

DENTAL

DR. LUKE SMITH, DENTIST—Crown and Bridge work specially solicited. Cor. Thames Street and Victoria Avenue.

MUSICAL

MISS ANNIE L. GARDNER, A. T. C. M.—Teacher in Piano, Harmony and Theory of Music. Has opened her studio at Mrs. Grandy's, Second Street. Phone 466.

LODGES

PARTHENON LODGE, No. 267, A. F. & A. M. G. R. C.: first Wednesday, Masonic Temple, King St.
J. SMITH, W. M.
J. W. LEWIS, Sec'y.

WELLINGTON LODGE, No. 46, A. F. & A. M. G. R. C., meets on the first Monday of every month, in the Masonic Hall, Scane Block, King St., at 7:30 p.m. Visit
ing brethren heartily welcomed.
ALEX. GREGORY, Sec'y.
W. A. HADLEY, W. M.

LEGAL

S. B. ARNOLD—Barrister, etc., Chatham, Ont. Money to loan at lowest rates on easy terms.

HOUSTON & STONE—Barristers, Solicitors, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc. Private funds to loan at lowest rates. Office in Sheldrick Block, opposite H. Malcolmson's store. M. Houston, Fred Stone.

SMITH, HERBERT D.—County Crown Attorney, Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Harrison Hall, Chatham.

THOMAS SCULLARD—Barrister and Solicitor, Victoria Block Chatham, Ont.

WILSON, PIKE & GUNDY—Barristers, Solicitors of the Supreme Court, Notaries Public, etc. Money to loan on mortgages at lowest rates. Office, Fifth Street, Matthew Wilson, K. C., J. M. Pike, W. E. Gundy.

BANKS

Standard Bank of Canada
HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.

BRANCHES AND AGENTS AT ALL PRINCIPAL POINTS IN CANADA, U. S. AND GREAT BRITAIN.

Drafts Issued and Notes Discounted. Savings Bank Department Deposits (which may be withdrawn without delay) received and interest allowed thereon at the highest current rates.

W. T. SHANNON, Manager Chatham Branch

BANK OF MONTREAL
Established 1817.

Capital (all paid up), \$14,000,000.00
Reserve, 10,000,000.00
Undivided Profits, 801,856.41

Choice properties for sale, which will net the purchaser 8 per cent.
GEORGE MASSEY, Manager

LAUNDRIES

To Look Clean
IS GRATIFYING
To Be Clean
IS SATISFYING

"You will enjoy both when you place your linen with us, for we do our work by the most modern methods known to our art."

The Parisian Steam Laundry Co.
Phone 120.

WINGCHUNG LAUNDRY

Fifth Street - Near Harrison Hall
Opens on Monday, April 9th.

Family washings and gentlemen's work a specialty.

Laundry called for. First-class work guaranteed. Returned in twenty-four hours.

HARRY & TOM
WILLIAM STREET LAUNDRY.

We do all kinds of Laundry and Family Washing. Prices reasonable, and work guaranteed.

Give us a call.
HARRY & TOM
PHONE 484. Opp. C. P. R.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

Two cottages in the best part of the city must be sold at once as owner is leaving the city. Price only \$900 each.

City and Farm Property bought, sold and exchanged.

Money to Loan.
For particulars apply to **SMITH & SMITH**, Fire, Life and Accident Insurance Agents.

E. E. PARROTT & SON
City Auctioneers
Easy Terms
Office: Scane Bldg.
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Minard's Liniment cures colds, etc.

It's not what you pay, but what you get, that proves the bargain.



"Progress Brand" Clothing

returns, in good looks and good service, all and more than you pay for it.

C. AUSTIN & CO.

DISTRICT

THORNCLIFFE.

Mr. Frank Houston is able to be out again.

Miss McKnight went home to spend her Easter holidays.

Mr. Alfred Purdy has rented Wesley Kendall's house on Wabash road.

Quarterly meeting in Free Methodist Church, Sunday morning and evening.

Mr. Goltart, Sr., is on the sick list. Mr. Smith, 6th Con., Chatham Tp., has sold his farm, and intends going to Chatham to work.

DANTE.

Amos Williams lost a valuable horse last week.

Mrs. Denton, who has been visiting Mr. and Miss Kerlin has returned to Chicago.

Mrs. Favey, of London, is home for Easter.

George Smith has been quite ill the past month.

Mr. Logan, of Florence, spent Easter with his daughter, Mrs. Geo. Randle.

Miss Hattie Stocking, of Bothwell, spent Sunday at home.

Floyd Rolston and wife, of Croton, spent Sunday at the former's home in Euphemia.

Willie Rolston, of Chatham Business College, is home for Easter.

Miss Emma Randle has gone to London for a visit.

Martin O'Brien is improving his buildings with a coat of paint.

Mrs. August Benessee is visiting her parents at Florence.

What is looking very good around here.

Farmers report a good season for maple syrup.

MEN

You are Cured First, Then You Pay. If You are not Cured You Need Not Pay.

Your case will be accepted for treatment on the following proposition:

1. If you doctor here, you will receive the services of an EXPERT.
2. Your case will receive most careful attention each time you call or write.
3. YOU MAY PAY AFTER YOU ARE CURED.



Nervous Debility

The Latest Method Treatment is a heaven-sent boon to nervous sufferers. There are scores and hundreds of persons suffering from severe nervous disorders resulting from overwork, hurry, worry, business and domestic cares, overindulgence, dissipation, etc. To them life is one continual round of misery, while peace, comfort and happiness are impossible. They suffer from headaches; loss of memory, mental depression, strange sensations, dizziness, dullness, nervousness, trembling, heart palpitation, cold limbs, uterine trouble and exhaustion. In this class of cases almost immediate relief is afforded by my treatment, while the cure itself is a permanent and lasting one.

BLOOD POISON

If you have traces of it you are in constant danger until cured; there is no stand-still in this disease of this kind; you cannot tell how soon the poison will attack the organs of the body; you may have sore throat, ulcers in the mouth or tongue, copper-colored patches, sores breaking out, sore bones, hair falling out, itching skin? Call to see me, and receive a written guarantee of a cure, and you may

PAY WHEN CURED

I cure Nervous Debility, Varicose Veins, Stricture, Early Erection, Decay and Waste of Power, all Nervous, Chronic, Blood and Skin Diseases.

X-RAY EXAMINATION, ADVICE AND CONSULTATION FREE
Office hours from 9:30 a. m. to 1:30 p. m.; while on Sundays from 2:30 a. m. to 2:30 p. m. Patients who cannot call may write for question blank and book containing diagnosis free; everything held honorably confidential. Medicine for Canadian patients sent from Windsor, Ont. All duty and transportation charges prepaid.

DR. GOLDBERG, 208 Woodward Ave., Suite 172, DETROIT.

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BEST VALUES

IN

CHATHAM

SUITS TO ORDER

At the T. H. Taylor Co., Limited . . .

We believe we realize the importance of truthful statement in advertising, and we would not make the claim of showing

the Largest and Newest Line of Up-to-Date Quality Clothing in Chatham unless it were absolutely true . . .

You'll say so when you come to see us

The T. H. Taylor Co., Limited

Carbon Platino

Gives the Finest Quality to be Desired in a

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Gibson
MAKES THEM

STUDIO—CORNER KING AND FIFTH STS.
ENTRANCE KING STREET.

SUGAR CURED

SMOKED SHOULDER

12c. a Pound

J. P. TAYLOR,

PHONE 187

UNCOVERS DUST OF AGES.

Egyptian Temple 3,900 Years Old Brought to Light—Built to the Memory of Thothmes III.

The world possesses another archaeological treasure. When, some months ago, in the valley of the Kings' tombs at Thebes, there was discovered a tomb, hitherto unviolated, containing a profusion of marvelous furniture, jewelry, vases, and carvings, as fresh as if they had been made yesterday, it was supposed that the land of the Pharaohs had yielded up ancient objects which could not be surpassed in beauty and in interest. But this discovery, wonderful as it was, has been far surpassed by the latest find in Egypt, the news of which has just been made known by C. T. Curry, an Englishman, and Prof. E. Naville, a French savant, who are both working under the auspices of the Egyptian Exploration Fund.

For the last two years the explorers employed by Prof. Naville, Mr. Curry, Mr. Hall, and Mr. Ayrton, have been engaged in excavating the oldest temple that has so far been discovered at Thebes.

It was built in the eleventh dynasty, in the reign of King Mentuhotep Neb-hep-tah, who lived somewhere about 2,000 B. C. It was in the ninth and tenth dynasties that Thebes began to be transformed into an obscure little town on the upper Nile to the home of the Pharaohs, with magnificent palaces and temples of stupendous size and grandeur.

The temple which Prof. Naville and his associates have been laying bare is built on a platform, to which access is given by a ramp, and it is remarkable because it has in the middle a great block of masonry, the purpose of which is not known, but which, it is thought, was perhaps the base of a pyramid.

This year the efforts of the explorers have been directed toward the back part of the temple. They wished to see how it ended and how it was connected with the mountain at the end of the amphitheatre of Deir el Bahari.

Early in the work Mr. Hall discovered the inclosure wall of the temple and found that the inclosure was interrupted by a court or wide avenue, lined on both sides by a single row of columns and directed toward the mountain. The rock had been cut open to make way for the avenue.

On the north side of the court, over the inclosure of the old temple, remains of a shrine of the eighteenth dynasty were found. The shrine was built in the reign of the great King Thothmes III. He lived 1,500 years before Christ, about 150 years before the Exodus of the Jews to the promised land.

This was the King who in seventeen campaigns subdued Palestine and Syria, planted a tablet of victory alongside that of his father on the banks of the Euphrates, penetrated northern Mesopotamia, stormed Karkemish, on the Euphrates, planted garrisons and appointed governors everywhere, and when he died, after a reign of fifty-four years, was regularly receiving tribute from an empire extending from the upper waters of the Euphrates to the fourth cataract of the Nile. He was the greatest conqueror among the Pharaohs and the greatest military genius in his history of Egypt.

It was with the rich booty that Thothmes III. obtained that he embellished the temple of Egypt in a manner unequalled by any of his predecessors, though they had all been great builders. The gigantic temple of Ammon at Karnak was mostly built by him, and under his rule Egyptian art attained its greatest development.

LONDON'S LATEST FAD.

Chameleons Which Change Color to Suit Dress of Mistress.

The chameleon promises to be a favorite pet in London this year.

One great point in favor of the chameleon is its accommodating habit of taking on the hue of the color against which it is placed. Thus one chameleon will match up with gowns of half a dozen different shades. So, though fashionable, it is really quite an economical adornment.

Much, however, will depend upon the weather, for, like the summer girl, the chameleon only thrives when the sun is bright. To import them now would be almost madness, as a cold snap would rob them of their brightly colored little lives.

The chameleon is really the ideal pocket pet. It has a habit of sitting on its hind legs, and it has weird, staring eyes perched on the top of its head. To pursue natural history further, it may be pointed out that the chameleon never goes far from home.

It has two little arms, with almost human-fingered hands, and with these it clings for an indefinite time to anything on which it is placed. For instance, if you put a chameleon on a plant it will cling to that plant until removed. Or if a lady attaches it to her gown it will cling passionately to the dress. It will never fall off, and it will never run away. In fact, it may be said that chameleons always become very much attached to their owner.

The species most recommended is the one hailing from Morocco, which is about five inches long, and has a fascinating habit of curling its tail between its legs and up its chest, and these placed on its hind legs and provided with penholder as a walking-stick will sit for hours on end without moving.

The diet of the chameleon consists of meal-worms—with which your baker will surreptitiously supply you—and flies. The latter the chameleon catches for himself in the summer months by shooting out his comparatively immense tongue.

There is one sad aspect to the chameleon fashion. When the summer has flown and cold weather comes, the chameleons must be sent to the very hot plant house or sent south for the winter. One well-known marchioness, who became very fond of her chameleon, last summer sent it to Biskra during the winter months. At the present moment it is in excellent health, and will be restored to its devoted mistress when spring develops.

Modified Romance.

"Would you marry a man for money?"

"No," answered Miss Cayenne, "and yet I don't think I should regard a man as being especially desirable because of his poverty."

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine
Carter's
Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Wm. Wood

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

THE CHAMPAGNE MAKER.

"My Face Is Always Decorated With Scars."

The Frenchman's face was hacked and notched.

"Have you been a duelist?" one asked.

"No, no," the man replied. "I have been a champagne maker." He touched his face. "These honorable nicks," he said, "are champagne scars."

"Champagne scars," he went on, "decorate the visages of all the workers in the underground champagne mills of Rheims. They are caused by the bursting of the bottles. About one bottle of champagne in every ten bursts."

"There are miles and miles of champagne caves in Rheims, caves cut in the solid limestone rock, where, in a constant temperature of 45 degrees, millions of bottles of wine refine and ripen."

"The workers down there smell nothing but champagne all day long, champagne escaping from burst bottles, and as the turners move along the racks—each turns 35,000 bottles daily—they are continually saluted with explosions. Bang! And the glass splinters fly, and a little fountain of champagne perfumes the damp air."

"Day after day each bottle must be turned, turned fifty times altogether, all the sediment in it has all mounted up and concentrated itself around the cork. Then the corks remove the corks, let the sediment thicken wine in the neck of the bottle blow off and skillfully replace the cork again."

"The corks' and turners' work is dangerous. These men are nearly all scarred like me."

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VICEROY OF INDIA.

His Work No Easy Task—Frontier Troubles and Independent Rulers a Burden—Heavy Correspondence.

The appointment of Viceroy of India is in many ways one of the greatest positions that a British subject can be called upon to occupy, but it is very far from being a sinecure.

The work of the day ordinarily starts at a very early hour. When the late Lord Dufferin held this office he would often be at work with his secretaries as seven in the morning. The correspondence that has to be read and attended to each day is enormous, and is probably only equalled by that received by the President of the United States. From Bombay, Bengal, Madras, the United Provinces, Burma, and other parts of our Indian Empire reports and documents of the first importance are received every day, and these have to be very carefully considered and dealt with by the Viceroy.

In addition to this, never a day passes but what important communications are received by cable from the India Office in London. Needless to say, the Viceroy's clerical staff is very carefully organized, so as to be able to deal with the vast amount of what may be termed routine work that has to be performed every day, but there still remain many matters that can be dealt with by the Viceroy alone.

To assist in the administration of India the Viceroy has a Council of five members, with the Viceroy as an ex-officio member. Each of the five members takes charge of a certain department, such as Finance, Public Works, Revenue and Agriculture, etc. Foreign affairs, however, are dealt with by the Viceroy personally, and it is this department that is responsible for fully four-fifths of the worries to which the Governor-General of India is subjected.

When Lord Lansdowne held this office he once declared in the course of a private conversation that the north-western frontier had shortened his life by ten years. The Indian frontier, not even excepting the line between Canada and the United States, is the most important land boundary possessed by the British Empire, and with the contest that is ever waging between Great Britain and Russia for supremacy in this part of Asia the strain on the Viceroy is at times very severe.

The vice-regal year naturally divides itself into three unequal portions. During the cool season the Viceroy has his headquarters at Government House, Calcutta. When the summer comes, and Calcutta is a city of abomination for Europeans, the Government is transferred to the Vice-regal Lodge, Simla, among the hills whose spots of snow make one feel cool even on the hottest day.

The third portion of the Viceroy's year, though the shortest, is in many ways the most important. It is an annual autumn tour through India, which is practically the only opportunity the Viceroy gets to see anything of the great country he governs. With the growing demands on his time each year it is becoming more difficult for him to see anything like the whole of India during his period of office.

Another source of anxiety and hard work for the Viceroy are the native rulers of the independent and semi-independent States. These, to use the words of an ex-Viceroy, are "the most cussed people on the face of the earth." They are extremely proud and haughty, and very tenacious of their "rights"—real or imaginary. If the Viceroy omits one compliment to which they deem themselves entitled, or if they are received by one soldier or fewer than their neighbors, or are not honored with the same number of guns, they proceed to hatch dissatisfaction and trouble without further ado. The wild, semi-civilized tribes on the frontiers are not nearly so much trouble as these native princes, since a display of superior force will usually bring them to their senses.

Dinner in the House.

The dining rooms of the House of Commons are usually quite empty on any call made upon them by members, but on the opening days of the session these resources may break down, writes T. P. O'Connor in M. A. P. Not only will many new members, waiting to be seated in the House during the first triumphant days after they have been returned, but will be even more anxious to entertain their friends and relations. Plenty of the younger members, especially, will want to let their wives and sweethearts see the green-room of the House of Commons; the nooks and corners where members are able to disport themselves. When it enters the House of Commons, the foot of woman was kept as rigorously from the inner tabernacle of the House as from the portals of a monastery of Trappists. There was nothing but a dingy underground cellar, where it was reported that a lady had once or twice dined; where usually she was treated to nothing better than a dry sandwich and a cup of tea. Now she roams all over the House. Behind the Ladies' Gallery there is a little room where she can have, even by herself, a cup of tea and even a mutton chop; and where also she can dress for dinner. Mrs. Gladstone used constantly to use this dressing-room for her husband and not always very elaborate toilet on the nights when she had come down to hear a great speech by her husband. Ladies have also some half-dozen rooms which run along the terrace, and where a tier is allowed to have a party there unless there be some ladies among the guests. The pressure on this part of the House is often overwhelming.

Not So Silly.

Wearily from the chase, the ostrich of the desert had stuck his head in the sand.

"You silly bird," said the hunter, coming up. "Do you imagine I can't see you?"

"You mistake my purpose," replied the ostrich, with dignity. "Of course you can see me, but you miserable, feather-stealing, egg-hunting land pirate, I thus relieve myself of the necessity of seeing you."

Conscious that he had the better of the argument, the ostrich yielded \$40 worth of plumes without a murmur.

The First Envelope.

The first letter envelope dates back to May, 1696. It is now in the British Museum, London.

Even the brunette insists upon having fair treatment.

IF YOU WANT