THE CLOUD ON THE TORY HORIZON

IT HAS THE FACE OF GEO. E. FOSTER

And Behind it the Figure of Premier McBride—Mr. Roblin's Apprehension.

Ottawa, Nov. 3.—Premier Roblin, of Manitoba, declares that he sees a cloud larger than a man's hand on the Conservative horizon, and he hopes it will disappear before it becomes anything more serious than a danger signal. Mr. Roblin is a Conservative of a boisterously rabid type, and if he sees a cloud hovering over the camp of his party it must be there.

The nature of that cloud, and what it portends for the Conservative party is causing considerable speculation among the political specialists here. The observation by Manitoba's premier would be alarming enough to the faithful if made at any time, but receiving expression at the moment when Hon. Geo. E. Foster is being acclaimed by the Tory cohorts of Winnipeg, it is doubly significant.

On the top of this coincidence, there sounds the trumpet call of R. L. Richardson, of the Winnipeg Tribune, who demands that Mr. Foster lead an insurrection of Conservatives against Mr. Borden, on account of his attitude toward the subject of naval defence.

Fate seems to be driving Mr. Foster into a familiar role. He played it with poor success in the tragedy preceding the general election of 1896, and because of the unpopularity of the part, it was considered improbable that he would attempt it again. But the promptings of self-interest, the encouragement of such party organs as the Toronto Telegram and World and the Winnipeg Tribune, together with the unquestionable lukewarmness of the relations between Leader Borden and the western Conservatives, are factors which would exercise considerable influence on a man of Mr. Foster's temperament. He knows that Mr. Borden could not make him a cabinet minister, if the Conservatives were returned to power, and the logic of a child can supply his alternative course. To serve in a Conservative government in any other capacity than as a minister would be unendurable to one of his prominence and experience, so his only chance would be to serve under a man in whose cabinet he could find a place, failing the leadership itself.

This is where Mr. McBride steps upon the stage as the hero of the play. Certain Conservative journals have been whispering his name for some time, knowing him only as a man who has been successful in a sort of a way in British Columbia politics. They know little or nothing about his administrative capacity or his real value to the country, but only that he looks like one who might lead them into the sunlight of political power—and patronage—from which they have been parted for thirteen long, wearisome years. With Mr. McBride as the modest hero waiting to be called; Hon. Geo. E. Foster as the smiling, tempting Iago with the call; some Ontario Conservative politicians and newspapers as the executive staff of the company, and R. L. Richardson and his "Winnipeg Tribune" as the orchestra, is it any wonder that even so confident a politician as R. P. Roblin apprehensively discerns a cloud lowering over the Conservative citadel?

There is to be a national convention of the Conservative party next year. As soon as the announcement was made the waters became disturbed. Mr. McBride obtains a dissolution and goes to the country, although his last election was only two years and a half ago. Mr. Foster visits the West, and is banqueted at Edmonton and Winnipeg, while ominous mutterings fill the air. What is Mr. McBride's hurry? It isn't necessary to have an election because he has a railway agreement with Mackenzie & Mann. If the contract is the good thing he says it is, the public would not object to dealing with it through their representatives in the legislature next spring. The truth is, Mr. McBride has his eye fixed on that distant convention. So has Mr. Foster, and both their eyes are gazing upon the same spot. One aspires to federal honors, and if his aspirations are realized, he will be three thousand miles remote from the storm which will arise when Messrs. Mackenzie & Mann demand of the province the first annual payment of $850,000 guarantee money. Mr. Foster, on the other hand, must climb on board the McBride raft or sink, so the necessities of his case are absolute and unavoidable.

In any event, the security of the Liberal party is not affected, whatever may be the course of the Conservative tide. Mr. McBride is not of the calibre of a federal leader, and if he does not know it, his political friends whose self-interest has not destroyed their judgment, do. But are not the people of British Columbia becoming weary of acting as foils to Mr. McBride's political ambition? Public sentiment throughout Canada has long since disposed of Hon. Geo. E. Fosttr.

MAN PROBABLY PERISHED IN FIRE

Colgate, Okla., Nov. 3.—In a fire which destroyed the Newport hotel here, Carl W. McRaven, a theatrical manager of Birmingham, Ala., was perhaps fatally burned.

Walter Mayor, of Colgate, is missing to-day and it is feared he may have been burned to death. Miss Francis Gerhardt, of Kansas City, and John Martin, of Colgate, were badly burned.

McRaven suffered his injuries in saving the life Miss Gerhardt. He was attracted by her screams while he was escaping. He returned to the burning hotel and carried her through the flames to the street. There he fell unconscious.

Two other buildings besides the hotel were destroyed. The loss is $100,000.

DONATIONS MADE TO THE ORPHANS' HOME

Monthly Meeting of Woman's Committee Receives Gratifying Report.

The monthly meeting of the ladies' committee of the British Columbia Protestant Orphanage was held at the home on Monday. The president presided, and the following ladies were present, who were congratulated by her on braving the inclement weather, viz: Mesdames McTavish, McCulloch, Higgins, D. Miller, Munsie, J. Langley, Huckell, E. Pero, Toller, R. Croft, Scowcroft, Dickson, Vigelius and Miss Tolmie.

The ladies passed a hearty vote of thanks to the numerous donors of harvest thanksgiving gifts, which were greatly appreciated, special mention being made of the children's gifts from St. George's school by Mrs. Suttie and Miss Penwell, which are a great source of pleasure and encouragement to those in charge. A letter was read requesting a boy for adoption, age ten years; none being available at that age. The position of assistant matron has been suitably filled by Miss Allen. Final arrangements were made for the chrysanthemum show, which will be held at the Carnegie library on Tuesday and Wednesday, November 16th and 17th, when the ladies trust all interested in the welfare of the show will kindly assist them in making this event a complete success. Donations of candy, flowers, plants, etc., will be most thankfully received.

A letter was read from Mrs. McLennon regretting that her donation of ten pounds of butter from the show had not reached the home in full, but four pounds deficient. Bills were paid amounting to $23.55.

Mrs. E. Andrews and Mrs. E. Few were appointed visitors for November. After reading the following interesting report from the ladies and the generous donation list, the meeting closed with prayer.

The report of the visiting committee was as follows:

Madam President and Ladies of the Committee: We beg to report the excellent health of the inmates of the home during the month of October.

A generous donation was received on Thanksgiving Day from Mrs. Suttie, her assistant teachers and the puplis of St. George's school, and on the same day the children were treated to a thanksgiving dinner of chicken and pumpkin pie.

Hallowe'en was observed on Saturday with the time-honored games and the serving of nuts, apples and candy. Miss Laycock and some of the older girls who were formerly inmates, by Mrs. Kaye's invitation, spent the evening with the children.

We inspected the interior of the home and found everything in perfect order. The need of some ends of carpet or rugs was poinfed out, and we were shown an array of serge dresses and warm coats in readiness for the wintry days. We would suggest that another bolt of serge be provided as the last has been used.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

S. A. SCOWCROFT,
JEAN C. MILLER.

The donations for October were as follows: Mr. Tony Silvene, 60 lbs. honey, 12 lbs. butter; Mr. O. L. Charlton, 12 boxes shoe polish; St. Mark's church, Salt Spring, per Rev. J. Wilson, 4 boxes fruit, 2 sacks vegetables; Mrs. Fred Pemberton, corn, cauliflower, onions, 6 pumpkins, citrons; St. Barnabas Harvest Homes, per Rev. E. G. Miller, fruit and vegetables; Mrs. Robt. Croft, hats, clothing and cloth; Mrs. Wm. Scowcrift, carpet and shoes; Mrs. Johnson, clothing; a friend, Duncans, box of pears; Miss Dorothy McTavish, 50 sticks of candy; Mrs. Gray, box of apples; St. Luke's church, Cedar Hill, per Mr. King, 4 boxes apples and pears, crate of prunes, vegetables; St. Andrew's Young People's Society, apples, pears, potatoes, vegetables and cake; Mrs. B. Gonnason, 2 baskets of cake; Knox Presbyterian church Sunday school, grapes, oranges, bananas, candy and cake; Mrs. A. Fairful, Pender street, shoes and clothing; Mrs. W. R. Higgins, hats; Mrs. MacRea, Pakington street, clothing, hats, shoes and books; the Welsh Society, per Mr. Thomas, tea, cakes and candy, Chief Davies, V. F. D., boiled ham, tongue, cheese, biscuits, bread and butter; the pupils of St. George's school, Rockland avenue, per Mrs. H. W. Suttie and Miss Penwell, Constance MacMullen, Alison Suttie, Bobbie Phipps, Ben Gibson, Mary Foster, Bean Burdick, Pearl Bick, Alan MacLean, Emily Hannington, David Williams, Ronald Dewar, Matise Dewar, Winfried Gardiner, Kathleen Fraser, Charles Fraser, Donald MacLean, Gladys Garesche, Clara Bick, Irene McLean, toys, dolls, books and clothing, candy, cakes, cocoa, tea, butter, rolled oats, sugar, cornstrach, tapioca, 10 jars of jam, jelly powder, biscuits, marmalade, apples, pears, $1.25 cash; Gwennie Hughes, apples; Times and Colonist, daily papers; S. P. C. A., Our Animal Friends; Miss M. Hynds, homemade candy; Miss M. Laycock, candy; Miss A. R. Robertson, cash $2; Mrs. Dalley, clothing; Major and Mrs. Dupont, $10 for chrysanthemum show.

NEW SOOKE LAKE SCHEME

ALDERMEN TO LOOK INTO MATTER TO-MORROW

Proposal is Made to Bring Water to City at a Moderate Cost.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

What may prove to be a very important meeting of the special committee of the City Council has been called for to-morrow evening. One of the matters to come before the committee is the proposal of T. J. Lawrence and Percy Collis to lay before the council a new scheme for the bringing in of water from Sooke Lake.

About a month ago the council was startled out of its lethargy on the question of an improved water supply for the city of Victoria by receiving a communication from Messrs. Lawrence and Collis, setting forth that they had devised a new scheme for bringing water from Sooke to the city at a very small cost comparatively. Mr. Lawrence, being a valued member of the staff of the city engineer, and with a reputation gained by a long experience in other cities, the aldermen were of the opinion that it would certainly be well to hear the views of the two gentlemen.

The meeting to-morrow evening therefore will go into the matter. It is understood that practical men who have heard the idea explained to them are of the opinion that it should be given careful consideration. In this connection it may be mentioned that about a week ago the water commissioner and the city engineer paid a visit of inspection to Sooke Lake and looked into the situation on the lines of the plan which Mr. Lawrence will submit, and will therefore be in position to judge of its practicability.

BLOW TO LEADERS OF TAMMANY HALL

Murphy's Plans to Carry Democratic Ticket in New York Fail.

New York, Nov. 3.—The domination of Tammany Hall by Charles Francis Murphy and Daniel Cahalen is believed to be at an end following the routing of the Tammany ticket at the election yesterday, with the exception of Justice William J. Gaynor, who was elected mayor.

In political circles, this is considered the worst kind of defeat that could have come to Murphy and Cahalen in their leadership of the Tammany forces. Personally, Murphy and Cahalen detest Gaynor. They forced his nomination on the Democratic ticket because they believed that his personal popularity would elect the whole ticket.

The discriminating vote, which chose the man put forward because of his good record, but refused to support the ticket behind him, resulted disastrously to the Murphy plans.

Gaynor has been known for years as a "reformer," and there is little in his record that offers satisfaction to Murphy. Though Gaynor was bitterly attacked in the campaign, the men fighting for Hearst and Bannard detected most of their shafts at the ticket on which Gaynor ran, rather than at him personally.

Charles H. Whitman, the Fusionist candidate for district attorney, was elected as the successor of William Travers Jerome, defeating George Gordon Battle by nearly 10,000. This was a heavy blow for Tammany as the office of the prosecutor of New York county is one of the most important at stake in the election.

Another decisive defeat for Murphy was scored in the election of McAneny, for years president of the City Club, to the office of president of the borough of Manhattan, defeating Haugh, the Tammany candidate. Cyrus Miller, the Fusion candidate, was elected president of the borough of the Bronx and George Cromwell was elected president of Richmond borough. Alfred Esteers was chosen president of the borough of Brooklyn.

The full extent of the defeat of Tammany is shown by the fact that the board of estimates which controls the expenditure of millions of dollars annually. The board stands:

Fusion, 13 votes; Tammany, 3 votes.

This will not give much patronage for Murphy to apportion between the "faithful."

TO GUARD AGAINST AERIAL INVASION

United States Officers to Shoot at Airships With Cannon.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 3.—To devise some means of defence against aerial invasion, the bureau of ordnance of the war department, it is learned, is about to begin a series of experiments in shooting at aircraft with a cannon.

Experiments will be carried on at Sandy Hook, proving ground on Long Island. Captain Hood, of the signal corps, one of the two qualified pilots of the army, has gone to New York to make arrangements for the balloons to be used. He will be stationed temporarily at Fort Wood, near New York.

Lever Brothers, Toronto, will send you free a cake of their famous Plantol toilet soap, if you mention this paper.

SOME PROMISES—AND HOW THEY WERE KEPT

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

Although the agreement with Mr. Mann is dumb on the subject of a first mortgage for the province on the line subsidized in British Columbia, the premier declares that the ultimate contract will contain a first mortgage, and if it does not he will resign.

If this be true, and if Mr. Mann was ready to actually sign the contract, as the premier says he was, why was this provision left out of the agreement which he did sign?

* * *

Why does Mr. McBride rush a general election with two and a half years of his term unexpired if he will be in a position to lay a completed contract of such an attractive character before the legislature?

* * *

Government organs insist that the premier's promise must be accepted unquestioningly, and that his undertaking to resign if the contract is not as represented amply safeguards the province.

Does it?

Do the electors so soon forget 1902, and the pledge of another Conservative premier, that if his contract with Mr. Mann for the construction of the Canadian Northern was not signed he would resign?

What happened? When the premier in question was unable to implement his pledge, and the public clamor for his resignation became too insistent to be longer ignored, he handed his resignation to three party workers in the city who handed it back, refusing to accept it. And that premier remained in power until removed by methods painful to him and his friends.

Yet when his pledge was given, the Times was abused as lacking in the common civilities because it refused to accept it as satisfactory.

Now that it declines to accept Mr. McBride's personal undertaking as being equal to an express requirement in the agreement it is again upbraided with discourtesy.

* * *

If Mr. McBride asks the people of British Columbia to accept his word, he knows they must valuate that pledge by the fidelity with which he kept former promises. He cannot object to be tested by this standard.

* * *

What is that record?

In 1902 Mr. McBride was the leader of a composite opposition party in the local legislature, composed of Liberals and Conservatives. The Liberal wing headed by men like Messrs. Oliver, Munro, Curtis and Paterson, by exposing the transactions of the government, caused its downfall. Mr. McBride had practically no part in the overturn of the Prior government. When the collapse of that government became imminent a rumor gained currency that if he was sent for he would form a Conservative administration. His supporters met the night before he was sent for, and asked for confirmation or denial of the report. Mr. McBride assured his followers that nothing was further from his thoughts, that the opposition would stand or fall together, and that his Liberal supporters need have no apprehensions that he would pursue so treacherous a course.

The next day the Prior government fell, and the lieutenant-governor, recognizing that there was no party government in the province, sent for Mr. McBride to form a ministry.

Mr. McBride thereupon dissolved his following, and formed a straight Conservative administration.

* * *

By so doing he not only broke faith with the men who had brought him into power, but with His Honor the Lieut.-Governor as well, because he had no status other than as leader of the mixed opposition party.

The titular leader of the Liberals in the province at that time, Joseph Martin, was a member of the legislature. The leader of the Conservatives was Charles Wilson. As a party leader Mr. McBride had no standing, and his acceptance of the office was under the circumstances a gross deception of not only his own supporters, but of the Governor.

In other words he was summoned as the leader of a party which he promptly dissolved as soon as he received the coveted recognition of the Governor.

* * *

No political leader in this province has such a depressing record when the test becomes one of personal probity and honor.

His opponents have no desire to unnecessarily impugn his personal honor or to revive unpleasant chapters in his political career, but if he and his organs insist that his personal undertaking must be accepted in lieu of the completed contract which he promised, the credibility of his undertakings will have to be scrutinized.

* * *

Is his standing higher than that of his predecessor, who in curiously analogous circumstances, declared he would, under certain circumstances, resign, and when the circumstances arose, did not resign?

* * *

Is his pledge to the electorate at large as likely to be kept as was his undertaking to his own supporters in the legislature whom he betrayed?

* * *

The safeguard for the people lies in refusing the government any support until the signed contract is produced.

ELECTION RESULTS IN UNITED STATES

HENEY DEFEATED IN SAN FRANCISCO

Democrat Mayor of New York, But Republicans Will Spend Money.

New York, Nov. 3.—Following is a summary of the municipal and state elections held in the United States yesterday:

In New York the Tammany candidate, Judge William T. Gaynor, was elected by 73,016 over O. T. Bannard, Republican, who in turn ran well ahead of Hearst, but that was the practical extent of the Tammany victory. The fusionists won control of the board of estimate, which has the expenditure of municipal funds.

The totals in the mayoralty contest were: Gaynor, Democrat, 250,678; Bannard, Republican, 177,662; Hearst, Independent, 153,843.

In San Francisco the Heney forces were defeated at the hands of the Union Labor party. P. H. McCarthy, Union Labor, was elected mayor, while Charles M. Fickert, Labor-Republican candidate for district attorney, beat Heney by a plurality greater than that of McCarthy. McCarthy has announced a "liberal policy."

Tom L. Johnson was defeated for mayor of Cleveland by Herman Baehr, who will be the first Republican mayor Cleveland has had in ten years. Brand Whitlock was re-elected mayor of Toledo.

In Salt Lake the Mormons were defeated in their fight for control of the city by the American or anti-church party. Of fourteen towns and cities in the state, six elected Republican mayors, five citizens and three Democratic.

Massachusetts and Rhode Island have re-elected Republican mayors, while Virginia has returned a Democrat to this office.

In New Jersey the Republican candidates held their own everywhere.

The Republicans scored several important victories in Indiana, particularly in Indianapolis.

The Democratic victory in Virginia brings Judge Mann to the office of governor. His majority apparently will be the usual one for his state.

In Pennsylvania the chief interest centered in Philadelphia, where the reform element endeavored in vain to break the power of the local Republican organization.

New Jersey elected eight members of the state senate and a full house of sixty members of the assembly. The Reoublicans will control both houses.

New York state elected an assembly that will show a Republican majority of about 38.

Will Continue Fight.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 3.—Francis J. Heney, admitting defeat at the hands of Charles M. Fickert in the race for district attorney, to-day announced his intention of continuing the war against graft, declaring:

"The first battle for equality before the law has been fought and lost, but the war against graft will continue to be waged by all true soldiers who have been fighting with me in the great cause of common honesty, common decency and civic righteousness.

"San Francisco has received a sad blow and the cause of equality before the law a great setback; but be of good cheer and take fresh courage, you many thousands of good men and women who have joined in this fight for the maintenance of the purity and protection of our homes and the uplifting of the moral standards of our city.

"We have been defeated in this election, but the sober moral sense of the community will again reassert itself and San Francisco will vindicate herself before the world.

"I retract nothing that I have said during the recent campaign. On the contrary, I re-assert the truth of all that I have stated from the public platforms. I have no regrets except that for poor San Francisco and the many thousands of people who fought shoulder to shoulder with me in the good fight.

"Let us all firmly resolve that we will continue the battle for equality before the law with unabated vigor until success has crowned our efforts."

Fickert's Statement.

Charles M. Fickert, district attorney-elect, who was charged by Francis J. Heney with being the candidate of Patrick Calhoun, was asked to-day whether he will discharge Detective William J. Burns, the famous graft sleuth; what he will do with the case of Patrick Calhoun, now pending, and which one of the graft cases he will take up first when he assumes office on January 1st. He replied:

"These are questions that I cannot answer at this time. I shall have to go into the affairs of my office thoroughly before stating my course definitely."

In a signed statement to the public, Fickert attacked the "un-American spy system" and methods of Heney, saying:

"I recognize that my election is the condemnation by the people of San Francisco of the un-American spy system and the un-American methods which my opponent has been a party to in instigating and in carrying out.

"I am satisfied that the controlling fact which led to Mr. Heney's defeat was the knowledge that he had received money from Mr. Rudolph Spreckels while a public officer, and that his partners had also been the recipients of large fees from the same man. The private control of any public office, and especially of the criminal branch of the law is un-American, unjust, illegal and corrupting.

"I want here and now to renew the only pledge which I made during my candidacy that I will administer to the best of my ability the high office to which I have been elected, with a due regard for the duties imposed upon me by the law. It and it alone will be the standard by which my conduct shall be measured."

Johnson Will Run Again.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 3.—Following his defeat for the fifth term as mayor of Cleveland by Herman Baehr, Republican, Mayor Johnson announced to-day that he again would be a candidate for the office two years hence.

The defeat of Johnson, it was claimed, was brought about by the people's loss of confidence in the "low fare" mayor.

Oiled Clothing

The Celebrated "Royal Brand"

We have a full range, including Long Coats, Medium Coats, Jackets, Pants and Aprons.

PAULINE & CO.

WHOLESALE DRYGOODS VICTORIA, B. C.

CHINESE BOY STEALS FIFTY DOLLAR BILL

Worked in House of Police Commissioner—Pleads Guilty.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

A Chinese boy aged twelve years and named Ah Gun, pleadtd guilty in the police court to stealing $50 from the residence of George Fraser, police commissioner, Fort street, yesterday. He was remanded for inquiry and for sentence until to-morrow.

Ah Gun, an intelligent boy, had been employed at the house as servant. He had seen the money placed in a purse by Mrs. Fraser with other bills. Shortly after dinner last night he complained of feeling ill and said he had to leave the house. After his departure the money was missed and the police notified.

This morning Ah Gun returned to work at the house on the same car on which Detective O'Leary went up to arrest him. When accused of taking the money Ah Gun denied all knowledge of it and offered to be searched. The search resulted in a blank until Detective O'Leary went into detail after abandoning the pockets. Concealed between the cloth and lining of the waistband of his trousers the $50 bill was found and Ah Gun appeared much mystified as to who put it there.

In court this morning through an interpreter, however, he admitted the theft, but would throw no light on his place of abode or family beyond claiming he was alone in the world, his parents having returned to China.

ACTION DISMISSED.

Toronto, Nov. 3.—Mr. Justice Riddell yesterday gave judgment dismissing with costs the action brought against the National Trust Company by Louis E. Whicher, of New York. Plaintiff claimed payment of $8,200 and interest on $10,000 par value of bonds of the Dominion Copper Company of British Columbia, secured by mortgage to defendant as trustee. He also claimed specific performance of a certain contract or damages for its breach. The mortgage was given to secure $1,000,000 bonds issued by the Dominion Copper Company on June 1st, 1905, and plaintiff became holder of $10,000 of these.

DEATH OF FORMER JUDGE.

Philadelphia, Nov. 3.—Wm. Butler, formerly United States court judge for the eastern district of Pennsylvania, died at his home at Westchester yesterday, aged 87 years. He was for forty years a member of the federal judiciary, and retired about ten years ago because of advancing age.

WRIGHT'S FEAT.

College Point, Md., Nov. 3.—Taking his aeroplane in the air with a twelve mile an hour wind without the assistance of the starting weights was the feature of Wilbur Wright's flight on the government aviator field yesterday. Mr. Wright took with him Lieut. Lahm. Ascending to a height of 75 feet, the engine was stopped, and the biplane gradually glided to the ground.

Form No. 9.
LAND ACT.
FORM OF NOTICE.

Victoria Land District, District of Victoria.

Take notice that Earl Winton Clarke, of Victoria, B. C., occupation, clerk, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted on the north shore of Goudge Island, which lies a little to the west of Coal Island, situate at the head of the Saanich Peninsula, thence following round the shore line of said Goudge Island to point of commencement.

EARL WINTON CLARKE.

May 25th, 1909.

Form No. 9.
LAND ACT.
FORM OF NOTICE.

Victoria Land District, District of Victoria.

Take notice that Earl Winton Clarke, of Victoria, B. C., occupation, clerk, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted on the south shore of Shell Island, which lies a little to the south of Coal Island, situate at the head of the Saanich Peninsula, thence following round the coast line of said Shell Island to point of commencement.

EARL WINTON CLARKE.

May 25th, 1909.

Form No. 9.
LAND ACT.
FORM OF NOTICE.

Victoria Land District, District of Victoria.

Take notice that Earl Winton Clarke, of Victoria, B. C., occupation, clerk, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted on the north shore of Young Island, which lies a little to the west of Coal Island, situate at the head of Saanich Peninsula, thence following round the coast line of said Young Island to point of commencement.

EARL WINTON CLARKE.

May 25th, 1909.

Additional Licence to an Extra Provincial Insurance Company.

"COMPANIES ACT, 1897."

CANADA:
Province of British Columbia,
No. 268.

This is to certify that "The Law Union and Crown Insurance Company," which on the 22nd day of July, 1905, was authorized and licensed to carry on business within the Province of British Columbia, is hereby authorized and licensed to carry out or effect all or any of the additional objects of the Company to which the legislative authority of the Legislature of British Columbia extends.

The head office of the Company is situate in London, England.

The amount of the capital of the Company is two million pounds, divided into two hundred thousand shares of ten pounds each.

The head office of the Company in this Province is situate at Victoria, and Robert S. Day, Insurance Agent, whose address is 42 Fort street, Victoria, is the attorney for the Company.

Given under my hand and seal of office at Victoria, Province of British Columbia, this fourth day of October, one thousand nine hundred and nine.

(L. S.) S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar of Joint Stocks Companies.

The additional objects for which this Company is licensed are:

To carry on the business of accident insurance in all its branches as regards human beings and whether the accidents result in death or injury, including the insurance of employers or other persons against claims by workmen or others under any Act of Parliament already or hereafter to be passed, or under the Common Law or under the Law of the place where such accident may have occurred or otherwise, and also to insure the payment of sums during the incapacity through sickness or illness of human beings.

To grant insurances against damage or injury to or destruction of plate glass, whether caused by fire or otherwise howsoever.

To grant insurances against damage to or loss of property, including live stock, caused by or resulting from hail or tempests.

Notice

"Navigable Waters Protection Act"

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Columbian Trading Company, Limited, having its registered office in the City of Victoria, British Columbia, is applying to His Excellency the Governor-General of Canada in Council for approval of the area plans, site and description of works proposed to be constructed in Alberni Harbor, Vancouver Island, British Columbia, on that part of Alberni Townsite situate at the foot of Argyle street, Alberni, known as Lot one hundred and fifteen A (115 A), and has deposited the area and site plans of the proposed works and a description thereof with the Minister of Public Works of Canada at Ottawa and a duplicate thereof with the Registrar-General of Titles in the City of Victoria, British Columbia, and that the matter of the said application will be proceeded with at the expiration of one month from the time of the first publication of this notice in the Canada Gazette.

Dated this twenty-fourth day of September, A. D. 1909.

COLUMBIAN TRADING COMPANY, LIMITED.
Per H. H. SHANDLEY,
Secretary.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at the next session thereof for an Act authorizing the Vancouver Island and Eastern Railway Company to construct, equip and operate a line of railway from a point at or near Seymour Narrows, on Vancouver Island, in a northerly direction and by the most feasible route to a point on Quatsino Sound, Vancouver Island, in extension of the lines of railway authorized to be constructed by the Act of the Parliament of Canada passed in the Session 7-8, Edward VII., Chapter 167, and intituled: "An Act to Incorporate the Vancouver Island and Eastern Railway Company," and applying the provisions of the said above-named Act to the said extension, and for the continuation of the charter of the said Company, and for an extension of time for the commencement of construction and completion of the said lines of railway by the said above-mentioned Act authorized to be constructed.

Dated at Victoria, British Columbia, this nineteenth day of October, A.D. 1909.

R. C. LOWE,
Solicitor for the Applicants,
P. O. Box 1, Victoria, B. C.

"COMPANIES ACT, 1897."

Notice is hereby given that Leeming Brothers, Limited, of Victoria, B. C., brokers, have been appointed the new attorney of "The Niagara Fire Insurance Company."

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 9th day of October, 1909.

S. Y. WOOTTON.
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

No. 37.

Notice is hereby given that, 30 days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum upon the following described lands situate under the foreshore and under the water and on the lands in and opposite the Nootka District of Vancouver Island, British Columbia: Commencing at a post placed at the northwest corner of M. G. Key's Location No. 36 and marked H. W. Suttie's northeast corner, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to point of commencement. Containing 640 acres or less.

Located this 29th day of May, A. D. 1909.

H. W. SUTTIE, Locator.
By her Agent, M. KING.

No. 50.

Notice is hereby given that, 30 days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum upon the following described lands situate in the Nootka District of Vancouver Island, British Columbia: Commencing at a post placed at the southeast corner of H. W. Smith's Location No. 57 and marked F. A. Burns' northeast corner, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to point of commencement. Containing 640 acres or less.

Located this 2nd day of June, A. D. 1909.

F. A. BURNS, Locator.
By her Agent, M. KING.