ng.

and.

l it is a mistake to istake can be made esh cow is better time. The handiest rubber nipple. By er nipples on each iropped lamb only every hour. It m to like it warm, m, as that is the sheepmen think it ter and then add a show that it is not warming the milk ople must be kept the lamb will reore milk and can is old should be en in two feeds. that may be fed.

ritories contains

horses shipped

d by dipping or t care must be lers out, so that t and not sight w days. If the he nose buried to chill afterif put in hot

to see that all ts, so that the revented from se with young ord, to obtain so. Examine escapes freeeach the teat. f the lamb is some of the poonful every ill be strong ble, the ewe selves for at gain strength

Things Worth Knowing.

Quarantine Regulations.

The quarantine service of Canada is under the administra-The quarantine service of Canada is under the administra-tion of the Minister of Agriculture. The stations for in-spection of animals being brought into Manitoba and the Territories are Emerson, Estevan, Wood Mountain, Willow Creek, East Milk River and West Milk River. Ports at which animals coming from Europe must be landed are Charlottetown, Halifax, St. John and Quebec, and such other ports as the Minister of Agriculture may indicate. Importing from Europe—All animals arriving from File

Importing from Europe.-All animals arriving from Europe shall be subject to inspection.

Horses must be accompanied by the certificate of a qualified veterinarian and the local authority, at the time of their embarkation, that they have not been brought from a place or locality where glanders or other infectious or contagious disease was at said time in existence.

Cattle are subject to quarantine for 90 days, and all importers are obliged to certify, under oath, the locality in Europe from which animals have been brought. Cattle coming from districts in which pleuro-pneumonia is officially reported to exist are prohibited from entering Canada. All cattle must pass the tuberculin test, either before or after landing at a port of entry. The Government have appointed veterinarians in England for testing animals, and a certificate from one of these men will free an animal from undergoing the test on arrival on this side.

A quarantine of 15 days is enforced upon sheep coming from countries in which foot and mouth disease has existed during the six months preceding such importation.

A quarantine of 15 days is enforced upon swine. Importing from United States.—All horses imported from the U. S. into Manitoba, N. W. T. and B. C. are subject to inspection at port of entry.

All cattle admitted for breeding purposes shall be accompanied by: (a) A declaration made by the importer that they are actually for breeding and no other purpose. (b) A certificate signed by a government veterinarian that they have been subjected to the tuberculin test and found free from tuberculosis. A certificate of inspection signed by a government veterinarian showing that the animals are free from contagious diseases, and that no contagious disease of cattle—except tuberculosis and actinomycosis (lump jaw)— exists in the district whence they come. When not accompanied by such certificates the animal or animals must be detained in quarantine one week and subjected to the tuberculin test.

Sheep may be admitted subject to inspection at port of entry, and must be accompanied by a certificate, signed by a government inspector that sheep scab has not existed in the district in which they have been fed for six months preceding date of importation.

Swine for breeding purposes are subjected to a quarantine of 15 days.

bees for the inspection of animals imported from the U.S. are as follows:-