

[illegible]

a. $\Delta\sigma\Delta \nabla b \text{ } b \text{ } L\bar{L}\bar{C}\bar{\Delta}\cdot\sigma^{\rightarrow}P$, $rqL \text{ } P^{\wedge} \nabla b$
 $\nabla\bar{\Delta}\cdot d\sigma \text{ } eL\Delta\cdot\bar{b} \text{ } \bar{\Delta}\Delta\cdot\bar{b}$ PC P $\wedge r\bar{r}\bar{e}d\bar{r}qo \text{ } \bar{\Delta}b\Gamma^{--}$
 $\bar{\Delta}\bar{\Delta}\cdot n\bar{r}\Delta\cdot\sigma^x$.

b. $\dot{C}a^{2+} \triangleright \Gamma P \Delta \cdot a$ $\dot{b}$ $b \dot{a} \cap \gamma' \triangleleft \dot{b}^x$ $\dot{b}$ $\triangleleft \gamma \Gamma''$.
 $\nabla \gamma \dot{C} \Gamma''$ $P \gamma \Gamma' \triangleleft \gamma \Gamma'' \nabla \Delta \cdot \dot{b} \sigma$ $P \dot{C}$ $\Gamma \dot{b} \dot{d} \Delta \cdot \gamma \dot{b}$ $\nabla \dot{d} \dot{b}$.
 $\Gamma \Delta \dot{b} \Delta \cdot \dot{b}^x$?

2. $\Delta \hat{P} \sigma \hat{P} \Delta \cdot \Delta \hat{L}^x$ Γ_a $\sigma \hat{P} \rangle (L \Delta \cdot \cdot$; $\Delta \hat{P} \hat{P} \rangle (J \Delta \cdot$
 $\Delta \hat{L}^x$ Γ_a $\Delta \hat{L}^y \Delta \cdot$ $L \hat{P} \Delta \cdot \hat{P} \Delta \cdot \cdot$; $\hat{P} \hat{P} \hat{P} \rangle (J \Delta \cdot$ $\Delta \hat{L}^x$
 Γ_a $(V \cdot \Delta \hat{L} \Gamma \cdot \hat{P} \hat{P} \hat{P} \Delta \cdot \cdot$; Γ_a $\hat{P} \hat{P}$ $\Delta \hat{P}$ $\Delta \hat{P}$ $\Gamma \rangle \hat{P}$
 $\hat{P} \hat{P} \hat{P} \hat{P} \hat{P} \hat{P}$ $\hat{P} \hat{P} \hat{P} \hat{P} \hat{P}$ $\hat{P} \hat{P}$ $\hat{P} \hat{P}$ $\hat{P} \hat{P} \hat{P} \hat{P}$

b. $\Delta \sigma_L$ ከ Δr ብቻ ሲገኝ $\Delta \sigma_L$ ከ Δr ጋር ሲዛዝን ምን ዓይነት ጥያቄ ይጠይቃል?
 $\Delta \sigma_L$ ከ Δr ጋር ሲዛዝን ምን ዓይነት ጥያቄ ይጠይቃል?
 $\Delta \sigma_L$ ከ Δr ጋር ሲዛዝን ምን ዓይነት ጥያቄ ይጠይቃል?

a. ζV ; $\Delta J C \Delta < 3 D < 6$. 1, 2, ∇ $\nabla \nabla \nabla \nabla \nabla$,
 $\Gamma_a < \zeta \nabla \Delta$ $\sigma \nabla \Delta \nabla \nabla \nabla \nabla \nabla$ ∇ $\nabla \nabla \nabla \nabla \nabla$ ∇
 $\nabla \nabla \nabla \nabla \nabla \nabla \nabla \nabla \nabla$ X .

b. $\nabla \cdot \vec{a} \neq \nabla \cdot \vec{b}$ $\nabla \cdot \vec{c} \neq \nabla \cdot \vec{d}$ $\nabla \cdot \vec{e} \neq \nabla \cdot \vec{f}$?

9. $P \vee Q \vdash P \vee Q \wedge R$

b. $\dot{C}_{\text{O}_2}$ $\nabla \Delta \cdot J$?

a. $\Gamma \vdash \Delta \rightarrow \Gamma^* \rightarrow \Delta^* \rightarrow \Delta^* \rightarrow \Delta^*$
 $\vdash \Gamma \vdash \Delta \rightarrow \Delta^* \rightarrow \Delta^*$

b. 9b: $\dot{L}b \rho \zeta \dot{b} \Delta \rho \rho q \zeta \nabla \dot{\Delta} \rho \Delta b \Delta \cdot \zeta$?

e. σ $P\dot{C}\Gamma$ $\triangleleft \Gamma U$ $\dot{b}$ P Δr $\triangleleft r(Lq\Gamma(Lb\Delta.\dot{z})$
 ∇ $rb\triangleleft(\dot{b}\Delta.\dot{z})$.