LOST:
An immense amount of satisfaction if you do not buy our GRASSY ISLAND COAL.
CONGER COAL CO.—5 KING EAST.

# The Toronto World.

COX & C...
STOCK BROKERS,
26 TORONTO-ST.
Continuous market quotations by direct wires.

SIXTH YEAR — WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 22, 1886. — PRICE ONE CENT

## PARNELL'S BILL BEATEN.

*THE GOVERNMENT SUSTAINED BY NINETY-FIVE MAJORITY.*

**Lord Hartington Declares Himself in Emphatic Terms—Liberal Eloquence Lost on the House—Personnel of the Government Commission.**

LONDON, Sept. 21.—Lord Randolph Churchill in the House of Commons this afternoon, replying to questions said that in the event of trouble arising in Bulgaria which, however, he did not apprehend, the British Government would act constitutionally and advise the Crown to act as in their opinion would be best calculated to protect the interests of the Empire.

Mr. John Morley resumed the debate on the second reading of the Parnell Land Bill. He thought, he said, that Mr. Parnell in his speech last night had proved his case in regard to the fall in prices of Irish farm products. Mr. Morley contended that the bill provided better machinery and a better method of answering the Government's own question as to the necessity of relieving the Irish tenantry in some form than would the appointment of any Royal Commission. He also believed that the landlords of Ireland, and not for the first time in their history, were making a grievous mistake in allowing the bill to be rejected. [Irish cheers.]

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Chief Secretary for Ireland, stated that the Government commission to inquire into the working of the Land Act of 1881 would consist of Earl Cowper, chairman; Earl Milltown, Sir James Caird, Judge O'Hogan and George Foltrell.

Mr. Morley, continuing, said if it was true that the inability of the tenants to pay rent was due to the excessive use of whisky, or subscriptions to the league, it would be easy to insert an amendment requiring the tenant to show a satisfactory cause of his inability to pay rent, rendering dishonesty impossible. The vicious land system in Ireland prevented tenants from reaping the fruits of their industry. He would vote for Mr. Parnell's bill because he believed it would create a smooth and calm interval between the sessions, and enable Parliament to consider the Irish question generally.

Mr. Chaplin, Conservative, opposed the bill. He taunted Messrs. Gladstone and Morley with again using the argument of fear. The Parnell bill was the most impudent proposal ever submitted to Parliament.

Lord Hartington regretted that he was unable to support Mr. Gladstone's conclusions. He said there was little doubt that the time had arrived for a full inquiry into the agrarian question in Ireland and the Government was about to institute such an inquiry. Yet, pending this investigation, Mr. Gladstone was prepared to take action on Mr. Parnell's bill in a way in which only last August he (Mr. Gladstone) argued would be unfair. [Cheers.] The existing judicial rents were fixed during a period of great depression and it had not yet been proved that the land courts had failed to make due allowance for the state of things that had arisen since that time. Parliament would incur a great responsibility if it neglected the Government's proposals for the preservation of order, as such action would encourage socialist and communistic ideas in the interest of a certain class of persons. [Cheers.] The late Government, he continued, had not ventured to suggest temporary relief measures for Ireland. Its whole action had been entirely opposed to the idea that judicial rents were not properly fixed. Lord Hartington failed to see that any case had been made out which would justify interference with judicial rents. The bill did not deserve the assent of the House. It offered a temptation to tenants to withhold half their rents and debarred landlords from recovering their rightful dues. It was without precedent, and totally dissimilar to previous bills which embodied that bad principle. Since 1880 the position of the tenant had enormously improved and he now possessed every protection against eviction or harsh action on the part of the landlord.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach said he thought there was a certain want of reality about the discussion. He was puzzled to account for the silence of the Parnellites and contended that they could not believe that the case for the bill had been made out. He declared that the bill, if passed, would not be received in the south and west of Ireland as a temporary measure. It would permanently upset the settlement effected by the Land Act of 1881. Nothing had been said about the fall of prices until the rejection of the Home Rule Bill. Prices were rising at the present moment. The statistics regarding evictions were misleading. The increase in the number of evictions was no proof of the inability of the tenants to pay their rents. He believed that the total number of evictions in 1885 did not exceed three in two thousand tenants. There was scope for an inquiry into the whole matter. Upon the announcement of the result of the Royal Commission's inquiry the Government would submit proposals to the House during the next session. The position of affairs in Ireland was such that the Government might be obliged to ask Parliament to deal with the question earlier than usual. [Cheers.] But the Government would not buy peace by doing injustice or by blackmail. In conclusion, he said the discussion of Mr. Parnell's proposals was an act of gross injustice to Irish landlords. Sir Wm. Vernon Harcourt said he thought the House and country would notice the alarming tone of defiance and menace with which the Chief Secretary for Ireland embarked on his mission of peace. Lord Hartington, continued the speaker, was alone to-night, like the last rose of summer. [Laughter.] Where were his companions? Where was Mr. Chamberlain? The House had heard one Birmingham member (Mr. Matthews), where were the others? Upon this great and critical question what was the voice of Birmingham? Way had she spoken with only one voice, and that through a Tory minister? [Cheers, and counter cheers.] The Liberal union did not seem to be much of a Liberal union after all. The Liberal party would follow its old policy and do what it could to avert the great dangers which the policy of the Government threatened.

Mr. Parnell's Land Bill was rejected by a vote of 297 to 202.

**Opinions of the Press.**

LONDON, Sept. 22.—The Daily News fears that Sir Michael Hicks-Beach's speech in the House of Commons last night portends an early summoning of Parliament to pass a coercion bill. Parliament will be prorogued on Friday.

The Daily Telegraph thinks that to compel the Ministers to come to Parliament for a new Crimes Act would at present suit the Parnellites' book less than that of any other party in the kingdom.

**Gen. Butterfield's Marriage.**

LONDON, Sept. 21.—Gen. Butterfield was married to-day to Mrs. James at St. Margaret's, Westminster. The Bishop of Bedford conducted the service assisted by Canon Farrar. John Henry Puleston, M.P., acted as master of the ceremonies. Many distinguished persons were present at the wedding breakfast. Count De Paris telegraphed hearty congratulations and sent a handsome present.

**The Revolt in Madrid.**

MADRID, Sept. 21.—All the officers implicated in yesterday's attempt at revolution have been condemned to death. A band of rebels at Ocana, in the Province of Toledo, killed their commanding officer and then returned to their allegiance and prayed for mercy. The common soldiers who took part in the uprising generally repent their folly and blame their officers for leading them astray. The soldiers everywhere are yielding to the authorities. In the Province of Toledo two bands of rebels, however, still hold out.

**Cleanliness is next to godliness. Observe this practically by obtaining at once the celebrated steel wire door mat.** 136

*TRIENNIAL CONCLAVE.*

**The Knights Templar Procession at St. Louis Stopped by Rain.**

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 21.—The twenth-third triennial conclave of the Knights Templar of America opened its session to-day. The city was handsomely decorated. Heavy rain began at 8 o'clock and while the divisions were forming for parade the rain storm became still more violent and the parade had to be abandoned. Twenty thousand men broke ranks and dispersed very greatly disappointed. The stiff gale which accompanied the rain storm made sad havoc with the decorations. The sessions of the conclave began at 12.30.

The report of Grand Master Withers, after reciting routine proceedings, refers to the questions at issue with the Great Priory of Canada, which was finally referred to a special committee appointed to-day. Following the report of Grand Master Withers, General Roome of New York, Deputy and Acting Grand Master, submitted a report of his stewardship, extending from May 12, 1885, up to the present time. The report discusses the Canada question mentioned in Grand Master Withers' report, and insists upon it that the Scotch encampments ante-date the Sovereign Grand Priory, and that they are, therefore, not bound to be governed by it. He recommends that the present encampment make no effort to try to bring about a settlement of that question.

*BULGARIA'S BOLDNESS.*

**Russia Practically Told That There is a Limit on Her Presumption.**

SOFIA, Sept. 21.—The Bulgarian Government, replying to Russia's note, says that the trial of the revolutionary conspirators has been delayed until the arrival of Gen. Kaulbars. The Government cannot stop the course of justice. It has no fear that the trial will jeopardize the peace of the country, which notes such as Russia presented might do. If the Russian agent desires to know the progress of the trial he can obtain the desired information in the same way as the agents of other powers.

The committee appointed to examine into and report upon the circumstances of the recent coup d'etat have concluded their investigations. They pronounce MM. Karaveloff, Mikiloroff and Zinkoff jointly criminally responsible for the affair, and recommend that all three be suspended from Parliamentary immunity. The Sobranje at its next meeting will decide what further steps, if any, shall be taken against the three declared conspirators.

**Got the Ground Hog but Lost His Hand.**

BUSHVILLE, Pa., Sept. 16.—The rodent teeth of a woodchuck are very long and very sharp, and when they close on anything, the nose of a dog for instance, they lock together in a peculiar manner. William Jobes of this place was out hunting woodchucks yesterday. He shot one as it sat sunning itself at the mouth of its burrow. The shot tumbled the animal over. Jobes picked up what he supposed was his dead game, but the woodchuck was not yet dead. It grabbed the hunter by the hand and sent its teeth into it until they met and locked. Jobes tried to get the woodchuck loose but could not and the animal died in that position, making the lock still more closely set. Jobes was obliged to walk three miles before he came to a house where the jaws of the animal were cut and the hand released. The hand was frightfully lacerated and swollen, and it will have to be amputated at the wrist.

**Pleuro-Pneumonia in a Distillery.**

CHICAGO, Sept. 21.—Schufeldt's distillery was quarantined yesterday to prevent the spread of pleuro-pneumonia among cattle. There are 865 cows fed in this distillery, and seven pronounced cases of the disease. A rigid inspection of all the distilleries will be kept up. Three thousand cattle are now under quarantine.

It now looks as if it would be necessary to slaughter the 3000 cattle at the distilleries. Such animals as are found untainted with the disease can be disposed of for beef and those touched in the slightest degree will be sent at once to the rendering establishment.

**Charleston Still Shocking.**

CHARLESTON, S.C., Sept. 21.—Three shocks of earthquake occurred in Charleston last night and early this morning. The shock at 5.20 a.m. was quite sharp and caused houses to rattle uncomfortably. There was no general alarm, but a good many persons ran out of their houses into the streets and remained there. At Summerville there were three shocks between 4.25 and 6.30.

**Twin Girls Joined Together.**

WALNUT HILL, Ark., Sept. 21.—Twin girls were born Aug. 31 to one John Williams and wife, living near this place. They were grown together from the sternum downward a distance of six inches. They weighed eleven pounds. The integument passed uninterruptedly from one to the other. With this exception they were very natural. One lived only an hour, and the other twenty-four. The mother's weight is 250 pounds.

**Officers of I.O.O.F. Sovereign Lodge.**

BOSTON, Sept 21.—The following officers for the ensuing year were elected to-day by the Sovereign Grand Lodge of Oddfellows: Grand Sire, John H. White, New York; Deputy Grand Sire, J. C. Underwood, Kentucky; Grand Secretary, T. A. Ross, New Jersey; Grand Treasurer, A. Shepard, Pennsylvania.

**For He is a Pro-tes-tant.**

LONDON, Sept. 21.—Mr. Gladstone publishes a letter again denying persistently the repeated report that he is about to join the Catholic Church. He says: "The statement that I intend to become a Roman Catholic is a revival of a miserable falsehood, repeated from time to time, without a shadow of evidence for basis, and is unworthy of notice until it assumes a character very different from merely calumnious invention."

**Italy and the Jesuits.**

ROME, Sept. 21.—The Italian Government is much annoyed at the new attitude of the Pope towards the Jesuits and his restoration of their privileges. It has decided to intervene and rigidly enforce all laws against the order. The effect will be to complete the expulsion of the Jesuits from Italian territory.

**What's the mat-ter with the steel wire door mat? Oh, it's all right. Why, of course it is, it always was and always is, but if you have any doubts about it, just get one and be most thoroughly convinced of the fact.** 136

*UNITED STATES NEWS.*

**The Cleveland Leader is now fighting a boycott movement. This is its second tussle.**

Typographical Union No. 12, of Baltimore, has ordered that all non-union offices be boycotted.

Severe frosts, damaging to vegetation, were reported yesterday from Northern New Hampshire and Vermont.

The leading cigar manufacturers of the United States will hold their second National convention in Philadelphia on Monday evening, Sept. 27.

At Malden, Mo., Bowman Paxton, a prominent druggist, quarreled with and killed J. McGullivery, a blacksmith. Paxton was arrested, but the mob lynched him.

The Grand Lodge of I.O.O.F. will meet in Denver, Col., next year. An amendment to the constitution proposing biennial sessions of the Grand Lodge was indefinitely postponed.

The defalcation of Gould, cashier of the First National Bank of Portland, Me., will probably reach $150,000, and may go $50,000 higher. The money was lost in speculation. Gould is completely prostrated.

Acting Secretary Fairchild has instructed the Collector of Customs at Oswego, N.Y., to warn foreign tug masters that the resumption of a tow of American vessels dropped in United States waters will entail a penalty.

A strike occurred at No. 1 Harmony Mill, Cohoes, last week. A girl asked permission to remain out until Tuesday, which was granted on condition that she got some one to fill her place. This she did not do. On returning to work on Wednesday she found a girl in her place, and as the employer would not give her her loom the 256 employes left in a body and the mill was closed.

## RIOTING AT NOONDAY.

*THE POLICE AT BELFAST BETWEEN TWO FIRES.*

**The Military Summoned to the Rescue—A Fusilade of Stones—Charge of the Black Watch—Many People Arrested or Injured.**

BELFAST, Sept. 21.—Desultory rioting accompanied by firing occurred throughout the night. During the night two policemen were severely wounded. A number of citizens also were wounded, but how many is not officially known, because the friends of many of them carried them away. Twenty arrests were made during the night. The Catholics evince a more bitter spirit against the police and soldiers. The appearance of a single constable in one of the troubled districts last night was greeted with a volley of stones. The aspect of affairs this morning is threatening and more fighting is expected.

Rioting was renewed at dinner time at the Junction of Northumberland-street and the False-road by the Catholic mill hands stoning the police on duty to keep the Orangemen of Quinn's Island shipyard from coming in contact with mill hands. The stoning was so heavy and skillful that the police had to retreat as far as Shankhill. Here they were reinforced and they drove the mob back, capturing a number on the way. While this battle was going on another mob in a different locality attacked with stones the Black Watch regiment of Welshmen, although the soldiers were fully armed and in fighting array. The troops, with fixed bayonets, charged in double quick time on the mob and drove them from the scene, wounding a great number of the rioters and arresting two. Still another mob got into the fight in the tram car stable, and surging out into the street threw a passing car from the track and overturned it. The car was at the time filled with passengers. The mob that overturned this car evidently had not intended to do it. They were fighting purely religiously, but the locality was infested with rowdies drawn thither by the riot, and when these loafers saw the car upside down and filled with people they fusilladed with stones. The terror-stricken passengers crowded close under the seats and shielded themselves as best they could with the floor mats and seat cushions. Several were hurt. Their situation was dreadful until the military rescued them and escorted them to a place of safety.

The funeral cortege of a man named Boyle while returning from the cemetery to-day was attacked by a mob, who assailed the hearse with stones. The military charged on the mob and arrested a score of the rioters. In the melee the colonel in command of the troops was badly hurt. At midnight the city was quiet.

**People, do not defraud yourselves by continually buying mats which fill up and become musty in a few months, when for stay this reckless waste of money by procuring the mat of the age, viz., the steel wire door mat, which cleans itself and never wears out.** 136

**English Hats.**

*From the Pall Mall Gazette.*

It will doubtless be a surprise to many to hear that our Lancashire felt manufacturers export cheap hats into Roumania, though the government of that country does its best by prohibitive duties to restrict the trade. But Anglomania in apparel is not confined to Roumania by any means. No Italian maccaroni world think himself well dressed unless he wore English clothes and an English hat. Although we import most of the silk which is used for hat manufacturing from France, in return we export many thousands of the finished article. So it that the obsequent traveler may see our English headgear, whether in its chimney-pot or in the more pliable formation, all over the continent. But you may go much further afield—to the United States, to the Brazils and the States of South America and the colonies. The Foreign Office has promised the deputation to have its "best efforts" to remove the obnoxious duties in Roumania.

**The Antique Lantern of our Forefathers.**

*From the Mail and Express.*

"The antique lantern that shed its dim rays out upon an almost unperceivable space of darkness to the satisfaction of our forefathers is the latest fashionable relic of antiquity for parlor decoration on the market to-day," said the head of a Union Square silver house to a reporter of the Mail and Express. The reporter gazed upon the ancient-styled fire-bug with interest for some minutes, and concluded that it was not an unsightly ornament for the dark place after all. It is square in shape, and is made of a dull silver-like material. Each side is perforated and is adorned with three large opals and agates of various colors. With the lights streaming through the hundred little holes and the illuminated glass eyes the scene is effective. Where it differs in point from the old lantern is that it derives its light from a small oil lamp, though the candle can be used if preferred.

**One of the Brave 49-ers.**

*From the San Francisco Chronicle.*

"Rats," said the Doc, "rats—there ain't no rats nowadays like the rats we had in '49. The rats in '49, they were big fellows. These rats don't amount to anything."

"About how big were the rats in '49?"

"Well, I should say the average was about nine pounds, but that was common."

"What was the biggest rat you ever saw?"

"Well, there was one rat in Sacramento that weighed fifteen pounds. He'd fought all the terriers in town and killed most of them. That rat went about as he liked. Many a time I've seen that rat sit upon the edge of a refuse barrel, put down his foot and pick out what he wanted, and all the terriers in town looking on."

**Highest References if Required.**

An eminently respectable Church of England paper, the Church Bells, publishes the following advertisement: "A poor clergyman who has been 'engaged' for years is very anxious to marry almost immediately, chiefly for the sake of the lady, who is in unhappy surroundings at present, but lacks sufficient pecuniary means to enable him to do so. He urgently needs £5 at least, and, having no other resource, reluctantly makes this appeal to public sympathy. He feels sure that there are many who would be glad, as a thank offering for their own happy married life, to send him such small or large sums as they can afford. Highest references, if required."

*CABLE NOTES.*

Smallpox is epidemic in Pesth and the victims are numerous.

Germany has concluded no arrangement with Russia regarding Bulgaria.

Three revolutionary Socialists have been elected to the Municipal Council in St. Quentin.

Ninety thousand cotton spinners in Burley have resolved to strike against a reduction in wages.

At Amsterdam, Geel, Socialist, has been condemned to eight years' imprisonment for shooting Police Commissary Storck.

Count Von Munster, German ambassador to France, had a long interview yesterday with M. De Freycinet, the French Premier.

The report that Gen. Boulanger has resolved to make a trial of the mobilization of the French army is semi-officially denied.

The proposed bill for the closing of taverns in Irish towns with a population of 10,000 early on Saturday night will be introduced next session.

The Duke of Edinburgh and Prince George have been received with all the honors at Constantinople. The Sultan gave a state banquet in their honor.

The Marquis of Londonderry and a party of friends attended the races at Baltoyle yesterday. The Lord Lieutenant was cordially welcomed by the people.

Patrick Fay, brother of Charles Joseph Fay, ex-member of Parliament and at present magistrate for Dublin County, has been arrested in Dublin on a charge of forgery.

**Nicoll, Sutherland & Jefferis, late Reimer & Nicoll, wholesale importers and jobbers in Fine Woollens and Tailors' Trimmings, 23 Front-street west, Toronto.** 246-249

*ITS LAST DAY.*

**The Methodist Conference Expects to Conclude its Business To-night.**

The business of the Methodist Conference yesterday was the revision of their discipline. The reports of the Judicial and Revision Committees dealt almost entirely with this subject. The chief features of the discipline were not disturbed, but minor changes were made, supplementary details added, and the phraseology touched up until very little remains but the cover. The Judicial Committee has for its secretary a wyer, and the changes they recommend in the discipline bristle with law terms. One of the brethren objected to the aforesaid technicalities finding a place in the Methodist blue book, "but," he added, doubtfully, "perhaps they'll get sanctified after they've been in a while." Some of the expressions will be toned down. Dr. Williams presided. It is expected that to-night will hear the last benediction.

The Committee on Christian Union, to meet representatives of other churches, was appointed as follows: The General Superintendents, Rev. Drs. Dewart, Harper, S. J. Hunter, Douglas, Burwash, Nelles, Stewart, Sanderson, Sutherland, Gardner, Prof. Shaw, Rev. D. G. Sutherland, and W. McDonagh, Lieut.-Gov. Aikens, Judge Jones, Dr. Lavell, Dr. Allison and J. Mills.

The Board of Missions for the ensuing quadrennium will be: The superintendents and officers of the society, ex-officio, Rev. Drs. Sanderson, Stone, Griffin, Potts, Douglas, Prof. Shaw, Revs. S. F. Huestis, George Webber, Jas. Harman, Hon. J. Ferrier, Messrs. W. E. Sanford, J. J. Maclaren, H. Cunningham, W. M. Gray, E. Gurney, J. E. Irvine, G. A. Cox and A. J. Denley.

The report of the Judicial Committee was taken seriatim. The clause expressing the opinion that retired ministers had no right to administer the sacraments or perform ministerial functions was rejected.

On motion of Dr. Nelles the names of John Withrow and Hart Massey were added to the University Federation Advisory Board. It was agreed that each annual conference shall determine the time for the close of its financial year. On recommendation of the Discipline Committee the term superintendent of district shall in future give place to the phrase chairman of district. The meeting of the General Conference at Montreal in 1890 will be held in the second week of September instead of the first so as to give Montreal people a chance to return from the seaside and get their houses fixed up for the delegates.

At the evening sitting Rev. Dr. Ryckman, the two superintendents, Rev. Dr. Griffin and J. J. Maclaren were appointed a committee to supervise the issue of the revised discipline. A synopsis of the changes will be put in the hands of the people as soon as possible.

The report on annual conferences and boundaries was discussed. The proposed addition of Bowmanville to the Bay of Quinte Conference, and changes in the Montreal Conference were rejected. A motion by A. B. Powell to the effect that laymen should have the right to take part in all the business of annual conferences was lost.

An adjournment was made at 11 o'clock.

*THE HANLONS ARE HERE.*

**History of the Family Playing "Fantasma" at the Grand Opera House.**

The World last night had a talk with Mr. George Hanlon, the eldest living representative of the famous Hanlon family. Mr. Thos. Hanlon, the head of the family, was an actor and stage manager in England for forty-five years, his wife being associated with him. They were blessed with six sons—Thomas, George, William, Alfred, Edward, Frederick—all of whom took to the stage as naturally as a duck takes to water. The eldest, Thomas, died twenty years ago from the results of a fall. George and William are in Toronto at present. Edward and Frederick returned to Europe last year and played "Le Voyage en Suisse" in France, Germany and Spain until obliged to quit on account of the illness of Frederick, who died at Nice early this year. Within two months a second affliction befel the family, Alfred having succumbed to consumption in California. Edward is still in Europe, and George and William, as stated before, are here with their company playing at the Grand, the trio being the remaining representatives of the family.

A report having been circulated that George Hanlon and Wm. Hanlon were not with the Fantasma Company, The World questioned the former as to how the report was started.

Said Mr. Hanlon: I can only account for it by the fact that an error has slipped into the papers. No respectable journal, however, will give credence to such a report, for the reason that there are no members of the profession who would or dare assume our names without rendering themselves legally liable. In the next place we are the last people likely to sell our reputation. The press, therefore, can always rest assured that when any prominent member of the profession are announced on programs they appear, or are there beyond doubt every time, being much too well known by press, public, hotel people, etc., for even an unscrupulous management to dare foist upon the public any but the legitimate names announced.

**The Provincial Exhibition.**

GUELPH, Sept. 21.—The 41st Provincial Exhibition will be formally opened in this city to-morrow afternoon by Hon. A. M. Ross, Commissioner of Agriculture. The prospects of a successful exhibition are gratifying, especially in the agricultural and live stock line.

**Death on a Train.**

MONTREAL, Sept. 21.—John Rosebery of Detroit, who was a passenger on the western train which left here last night, while in the act of opening a valise fell forward and died before assistance could be rendered. The sad occurrence took place between Montreal and St. Henri.

**The Central Fair.**

HAMILTON, Sept. 21.—The Crystal Palace grounds are being put in good shape for the Central Fair, which commences Sept. 27 and lasts five days. Applications for space are coming in rapidly.

**Men's fine white dress shirts ("linen front.") only 75 cents at Petley's.**

**The Queen Pays Her Postage.**

*From the London Modern Society.*

We have been asked more than once whether the Queen pays postage like ordinary mortals. She does. Her Majesty gave up her privilege of free postage, we believe, when Rowland Hill's system was introduced. So it is right that her numerous correspondents should remember that when their communications are not prepaid the royal purse has to pay double postage, just as the rest of us do. The Queen abandoned her privilege, it is said, as a graceful acknowledgment of the importance of so great a social improvement.

*OUR OWN COUNTRY.*

**Items of Interest Received by Mail and Wire.**

Hon. Edmund Blake addressed a public meeting at Renfrew village last night.

Port Hope seamen have decided that wages from that port after to-day shall be $1.50.

Mr. James Morrison of Osprey, long an invalid, has committed suicide by shooting himself.

A committee of citizens has been appointed to run the town of Minnedosa, Man., the Council having resigned.

The number of cattle brought from Montana into the Northwest this year is estimated at between twenty-five and thirty thousand. There are splendid prospects for the winter.

W. J. Kearns, an hotel-keeper of Burleigh, who was recently sent to jail for non-payment of a fine imposed for infraction of the provisions of the Scott Act, is on a lecturing tour, taking for his subject "The Scott Act and Honest Government."

**Chanting Glorious Melody.**

There are men and women in this world whose emotional natures can only be awakened by good music, and upon whose sensibilities the most powerful discourse would be lost. Let us cultivate music. It is a civilizer, and like quinn the shirtmaker's Llama wool underwear, keeps many a heart warm.

## POLITICS IN WEST YORK.

*THE LIBERAL CONSERVATIVES MEET IN CONVENTION AT WESTON.*

**The Parliamentary Mantles Descend upon Clarke Wallace, M.P., and Dr. Orr of Maple—Some of the Peculiarities of the Situation—The Toronto Trumpeter.**

One of the largest conventions of Conservatives that ever assembled in the good old riding of West York was that of yesterday afternoon as Eagles' Hotel, Weston. Mr. J. B. Bull, President of the Liberal Conservative Association of the Riding, called the delegates to order, and made an energetic opening address. Clarke Wallace, the sitting member for the House of Commons, as was fully expected, were nominated unanimously. Mr. Wallace is looked upon as the strongest man in the division, and his selection as the standard-bearer has been a foregone conclusion for some time.

The candidature for the Ontario Assembly, however, has been the subject of a great deal of activity among the leaders of the party in West York. It has been freely whispered that Major Gray would not be re-nominated, and the result of yesterday's proceedings confirmed the rumor. The fight lay between the Major and Dr. Orr of Maple. The Doctor was made the choice by a majority of 37, and his nomination was subsequently made unanimous. Stirring addresses were made by the nominees and other delegates.

The fight in West York, for the Local House at least, promises to be an interesting one. Dr. Orr enters the ring against a gentleman of his own profession, Dr. Gilmour of Davenport. Both candidates are young men and full of political push. When the Liberals met at Weston on June 2 last they adjourned without nominating a standard-bearer for the House of Commons, and Mr. Wallace does not at present know who his antagonist will be. The Liberals seem to be unable to agree on a choice. There have been vague rumors of a certain Toronto Trumpeter squeezing in as the candidate of one or other of the parties, or perhaps on his own account. However his name has been pretty far down in the list since the convention of balmy June.

At the last general election Major Gray's majority was 31. The constituency however has been jerrymandered since that election. The municipalities of Brockton, Parkdale and Richmond Hill, formerly in West York (for the Local), have been added to the city of Toronto.

Richmond Hill is a Tory stronghold, having given Major Gray 30 of a majority. Brockton and Parkdale are pretty evenly divided. Since the last election the Franchise Bills have been passed by both Parliaments. This has added an important element to the electorate, and both parties are evidently in the dark as to which of them has been strengthened by the numerous additions to the voters' lists. In the meantime the fight will go bravely on.

*JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.*

Attention is called to A. O. Andrews' list of auction sales in to-day's advertising columns.

Argument in the alleged coal syndicate case will be heard by Magistrate Denison to-morrow.

The syndicate represented by W. A. Lee & Son have secured the fifteen acres in the west end put on the market by the Ontario Government. The price paid was $1083 an acre.

The delegates from the Canadian Boards of Trade to fix the standards of grain for the ensuing year have completed their work, and the samples of grain standards are now at the Board of Trade rooms. The standards are the same as last year.

Mr. Saunders, late assistant secretary for the Toronto Young Men's Christian Association, will leave for London, Eng., to-morrow, where he will take a two years' course preparatory to engaging in mission work in China. Four other members of the association are about to enter the foreign mission field.

Police Court yesterday: Belle Howard, breach of the liquor law, $30 and costs. John Graham, Patrick Sullivan and Ann Sullivan, on remand, charged with stealing the sum of $115 from Michael Sullivan, were acquitted, the prosecution declining to press the charge on receiving back most of the money. Mary Baker, stealing some clothing, the property of John Perren, was sentenced to 20 days' imprisonment. Thos. Sinter, larceny, 20 days. In the case of Lee Chang for pointing a loaded revolver at a young man, the defendant got off, but the weapon was impounded by the court. Mrs. Griffin was fined $1 and costs or 10 days for assaulting Mary Agnett. Other assault cases: Thos. Handy on A. J. Harrington, fined $3 and costs or 30 days; John Bell on James Dunlap, fined $3 or 10 days. A fine of $1 and costs or 10 days was imposed on Mrs. Jones for using grossly insulting language towards Mary Bell.

**Nobby felt hats in all the newest shapes, worth from $1.50 to $3.50, selling at $1, $1.50, $2 and $2.50 at Petley's.**

**Woollen Underclothes for Women.**

*From London Truth.*

Every one must have noticed how suddenly and frequently the temperature has changed all through this last spring and summer. Maud and I were continually having colds, faceache and toothache, until someone told us that by wearing underclothing with some proportion of undyed wool in it we should completely counteract this tendency to cold-catching. As it was excessively disagreeable to be constantly subject to faceache, which is not only painful but disfiguring, I tried the new plan first, and it succeeded so well that Maud soon followed suit, and we really feel immense benefit from wearing it. The sort we have adopted is called Gunthorpe, and is wholly undyed, dyes having been found to be very injurious in garments which come in contact with the skin. As it is not all wool, but a mixture of that and cotton, there is not the disagreeable, fluffy sensation that attends ordinary woollen underclothing. It is made into articles for men's wear, as well as women's and children's. I wish you would try it. It is not at all expensive, and as we have derived great benefit from it, I am sure you would too.

**A Wrong Diagnosis.**

"See," said a young mother as something like a smile flitted across the face of her sleeping infant, "an angel is whispering to him."

Five minutes later the infant was howling the roof off the house with wind on his stomach.

**The balance of our stock of last season's straw and felt hats, worth from $1.25 to $2.75, selling now at 75 cents at Petley's.**

**A Franchise Act Precedent.**

At Osgoode Hall yesterday Justice Proudfoot gave his decision in Simmons v. Woods, an application to compel the defendant, who is the revising officer of the electoral division of Kent, to hold a court for the purpose of hearing the objections made by James H Simmons, the appellant, against the name of Wm. Dalton being on the roll of voters for Chatham. A question of jurisdiction is involved and His Lordship said that if he found he had jurisdiction in the case there is ground for the issue of an order to the respondent to hold the court asked for by appellant.

**Just opened, three cases fine English felt hats in all the newest shapes. Petley & Petley.**

**Around the Police Stations.**

George Organ, aged 38, and John O'Connell, aged 23, were locked up at Police Headquarters last evening by Detective Burrows on a warrant charging them with vagrancy.

Timothy Harrigan and Wm. Moore of 124 Adelaide-street east were held on a charge of larceny. Harrigan is charged with stealing a silk handkerchief from Wm. Muir and Moore with stealing a basket of fruit from a store door.

**The Best Stoves.**

—The leading topic of conversation is creating great stir among all classes of people, and is attributable to the fact that Strathern is selling stoves away ahead of his competitors, and giving his customers such satisfaction that they pronounce them the cheapest, solidest and most economical stove in the market, and are on view at the great "stove" emporium, 179 Yonge street, Toronto. x

*A HANDSOME THRONG AT MURRAYS.*

**A Gala September Opening at the Great Retail Fashionable Mart.**

The bright September weather of yesterday was made on purpose for W. A. Murray & Co.'s fall opening. Never before since the firm has been in existence has such a concourse of handsomely-dressed maids and matrons ambled through every department of Toronto's greatest retail establishment, which the name of Murray has made famous far and near. Without entering into details of the magnificent array of fashions from every great centre of America and Europe, it may be of service to the ladies of Toronto who were not among the visitors yesterday to say that there is absolutely nothing that is new or unique in woman's department that escaped the eye of Murray's buyers. They made their selections with the sole view of suiting the wives, daughters and sweethearts of the gentlemen of Ontario, and more especially of Toronto.

The season opens under the most favorable auspices, and two out of every three of the visitors were purchasers.

The new and ample house-furnishing department, in the rear basement, is a feature of this year's opening at Murray's.

**Men's fine worsted suits to order at $18, $20, $24, $26 and up at Petley's.**

**Militia General Orders.**

The militia general orders of Saturday contain the appointment of Surgeon J. E. Baldwin, of the Governor-General's Body Guard, to the adjutancy of the 2nd Regiment of Cavalry with the rank of captain. Lieut. J. I. Davidson, of "A" Company, Royal Grenadiers, is promoted to a captaincy in place of Capt. J. Weir Anderson, who has been compelled to retire owing to ill-health. Mr. Davidson has been acting captain for about two years; 2nd Lieutenant Lowe succeeds to the vacant lieutenancy. In the 12th Battalion, R. M. Hilliary is provisionally appointed lieutenant of the Aurora Company. The following have secured certificates at the School of Infantry: First-class short course grade "A," 2nd Lieuts. W. J. Holden, 32nd Batt., and C. Guillet, 40th Batt.; First-class Special Course, 2nd Lieut. F. S. Maclennan, 5th Batt., Lieut. J. H. Scott, 32nd, Capt. F. H. Hart, 62nd, Lieut. J. Adam, 34th; Second-class, special course, 2nd Lieuts. H. W. Mickle, Queen's Own, J. J. Craig, 30th Rifles, F. J. Reche, 34th, A. H. O'Brien, 35th, Lieut. J. A. Duff, 46th, 2nd Lieut. W. J. Hamilton, 40th; Lieut. A. D. Cartwright, 47th, and 2nd Lieut. J. D. Seaman, 32nd. The following graduates of the Royal Military College have elected to accept commissions in Her Majesty's Regular Army: Co. Sgt. Majors J. C. Kennedy, E. P. C. Girouard, A. C. McDonnell.

**Gentlemen requiring stylish, well made clothing should leave their orders at Petley's.**

**County Court and General Sessions.**

At the General Sessions yesterday the Grand Jury brought in true bills against David McCormack, George Stephens and Charles Ross, robbery and escaping from custody; James Rogers, attempted larceny; Horace and Bella Flanders, fraud. Judge Morgan heard an appeal by Nicholas Murphy against a conviction against a Weston hotel-keeper named Walker for selling liquor over hours. The 1884 amendment to the Crooks' act provides that such an appeal shall be made only to the judge in chambers. Mr. Murphy's contention was that the right to have the appeal tried before a jury should not have been taken away and that in so doing the Ontario Legislature exceeded its powers. Judgment was reserved. Should it be unfavorable, the case will probably be carried to the Supreme Court. John Allan, Jr., a young married farmer of East Gwillimbury, was tried under the Charlton Act for attempted carnal connection with a girl of 14. The complainant was Martha Holstock, daughter of a workingman in the same township. The case was dismissed.

In the County Court, before Judge McDougall, the plaintiffs in Boyle v. Gibbs, an action for wages which has been on hearing for nearly three days, was awarded $136, the full amount of the claim.

**All the newest materials for fall and winter clothing now in stock at Petley's.**

**Property Committee Affairs.**

The Property Committee held a protracted meeting yesterday, and transacted a good deal of business. Present were Chairman Irwin and Ald. Frankland, Maughan, Defoe, Roaf, Galloway, Barton, McMillan and Macdonald.

The committee recommended the erection of a groin at the east end of the Island to protect the shore. A report will be received on the probable cost of three other groins. A petition for permission to erect a toboggan slide in Riverside Park was referred to a sub-committee. George Logan was awarded the contract for fuel for public buildings at these figures: Large egg coal, per ton, $5.25; stove coal, $5.25; nut coal, $5.50; Briarhill, $4.50; Streetsville, $4.25; pine wood per cord, $2.91; hardwood, $3.96. A proposition to extend Riverdale Park to include the Jail Farm was referred to a sub-committee.

On motion of Ald. Roaf it was recommended that in view of the fact that Mr. Charles Moss, Q.C., has refused to give an opinion in the Holt lease case, the matter be put in the hands of Mr. Dalton McCarthy, Q.C.

**Gentlemen's fine dress suits to order a specialty at Petley's.**

**Amusements.**

"Fantasma" is catching on at the Grand. A large audience witnessed it last night. It is light, airy and fairy. The Hanlons know how to produce a good thing. Special matinee for ladies and children this afternoon. The attraction next week will be the Australian actor, Henry Walton, in "Cuckoo."

Manager Shaw is holding his own at the Toronto Opera House with "May Blossom," and Ben. Maginley and his company are doing themselves credit and pleasing large audiences in the production of this clever comedy-drama. Matinee this afternoon. Next week "The