

tain modifications were necessary in the enemy strategy.

The inhabitants of the villages lately occupied by the Germans confirm the impression that the German retreat was orderly, the bulk of the troops having been withdrawn a week before.

All these villages which are mostly heaps of ruins were labeled with Teutonic thoroughness, carefully painted and prominently displayed signboards containing information of everything and everybody, and evidencing the expectation that the Germans would remain in possession.

"During the last period of our advance we must have been costing the Germans about 6000 sign posts daily, Strong Defences.

"Altho we are practising along the Vesle, we are not actually there at all points. The enemy is making real resistance between Flaines and Rheims, treating the battle of Flaines as a rearguard action, and evidencing the expectation that the Germans would remain in possession.

"This country between the rivers is as difficult as any our advance will encounter, and some sharp fighting before the Rheims half of the river is actually in our hands.

Undoubtedly the ground ahead offers great opportunity of defence. The long, level ridge along the river, which is seldom more than 50 feet high, could scarcely be better contrived for defensive purposes."

No Material Change. Excursion for local fighting Monday on the north bank of the Vesle river, which resulted in no material change in the fighting front between Soissons and Rheims, the day passed quietly, according to the French official communication issued this evening.

The text of the communication follows: "On the whole of the Vesle front the situation without change."

"On the north bank of the river there were local encounters between our light elements and posts of the enemy."

"The day was calm everywhere else."

BOLSHEVIKI RECEIVE REINFORCEMENTS

Shanghai, Aug. 5.—Bolshevik forces which are strongly entrenched on the eastern bank of the Ussuri River, north of Vladivostok, have received reinforcements from Khabarovsk and Blagoveshchensk, according to advice from Vladivostok. The troops coming to the aid of the Bolsheviks include an "international detachment" of over 1000 men with a machine gun section.

In a statement on Aug. 1, the Bolsheviks lost 62 killed, while the Czech-Slovaks, who drove them back from Vladivostok recently, also suffered casualties.

ALLIES AT ARCHANGEL.

U. S. Forces Participate in Landing at Northern Russian Port. Kandalaksha, Aug. 5.—American troops participated in the landing of the allied forces at Archangel last week. The first detachment of the international force is now at the head of the Russian Officers' League.

RUMANIAN CROP FAILS.

Amsterdam, Aug. 5.—Rumania's wheat crop is a failure and the condition of maize in that country is only mediocre, according to reports from The Cologne Gazette. Supplies from Rumania, therefore, can hardly be counted upon, it is said.

WAR SUMMARY

THE DAY'S EVENTS REVIEWED

Flooded swamps and lowlands, swollen springs, brooks, creeks, and rivers, and muddy turn-up roads have slowed up the allied advance on the front of the Vesle, and the French and their gaining of strong forces of machine guns and artillery on the plateau between the Vesle and the Aisne, and this action is originating reports that he is going strongly to dispute the advance of the allies, however, are still bent on flanking operations, and when these succeed the enemy center has to clear out the heavy fighting yesterday was in the sectors northwest of Rheims. In this region French troops are exerting the greatest pressure against the German left wing. The mud is impeding the transport of material and supplies by road to the fighting line and it is also hindering the employment of the new tanks, or whiffles, so much used in the latest form of allied tank attacks.

The crown prince, in his offensive to the Marne and in extricating himself from the resultant mess, has already employed 87 divisions of troops. Thus this fighting has absorbed virtually the whole of the German strategic reserve, and it is on this account that Foch has deprived the enemy of the initiative, means giving to the allies the initiative, or power of attacking. So the allied offensive will probably proceed while the Germans are at a disadvantage. If the allies wait overlong in a passive defensive, the German hospital returns will soon be a rearguard to restore the strength of many divisions. Foch is well aware of that eventually, and he is not the man to give the retreat time to reorganize, so the allies will probably vigorously press their present advantage.

It is said by Reuter that the allies so far have taken 40,000 prisoners. The Germans retired in comparatively good order, and the retreat time has proceeded far enough to break up their cohesion. They had to sacrifice many divisions of their best troops as a rearguard. These received rough handling from the allies. On a part of the front one French army alone captured 500 guns and 500 trench mortars and in other places the allies found 1,500,000 rounds of shells. The German war factories are also having

MONTREAL FACTORY PREY TO FLAMES

Damage Done to Extent of Half Million Dollars and Four Firemen Hurt.

THRILLING RESCUES

Public Bath and Thirty Dwelling Houses Are Also Destroyed.

Montreal, Aug. 5.—Damage of over half million dollars; a factory, a public bath and thirty dwellings destroyed. Three arrests of persons wanted as witnesses at the forthcoming enquiry, one of them suspected of being an alien enemy; four firemen hurt; crisis leaping from windows; thrilling rescues; over a hundred residences placed in jeopardy. These were some of the outstanding features of the fire which broke out this morning at the premises of the Montreal Electric Company in this city.

The flames jumped the street for a distance of a thousand yards. Both sides of the street, where the factory is located, were flaming fiercely from St. James to St. Antoine streets. Back and front of the factory, residences were the scene of residents moving their household effects as quickly as possible.

The caretaker of the Letourneau-Lapointe public bath had only just time to rescue his eight children before the building burst into flames. He carried them one by one across the roof of the building to the back where a slide down a telegraph pole. His wife was also saved by him.

The factory which was a large two-story building, was completely gutted. The fire is stated to have started in one of the motor machines in the cellar. The cellerman, the warehouseman and the assistant shipper have been held as witnesses, they being the first men to see the fire. One of these men, it is alleged, has a German name, and Wallace Parquharson, one of the members of the firm, stated that an investigation of the man's nationality was being made. The factory is insured for \$250,000 and in it were employed some two hundred hands in normal conditions, but owing to the scarcity of sugar, about 150 had been laid off. As the fire broke out at lunch time, the firemen were in the employ in the building at the time and these escaped.

U. S. SHIP SUNK BY MINE

Washington, Aug. 5.—Investigation has disclosed that the armored cruiser San Diego, sunk several weeks ago off the American coast, was mined.

This is the finding of a naval court of inquiry, which holds that the loss of the ship was due to no way to negligence or inefficiency on the part of the captain or crew.

DENTISTS IN SESSION.

Chicago, Aug. 5.—Six thousand dentists from the United States and Canada attended the opening session of the 22nd annual convention of the National Dental Association today. One hundred delegates represented the Canadian Dental Association.

REMAINING FIRM ON STAND TAKEN

No Disorder Took Place, But Several Meetings Were Held.

ONE SPEAKER ARRESTED

Committee Interviews Police Officials, Intent on Getting Release.

Peace prevailed all over the city until a late hour last night. After the stirring events of Friday and Saturday, and the high tension which was still very evident in certain quarters all day on Sunday and yesterday, fears were entertained that more rioting might break out in certain quarters. The meeting in Queen's Park yesterday noon, and the subsequent visit of representatives of returned soldiers to police headquarters, where they were assured that no soldiers were being detained, had probably a certain calming effect upon the disturbing elements who had caused all the trouble, and as it was known that another mass meeting was to be held at 7:30 in Queen's Park last night, when the whole situation would be fully discussed, those who might have been inclined to start any disorder yesterday refrained until they have heard what may be said to-night, and what the attitude of the authorities will be.

The only large gathering last night was a meeting on Shuter street, near Yonge, when several speakers scathingly criticized the action of the police on Saturday night. The crowd cheered very loudly all references made to the rioting, and the principal speaker, a returned soldier named Cook, said that he would insist upon getting an explanation from the mayor at the meeting tonight. Cook strongly advised the crowd to refrain from violence and assured them that full justice would be obtained.

It was announced that all the holdiers that had been arrested in the course of the rioting had been handed over to the military. It was said that not a single soldier was held by the civil authorities. Civilians who were taken in charge by the police will be dealt with in the ordinary way by the local courts.

During the evening the mayor issued the statement that the committee regarding the action of the police would be investigated most thoroughly.

A slight outbreak occurred at the east corner of the intersection of St. Charles and Dundas streets in the afternoon, but the police were quickly on the scene and made a couple of arrests, dispersing the crowd. There were unfounded rumors of impending trouble at Laurier during the rioting, but nothing developed in that district.

Full information regarding the rioting has been asked for by the ambassador of Greece at Washington in a telegram addressed to the lieutenant-governor of Ontario.

The vicinity of Shuter and Yonge streets was choked last night with youths and returned soldiers. They began to gather at about 10 o'clock. At half past eight there were more than two hundred men and women lining the sidewalks. The crowd was broken up upon the arrival of the 12th Battalion, which was serving in France. Many of the men who went forth from the ranks of the 12th Battalion were also supplied with 100 men each from the 7th Westworths, and every man was supplied with a rifle. The British sovereign from the hands of the same patriotic lady of Dundas, Miss Grafton.

For the 2nd contingent 260 men were enlisted and sworn in by Capt. J. W. Macdonald, and the band of J. Smith of Winona, Ont. Those men were intended for the 19th Battalion, but were later transferred to the 12th Battalion. The 4th contingent of 100 men were also supplied with 100 men each from the 7th Westworths, and every man was supplied with a rifle. The British sovereign from the hands of the same patriotic lady of Dundas, Miss Grafton.

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would be dealt with by them at Stanley Barracks, where they had been taken from the various police stations. The civilians arrested by the police and would be dealt with in the usual way.

It is noted that no soldier under arrest in any of the police stations. There were four overlooked in the jail, but a mob threat was raised that the soldiers were quietly handed over to the military.

The mayor also said he had received a number of complaints about the way the police had acted. These would all be investigated. He regretted that innocent bystanders would have been hurt, and he attributed this to the younger and inexperienced men on the force who lost their heads.

Caused a Stir. Some excitement was caused yesterday afternoon about a block in the West End district when a raid was made on the ice cream and candy store on the southeast corner of Lansdowne and Dundas streets, which is the property of a Greek.

Only slight damage was done. The police in good numbers were quickly on the scene.

Ambassador Wires. The lieutenant-governor received the following despatch from the ambassador at Washington: "The anti-Greek riots have broken out and property of considerable value destroyed. The anti-Greek riots have broken out and property of considerable value destroyed. The anti-Greek riots have broken out and property of considerable value destroyed."

The government was not fulfilling its duty, and he wished a duplicate of President Wilson could be found in Canada. K. Murphy, official stenographer at Washington, gave an interesting and eloquent account of what the United States had done since it entered the war.

In the United States. The public, he said, had already undertaken financial obligations of fifty billion dollars and was raising eight billion in taxes during the incoming year. The president had taken over all war essentials, including railways, telegraphs and telephones, and had curbed all non-essential industries.

Five hundred thousand troops had been landed in France during the last five weeks and two million more would be there before the end of the present fighting season. The speaker concluded by stating that all the men and resources of the United States stood ready to demand a satisfactory and permanent peace with the Germans.

"There can no more be a compromised peace with the Germans than between heaven and hell," said the speaker. He denounced such peace advocates as Lord Lansdowne, and predicted that the British Empire would be held together by the sword as long as royalty represented the embodiment of the sentiment of its subjects. He also said that the day had come when the royal prince should marry within the empire. While giving due credit to the advantages of having that other volunteers were purely civilians before enlistment.

Col. P. W. Marlow criticized the government for its policy of returning men and also its treatment of returned men. The events of the past month, he stated, showed clearly the advantage of having help from the United States.

Lieut.-Col. Campbell, Major A. F. Kirkpatrick, Capt. Gibson, representing Col. Bickford, and ex-Ald. O. B. Sheppard, also addressed the meeting. The Aurora and added much to the afternoon and evening's entertainment.

Danforth ENJOYED THE HOLIDAY BY GETTING OUTSIDE. The residents of the Danforth and Riverdale sections enjoyed the civic holiday yesterday. From an early hour crowds on pleasure bent thronged the streets, an route for the amusement centres, and summer resorts. The street railway and civic cars were packed to capacity and the capacity was exceeded along the whole lake front all day.

The shallow strip of water near the Don viaduct was a popular resort during the day. Crowds of boys disported on the railway. Boat and zoo were thronged with holiday-makers. The various moving-picture theatres played to capacity crowds.

LAY CORNER STONE. The Bishop of Toronto will perform the ceremony of laying the cornerstone of the new St. Barnabas Church Sunday school building this evening at 8 o'clock. Great preparations have been made by the committee in charge, which H. R. Frankland is chairman, for a fitting celebration in connection with the event. A local band will be in attendance on the corner of Hampton and Danforth avenues and will have a seating capacity of 1200. Rev. F. E. Powell is rector.

ARRANGE FLOWER SHOW. The monthly meeting of the North Riverdale Horticultural Society was held in Frankland school, Logan avenue, recently. James Law, president, occupying the chair. An interesting lecture was delivered by George Baldwin, superintendent of the Toronto Rotary Club, on the protection of vegetables from the insect pest. Final preparations were made for the annual show, which will be held in Riverdale Presbyterian Church hall on Aug. 21. A. J. Smith reported a much larger number of entries for the forthcoming show than the preceding year.

AT POLISH PICNIC. Taking advantage of the civic holiday, Earls Court citizens were out bright and early, some working in their gardens all day, others going to the beaches. There was a grand picnic from the Polish Park, Devonport Road, the fifth annual event, which was held at Hillcrest Track at the corner of Bathurst and Davenport roads. A large number of officers and soldiers from Niagara Camp and Canadian soldiers from various units took part and the Polish white eagle band of 40 men furnished the music. The picnic was given under the auspices of the Holy Name Society.

MARRIED YESTERDAY. Miss L. Barron, 233 Langford avenue, and William Rushton, were united in marriage yesterday at St. Barnabas Church, Danforth avenue. Rev. F. E. Powell, rector, performed the ceremony.

BOY IS INJURED. Roy Cunningham, 26 Riverdale avenue, aged 12, sustained a broken leg and other injuries last night on Broadway avenue when he leaped from a moving car far directly in front of a motor car.

Earls Court LITTLE BOY INJURED. Little Vernon Hookins, Glenholme avenue, was struck down by an automobile and seriously injured. He was removed to the Western Hospital. The boy was playing in the street when a motor car came along and although he attempted to escape from the danger he was caught by the machine and thrown to ground. The driver never halted to inquire what damage had been done but drove on.

PICNIC ON THURSDAY. The mothers' meeting, a large organization of the Earls Court Central Methodist Church will have its annual picnic on Thursday at Kew Beach.

HELD ANNUAL PICNIC. The Silverthorn District Raleygar Association held its second annual picnic at Silverthorn yesterday, and there was a very large attendance. The picnic was held on the grounds of the Silverthorn Raleygar Association, and was a most successful one. The day was spent in a most enjoyable manner, and the picnic was a great success.

FAIRBANK IS OUT TO DEFEAT EARLS COURT. Fairbank, North Earls Court, with a population of 4,000, is spreading itself in the cultivation of poultry and vegetables and is making strenuous efforts to eclipse Earls Court, with its 33,000 citizens this year.

One of the biggest producers in Fairbank is Henry Burrows, considered to be the best judge of poultry in this section and who has a flock of some 400, including Leghorns, Wyandottes, Anconas and Light Brahms, in one of the best locations in Fairbank.

With a chicken feed on thence Mr. Burrows says he finds it a proposition to keep his birds in good shape for each bird costs him over one cent per day to keep. One of the finest roosters, a Wyandotte prize bird, cost the owner \$50. Mr. Burrows is the poultry expert of the Earls Court fall poultry department.

consumer unless he sign a pledge to duplicate to use the greatest possible economy in the matter of paper and to observe all the regulations of the war industries board.

If by October 1 the board announces the agreed curtailments have not been observed, curtailments will be put into effect on that date.

Washington CUTS PAPER CONSUMPTION. American Publishers of Daily Journals Must Reduce Use by Fifteen Per Cent.

Washington, Aug. 5.—Paper mills have been listed as an essential industry, the priorities division of the war industries board announced today on the understanding that the greatest possible economy will be exercised in the use of paper and the newspapers will reduce their consumption of newsprint 15 per cent, on daily editions and 20 per cent, on Sunday editions. Advertising will not be affected by the curtailment on newsprint consumption. Reading matter for the purposes of the curtailment is defined by an agreement as consisting of all matter printed except paid advertisements. The schedules of curtailment are based upon a standard column of 2000 agate lines.

Because of the "absolute necessity of curtailment" of the use of paper, the statement, "the pulp and paper sections of the war industries board have ruled that during the war no new newspapers should be established."

With the exception that the curtailment of daily editions becomes effective August 15 instead of August 5, the curtailment of 20 per cent of Sunday editions becomes effective September 1.

The sliding scale of reduction in reading matter for daily and Sunday editions ranges from five per cent up to fifty columns, to sixty per cent on the curtailment of 20 per cent of Sunday editions.

Paper mills will be dealt with individually in the granting of coal priorities and will be given preference on fuel on the condition that they sign a pledge to furnish no paper to any

YORK COUNTY AND SUBURBS

Todmorden TODMORDEN HAS FINE FIELD DAY

The Results of Various Athletic Competitions Are Given.

In ideal weather the field day in connection with the war auxiliary, school section 27, Todmorden, was held in the Todmorden school grounds yesterday, and was attended by large crowds, both afternoon and evening.

W. F. Maclean, M.P. for South York, formally declared the proceedings opened, and in a short speech wished success to the enterprise. He pointed out that the war was going along all right, and that everything now looked bright for the allies and Canada.

Hon. Geo. S. Henry, minister of agriculture, complimented the members of the war auxiliary of Todmorden for their untiring efforts on behalf of the boys overseas. He dwelt on the patriotic spirit shown by the men of Todmorden in connection with the present conflict.

"Why are the men of the district absent and the women and children present in such large numbers today?" queried Hon. Mr. Henry. "The men are over in France, holding the Germans at bay, and we are cheered by the news of the past few days, which surely means that we are now on the road leading to the victorious end of the war."

Alexander MacGregor praised the war auxiliary and people of Todmorden for their loyalty and work in connection with the war. Rev. Dr. Adams, W. Graham, Dr. Galt also spoke.

A program of games and sports was successfully carried out, and each event keenly contested.

The following were the winners: Girls under 10—1, Doris Levitt; 2, Evelyn Hopkins; 3, Evelyn Kimberry; 4, Evelyn Kimberry; 5, Evelyn Kimberry; 6, Evelyn Kimberry; 7, Evelyn Kimberry; 8, Evelyn Kimberry; 9, Evelyn Kimberry; 10, Evelyn Kimberry.

Boys under 10—1, Jack Moses; 2, Will Nunn; 3, Will Nunn; 4, Will Nunn; 5, Will Nunn; 6, Will Nunn; 7, Will Nunn; 8, Will Nunn; 9, Will Nunn; 10, Will Nunn.

Boys 10 to 14—1, Billie Shields; 2, Harold Henning; 3, George Perry; 4, Harold Henning; 5, George Perry; 6, Harold Henning; 7, George Perry; 8, Harold Henning; 9, George Perry; 10, Harold Henning.

Boys 14 to 18—1, J. Wardrop; 2, L. Randle; 3, L. Randle; 4, L. Randle; 5, L. Randle; 6, L. Randle; 7, L. Randle; 8, L. Randle; 9, L. Randle; 10, L. Randle.

Girls 14 to 18—1, Gertrude Sloan; 2, Olga Pedlar; 3, Margaret Cooper; 4, Olga Pedlar; 5, Margaret Cooper; 6, Olga Pedlar; 7, Margaret Cooper; 8, Olga Pedlar; 9, Margaret Cooper; 10, Olga Pedlar.

Boys 18 to 21—1, J. Wardrop; 2, J. Wardrop; 3, J. Wardrop; 4, J. Wardrop; 5, J. Wardrop; 6, J. Wardrop; 7, J. Wardrop; 8, J. Wardrop; 9, J. Wardrop; 10, J. Wardrop.

Girls 18 to 21—1, J. Wardrop; 2, J. Wardrop; 3, J. Wardrop; 4, J. Wardrop; 5, J. Wardrop; 6, J. Wardrop; 7, J. Wardrop; 8, J. Wardrop; 9, J. Wardrop; 10, J. Wardrop.

Returned soldiers—Pte. J. Sloan and Pte. J. Sloan. Cost race—1, J. Moses and Mrs. Swackhammer; 2, M. Perry and Mrs. Duffy.

Refreshments were provided by the war auxiliary and the band of the G.O.B. furnished the musical program. Dancing was also a feature. Philip Pedlar presided.

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