SUBSCRIPTION-\$1.00 A YEAR. TO THE UNITED SSATES \$1.50 PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDYY the Railway Act. The bill met AT 81 QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.

JAMES MCISAAC.

Please Send In Your Subscriptions.

blockade of the Bristish coasts, the revision of the Railway Act damaged. No official report of the mischevious farce. ently awaiting results before putbeen classed as contraband.

According to an article published in the New York Times, the German Empire has already absolute right to his life than commenced to wince under the he had to his liberty. Of that Mr. pressure being applied both on Doherty was not certain. Mr. bravery in battle, they may overrun Bukowina and drive the a lamentable thing but against it Russians are of Poland, they may should be set the safety of all the even gain successes against British people of the state. The bill of and French troops in the western Mr. Bickerdike was defeated. Mr. fighting area, which will give George McCraney introduced a Berlin excuse for noisy and ostentatious celebration, but all of this is of little moment compared with which he has received from the the practical admission of official second purchaser for any other Germany that the food question purpose than securing a title. Mr. has already become one of major Doherty said it was not proposed importance, and that the British to introduce any amendments to threat of blockading German ports will have the effect of producing, if not actual starvation among the to consider them. This was agreed although one or two of the promise to do any thing for grudge British ships liberty to civil population, a condition closely to by the House. A bill amending nations qualified their acceptance anyone else.

by Mr. W. F. MacLean, wa merchant ships is simply an extension to the sea of her war against non-combatants on land, said Victor Augagneur, the French minister of marine. "The French tinued M. Augagneur," and is not and twenty lives were lost, great the civilized world, but we now regard the sinking of merchant vessels with a certain calm. Germany did not wait until Feb. 18 to begin torpedoing."

Dominion Parliament

brought under the jurisdiction of

Armstrong's measure will get must have been the most serious view that when the United States Nevertheless the confidence of the much consideration, if this bill is ever undertaken in the view of assumes obligations in order to French nation strikes every visitor disposed of. The debate on the naval experts. No less than eight secure small and unoffending to Paris. There is to be seen a three or four freight steamers bill of Mr. Robert Bickerdike to battleships and armored cruisers neutral nations against hideous calm and sincere courage suphave been sunk, but nearly all abolish capital punishment was took part, these warships having wrong, its action is not predicated posed to be incompatible with the resumed, Hon, G. J. Doherty a total of thirty 12-inch guns and on any intention to make the temperament of the Celt. One making a lengthy and closely six 10-inch guns which outranged guarantee effective. They take hears the general assurance that reasoned argument against the the guns of the forta. Early on the view that when we are asked the German army has as much proposal of the member for St. Friday morning this fleet included to redeem in the concrete proting into motion any drastic move- Lawrence, Mr. Doherty said that the British battle cruiser Inflex- mises we made in the abstract, ment of retaliation. This may in 1864, a committee of British lible, which had just returned from our duty is to disregard our be inferred from what the Premier statesmen had considered this Falkland Island, where she took obligations and to preserve sources into the common stock, said in the House of Commons a divided as to the wisdom of abolifew days ago. He pointed out the said in the forts at Cana Helles and to preserve sources into the common stock, make the battle, which sank ignoble peace for ourselves by Wr. Lloyd George continued, war few days ago. He pointed out to be made under limited tion. It was clear then that names on the forts at Cape Helles and timid indifference the most principles. The conference disthat the much discussed retaliation of the highest repute and argu- Kun Kalesi at the entrance to the frightful ravages of war committimes are the conference unsupplied to the highest repute and arguory plan of Great Britain, though ments of great weight could be Straits. When these forts had ed at the expense of a peaceful national loan which would have still tentative, was much broader quoted on both sides of the quesin scope than previously suggest- tion, Personally he was convinced closed in and engaged the forts the cult of cowardice. That Preed, in that it was a matter for the that the measure should not be with six, seven, and nine-inch sident Wilson and Mr. Bryan pro-should raise the money it needed passed into law at the present guns which it is believed must fess it and put it in action would for purchases abroad, so far as time at all events. Mr. Bickerdike have poured an enormous rain of be of small consequence if only conditions allowed. But if help has shown obsolute sincerity in shells on the Turkish positions, they themselves were concerned, were needed for purchase abroad, the Allies might be expected. his arguments, but he had given Besides bringing Turkey on her The importance of their action is those who had means would help The statement was likewise made an interpretation to the command- knees the Allies in attempting to that it commits the United States to the best of their power. The in the House that the British ment "Thou shalt not kill" which force the Dardanelles wish to free Could hardly be accepted. Surely large stocks of grain held in have been made to justify this respect to the advances made or to sary to altar the decision whereby no one could argue that it would Russian warehouses and which timid and selfish abandonment of

> violating this command. Mr. material bought abroad. mply that a man had a more leterrent on the people. The execution of one innocent man is

bill amending the criminal code. The bill makes it a crime for a seller of real estate to use money the criminal code this year. A number had been suggested and he proposed a special committee the Railway Act as far as capi-

Progress of the War.

These two counter-attacks were are concerned. These two counter-attacks were are concerned.

In upholding them when their Government giving orders that it is the said John M. Figures bearing completely reprised, our troops I authorized the signature of violation brought such appealing should be disregarded, that the date the 19th day of March 4. D. 18th driving back their assailants at the United States to these Conditions.

By virtue of a power of sale contained the point of the bayonet. In ventions.

By virtue of a power of sale contained the point of the bayonet. In ventions.

They forbid the violation of They forbid they forbid

several hundred prisoners, the subjugation of unoffending According to the declaration of neutral nations, as Belgium has these prisoners, the German re- been subjugated. giments engaged suffered very opening of the Commons Sir cases one-half of their effectives, gium, the burning of their price- Ministers of France and Russia Secretary, and dated February this ground has been retained, that at Rheims.

members had their innings again out of it. In Alsace supple- moment attacked. in the Commons this afternoon. mentary details show that the All of these offences have been of Commons could finance the war ment contained about four pound

The Herald tant public bills. One was an some hundreds of rifles, shields, tended to live up to its obligament to the Railway Act bombs, utensils, barbed wire entions, and that our people under-WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1915 moved by Mr. J. E. Armstrong tanglements, thousands of cart-stood that living up to solemn of East Lambton proposing that ridges and sacks for holding obligations, like any other serious

> measure to the Rahway Com-mittee for consideration. Hon, on the Asiatic side was firing in not have permitted the United strain upon this gallant country," will not proceed this session bombardment is yet issued by the

Paris, Feb. 19-A daring fight made the night of Feb. 8, by an given out by the War Office this afternoon. The avistor left his station at 9.40 p. m. in a violent west wind. His first projectile landed on what appeared to be number of munition and supply wagons near Middelkerke.

Roosevelt Speaks.

In the New York Independent,"

the enemy delivered an attack in effective it should be enforced as enter that them, and all the intimidated by the German blockthe night of Feb. 17-18, then on quickly against non signatory as

If, on the other hand, they possibly endanger neutral shippthe morning of the 18th, two against signatory Powers; for to meant anything whatsoever, it ing and the British Government

the morning of the 18th, two against signatory Powers; for to meant anything whatsoever, it ing and the British Government

taken three machine guns and neutral territory, and, of course,

They will not have many more southern peak of the Sudel farm, committed by Germany. I took for five years out of the proceeds Officials of the White Star Line days to themselves and they conquered by us on Wednesday, the action I did in directing of her investements abroad, said that the office of the United made the most of their opportuity constituted a formidably organ- these Conventions to be signed France was able to do so for States District Attorney had been Most of the time was taken up ized redoubt. There we took a on the theory and with the be- about three years with something furnished with the name of the with a discussion of two impor-bomb-thrower, five machine guns, lief that the United States in-to spare.

performance of duty, meant willingness to make effort and to the Finance Ministers in Paris

London, Feb. 21-The first If I had for one moment sup-Mr. Edmund Bristol, of Centre serious attacks by British and posed that signing these Hague had increased her productivity Toronto, gave a short but pointed French fleets and aeroplanes and Conventions meant literally from thirty to forty per cent. by speech on the subject showing seaplanes on the Dardanelles, nothing whatever beyond the ex-EDITOR & PROPRIETOR the difficulties in the way. His which commenced Friday and pression of a pious wish which Russia had had special difficulties arguments were impressive and continued Saturday, were attend- any Power was at Aberty to in financing her purchases abroad, tarried considerable weight. It ed by success. Forts on the to disregard with impunity, in and the same thing applied to was finally decided to send the European side of the Straits were accordance with the dictation of France. measure to the Railway Com- silenced Friday and only one fort self interests, I would certainly

be wrong to take life in self the Allies wish to get out to duty, this timid and selfish failure allied states. defence. Surely no one would say relieve the market of the world to work for the world peace of that our soldiers now fighting in and also to provide Russia with righteousness, by President Wilthe battlefields of Europe were necessary credit to pay for war son and Secretary Bryan. No sincere believer in disinterested 000,000 for this purpose should and self-sacrificing work for be raised in equal amounts on the peace can justify it, and work Paris and London Markets. aviator—who brought down six courage, effort and self-scrifice. Doherty was not certain. Mr. projectiles in the vicinity of Courage, effort and self-scrifice. Yet those very apostles of pacifi-

with safety, scream loudest for peace, have made themselves reply to the United States note objects of contemptuous derision regarding the use of neutral flags by keeping silence in this crisis, by British merchant ships, or even by praising Me. Wilson published tonight, concludes as and Mr. Bryan for having thus follows : Great Britain has al abandoned the cause of peace.

men who insist that all that we liberty to use the British flag as are concerned with is ourselves a means of protection against escaping even the smallest risk capture and instance are on record tha tmight follow upon the per- when United States vessels availheodore Roosevelt thus writes formance of duty to any one ex- ed themielves of this facility Under my direction as Presi- cept ourselves. This last is not during the American civil war, ent, the United States'signed the a very exalted plea. It is, how- It would be contrary to fair ex-Hague Conventions. All the ever, defensible. But if as a pectation if now, when conditions nations engaged in the present nation we intend to act in ac- are reversed, the United States Mortgage Sale war signed these Conventions, cordance with it, we must never and neutral nations were to

or withheld their signatures to The technical arguments as to Government have no intention of King's County, on Monday the 22nd certain articles. This, however, the Hague Conventions not re- advising merchant ships to use day of March A. B. 1915 at the boar of did not in the least relieve the quiring us to act will at onec be foreign flags as a general practice piece and parcel of land situate [right signatory Powers from the duty brushed saide by any man who or to resort to them otherwise and being on Township Nambe to guarantee one another in the honestly and in good faith faces than for escaping capture or des- Fifty-nine in King's County aforess enjoyment of the rights supposed the situation. Either the Hague truction. The obligation upon to be secured by the Conventions Conventions meant something or belligerent warships to ascertain when Road at the South west, angle of the material section when Road at the South west, angle of the situation. anything, it was, of course neces- the event of their violation none and character of a vessel before Maredian of the rear 1764 Paris, Feb. 18,—The official sary actively to enforce it against of the signatory Powers were capturing, sinking or destroying sary actively to enforce it against of the signatory Powers were capturing, sinking or destroying sary actively to enforce it against of the signatory Powers were capturing, sinking or destroying sary actively to enforce it against of the signatory Powers were capturing, sinking or destroying sary actively to enforce it against of the signatory Powers were capturing, sinking or destroying sary actively to enforce it against of the signatory Powers were capturing, sinking or destroying sary actively to enforce it against of the signatory Powers were capturing, sinking or destroying sary actively to enforce it against of the signatory Powers were capturing, sinking or destroying sary actively to enforce it against of the signatory Powers were capturing, sinking or destroying sary actively to enforce it against of the signatory Powers were capturing, sinking or destroying sary actively to enforce it against of the signatory Powers were capturing, sinking or destroying sary actively to enforce it against of the signatory Powers were capturing, sinking or destroying sary actively to enforce it against of the signatory Powers were capturing, sinking or destroying sary actively to enforce it against of the signatory Powers were capturing, sinking or destroying sary actively to enforce it against of the signatory Powers were capturing, sinking or destroying sary actively to enforce it against of the signatory Powers were capturing. Souain, Perthes and Beausejour, purpose. To make it really an act of unspeakeble silliness to hoisting of a neutral flag on

Financing The War.

London, Feb. 15-In a state-They forbid such destruction ment explanatory of the arrange- X-ray examinations of cotton heavy losses, reaching in some as that inflicted on Louvain, ment made at the recent con- cargoes of outgoing British ships, Ottawa, Feb. 16-At the cases one in four, and in other Dinant and other towns in Bel-ference between the Finance which have been conducted by Robert Borden read the following On the heights of the Meuse, in less public libraries and wonder- and himself, in Paris, David Lloyd government for several months message received by the Duke of the vicinity of Eparges, where, on ful halls and churches, and the George told in the House of as a means of preventing ship-Connaught from the Colonial Feb. 17 we gained some ground, destruction of cathedrals such as Commons this afternoon that the ment of contraband of war, reexpenditures of the allies on the vealed today that bales of cotton 16:—"Your ministers will be notwithstanding a counter-attack They forbid the infliction of war would be two billion pounds waste consigned aboard the White glad to know that the whole by the enemy. In Lorraine, in heavy pecuniary penalties and sterling (\$1,1000,000,000), dur- Star liner Cretic contained rubber. Canadian Contingent are doing the region of Xon, we delivered the taking of severe punitive ing the current year of which The Cretic is due to sail tomorro well at the front, having safely an attack which enabled us to measures at the expense of civilian Great Britian was spending more for Mediterranean ports. The concrossed over to France." The occupy and capture the village of announcement was hartily apNorroy, and occupy the whole They forbid the bombardment The present war, Mr. Lloyd the line as a firm in Genoa, Italy.

| C. McLEOD K. C. — W | L. BENILEY | position. It is untrue that the of course including the dropping George said, was the most ex- The consignor, they said, was A Germans have, as announced in of bombs from aeroplanes—of pensive in material, men and B. Newman, of this city. their communication, evacuated unfortified cities and of cities money that had ever been waged. The rubber was in the form of Ottawa, Feb. 18.—The private Norroy. They have been driven whose defences were not at the Great Britain, the Chancellor sheets and easily concealed. Each

in natural resources, was in a dif was decided at the conference

The Chancellor said that Russia

The question of the German Frank Cochrane announced that the evening. No warships were States to be a party to such a the Chancellor declared. She had so that it is doubtful whether Mr. Admiralty. The bombardment tary Bryan, however, take the the richest part of her territory.

respect to the advances made, or to

chases, the Chancellor said it had

Neutral Flags

ways, when neutral, accorded to They are supported by the vessels of other states at war board a British vessel cannot Ganteume, bearing women and very violent counter-attacks along give a Power free permission to children refugees, was torpedoed the whole front, for the purpose do wrong if it did not sign would as the most powerful, or at least is caused by disregard of obligations. of recapturing the trenches lost put a premium on non-signing, the richest and most populous tion it is upon the enemy vessel land described in a Dead of Convey and by him on the 16th and 17th, so far as big, aggressive Powers neutral nation, be take action disregarding it and upon the for upholding them when their Government giving orders that it to the said John M. Ferlang bearing

Hidden Rubber Exposed King's County la Prince Elwar

of the Exchequer told the House of the 118 bales in the consignconsignor and consignee.

119-121 Queen Street, Charlottetown, P. E. L.

Tuesday Morning We Open For You The Annual Remnant Sale

The Great Mid-Winter Bargain Event

Greater this year than ever-more variety-more in quantity and if such a thing is possible-better bargains than ever before. From every department of the Liggest and busiest store in Charlottetown come remnants and short ends and odd lo's of

Dress Goods, Silks. Print Coffons, White Cottons,

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Swiss Embroideries worth 10c. and 12c. for...... Swiss Embroideries worth 15c. for..... Swiss Embroideries worth 20c. for

Swiss Embroideries worth 30c. for

Swiss Embroideries worth 40c. for.....

LOT 1. Edgings, strappings, beadings and Insertions, all pretty de signs, real Swiss, 6c. yd.

LOT 3. Embroderies of many sorts, six inches wide, insertions to

LOT 5. This lot of flouncings 10 and 12 inches, all on fine cambrics. splendid value, worth 15c. 1, but all wider and on rather better material, regular 8c. LOT 4. This let is of embroid ry

LOT 2. Similar embroidery to Lor

edgings only no insertions 12c.

LOT 6. This lot is of 15 inch Flouncings. Allovers Corset Cover embroidery with or without bead ing, 40 cent quality 19c.

Feby, 17th, 1915.

McFarlane of Lewer Montagne in

said Morigage was assigned to th

Solicitors, Georgetown.

Dated this 18th day of Pebruar

WILLIAM A. McLAREN.

McLEOD & BENTLEY

Barristers, Attorneys and

Solicitors.

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Offices-Bank of Nova

Scotia Chambers.

Assignee of Mortgage

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If you have had trouble getting clothes to suit you, give us a trial. We will please

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153 Queen Street.

Britains Rei

Washington, Feb.

Britain's second and reply to the America protest, which on De last, asked for an early ment in the treatment can commerce by the Br was made public tonigh tual agreement between Department and the Foreign Office. The note to Ambassador Page b ward Grey, under date denies that the depr American industries is activity of the British he suggests, among oth the shortage of shipp the consequent dimin cotton trade and the by submarine mines, (1 enemy indiscriminately) neutral vessels. After lengthy and detailed the charge than Ameri and cargoes were bein detained, the commun tains in its concluding Britain intends to take re measures against the submarine campaign enemy ships, but does no Conceding that foods

tended for the civil popu

a country are not contral British government po that in any country there exists such tr organization for war as a tains in Germany, ther clear division between thos the government is respon feeding and these whom "It will still be our en says the final paragrap avoid injury and loss to German Government intention to sink merchan and their cargoes, withou fication of their nation character, and without any provision for the non-combatant erews, or lives, has made it nece His Majesty's government sider what measures they adopt to protect their inte is impossible for one belto depart from rules as cedents, and for the ot remain bound by them. ing the depression in industries, referred to in erican note. Sir Edwar says: "It is unfortunat that in these days, when t and finance are cosmopoli war, particularly a war. magnitude, must result grievous dislocation of co including that of the which take no part in t Your Excellency will realing this tremendous strugg the outbreak of which Britain is in no way resp it is impossible for the any country to escape all and loss, but for such His ty's government are not to Sir Edward then poin

sailing from the United for neutral European e have been placed in prize; and that only forty-five been temporarily details enable particular consignm cargo to be discharged purpose of prize court ; ings. The next paragraph s the statistics, of exports fi United States, and mal observation that it is the clear that if cotton be the effect of the war has t to increase, but practice arrest, the decline of A exports which was in earlier in the year; in fa which is attributed to the essentially due to cotto general result it continu show convincingly that th operations of Great Bri not the cause of any din in the volume of American and that if the comme United States is in the able condition which to lency describes, the cause in fairness, to be sought than in the activities Majesty's navel forces. Discussing the general

that only eight out of 773

tion that a belligerent is to capture contraband their way to the ene British note cites prec the action of the Unite government, both in th War and the Spanish War. The foreign sec iterates that the increas steamship necessitates calm waters, and in ists