

SICKNESS IN THE 15TH REGIMENT.—The disastrous effects of removing the 15th Regt. from a climate such as this on the approach of spring into the extreme heat of the Bermudas have begun to develop themselves. The men dread the consequences of the sudden change and it will be seen from the following extract from a letter received in this City yesterday that their fears were not groundless:—"Dr. Hensley of the 1-15th Regt. died at Saint George's, Bermuda, from an attack of dysentery, only being ill four days. His successor is very low, and the Staff Doctor also. Six men have died and there are 60 in the hospital. The Typhoid Fever has just set in and is giving the men much trouble. Mr. Murray was just recovering from a severe attack—also Mr. Skinner."—Globe.

New Brunswick's First Year's Experience of Union.

As much misapprehension prevails in this Province in relation to the taxation imposed by the Union, and by Parliament, and especially as to its effects upon the inhabitants of this portion of the Dominion, I desire to submit a few facts, gathered from New Brunswick's first year's experience of Union, and ask for their careful consideration of the public.

The average expenditure in New Brunswick for Roads, Bridges, and Education, for the seven years terminating in October, 1866, was \$235,513 per annum. The sum estimated under Acts of the Legislature and voted for these services the year previous to the Union was \$257,380, whilst the amount provided for the same services by the Local Legislature in 1868, the first year of the Union, reached \$273,300—\$16,580 more than the appropriations of 1867, and \$10,311 over the average expenditure of the seven years preceding.

These figures clearly show that, as far as the local services are concerned, they are provided for upon a more liberal scale under the Union arrangement than they were previous to Confederation.

I now give a statement of the taxation of the fiscal years 1866 and 1867, as compared with the collection from all sources for the year ending the 30th of June, 1863. The public records and accounts for 1865 show that there was collected in New Brunswick, from Customs, Railway Imposts, Light dues, Sick and Disabled Seamen, and Buoy and Beacon Funds (less drawbacks), \$1,021,765. That from the 1st July, 1866, to 30th June, 1867 (the year preceding the Union), there was collected from the same sources (less drawback) \$950,515; whilst, during the first year of the Union, there was collected from Customs, Railway Imposts, Light Dues, Sick and Disabled Seamen, Buoy and Beacon Funds, Excise, Stamp and Duty on Bank circulation—all the sources of Revenue—\$906,250, showing a reduction of taxation as compared with 1867, of \$44,265, and with 1866, of \$15,515. The sum of \$906,250, paid to the Dominion Treasury, is made up as follows:—Custom, Railway Imposts, Light Dues, Sick and Disabled Seamen, Buoy and Beacon fund, (less drawback) \$880,000 Inland Revenue Department, 24,000 Duty on Bank Circulation, say 2,250

These comprise all the items of taxation, the proceeds of which pass to the Treasury of the Dominion. To complete the amount received from New Brunswick by the General Government, we have to add the difference between the receipts and expenditure of the E. & N. A. Railway. The Superintendent furnishes us with a statement, showing the receipts to be in excess of ordinary expenditure \$29,946, from which is to be deducted \$13,460, payments on account of Locomotives, Freight Cars, and permanent way, leaving a balance to be added to Customs, Excise, &c. of \$16,486, making the contribution from New Brunswick to the Dominion Treasury for the year to be as near as may be \$922,736. I now give the sums paid, or to be paid from the Dominion Treasury on account of New Brunswick for the year ending 30th June, 1866, exclusive of \$410,764 paid on account of Railway Stock and Railway Subsidies:—Interest on Debt of New Brunswick, commission and charges connected therewith, \$378,000 Subsidy to Local Government, 314,637 Salary to Lieut. Governor, 9,415 Judges Salaries and Travelling Expenses, 25,200 Marine and Fisheries, Light Houses, Light, Buys and Beacons, Marine Hospitals, Sick and Disabled Seamen, 40,525 Provincial Penitentiary, 8,200 Election Expenses, 4,725 On account of Geological Survey, 1,000 Immigration and Quarantine, 2,000 Militia, as furnished by Accountant of Militia Department—\$27,000 of which for Camp of Instruction ordered, and contribution to the Provincial Rifle Association, 66,761 Subsidy to Steamers, 7,000 Inspection of Steamboats, 1,000 Indians, 1,700 Collection and Protection of the Revenue, including Excise and Registration of Shipping, 55,000 Post Office Deficiency, estimated at 24,000

These figures show that during the first year of the Union, New Brunswick has received from the Dominion Treasury \$939,163 for services for which she, before the Union, was called upon to provide, and \$16,453 more than we have paid into the General Treasury from all sources of Revenue; consequently we so far have not contributed a dollar towards the expenses of the General Government, Public Departments, Parliament, Ocean

Steamers Service, Intercolonial Railway Survey, the purchase, extension and furnishing of the Governor General's residence; maintenance and repair of Public Buildings, the publication of the Laws, Gazette, or Public Printing. So much for the past year.

The provisions of the Act of Union and the appropriation of Parliament will require to be paid on account of New Brunswick for the current year \$1,082,473, or \$156,763 in excess of what we have contributed to the Dominion Treasury during the past year. They may be stated as follows:—

Interest on Debt of New Brunswick, commission and charges connected therewith,	\$424,000
Subsidy to Local Government, Governor's Salary,	314,637
Judges Salaries and travelling Expenses,	25,200
Penitentiary deficiency, Observatory,	8,200
Geological Survey,	2,000
Immigration and Quarantine, Militia, Stores, Military School, Drill Sheds and Barrack Rent, Steam communication,	50,000
Lights, Buoy and Beacon, Sick and Disabled Seamen, and Light Houses,	48,150
Dredge and Scows for Harbour of St. John,	22,000
Fishery Overseers,	5,000
Indians,	1,700
Expenses incurred by New Brunswick on account of Delegation for settlement of Union,	29,200
Collection and Protection of the Revenue, Customs and Excise, Post Office deficiency,	63,000
	24,000
	\$1,082,473

This exclusive of the \$1,175,000 voted for payment of Railway Stocks and Railway Subsidies.

It is quite clear that this year the ordinary expenditure by the Dominion on account of New Brunswick, must be in excess of the Revenue received, and that we this year, as in the past, will contribute nothing towards the expenses of the General Government, Parliament, or Departments, nor to the expenditure on Intercolonial Railway and Defence.

Surely the people of New Brunswick can have no ground for complaint touching the financial view of the question.

S. L. TILLEY.
St. John, July 9th, 1868.

TELEGRAPH NEWS.

LONDON, 10. The Irish Reform Bill was passed by the House of Lords last evening. Despatches from Belgrade state that Prince Kara Georgevich has been placed under surveillance of the police, and his private secretary has been arrested. Consols 94½.

Liverpool, 10th. Breadstuffs steady.

New York, July 10. Gold steady.

LONDON, 11th. In the House of Lords last evening, on an appeal of the Penian McNulty, a decision was rendered confirming his sentence.

The bill granting a pension to Sir Robert Napier was agreed to.

In the House of Commons last night a pension to Gen. Sir Robert Napier was voted.

Gen. Napier has been made a peer under the title of Lord Napier Magdala.

Weather continues favourable to crops.

Liverpool market generally quiet and unchanged.

The Patriotic has special advices from China which represent that the rebels on the Peh river have been defeated in battle, but they still threaten Sein Uin the port of Peking.

It is expected that the American Minister, Mr. Bancroft, as soon as he has concluded negotiations at Stuttgart will leave for Baden to procure the ratification by the Grand Duke of the Naturalization Treaty with the United States.

New York, July 11. Money continues easy and trade exhibits as great activity as is usual at this hot time of year.

There is prospect of adjournment of Congress next week.

New York, July 11. Gold 141½.

LONDON, July 12. The latest despatches received from Madrid state that Don Antonio, the Duke de Montpensier, had been arrested and taken to the frontier.

The Generals who were recently arrested for political causes have been sent in banishment to the Canary Islands.

Ismael Pasha Viceroy of Egypt has married the daughter of Abdul Medjid, Turkish minister.

Prince Napoleon has gone to Paris.

San Francisco, July 11. Admiral Hastings, commanding the English squadron of the Pacific, disapproves of the proceedings of Commander Briggs, of the Chanticleer, in the affair at Mazatlan, and has ordered him to reopen that port immediately and proceed to Panama.

New York July 13. Gold opened at 141½.

The sums paid for cable messages by the English Press for a year amount to a total of \$7,000 against \$70,000 paid by the American Press.

The Portland Star says that during the present season, at least 500 new houses and stores will be built or completed in that city. According to its estimates, this will make a total of about 2,000 erected since the great

fire. The number of buildings then burned was about 1,700.

An English paper announces that the Marquis of Hastings is going to Norway, to "participate in the wild sports of that country." England will have one "sport" less when he leaves.

COMMUNICATION.

To the Editor of the Standard.

Sir.—I was much pleased with my visit to your pretty, healthy, and quiet town, and with the attention at my Hotel. The sea bathing is most invigorating, I have returned to the dust and heat of the City, renewed in health, and can apply myself to business with a vigor, which I did not expect after so short an absence. Thus far so good, but with your permission I respectfully throw out a few suggestions from an American stand point, and with a view to benefit your town or city. I do not know which appellation to give it, as I am not aware whether it is incorporated or not.

I believe Sir, that if some of my enterprising and energetic countrymen, would visit your place, and expend some of their spare capital in the erection of a Summer Hotel of sufficient proportions to contain three or four hundred visitors, and obtain thorough American host to run it; I feel quite sure, that it would be well patronized, as several of our people from this and other cities of the Union, would prefer a holiday little town like St. Andrews, to the din and bustle of a City of which they have abundance at home.

You cannot conceive how delightful and agreeable it is for one shut up in a crowded city, to breathe the pure fresh air, enjoy a few days fishing on the salt water, drink delicious cream, and have abundance of native strawberries, all for a mere trifle.

I am so pleased with my sojourn in your locality, that my humble efforts will be used to induce my friends to take a trip there, and (pardon me) rusticate for a few weeks.

Perhaps I may succeed in inducing a speculative friend to erect a Hotel. There is spare ground enough, and I suppose it can be purchased at a reasonable rate. Excuse the liberty a stranger has taken, and one who intends again to be.

July 10, 1863. A VISITOR.

The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, JULY 15, 1868.

LECTURE.—We are requested to announce that Rev. P. KEAY, A. M. has kindly consented to deliver a Lecture, on Thursday Evening 23rd inst., in the Town Hall, on "Education, its importance and requirements." The proceeds to be applied in aid of the funds of the Ladies Rural Cemetery Sewing Society.

The Minister of Customs has furnished St. John papers, with a resume of the Financial position of New Brunswick under Union for the first fiscal year. No doubt it will be pulled to pieces by anti confederates. But this is to be expected from Mr. Tilley's Opponents; the great question is are the figures correct; if they are, and there is no reason to doubt their reliability, then the Minister has made out a good case for Union, has shown a gain to this Province, \$16,453, over the amount paid in to the Dominion Treasury.

It is to be presumed that the Minister of Customs will be prepared to answer any objections, worthy of reply, which the Opposition will make, but it would be as thankless a task as it would be fruitless, to attempt to satisfy them. He has at all events proved from Government records that New Brunswick exclusive of \$410,764, paid on account of Railway Stock and Railway subsidies, Received from Dominion Treasury \$933,163

Paid in to Ditto 922,710

Balance in favor of N. B. \$16,453

According to the Act of Union, those who have contributed this amount have no power to reduce it, even if they desired to do so.

The most ardent friends of Confederation did not anticipate such favorable returns from the first year of Union.

The Dispatch of the Secretary of State for the Colonies the Duke of Buckingham to the Governor General, in reply to the statement of grievance forwarded by the Nova Scotia Assembly to the British Government is a very important state paper. The following will silence the cavillers who asserted that the Imperial Government did not desire confederation.

"The measure is believed by Her Majesty's Government to be not merely conducive to the strength and welfare of the Provinces, but also important to the interests of the whole Empire."

Here is settler, from a Minister of the Crown, who speaks for the British Government. The Duke adds that—"the Queen's Government would not be warranted in advising the reversal of a great measure of State attended by so many consequences already in operation."

The International Line of Steamers make their trips with great punctuality, and from reports of the passengers, every attention is paid to their wants. The same may be said of the River steamers, Capt. Prince and Mr. Little

field, are represented to be gentlemen who who give entire satisfaction.

A correspondent in another column alludes to the advantage of erasing what he terms a large "summer hotel" in this town, for the accommodation of visitors desirous of enjoying sea bathing, and breathing the pure air of our salubrious climate, away from the din and dust of the busy marts of trade. It has often been remarked by pleasure seekers, and even our townsmen, that were a commodious hotel erected, and other conveniences provided, there would be a large influx of visitors here every year, which would afford sufficient patronage to the present hotels as well as one on a larger scale. We are informed that there are quite a number of strangers in town at present, and that others are expected.

Dr. Jack, President of the N.B. University and John Bennet Esq., Chief Superintendent of Schools, arrived here, Monday last on their annual Educational tour.

OMISSION.—In a notice of an Excursion to St. Stephen in our last issue, the Compositor omitted the words "St. Stephen Branch." An Excursion is advertised however, for to-morrow Thursday, over the Woodstock Branch Railway to St. Stephen, price \$1, down and back, with privilege of remaining till Saturday by paying 50 cents additional.

WATER SPOUTS AT SEA.—In a San Francisco paper recently received, we notice a lengthy letter from W. H. Halleck, giving a description three large water spouts witnessed by the passengers on board the steamship "Nevada" off the coast of Guatemala, on the 3rd ult., one of which threatened destruction to the steamship and all on board. The letter is written with Mr. Halleck's usual ability, and had we space it would be inserted.

From a Wisconsin paper we notice that Mr. John McGee a native of this Town is highly commended as a Master mechanic, having finished a block of building in Oconto in handsome style, and nearly completed (what the Americans would term "a first class") Hotel. We know of many young men natives of St. Andrews, who have distinguished themselves in professional, mechanical and mercantile business, in the States, North and South. Judges, senators, leading merchants and mechanics, at present in that country, are natives of our beautiful little town, and we learn that others are about to depart for California during the present season.

The weather for the last day or two has been quite warm, the thermometer being 87 in the shade. Some of the Farmers have commenced cutting their grass, which it is said will be a good crop.

We are informed that Mr. David Kennedy, the Scottish Vocalist will give two of his pleasing entertainments in the new Masonic Hall, on the evenings of the 30th and 31st instant. Mr. Kennedy's reputation is world wide; his recent singing in St. John drew crowded houses.

The Hon. Peter Mitchell and Mrs. Mitchell arrived at Newcastle on Friday from Quebec.

The late storm of thunder and lightning injured some persons in different counties in this Province; several head of cattle were killed.

From American papers we learn that at the National Democratic Convention, Horace Seymour was unanimously nominated for President.

Liverpool, 13. At a trial of reaping machines of the world, which took place on Saturday at Berlin, the English reapers were decided to be superior to those of America, and took the International prize.

No political news of interest.

New York, 14th. The oppressive heat continues, the thermometer reaching 93° in the shade.

During yesterday several people fell insensible in the streets from sunstroke, and thirty seven persons were taken to Bellevue Hospital.

Reports from all parts of the country show an extraordinary degree of heat.

Gold 141½.

It is proposed to completely inclose ships compasses in a magnetic hollow cube, which Faraday shows neutralization all local magnetism and leaves the needle to be affected by terrestrial magnetism alone.

A Large Volume would not contain the mass of testimony which has accumulated in favor of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, as a safe, efficient, and reliable remedy in curing coughs, colds, and pulmonary disease. Many of the cures are truly wonderful.

Married.

On the 9th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. W. Q. Ketchum, Mr. James McGill, to Mary Anne, eldest daughter of Mr. John Weade of this Town.

At St. George, on the 11th inst., by Rev. Ronald E. Smith, Norman McLean, to Laura Epps, all of the Parish of St. George.

At St. George, on the 8th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Ronald E. Smith, Rector, Jeremiah Hanson, of Parish St. Patrick, to Mary E. Scott, of St. George.

At St. Stephen, June 30th, at the residence of Major James Maxwell, by the Rev. Edgar L. Foster, George H. Maxwell, to Carrie Roscoe, only daughter of the late Josephus Moore, Esq., of St. David.

At Lee, Kent, on the 17th ult., Francis Ironside Rawlins, Esq., late Captain in H. M. 15th Regt.

In Fredericton on the 9th inst., after a lingering illness, which she bore with a truly christian resignation, Eliza, eldest daughter of Israel Atherton, aged 25 years.

Ship News.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.

July 8, Schr. Delta, Cook, Red Beach, Plaster, Goodnow & Co.

Matilda, Stinson, Eastport, Flour, J. R. Bradford.

13, do do St. Stephen, gen. cargo, Harriet, Brit, Boston, Meal and Flour, P. Britt.

Delta, Cook, Red Beach, Plaster, Goodnow & Co.

CLEARED.

July 8, Bq. Emma, Hilton, Penarth Roads, Deals and Ends, C. F. Cluich.

11, Schr. Martha Ann, Stewart, Machias, Oats, &c., Hanson Bros.

Victory, Sprague, Pembroke, Brick, &c.

13, Dreadnought, Lord, Calais, Shingles, Goodnow & Co.

New York, July 8, arvd.—Brigt. Lizzie Billigs, Millar, from Jamaica, 17 days.

THE STEAM WASHING MACHINE.

WASHES the Dirtiest Clothes without Rubbing in Thirty Minutes.

MANUFACTURED AND SOLD BY WM. E. EVERITT & CO., 130, 132 and 134 Brussels street.

PRICE FROM 5 TO 10 DOLLARS.

Every Machine guaranteed to give satisfaction.

22—Agent at St. Andrews.

July 15.—rm29. JOHN S. MAGEE.

HARVEY & ALMOND,

Importers of Marble,

AND MANUFACTURERS OF

MONUMENTS,

Tombs, Tables, Grave Stones, &c.,

Centre, Pier Tables and Mantels.

Freestone and Granite Cutting executed in all its branches.

Union Street, St. Stephen.

and opposite Caldwell's Hotel, Woodstock, N.B.

Orders filled at the shortest notice and cheapest possible rates. Patronage respectfully solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

July 8

6m

Government House, Ottawa,

Friday, 28th day of June, 1868.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the Act passed during the recent session of the Parliament of Canada, 31st Vic. Cap. 6, intitled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

In addition to the Warehousing Ports mentioned in the Act passed during the recent session of the Parliament of Canada, intitled: "An Act respecting the Customs," and also in addition to the Ports named in the Lists sanctioned by subsequent Orders of His Excellency in Council, passed under the authority of the said Act, the undermentioned Port shall be, and it is hereby included in the List of Warehousing Ports in the Dominion of Canada, viz:—

Province of Nova Scotia.

The Port of Lunenburg.

W. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Thursday, 28th day of May, 1868.

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Province of Nova Scotia.

The Port of Lunenburg.

Province of New Brunswick.

The Port of Richmond.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council.

WINE, Cider, Sherry, Malaga, Ginger Cordial.

July 8

Ex "Forest Queen" from London:

1 Hhd superior Claret,

1 do superior Sherry,

2 Qr. Casks Malaga Wine,

1 Hhd Malaga Wine,

2 do Ginger Cordial,

July 8. J. W. STREET.

"Kennedy is

Songs o

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MASON

St. A

Thursday and Fr

MR. K

The Celebrate

BEGS to announce

Andrews in his

the SONGS_O

Pianoforte,

* Admission 25

Tickets to be obta

the door. Doors op

o'clock.

To Whom i

PARTIES having

books by the 10

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St. Andrews, July

Administrat

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TO BE SOLD at

the 1st day of Au

in front of the store

portage in St. Geo

for the payment of

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in consequence of a

Estate of the decase

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for the said County,

mises, viz:

A lot of Land in

George, on the road

the Upper Falls, in

side of the River, ab

the Town of St. Geo

McCull by Thomas

at the following plac

The Customs Offi

draws; at Grand

Fishery Office; at

June 23, 31

GENEVA, WH

Ex the choice New

65 Hhds. } =1

40 qr. Casks } =1

20 Hhds. } =1