as entertaining as ever.

THE FIRST TRIP.—On Monday Mr. Zeb. Tolsma opened the season of navigation here by taking a trip with his tug the Susan C. Doty. He started early in the forenoon and went out about twenty miles, and set several nets. The ice is still pretty solid and after coasting along a long field for some hours, he returned late in the afternoon. He reports the weather not very warm, but the ice is dissolving rapidly. Another trip was made yesterday to lift the nets.

STEALING.—On Thursday last Mr. Harry Fowle, stage driver, Bayfield, discovered that his wardrobe was minus one good suit of clothes and that his pocket had been picked of $35. He at once suspected one Allen who slept with him the night before, and gave the case into the hands of the proper authorities but up to the present time Allen has not been found, although it was reported that he was seen in or near this town.

THE SALT BUSINESS.—In addition to the wells which we stated last week were to be in operation this season, we are glad to announce that the Stanley and Dominion wells will commence work soon. Mr. Harrison has entered into an arrangement with the proprietors of the latter well, to place his patent in it and operate it for a year. As soon as the plan is thoroughly tested, if satisfactory, Mr. Stanley will have the patent introduced into his block, and the other companies speak of adopting it if it proves equal to report. The system has been in practice for several years in England, as we have said before, and works successfully, making a great saving—fully 30 per cent.—in the manufacture.

CRICKET CLUB MEETING.—A meeting for the purpose of reorganizing the Goderich cricket club was held in the Albion Hotel on Saturday evening. The following officers were elected: President, Col. A. M. Ross; Vice President, H. T. Bunberry; Secretary and Treasurer, E. Wade; Committee, C. G. Dyett, John Wynn and Jas. F. Dickson. Messrs. Wynn and W. D. Allen were appointed to receive subscriptions and enrol members. It was resolved that the entrance fee be $1; young men between the ages of 12 and 16 paying 50 cents. The Treasurer's statement shows a surplus fund. Workmen will be put upon the grounds of the club to remove the stones, level it and put it in ship shape, and the season will be inaugurated by a home game in a few days. We hope all who are interested in the game will come forward and help to establish the game in the popular esteem.

THE BREAKWATER.—Some doubts have lately been expressed as to whether the new breakwater will be high enough to prevent the river ice getting into the harbor, as the general supposition was that it was to be twelve feet high. Messrs. Moore & Co. inform us that the breakwater will be sixteen feet high above the low water level, with a breadth of 100 feet. These gentlemen are busily at work with their preparations and timber is being brought down and prepared with all expedition. Mr. Moore informs us that it is his intention to construct a temporary boom on the line of the breakwater, which will answer as a bridge for passenger and freight traffic, it being of sufficient strength for waggons to pass over. The breakwater will have additional strength at the period of the spring freshet, from the fact that as the harbor ice breaks up much later than the river ice the solid body in the harbor will act as a support to the breakwater whilst the ice is passing out of the artificial channel. The work will be finished this season.

ASHFIELD.

WEATHER.—We have now a beautiful set in of the nicest spring weather that the most fastidious weather fanciers could desire. The snow has entirely disappeared from all the fields and ditches, and the different highways and thoroughfares are becoming firm and dry in every direction. Ploughing is every day becoming more and more general, and every visible symptoms of external nature indicates an early and favourable seed time.

MAPLE SUGAR MAKING seems according to local phrase about played out. The hardwood forest having suffered much by the prevalence of the late outrageous bush fires, besides the long continuation of the cold wintry element has rendered it at present unseasonable owing to the pressure of other and more important branches of farming.

THE SUCKER FISHING at Pritchards dam is however inaugurated and the highly *gourmandic* piscatorial appetite will soon be revelling in an indescribable holocaust, in devoutest homage "to all the fishy gods!"

MR. WM. BANNATYNE, well known to all the readers of the SIGNAL, of which he has been a general correspondent, both in prose and poetry, throughout the space of 31 years, is at present making a cursory geographical tour of the province in order to secure convenient side agencies for the better circulation of his forthcoming volume of poems, which will be ready about the end of April, and which, judging from the number of voluntary orders already received, promises to become a much favoured and successful speculation. Mr. B. will be in town at an early date.

CLINTON.

From the *New Era*. A petition was was recently presented to the town Council requesting the appointment of a policeman to disperse the boys who congregate on street corners and insult passers-by, and to patrol the streets at night.

Mr. R. Irwin started on Tuesday on a visit to the mother country, expecting to be absent for about six weeks.

Mr. Griffin, of Kingston has been engaged by the High School Board to fill the situation of assistant teacher, made vacant by the retirement of Mr. Thompson.

The special services in the Methodist church of this place have been brought to a close, after being held for two months, resulting in a gain to the church of over 160 members.

One day last week a daughter of Mr. W. Cook, of this two, had a narrow escape from death. While playing in a barn loft, she stepped on a loose board, and it tipping up she fell to the floor beneath, alighting almost on the heels of a young colt, which being frightened commenced kicking, but she was fortunately too close for it to do her any serious injury. Beyond several bruises, she was not much hurt.

PORT ALBERT.

FRESHET.—The ice shove in the Nine Mile Creek this spring resulted in considerable damage to property. On Thursday the ice became jammed against the bridge, and the water forced itself across the road and through Mr. Jas. Crawford's property. The centre abutment of the bridge was moved some little distance, and it will be necessary to rebuild it. Mr. Crawford's loss is considerable, his garden is spoiled, fruit trees, fences, staves and lumber carried away and his mill dam injured. The damage done, however, will not interfere with Mr. Crawford's business.

BRUSSELS.

Mr. James Story has sold his farm of 91 acres, being lot 12, con. C, Turnberry, for $3,000 to Mr. D. Weir of Howick.

Last week Wingham had three feet of [illegible] and Fisher's bridge was carried away.

The new bridge on con. 12, Grey, was taken away on 7th inst by the freshet.

The geese in Morris are competing for the largest egg. The biggest lay thus far is 12 x 9½.

Brussels wants sidewalks to their churches as well as taverns.

Tenders are asked for the erection of a new English Church in Brussels to be 60 x 36 feet and a chancel 18 x 16. There will be a handsome tower and the building will be Gothic.—*Post.*

BRUCE ITEMS.

From the *Reporter*. A new mill with eight run of stones is in course of erection in Chesley.

As far as can be judged from present appearances, the fall wheat in the vicinity of Kincardine has been but little injured by the winter's frost or snow.

Mr. Thomas Smith, Sen., one of the oldest residents of Kinloss, died very suddenly in his chair on the 2nd inst. The deceased although in his 78th year was quite smart. He will long be remembered by those who had the pleasure of his acquaintance. His remains were conveyed to Kincardine, for interment.

A few mornings ago the barns of Mr. Simmons, 2nd concession, of Arran, together with eleven head of cattle, were destroyed by fire.

The bridge and mill-dam at Lorne have been swept away by the freshet.

The best silver specimens yet found in Tiverton were taken out on the 3rd inst.

The Elderslie Assessment Roll has been tampered with. A discrepancy of some $40 is made out.

BRUSSELS AND VICINITY.

The freshet this spring has done considerable damage in this neighborhood. Several bridges have been swept away, one of which cost $1,500.

A special correspondent of the St. Louis. *Globe* says: "Tilton's friends are deserting him rapidly, a fact which he knows and feels bitterly. He says now that he has neither home or friends; he had rather die than live, and that in his down fall he will make Beecher feel the penalty of his crime. It is stated that Tilton's lawyers are utterly discomfited. They charge that Tilton has deceived them all along; that he has signally failed to prove what he asserted, and that Beecher has produced testimony of important and vital facts, which Tilton must have been aware of before, but failed to apprise them. They now say that he assures them that he could break down Bessie Turner's testimony, on the cross examination, which it was impossible to do, and that ever since she left the stand they have felt the hopelessness of his case, and it is believed they will enter a discontinuance before Beecher's testimony is through with.

Paul Boynton has succeeded in the almost incredible feat of swimming across the English Channel, with the help of his life-saving apparatus. At least he may be credited with its accomplishment, though, owing to the approach of night, the tempestuous state of the sea, and the refusal of the pilot to be further responsible for his safety, the courageous inventor had to quit the water when about six miles from land. A large crowd had assembled at Boulogne pier to greet him on his arrival, and received him with the utmost enthusiasm. He intends to repeat the experiment.

Spring Shows.

Spring Shows for the Exhibition of Entire Stock will be held as follows:

Hullett Branch, at Clinton, on Tuesday, April 20.

South Huron, at Brucefield, on Wednesday, April 21.

East Huron at Brussels, on Thursday, April 22.

West Huron, at Smith's Hill, on Friday, April 16.

East Wawanosh Branch, at Donnybrook, on Thursday, April 15.

G. M. Trueman's Sale Register

April 15, Thursday—Lot 24, 4th con., Goderich, Farm Stock. Henry Sceginill er.
" 17, Saturday—Mart, Farm Stock, furniture, &c.
June 11, Friday—At Mart, Real Estate, Fair vs. Taylor, W. R. Squier, Solicitor.

By-Law No. 4 of 1875,

A BY-LAW for the purpose of purchasing a certain portion of Lands for a public Park in the Town of Goderich, as described in a survey made by Thomas Weatherald, Esq., P. L. S., as follows:—

Commencing at a point, on the North side of West Street, said point being due West a distance of one hundred and fifteen and one-half feet from the South East angle of lot five (office reserve) Thence due North thirty-seven degrees, West, five hundred and fifty feet more or less to the Northerly boundary of J. C. Kirkpatrick's property—Thence South Westerly following said Northerly boundary, six hundred and sixty-three feet more or less, to its intersection with the Westerly boundary of J. C. Kirkpatrick's property—Thence due South twelve and a half degrees West (along said Westerly boundary) two hundred feet more or less to the North side of Harbor Street—Thence Easterly following the windings of the North side of Harbor Street six hundred and eighty feet more or less, to the intersection with the North side of West Street—Thence due East along the North side of West Street, thirty nine and a half feet more or less to the place of beginning. The whole containing an area of three acres one rood and twenty-four perches more or less.

And to carry into effect the above recited object it will be necessary for the said Municipal Council of the Corporation of the Town of Goderich to raise the sum of six thousand dollars, of which the sum of one thousand dollars will be paid in cash leaving a balance of five thousand dollars with interest to be provided for; it will require the sum of five hundred dollars together with interest to be raised annually for the period of ten years, by special rate for the payment of said debt and interest, said interest to be at the rate of seven per cent. per annum for the first four years and eight per cent. for the remaining six years.

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the said Municipality, irrespective of any future increase of the same in accordance with the last revised assessment roll of the said Municipality, being for the year 1874, was $1,015,613.

And whereas, the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—Sixty-four thousand dollars, principal, and no interest in arrear.

And whereas, for the payment of the said annual sum of five hundred dollars and interest it will require an annual rate for the said period of ten years, of nearly three-fourths of a mill in the dollar in addition to all rates to be levied in each year.

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the Town of Goderich, in the County of Huron and Province of Ontario, that it shall be lawful to purchase three acres, one rood and twenty-four perches as hereinbefore particularly described, for the purpose of a public Park, and to pay therefor the sum of six thousand dollars, which shall be payable one thousand dollars in cash when possession of the said lands shall be given, and the balance in ten annual instalments of five hundred dollars each with interest on the unpaid principal for the first four years at seven per cent per annum and eight per cent per annum for the remaining six years, and it shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said Town of Goderich to execute all necessary agreements under the seal of the Corporation for the purchase of the said lands upon the said terms.

And that the said annual instalments of five hundred dollars and interest on the unpaid principal payable in each of the following years during the continuation of the By-law, shall be as follows.—On the first day of May, 1876, the sum of $850; on the first day of May, 1877, the sum of $815; on the first day of May, 1878, the sum of $780; on the first day of May, 1879, the sum of $745; on the first day of May, 1880, the sum of $740; on the first day of May, 1881, the sum of $700; on the first day of May, 1882, the sum of $660; on the first day of May, 1883, the sum of $620; on the first day of May, 1884, the sum of $580; on the first day of May, 1885, the sum of $540.

Said sums to be payable at the office of the Treasurer of the said Town of Goderich.

And be it further enacted that the votes of the ratepayers entitled to vote on said By-law shall be taken on the said proposed By-law at the places at which the last municipal elections were held as follows.—Sub-division No. 1 in a shop on lot 124 on Kingston Street James Addison returning officer; Sub-division No. 2 in John Stewart's Auction Room, Kingston Street. John Stewart returning officer; Sub-division No. 3 in the Fireman's Hall, East Street, Stephen Yates, returning officer; Sub-division No 4 in Passmore's Waggon Shop, Victoria Street, T. B. VanEvery returning officer; Sub division No. 5 in Gordon's Cabinet Shop, West Street, Daniel Gordon, returning officer; Sub-division No. 6 in McKay's Cabinet Shop, West Street, Eric McKay, returning officer; in Sub-division No 7 in Ellard's Paint Shop, Edward Robertson returning officer, on Monday the 26th day of April next commencing at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon and closing at five of the clock in the afternoon of the same day.

TAKE NOTICE.

That the above is a true copy of a proposed By-law which shall be taken into consideration by the Council of the Corporation of the Town of Goderich, after one month from the date of its first publication in the HURON SIGNAL, which first publication was on the 31st day of March 1875.

JAMES THOMSON,
Town Clerk.

1467c

1875. 1875.

W. M. SAVAGE

HATTER FOR THE PEOPLE,

has the largest and best selected stock of

HATS AND CAPS

ever brought to the Town of Goderich. All the newest styles.

ENGLISH FRENCH AND AMERICAN

FELT & SILK HATS.

Straw Goods in Great Variety.

North side of Market Square, Goderich.

1460

PHYSICIANS CORNERED.

PROBABLY THERE ARE FEW CIRCUMstances under which a physician labors with more real sympathy for his patient than when called upon to administer relief to an acute sufferer with Chronic Rheumatism.

Rheumatism is a disease of the blood, and no substantial relief can be obtained without cleansing the blood from the fibrine substances which obstruct the circulation, causing inflammation and pain.

The great success of the DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE in curing this disease is owing to its power of converting the blood from its diseased condition to a healthy circulation. It also regulates the bowels which is very essential in this complaint, and no one will read the following statement, from a well-known Montreal gentleman, with more interest and pleasure than those physicians who have a real desire to benefit their suffering patients:

MONTREAL, March 21 1871.

Messrs. DEVINS & BOLTON:

DEAR SIRS,—I, with pleasure, concede to the agents' wish that I give my endorsation to the immediate relief I experienced from a few doses of the Diamond Rheumatic Cure, having been a sufferer from the effects of Rheumatism, I am now, after taking two bottles of this medicine, entirely free from pain. You are at liberty to use this letter if you deem it advisable to do so.

I am, sir, yours respectfully,
JOHN HELDER ISAACSON, N. P.

FURTHER PROOF.

Toronto, March 30, 1874.

Dear Sir—After suffering for the past two years with Rheumatism, I can truly say that, after using two bottles of the DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE, I find myself free from that terrible disease. I have used all kinds of remedies and Doctors' prescriptions without end, but your simple remedy surpasses all. The effect upon me was like magic. I take great pleasure in recommending your medicine to all,

I remain, MARGARET CONROY, 127, Sumach St.

ANOTHER SUFFERER SPEAKS.

Toronto, April 1, 1874.

Dear Sir,—Unsolicited by you I wish to bear testimony to the efficacy of the DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE. During the whole of last winter I suffered greatly from that common and agonizing affliction, Rheumatism. I was induced, by hearing of the many marvelous cures accomplished by the Agent, while staying at the Rossin House, to buy a bottle, it is sufficient to say that without any faith in the medicine or its results, by the taking of that one bottle I was completely relieved, and now the use of my limbs and the feeling of new life which I experience, I attribute to the use of the Diamond Rheumatic Cure.

Have the kindness to pass my testimony and experience around for the benefit of suffering humanity.

Truly yours, J. Q. A. HOLBROOK.

There is no medicine which so promptly revives the depressed vital action, restores the general and local circulation, allays the pain, dissipates the congestion, prevents inflammation, and restores the vital action as the DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE. In thousands of instances the prompt and free use of this medicine has saved valuable human lives. Hence the DIAMOND RHEUMATIC CURE should be in every hospital and infirmary, in every doctor's office, in every family or factory, in every shop or ship, in every office or counting-room. It is the remedy always ready for an emergency, prompt in its action, always curable, doing all that it is advertised to do. An infalliable specific, removing the cause, chronic, acute, or muscular Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Nervous headache, Neuralgia of the head, heart, stomach and kidneys. Tic Doloreux, nervousness, flying pains, twisted joints, swollen joints, pain in the back and loins, weakness of the kidneys, tired feeling, languid, weary prostration, and all nervous and chronic diseases.

In simple cases sometimes one or two doses suffice. In the most chronic cases it is sure to give way by the use of two or three bottles. By this efficient and simple remedy hundreds of dollars are saved to those who can least afford to throw it away, as surely it is by the purchase of useless prescriptions.

This medicine is prepared by a careful, experienced and conscientious physician in obedience to the desire of numberless friends in the profession, in the trade and among the people. Every bottle is warranted to contain the full strength of the medicine in its highest state of purity and development, and is superior to any medicine ever compounded for this terrible complaint.

This medicine is for sale at all druggists throughout the Province. If it happens that your Druggist has not got it in stock, ask him to send for it to

NORTHROP & LYMAN
SCOTT STREET, TORONTO,
General Agents for Ontario.
PRICE—$1 PER BOTTLE, LARGE BOTTLES, $2.

A Gem worth Reading!—A Diamond worth Seeing!

SAVE YOUR EYES!
Restore your Sight!
THROW AWAY your SPECTACLES,

By reading our Illustrated PHYSIOLOGY AND ANATOMY of the EYESIGHT. Tells how to Restore Impaired Vision and Overworked Eyes; how to cure Weak, Watery, Inflamed, and Near-Sighted Eyes, and all other Diseases of the Eyes.

WASTE NO MORE MONEY BY ADJUSTING HUGE GLASSES ON YOUR NOSE AND DISFIGURING YOUR FACE. Pamphlet of 100 pages Mailed Free. Send your address to us also.

Agents Wanted,

Gents or Ladies. $5 to $10 a day guaranteed. Full particulars sent free. Write immediately, to DR. J. BALL & CO., (P. O. Box 957.) No. 91 Liberty St., New York City, N. Y.

WANTED
1,000
CORDS OF WOOD,

at G. McKENZIE'S.

JUST RECEIVED

A LARGE STOCK OF TWEEDS

Which will be sold cheap.

at G. McKENZIE'S.

20 sets of Furs

Willl be sold

At Cost

at G. McKENZIE'S.

Young Men
WANTING SUITS

Will do well do well by leaving their address with

G. McKenzie,
Hamilton St.

1469-y

Sheriff's Sale of Lands.

County of Huron, } BY virtue of an Alias Writ of
To Wit: } Fieri Facias issued out of Her Majesty's County Court of the County of Huron, and to me directed against the Lands and Tenements of John Baker, Defendant, at the suit of H. A. Massey, Plaintiff, I have seized and taken in Execution all the right, title and interest of the said Defendant in and to the North Half of Lot Number Eight in the third concession of the Township of Stephen in the County of Huron. Which Lands and Tenements I shall offer for sale, at my office in the Court House, in the Town of Goderich on Saturday the eighth day of May next at the hour of 12 of the clock, noon.

ROBERT GIBBONS,
Sheriff of Huron.

Sheriff's Office, Goderich, }
Feb. 1st, 1875. }

1459