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Confidence in your physician or the tonic that he may prescribe, is half the battle won. The consistent use of

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always begets confidence in those who take it. *Scott's* is a tonic-nutrient recommended by physicians everywhere.

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SPASMODIC CROUP ASTHMA COLDS INFLUENZA BRONCHITIS CATARRH

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Est. 1879

A simple, safe and effective treatment avoiding medicine. Vaporized Cresolene stops the paroxysms of Whooping Cough and relieves Spasmodic Croup at once. It is a *boon* to sufferers from Asthma. The air carrying the antiseptic vapor, inhaled with every breath makes breathing easy; soothes the sore throat and stops the cough, assuring restful nights. It is invaluable to mothers with young children.

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A Remedy for Chest Colds, Head Colds, Spasmodic Croup, Sore Throat, Stiff Neck, Earache and kindred ailments. Apply freely to the skin just over the affected parts and rub it in.

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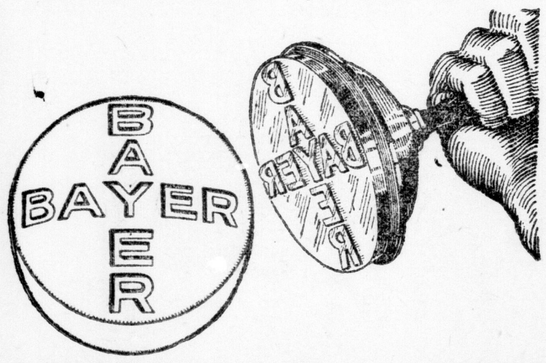

The name "Bayer" stamped on tablets positively identifies the only genuine Aspirin,—the Aspirin prescribed by physicians for over nineteen years and now made in Canada.

Always buy an unbroken package of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" which contains proper directions for Colds, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Joint Pains, and Pain generally.

Handy tin boxes containing 12 tablets cost but a few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer" packages.

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Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

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Canadian Trade For Seven Months Ending October 31 Showed $33,000,000 Decrease

For October Alone Figure Was $204,000,000, as Compared With $207,261,005 in October, 1918 — Duty-Free Imports Increased.

OTTAWA, Nov. 18.—A decrease of approximately $33,000,000 in the grand total of Canadian trade for the seven months of the fiscal year ending with October as compared with the same period last year is shown in the trade statement for October.

The total trade for the seven months' period amounted to $1,259,648,374. For the same period last year the total was $1,294,493,885.

For October alone Canada's trade amounted to approximately $204,000,000, as against $207,261,005 in October, 1918.

Exports of domestic produce for the seven months' period reached a total of $588,889,909. For the corresponding seven months in 1918 domestic products were sent out of Canada to the value of $720,139,952.

For October alone domestic exports valued at $109,446,814 were sent out of Canada as compared with $129,554,438 in October, 1918.

Agricultural products exported were in first place, being to the value of $214,156,596. Animals and animal products valued at $177,558,347 were in second place, while manufactures of wood and wood products, including paper, held third place, with exports to the value of $118,559,518.

Imports of dutiable goods for the seven months were to the value of $354,633,741, on which custom collections amounted to $98,016,495. For the seven months' period of 1918 dutiable goods worth $395,856,345 were imported, on which $94,742,530 was collected by way of duty. Free goods to the value of $354,633,74 were imported to the end of October, as against $344,217,682 in 1918.

Hun Baltic Troops Rumored Marching Toward Berlin Now

BERLIN, Nov. 18.—The Freiheit suggests that after the "failure of the Baltic adventure the reactionary elements will change their direction and march westward."

A rumor is spreading in Berlin that the German Baltic troops have begun to march toward Berlin.

NEW YORK EXTENDS TYPICAL AMERICAN WELCOME TO PRINCE

Dense Crowds Cheer Heir To British Throne.

ENTERED AT BATTERY

Party Stepped From Battleship To Barges To Cross Hudson.

PRINCE ATTENDS OPERA.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18—One of the most brilliant scenes that the Metropolitan Opera House has witnessed was presented tonight at the gala performance given in honor of the Prince of Wales. The great audience, which filled the house, overflowed into the aisles until every available bit of standing room was occupied.

When the prince, accompanied by Viscount Grey, the British ambassador, entered his box in the centre of the horseshoe at 10:15, he received a remarkable ovation. The vast audience rose to its feet, and, turning its back to the stage, applauded for three minutes. The young prince seemed almost embarrassed by the warmth of his reception, but the applause continued until the voice of Caruso, singing a selection from "I Pagliacci," rose above it.

The program consisted of selections from various operas and concluded with a ballet. As the prince left the house he was the recipient of another enthusiastic ovation, which was continued in Broadway, where, in spite of the fact that it was nearly midnight, a large crowd had gathered for a glimpse of the British prince.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—(By F. G. Aldham, Canadian Press Staff correspondent.)—In the friendly, eager crowd which lined the streets of New York today for miles to greet the Prince of Wales there must have been several million souls, showing in characteristic American fashion their cordiality toward the heir to the British throne. From the sidewalks a million cheers went up in the course of the long drive, while at every window along the route people hung out to add their note of welcome, throw confetti and wave flags.

The prince's visit to Washington was without demonstration from any but official circles. It remained for New York to show the prince how highly Britain and the British reigning house is held in the esteem of the American people.

Entered by Water.

Coming into New Jersey at the Hudson terminal, the royal party was able to step at once from H. M. S. Renown into the barges, in which the crossing was made to the Battery. Thus the prince came into New York by water, and he was greeted at the Battery by officials of New York, accompanied by soldiers and a guard of honor of marines and bluejackets.

The official welcome over, the prince started uptown through the eager crowd which filled Broadway. The prince was guarded only by motorcycle policeman, who rode beside his car. The orderly throng on the sidewalks left a lane, and the the procession of cars traveled slowly uptown, the prince saluting incessantly. Here and there bands were playing the British National Anthem, men in the vicinity bareing their heads in recognition. A hundred feet in the air men and women threw confetti from the windows of skyscrapers, while far up in the sky parachutes released from aerial bombs floated aimlessly, carrying the British and American flags.

Crowds Were Orderly.

In the business district of lower Broadway the crowds were dense, but very orderly. The curb policemen had little to da, and were able to grin good-humoredly when the paper streamers twined about their feet and shoulders, while uptown on Fifth avenue only the traffic policemen were needed to watch the crowds, which gathered in the shopping district.

Perhaps the biggest crowd of all was the one which gathered and watched the prince put out across the North River to embark on his ship, H. M. S. Renown. It is just three months since he left Halifax, and there was an eager light in the prince's eye as he stepped into the motor barge, which was to carry him a few hundred yards to where the British warship waited, her decks filled with officers and bluejackets drawn up to welcome him home.

MEMBER OF NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE HELD ON A LARCENY CHARGE

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—David W. Sullivan, a member of the Consolidated Stock Exchange, was arrested here today on a charge of larceny. The American Surety Company, which has been working on the case with the district attorney's office, declared in a statement tonight that it believed the arrest would "reveal a number of messenger thefts among downtown brokerage offices totalling at least $500,000."

WHEAT RECEIPTS FROM FARMS SHOW DECREASE

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—Wheat receipts from farms for the week ending Nov. 7 amounted to 15,460,000 bushels, a decrease of 3,359,000 from the previous week, the United States Grain Corporation announced here tonight. In the corresponding week in 1918 the receipts were 13,673,000 bushels.

Production of flour for the week totalled 3,209,000 barrels, a decrease from the previous week of 131,000 barrels, but an increase over the corresponding week of last year of 1,015,000.

BULGARIAN TREATY TO BE SIGNED ON NOV. 27

PARIS, Nov. 18.—(Havas).—The Bulgarian peace treaty will be signed on Thursday, Nov. 27, the supreme council decided today. The signing will take place in the city hall at Neuilly.

PARTY LEADERS IN U. S. SENATE TO COMPROMISE

Democrats To Have Chance For Vote on Unreserved Ratification.

FINAL VOTE THURSDAY

Friends of Treaty Believe It Has an Even Chance For Life.

WASHINGTON, D.C., Nov. 18.—At 10:15 o'clock tonight the vice-president declared the treaty closed to further reservation or amendments and the Senate adjourned until noon tomorrow, when the ratification resolution will be taken up.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 18. — Compromise moves to rescue the peace treaty from a threatened deadlock made such progress today that its friends declared it had more than an even chance for life.

So far as it had taken definite form tonight the program called for a final vote Thursday and pointed toward acceptance of reservations of the foreign relations committee without the requirement that they must be assented to affirmatively by the other powers.

The way to compromise was opened by the group of mild reservation Republicans, who served notice on the Republican and Democratic leaders that they would not put up the bars entirely to modification of the committee reservations, but would stand out against and defeat the administration's parliamentary program.

Cards on Table.

With this final announcement of how their deciding strength would be used in the closing stages of the treaty contest, the mild reservationists retired to the background. The result was that Republican Leader Lodge and Democratic Leader Hitchcock faced each other and laid all their cards on the table.

The conference between the two leaders brought no final decision as to the language of a compromise ratification, but it did develop an agreement that the Democrats would have the opportunity for which they had fought to secure a showdown vote on the question of unreserved ratification.

This vote, Mr. Lodge said, would be permitted before the roll call on the committee resolution.

Lodge Insistent.

Another result of the conference was submission to Mr. Lodge tonight of a group of proposed compromise reservations with a view to making enough modification in the committee program already approved by the Senate majority to enable the Democrats to support the committee resolution on ratification. On this point Senator Lodge was said to be insistent, as he desired all compromise efforts to be made before the vote came on the committee measure.

Meantime in the Senate two more reservations were added to the thirteen already adopted. The mild reservationists supported them as the final qualifications which they would help to write into the treaty, but the Senate extended its session far into the evening, voting down numerous other proposals in an effort to clear the way before adjournment for work tomorrow on the ratification resolution itself.

The two reservations adopted today related to the labor provision in Part Thirteen of the treaty and to voting equality in the league of nations. They follow:

The Reservations.

"The United States withholds its assent to Part XIII (Articles 387 to 427 inclusive) of said treaty unless Congress, by act or joint resolution, shall hereafter make provision for representation in the organization established by said Part XIII., and in such event the participation of the United States will be governed and conditioned by the provisions of such act or joint resolution.

"The United States assumes no obligation to be bound by any election, decision, report or finding of the council or assembly in which any member of the league and its self-governing dominions, colonies or parts of empire, in the aggregate, have cast more than one vote, and assumes no obligation to be bound by any decision, report or finding of the council or assembly arising out of any dispute between the United States and any member of the league if such member, or any self-governing dominion, colony, empire or part of empire united with it politically has voted."

Substitute Rejected.

The labor qualification was offered by Senator McCumber, Republican of North Dakota, and was accepted, 54 to 35, with nine Democrats supporting it. A proposed substitute by Senator King, Democrat of Utah, which would have excluded the United States unconditionally from the labor provisions, was rejected 48 to 43, the mild Republicans joining the administration senators to override the votes of the irreconcilables and nine Democrats. The proposal relating to voting equality, presented by Senator Lenroot, Republican of Wisconsin, won by 55 to 38, on a motion to substitute it for a less sweeping proposal by Senator McCumber. It then was formally adopted without a roll call.

Previously a reservation on the same subject by Senator Johnson, Republican of California, had been rejected, 46 to 43, with eight Democrats voting for it and the mild reservationists lining up solidly in opposition.

How it Started.

The wheels of compromise were started revolving by the mild reservation Republicans early in the day when they held a conference and decided on these propositions:

That if the Democrats voted down the committee resolution of ratification they would support a motion to reconsider, thus bringing the resolution back before the Senate for changes;

That they would not support a motion to sustain the chair in any ruling bearing out the administration's plan for a separate resolution of ratification after the committee proposal had been defeated;

That they were willing to see some modification of the preamble reservation requiring the affirmative assent of other nations to the Senate's qualifications;

That any further compromise negotiations by the Democrats must be conducted, not with them, but with the Republican leaders.

Informed Leaders.

Of these decisions they informed Senators Hitchcock and Lodge, with the added advice to the former to move today for any compromise he hoped to secure. The conference between the Democratic and Republican leaders, at which an earnest effort at compromise was understood to have been made, followed almost immediately.

Senator Lodge was said to have pressed for quick action and to have been particularly insistent that the Democratic leader's counter-proposals be in his hands tonight, so that a compromise could be worked out before the committee resolution came to a vote. The exact nature of these proposals was not revealed, but they were understood to have been aimed particularly at the preamble requirement, to which President Wilson objected vigorously at his White House conference Monday with Senator Hitchcock.

Wilson's Letter.

How the president would regard the committee reservations with the preamble stricken out also was uncertain, but it was learned that he had written a letter to Senator Hitchcock which the latter will lay before a conference of Democratic senators tomorrow morning. Time for such a meeting was granted by Senator Lodge, who assented to Mr. Hitchcock's request that the Senate should not meet until noon.

The modification plan of the Democrats is understood to make it possible for the other powers to accept the reservations by mere "acquiescence," rather than by a specific exchange of notes. The practical result would be, it was said, to provide for tacit acceptance which could be taken for granted unless the other nations protested.

Formally Reported.

At 9 o'clock tonight, after the Senate had been in continuous session for eleven hours, consideration of amendments in committee of the whole was completed and the treaty was formally reported to the Senate.

The question of approving the fifteen reservations adopted in committee of the whole then was taken up, each reservation being considered separately. An effort by Senator Hitchcock to strike out the preamble requirement for acceptances by other nations was voted down, 45 to 36, the Republicans opposing it solidly except for Senator McCumber of North Dakota.

The Senate without a roll call then agreed to all of the fifteen reservations except those relating to mandatory domestic questions and the economic boycott. Separate votes were taken on these three reservations.

The domestic questions and boycott reservations were agreed to without a roll call after the Senate had eliminated from the former an amendment offered by Senator Hale (Republican, Maine), and adopted in committee of the whole, declaring that the United States reserved exclusive jurisdiction over the question of its boundaries. The amendment was stricken out on motion of Senator Lodge, who said that after mature consideration he believed it went too far.

SENTENCE OF DEATH IS COMMUTED BY GOV.-GEN. TO LIFE IMPRISONMENT

EDMONTON, Nov. 18. — Frank Sweenidowsky, convicted of murder at Grand Prairie and sentenced to death by Mr. Justice Walsh last August, will not expiate his crime upon the gallows. The sentence has been commuted to one of life inprisonment by the governor-general of Canada, according to a telegram received by Sheriff Rae from the department of justice at Ottawa. The trial took place at Grand Prairie last August, when Sweenidowsky was convicted of the murder of a man named Winnie Chuck. The case aroused unusual interest at the time inasmuch as it was the first case in the west, and one of the first in Canada, in which the police secured a conviction without producing the body of the victim.

After a close examination by Chief Detective Nicholson, Sweenidowsky confessed to the killing, and declared that he had thrown the corpse into the river. The body of Winnie Chuck was never recovered.

PILES Do not suffer another day with Itching, Bleeding, or Protruding Piles. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and as certainly cure you. 60c a box; all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

ST. MARYS MEMORIAL BYLAW IS PASSED

ST. MARYS, Nov. 18.—At the meeting of the town council Monday evening a written request was presented by the clerk from the Municipal Hydro-Electric Radial Railway Association to pass a resolution to appoint Sir Adam Beck permanent chairman of the hydro-electric power commission. Mayor Dale stated that, as the new U. F. O. Government had not yet declared its policy regarding hydro power, the resolution should be filed.

The council confirmed the passing of the soldiers' memorial bylaw to borrow $6,000 to procure and erect the same. Several applications were received for the contract for the monument. Some surrounding townships wish to join with St. Marys in the project. They would get something more substantial than a $6,000 memorial monument. The several committees reported an expenditure of $6,651.52.

Victory bond sales have reached over the half-million mark and are more than double the first objective, $250,000. St. Mary's record has beaten many towns and cities, not only in Ontario but all over the Dominion of Canada.

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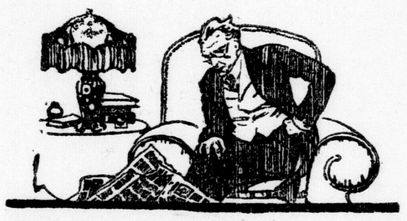

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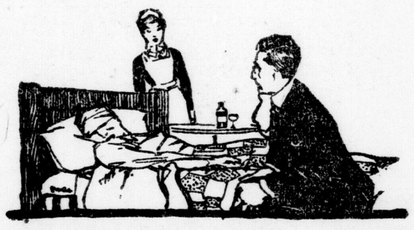

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Why not figure this out now, while you are in good health?

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Total disability would be worse for your family and your business financially than loss of life because, while your income would be reduced or stopped altogether, your expenses would go on just the same.

That is when a Special Indemnity Policy comes to your assistance.

If totally disabled you cannot earn premiums, so the premiums will be waived.

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The policy will continue in force, paying the monthly cheque, earning dividends, increasing in cash value, and providing insurance of $5,000 for protection of your home.

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Just a moderate premium—equivalent to a small rate of interest—will secure this policy with all that it guarantees. Ask for particulars.

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