

posts to be placed at intervals of from six to eight feet apart.

10. The boards to be of inch pine (second quality), hemlock or basswood, of the respective widths of twelve, ten, eight and six inches; each board to embrace two panels, and only two joints to occur on any post. The boards to be secured to the posts by three-inch cut nails, six to each, and over the joints of the boards a ribbon of one-inch pine, etc., three inches wide, is to be properly nailed by four four-inch cut nails, the ribbon to extend to the top of the post, and this fence to consist of four boards spaced as directed. The top of the posts to be cut off uniformly.

11. In rocky ground where the posts cannot be let in sufficiently deep, posts five feet six inches long to be used, and tenoned into sills four feet long, twelve inches wide and six inches thick, the tenons to be wedged on the under side of the sill, upon which will be properly fixed a spur or strut, the strut to be not less than three inches thick. The boards will be used as before mentioned, as also the nails. The post sills and struts must be of cedar.

12. 2nd Class—This will consist of two posts to each panel, and a cap and sill which must in all cases be made of cedar. The six rails properly spaced with sawn square cedar blocks between each, securely fitted so as to raise the fence to the height required, the rails in all cases to be straight and sound; these may be made of suitable black ash, tamarack or cedar timbers, thirteen feet long and not less than four inches thick, or of a sectional area of twelve inches, sills to be four feet long, ten inches wide and six inches thick, and bored to receive posts with a three-inch augur. The caps to be two feet four inches long, eight inches wide and five inches thick, bored in same manner as sills. The posts or pickets to be of the