# "EASTERN EXTENSION"

The Arbitrators Now Taking Evidence in St. John.

Testimony of the Hon. A. G. Blair. Minister of Railways Given.

The arbitrators in the Eastern Ex

tension claim, Judge Barker, Judge Langelier and D. Coulson, sat in the equity court room from 3 to 5 p. m Tuesday for the purpose of taking evidence. The claim filed by the attorney general on behalf of the province is for \$351,541.36. It arises out of the construction of what is now a portion of the Intercolonial railway, but which was not included in that railway by the terms of confederation. In 1865 the province had contracted with a company to build this line from Moncton to the boundary at a subsidy amounting in all to \$400,000. It is claimed that the commissioners for New Brunswick at confederation understood that this line would be taken over as a part of the I. C. R., but it is equally clear that the dominion government did not so consider it and that it was not expressly provided for. The dominion government offered, rather than construct a duplicate line. only about six miles distant, according to the survey for the I. C. R., to take over this road from the company, which constructed it at \$24,000 per mile. This, the contractors claimed was about half the cost. Eventually \$894,000 was paid, of which the company received \$644,000 and the province received \$250,000 return for the \$400,000 subsidy which it had paid. The federal government claimed that the road was not up to its standard of construction and that similar portions of the I. C. R. cost no more than \$24,000 per mile. Both these statements were denied by the contractors. The consequence of the withholding of the \$150,000 was that the provincial debt was larger by so much than it would otherwise have been, and the province therefore received \$7,500 less in annual subsidies than it would have done if this portion of the debt had been extinguished. The dominion government subsequently had a report made by Robert Shanly, C. E., which showed the cost per mile to have exceeded \$24,000, and in 1884 that government paid the province the \$150,000. The claim is now for the loss of \$7,500 per year, with interest thereupon. Hon. A. G. Blair was the only wit-

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ness called. He was premier of New Brunswick from 1883 to 1896 and familiar with the railway claim against the dominion government, being for moneys paid for construction from Painsec Junction to the boundary. The claim originally dated back to 1868 or 1869. Of the total \$400,000, some \$250,-000 was paid. It was urged that some portions cost more than others and upon this a claim was based. When the witness became premier the claim for the balance of \$150,000 and interest. The principal was paid, but

the interest was not. It was suggested that the payment was a compromise? There was no such suggestion at the time. Witness never heard of such a thing when pressing for the payment. There was no compromise. The government paid so much and declined to pay any more.

The federal government withheld a certain amount, \$3,750, every. six months from the semi-annual payments. Had the claim been paid when it originated the semi-annual payments to the province would have been so much larger. The \$150,000 was paid in 1884. Referring to the speeches in 1885, 1887 and 1888, he showed that settlement had been pressed for from time to time. That of 1888 referred to the probability of a settlement being effected. In that year witness saw Sir John A. Macdonald and Sir Charles Tupper. The former had a conversation with him first and then Sir Charles afterwards. Witness pressed Sir John for an answer definite enough to warrant the governor, Sir Leonard Tilley, including it in his speech from the throne. Sir John said it would right and promised to write Leonard Tilley afterwards. Upon witness' return, Sir Leonard Tilley, apparently having received some communication, consented to the insertion of the paragraph in the speech, foreshadowing the settlement. In 1889 another reference was made to the matter in the speech, stating that the claim had not been paid and expressing the belief that it would then be settled. Witness would not say that it had not been claimed by some persons that the \$156,000 was paid in full settlement, but that view was never taken by Sir John or Sir Charles. The speech of 1892 again referred to the subject, and witness continued to press for payment while he remained premier. Witness regarded the claim as so just that he could see no reasons for declining to pay it. That was his opinion, based upon the facts of the correspondence. Sir Charles Tupper, when minister of finance, said he had recommended the payment. Witness understood when the matter was be-

bers opposed the payment. Cross-examined by Mr. Newcombe-Witness recognized a letter sent to him by Sir Charles Tupper, dated 21st May, 1888, in which he explained that Mr. Pope had objected in council to the payment on the ground that the \$150,000 had been a settlement in full. The dominion order in council of 15th March, 1886, spoke of the payment as having been a settlement in full. The conversations before referred to were subsequent to the date of the order in

fore the council that some of the mem

council To Dr. Pugsley-Witness was positive that the payment was made without any condition or qualification. The New Brunswick government put forward what they believed to be a complete answer to the order in council quoted. Witness could not recall such contention ever having been revived after the answer was made.

Attorney General Pugsley then stated that this closed the case for the province. He stated that the calculation of the claim made by Mr. Babbit was

\$351,541.36. E. L. Newcombe, Q. C., offered documentary evidence as to the atti-

tude of the dominion government at

the time of confederation. This was objected to by Attorney General Pugsley as irrelevant, on the ground that the government, by paying the \$150,000 in 1884, had admitted the claim, and that matters prior to that time could not be gone into.

E. L. Newcombe, Q. C., replied that the payment was not a matter of legal obligation but of governmental policy, and that the present claim could not succeed unless based upon a prior legal claim.

The arbitrators decided that such evidence was admissible A large amount of documentary evidence was then put in, after which the arbitrators adjourned to meet this

E. H. McAlpine, Q. C., sat by the side of the deputy minister of justice Tuesday, and read some of the documents to the court for about fifteen minutes.

The arbitrators in the Easten Extension claims for Wednesday morning, which was nearly all occupied by the reading of documentary evidence on behalf of the dominion government. Before recess Atorney General Pugsley stated the contention of the province, and arguing that compound interest should be allowed upon the claim. In the afternoon E. L. Newcombe, deputy minister of justice, presented the argument for the dominion taking the ground that the payment of \$150,000 was in full settlement, and, if not, that the matter was one of governmental policy and not of law.

### MISSIONARIES KILLED.

List of Those Unaccounted for in China up to September Fifth.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9 .- The following is a list of the missionaries who are unaccounted for to date (Sept. 5.) It only includes those who were in the provinces most affected by the Boxer troubles, viz., Chilihi and Shan Si: The last word from the following, who were stationed in Northern Shan Si, was May 8: Mr. and Mrs. S. Mc-Kee, Mr. and Mrs. Danson, Mrs. Aspden, Miss M. E. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Persons, C. A. Larsen, Miss Lundell, Miss Engvali, E. Petterson, G. E. Karlberg, N. Carleson, A. Johanson, Mr. Hedlund, all of China Inland Mission, England.

The last word from the following was June 30: Mr. Ogren, Mrs. Ogren, Mr. and Mrs. Peat, Miss Dobson, Miss Hurn, Miss F. F. Nathan, Miss N. R. Nathan, Miss Heaysman, Mr. and Mrs. Young, Mr. Barratt, Mr. Woodroffe, Dr. Hewett, all of the China Inland Mission, England.

No word from the following since May 8: Mr. and Mrs. Emil Olsson, E. J. Cooper's child, August 17; two of Mr. Luttley's children, all of the China Inland Mission, England.

At Tai Yuen Fu, Shan Si, June 27: Miss Coombs of Shaoyng (Independent Baptist), English mission, England. The evidence of her death is a letter in German, dated July 6, and seen by Mr. Stevenson of the China Inland Mission, in which it is stated that on June 27, in which Dr. Edwards' hospital was destroyed and Miss Coombs killed (by being thrown into the burning building). It is believed that all of the missionaries who were in Tai Yuen Fu at

the time of Miss Coombs' death were massacred on the 9th of July. Supposed to have been killed at Tai Yuen Fu, July 9: Rev. and Mrs. T. W. Pigott, Dr. and Mrs. Lovett, one child; Rev. and Mrs. W. G. Stokes, Rev. and Mrs. J. Simpson, Rev. A. Hoddle, Miss Duval, all of the "Shaoyang" Mission: Rev. and Mrs. G. E. Farthing, two children; Miss Stewart, Rev. and Mrs. T. J. Underwood, Mr. and Mrs. Coberg, G. F. Forsberg, Mrs. Forsberg, Mr. and Mrs. C. Blomberg, Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Oren, A. Fagerholm, E. Jacobson, Mr. and Mrs. E. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. M. Book, A. Sandberg, A. E. Palm, Miss E. Rickson, Mr. and Mrs. O. Bingmark, Mr. and Mrs. F. N. Nystrom, Mr. and Mrs. Nystrom, Mr. and Mrs. C. Soderbaum, Mr. and Mrs. A. Larson, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Lundber, seventeen children in the mission, all

ance (American). The following are said to be in hiding: Mr. and Mrs. Kay, G. McKie, Miss Chapman, Miss Way, all of the China

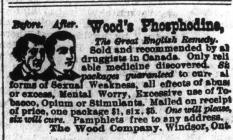
of the Christian and Missionary Alli-

Inland Mission, England. In the province of Chilihi the following are unaccounted for: Mr. and Mrs. Greene, two children, Miss Gregg, all of the China Inland Mission, England; these people are reported to be in the hands of the Boxers at a place eighty miles from Tien Tsin. Mr. and Mrs. Griffith, Mr. Brown, of the China Inland Mission, England: these three people are supposed to be in the jail at Shuen Teng Si. Rev. and Mrs. Mc-Currach, Rev. and Mrs. H. Dixon, Rev. S. W. Ennals, Miss B. C. Rehant of the English Baptist Mission; Rev. and Mrs. Atwater, Rev. and Mrs. Clapp, Miss R. Bird. Rev. Mark Williams. Rev. Davis De Hart (probably), Rev. Price, of the American Board Mission. In the above list there are 178 people, very few, if any, of whom will escape. Of these, 66 are men, 73 women (41 married and 32 single), and 39 children. In the above total there are the following Americans: 25 men, 24 women, 16 married and 8 single), and 20 children; total, 69 Americans.

Total killed, about whose death there cannot be any question: 11 men, 6 married women, 13 single women, 13 children; total, 43.

Of these killed the following were Americans: 3 men, 1 married woman, 6 single women, 3 children; total, 13. Of those in Tai Yuen Fu who were unquestionably massacred July 9, 1 were men, 9 married women, 4 single women, 7 children; total, 30, all Brit-

There are still some missionaries in the provinces of Kansuh and Kwelchow who have not been heard from for some time, but there is good reason to hope that they will get to places of



safety.

Wood's Phosphodine is sold in St. John y all wholesale and retail druggists.

### OTTAWA.

New Brunswick Returning Officers for the General Election. November Seventh.

Canadian Apples in Cold Storage Reach Paris in Good Shape- Canadian Cheese

(Special to the Sun.) OTTAWA, Oct. 9.—The die is cast

After shivering on the brink for some weeks the government has at last made up 'ts mind to take the fateful plunge. An extra of the Canada Gazette was issued this morning, dissolving parliament and fixing the date for the general election, nominations to take place on Wednesday, Oct. 31st and polling Wednesday, Nov. 7th. This gives very short notice, but, as all returning officers have been chosen and preliminaries completed, it is expected that there will be ample time within which to comply with the requirements of the law governing federal elections. Returning officers at a distance were notified by wire to get the proclamation out immediately, without awaiting

in distant constituencies there will be quite a saving in time. The dissolution proclamation reads

the arrival of the writ. In this way

as follows: "Whereas, we have thought fit, by privy council for Canada, to dissolve the present parliament of Canada, which stands prorogued to the 12th day of November next, Now know ye that we do for that end publish this our royal proclamation, and do hereby dissolve the said parliament of Canada accordingly, and the senators and members of the house of commons are discharged from their meetings and attendance on the said 12th day of November next."

A further proclamation authorized the issue of the writs, which are made returnable on the 5th of December. The following are the returning offiers in New Brunswick, Albert-Sheriff E. W. Lynds, Hope-

well Cape. Carleton-Sheriff W. D. Baddock, Centreville. Charlotte-Sheriff R. A. Stewart, St Andrews.

Gloucester-Sheriff F. Meahan, Bathurst. Kent-Sheriff A. Legere, Richibucto. Kings-Sheriff D. B. Hatfield.

Northumberland-Sheriff R. R. Call Newcastle. Restigouche-Timothy Robinson, general dealer, Dalhousie Junction.

Sunbury and Queens-Sheriff James Holden, Oromocto, St. John City and County-Sheriff H. L. Sturdee, St. John. Victoria-Jno. A. Stevens, Edmund

ston. Westmorland-Sheriff J. A. McQueen,

Dorchester. York-Sheriff A. A. Sterling, Freder icton.

The third consignment of apples of the crop of 1899 was received about the middle of September into the cold storage of the Canadian exhibit at Paris Among the varieties of apples which were at that time in splendid condition for exhibiting were the Macintosh Red. Northern Spy, American Pippin, Mann, Wagner, Ben Davis, Nonpareil, Golden Russet, Baldwin, Roxbury Russet. At that date, when many of these apples had been in packages for over ten months, ninety-five per cent. of them were found to be in perfect condition. entirely free from spots or any other blemish.

In recent reports received by the department of agriculture at Ottawa from W. A. McKinnon, in charge of the food products exhibition at the Paris exposition, the following interesting information is given,

"In the case of fruit, cheese, honey and maple syrup, we are beginning to have a sort of echo of our exhibit, that is, people are now saying that they were sent to see one or more of these displays by friends who had been here earlier in the season. Several visitors from the provinces have told me that they had been specially directed not to miss the Canadian pavilion, because it was the most interesting in the Trocadero. When people so intensely patriotic as the French pass over their own colonial exhibits and those of Russia, Holland and Portugal, in favor of an English colony, it is natural to think that there must be sterling merit to produce such results. Re cheese: the samples given away continue to be highly spoken of, and M. Cabaret, who has placed several of the large cheese in well known houses, reports that prospects are good for a very large sale in the future. Colored cheese is preferred to white, just the reverse of the jury's opinion. M. Cabaret would advise the exportation to France of nothing but colored cheese until the Canadian make has secured a good footing in public favor.' The total proceeds of the sale of the wreck of the steamer Newfield amount-

ed to \$790. The first batch of writs for the elec-

tions was sent out by the clerk of the crown in chancery today. They bear the date 9th of October. Those for the distant constituencies are going out

OTTAWA, Oct. 10 .- The monthly re-

port of J. S. Larke, Canadian commissioner in Australia, was received at the department of trade and commerce today. It calls attention to the fact that the new federal tariff of Australia will not be in operation as early as was anticipated. Sydney, the capital of New South Wales, will be a free port until the federal tariff takes effect. Mr. Larke therefore suggests that Canadian manufacturers should take advantage of this condition of affairs and share in trade. He recommends that travellers be sent to Australia at once to secure orders for goods to arrive in the colony while Sydney is still a free port. Mr. Larke condemns the practice of certain Canadian exporters in sending consignments of goods to Australia on the mere strength of newspaper reports that there are openings in certain lines. - Mr. Larke says no goods should be shipped without manufacturers or exporters first communi-

cating with agents in Australia to find out whether the market really exists

Australian letters and newspapers up to September 10th, by Sydney-Vanconver steamer, have just arrived, conveying information respecting tenders for the establishing of the Pacific cable. These tenders were asked by advertisement in the London papers on July 14th, and sent in to the cable board a month later. The information obtained in this roundabout way goes to show that the lowest tender is that of the Telegraph Construction and maintenace company, that the sum asked to complete the undertaking is £1,886,000, and the time required is eighteen months. Several Australian governments regard this price as reasonable, and before the steamer left had belegraphed the home authorities

the tender Australia seems to know all about these tenders, while the dominion government has gone to sleep over the

urging the immediate acceptance of

matter. Volunteers returning on the Idaho will likely be detained at Halifax three or four days, as it is the intention of the militia department to give them a complete outfit of new clothing. Nursery stock from the countries to

which the San Jose scale act applies may be imported for the maritime provinces at St. John from October 15 to December 15.

## KENT TEACHERS

Meet in Regular Annual Session at Richibucto.

and with the advice and consent of our A Fine Attendance - Instructive Papers - A Field Excursion to the Chandler Farm.

> RICHIBUCTO, Oct. 9.-The eighteenth annual meeting of the Kent County Teachers' Institute opened in the Grammar school on Thursday at ten a. m., with President Smith in the chair. The following teachers enrolled: Misses M. Farrer, McLean, Fraser Chrystal, N. Ferguson, E. Amireaux N. Hains, S. Hudson, R. McBeath, N. Humphrey, K. Keswick, M. Buckley, B. Sutton, A. West, Daly, O'Leary, Wishart, Brewster, Murray, Melanson, C. Richard, L. Richard, M. Richard Maillet, A. Daigle, S. Babineau, M. Warmon, M. Sullivan, S. Masterton, S. Forster, E. McNairn, Mrs. Allanach and Messrs. C. H. Cowperthwaite, R. G. Girvan, H. H. Bridges, T. Bowser, M. McEachern, J. B. Carr, E. S. Williams and A. Daigle.

President Smith in his opening address to the Institute expressed his pleasure at the large attendance. G. U. Hay of St. John then gave an interesting and profitable address on the teaching of nature in the schools. The second session opened at two p. m., when R. G. Girvan read a well prepared paper on The Teacher's Self-Improvement. This paper called forth an interesting discussion, which wa kept up until 3 p. m., when the Institute went on a field excursion to the Chandler farm. Arriving there, and after all had been comfortably seated on a spot overlooking the water. Mr. Hay read a valuable paper on Nature and Literature. Then he gave a most interesting talk on ferns and the different varieties of spruce and birch. In the evening a public meeting was held in the Temperance hall, which was crowded to the doors. Addresses were given by G. U. Hay, Rev. A. D. McLeod and Geo. V. McInerney, M. P. Good music was rendered by the lead-

in= local talent. The fourth session opened on Friday morning at 9 o'clock, when C. H. Cowperthwaite, principal of the Grammar school, read an interesting paper on School Government, which was discussed by President Smith, G. U. Hay, H. H. Bridges, Miss Chrystal and others. The next paper, read by A. Daigle, treated of the deficiencies of the present series of French readers. This subject provoked a lively discussion, which was carried on at the fifth session, which opened at 2 o'clock. Miss Daly gave an interesting lesson on Alcohol, which was favorably commented on by the Institute. A discussion then took place about the new

Readers. The following officers were elected: President, G. A. Coates; vice-president, Miss Chrystal; secretary, R. G. Girvan. Additional members of the executive, Misses M. Buckley and K. Keswick. It was decided to hold the next meeting at Harcourt. Votes of thanks were tendered to all who had contributed in any way towards the success of the meeting.

The bottom of the Pacific between so level that a railway could be laid for 500 miles without grading anywhere.

PICTURES OF F. M. LORD ROBERTS. GEN'L LORD KITCHENER, MAJOR-GENERAL

BADEN-POWELL A Great Offer to New Subscribers

The Sun has secured magnificent portraits, 18x24 inches, of F. M. Lord Roterts and General Lord Kitchener, printed in fifteen colors, and Major-General Baden-Powell in khaki, on coated calendered paper suitable for framing. The pictures are art gems. fit to grace any Canadian home, and are pronounced by military men to be the most life-like portraits of British leaders of the South African campaign ever placed on the market.

For Seventy-Five Cents Cash in advance, one of these pictures, a war map, and the Semi-Weekly Sun for one year will be mailed post free to any address in Canada. A picture alone is worth one dollar.

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### PRESBYTERIAN.

Closing Sessions of the Annual Church Synod.

Will Meet Next Year in St. Andrew's Church, This City-Laying of the Corner Stone of St. John's Church.

CHATHAM, Oct. 4.-The synod opened this morning with the report from the augmentation committee, which was of an unusually bright tone. The amount paid out to the upkeep of ordinances in weak charges was \$9,051. The receipts in contributions were \$8,911, thus pretty nearly balancing, and enabling the ministers to receive their full allowance, a thing which has not happened for some three years.

Further encouragement is found in the fact that one congregation-St. Paul's, Woodstock-became self-sustaining in the year, and the others put together reduced their grants by \$500. The estimates for the coming year thousand dollars is asked for, of which the presbytery of St. John is asked to give \$1.545.

It was voted as an unfortunate thing that 6 congregations gave nothing to this scheme last year.

The report of the widows' and orphans' fund was equally welcome. Last year the net profits of the fund, after paying out all annuities, were \$3,637, which, added to the capital, raised the endowment to \$112,000. This year \$1,435 are in hand above navments to be added to capital in like manner.

The aged and infirm ministers' fund gave in a very gloomy report. The fund began the year with a debt of \$600. At the end of the year the debt will be increased to \$1,300. A special plea was made for more liberal gifts from the churches. Fifty churches give nothing, one hundred and thirty average but \$4, which is counted well nigh a disgrace.

A brief discussion arose over a recommendation of the committee looking towards the refusing annuities to any but such as were connected with the fund by payments, but the committee did not seem to know their own mind in the matter, and the synod refused to make any changes.

The feature of the afternoon session was the report of the century fund committee. Robt. Murray, chairman, reported that \$137,000 had been subscribed in the maritime synod; \$56,000 of this is the common fund. Ministers in the synod have given \$13,000, and 79 are yet to be heard from.

Dr. Campbell, assembly's century fund agent, was present and addressed synod. In the whole church, he said, \$840,000 have been raised, \$340,000 of it for the common fund. This leaves \$260,000 to be yet raised for the common fund, and less than half of the churches to be heard from, and most of these the poorer ones. Indeed the success of the fund, so far as the common fund or general mission schemes were concerned, was seriously imperilled, and a strong appeal must be made to come to the rescue here. Many churches in the west have postponed their own schemes to clear their debt in order to help in the common fund, and others are making a second appeal, but this will have to become very general if the plan is not to fail. It is estimated that \$100,000 should be raised in this synod, of which \$85,-

000 is to go to purely local church schemes, such as the New Brunswick church building fund. Something like \$15,000 is asked for the great extension schemes of the west. Dr. Campbell hoped that St. John presbytery would secure \$10,000 for the common fund, but \$7,000 have so far been subscribed. A once if things are to be well.

In the evening synod gave itself to the presentation of a report in church life and work. In connection with the report on

Sabbath schools Dr. Gordon and Rev. A. O. Morton moved and seconded a resolution to strengthen the hands of the committee in its design of establishing Bible institutes and appointing a synodical secretary. The motion was The Young People's societies' com-

mittee reported in an able statement He stated that year before last 300 the Christian workers of the churches days.

to seek to retain the growing boys by means of societies meeting in their houses.

After a few appropriate remarks by the moderator and a series of votes of thanks, at about 11 o'clock synod was formally closed to meet again in St. Andrew's church, St. John, on the

first Tuesday of October, 1901. Altogether this has been a synod of unusual interest and importance. No great schemes were launched, but long and careful consideration was given to the religious education of the young, and the way has been prepared for new schemes for the systematic training of the workers of the church.

The kindness of the citizens of Chatham has been beyond praise. It is said that even Roman Catholics requested the privilege of entertaining commissioners—a courtesy surely to be gratefully accepted. Senator Snowball showed a gratifying generosity in the sail on the river given to the synod this afternoon. The Citizens' band serenaded delegates leaving the church tonight.

The corner stone of St. John's church of this town was laid today with solemn rite. The principal participants in the ceremony were the moderator of the general assembly, the Rev. Principal Pollock, D. D.; the moderator of the synod, Rev. John Morton, D. D.; the moderator of presbytery, Rev. D. Henderson, and the mayor of the town and his honor Judge Forbes. Mrs. William Anderson, a daughter of the first pastor of the congregation laid the stone. The collection amounted to \$250.

# BERESFORD A WONDER.

Won a Sham Battle in the Mediterranean Sea

By Tactics Which Have Amazed the Critics of the Naval World.

LONDON, Oct. 9.-Lord Charles Beresford has amazed the naval world by the briliant strategy with which he won the sham battle in the recent manoeuvres of the British fleet in the Mediterranean. His tactics have been pronounced the cleverest in naval annals. The fleet was divided into two parts. Beresford in command of one and Admiral Fisher of the other. Beresford was blockaded in the port of Mitylene by Fisher's torpedo boats and Fishers' fleet was hovering about and lying in wait outside. Beresford's task was to coal his fleet, get out of the harbor, and attack Fisher. By putting lights on the launches so as to make them resemble ships in the darkness he decoyed the torpedo boats away on a false trail and with every light out on his warships, slipped away to sea, with not a vessel touched. Having done this he misled Fisher's scouts by false signals, and caught the hostile fleet entirely unprepared off the island of Lemnos. Fisher's squadron was steaming in parallel columns, and Beresford manoeuvred his ships so skilfully that the admiral had no opportunity to change this formation or do anything but clear the decks for instant action. Beresford ran his ships in single file right in between the lines, enabling him to fight with both broadsides, while each of Fisher's vessels could use but one. The victory was so complete and overwhelming that the umpires awarded it on the spot to the hero of the Alexandria bombardment.

# BOSTON SENSATION.

BOSTON, Oct. 10 .- Jeremiah O'Brien, a roofer, was arraigned before Judge Burke in the municipal criminal court this morning charged with murder.

O'Brien and a companion named Edward C. McCormick quarrelled over a game of pool about 9 o'clock last night, as a result of which O'Brien strong push must be made and that at struck McCormick a blow with his fist. The force of the blow, according to Sergeant Hazlett, knocked Mc-Cormick over. The latter's head struck the floor, resulting in a fracture of the skull. McCormick died about mid-

night. O'Brien was held without bail for a hearing Oct. 15th. Both men lived on Tyler street. O'Brien is about 50 years

WELLAND CANAL GATES DAMAGED.

TORONTO, Oct. 10.-The ocean steamer Waccaman, bound down, damby the convener, Rev. H. A. Grant, aged two of the gates of the Welland canal tonight so seriously that navigayoung men and last year 500 left the tion on the canal will probably have societies, and put in a strong plea for to be discontinued for at least two