# GERMANS AND AUSTRIANS ARE HURLED BACK BY RUSSIANS

## RUSSIANS ARE FORCING GERMANS TO FALL BACK

### Confirmation Received of Important Victories Over Both Germans and Austrians—Invaders Occupy Large Section of East and South Prussia.

Canadian Press Despatch.

LONDON, August 26.—The Russian general staff assert that their armies continue on the offensive, in an official communication published today, and its contents telegraphed to Reuter's Telegram Company by its correspondent in St. Petersburg.

Dated August 25, the communication says:

"Austrian rear guards supported by artillery attempted to hamper our march on the River Sereth in the region of Tarnopol, but after a series of fights they were repulsed.

"We continue to act on the offensive. We have taken numerous wagons, two quick-firing guns and much ammunition. To the south of Gronbeschove, we brought down an Austrian aeroplane, killing two officers and wounding a third. Our cavalry destroyed railway communication across the bridge near Kamenka, on the front.

**Germans Retreat.**

"In East Prussia the German army beat a retreat by forced marches. Part of this army is concentrating at the fortress of Konigsberg. The Germans abandoned without having fired a shot a position previously fortified on the River Angerapp. The roads beyond the Angerapp are strewn with cartridges, shells and knapsacks thrown aside by the enemy with the object of helping their retreat.

"Our troops occupied the Towns of Insterburg and Angherburg (32 miles south of Insterburg, East Prussia). On August 23 and 24 in the region north of Kedenburg we fought a successful, but sanguinary engagement with important forces of Germans. In the same region the German twentieth army corps, consisting of three legions, occupied the fortified positions of Orlau and Frankenau.

"On Sunday and Monday our troops, facing entrenchments and wire entanglements, attacked these positions, using hand grenades and bayonets. Towards 11 o'clock the German army corps was enveloped by us on the left flank and fled to Osterode (18 miles northeast of Goettingen, in the Province of Hanover, abandoning several cannon, quick-firing guns, ammunition cases and prisoners."

**OCCUPY BIG AREA.**

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The Russian embassy is in receipt of telegrams from the general staff at St. Petersburg, which announce fresh Russian victories against both Germany and Austria.

These messages declare that Russian troops now occupy the whole of the eastern and southern half of Eastern Prussia.

**ON TO POSEN.**

LONDON, Aug. 26.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Co. from St. Petersburg says that the Russian chief of staff announces that since Sunday the Russian invasion of Galicia and Prussia continued uninterruptedly along the wide front. While the Russian right wing was invading Prussia and the left wing entering Galicia, the Russian centre, composed of the great bulk of the Russian army, is believed to be marching silently but with terrible force on Posen.

**PRECIPITATE RETREAT.**

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The Times' St. Petersburg correspondent says that the Germans, who retreated by forced marches after their defeat by the Russians at Gumbinnen, are assembling a part of their forces at Koenigsberg. The Germans in their retreat left behind them many guns, machine guns, caissons and prisoners.

"The question now is whether the German forces can escape and how long the Russians will take in occupying the territory east of the River Vistula. There they will find strong German defences.

**Russia's Great Prowess.**

"The Germans at Gumbinnen had all the advantages of numbers and position. It was a clear case of the best man winning. Russia was the best.

"The Russian losses include representatives of all the noblest families in the empire.

"The Grand Duke Dimitri Pavlovitch and the Princes John and Oleg Constantinovitch, who are subalterns in the Horse Guards, rode in the terrible charges which will forever be a glory to their regiment and the Russian army."

## GERMAN RED CROSS SHOT THE WOUNDED

### Pretended to Care for Belgians, But Shot Them Instead.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The Ostend correspondent of The Daily Mail telegraphs: "This city successfully defended itself against an attack on Tuesday, but it undoubtedly will succumb to the next onslaught, as the force of defenders is small, consisting only of 200 gendarmes, who, however, are well entrenched.

"Tuesday's attack was made by way of Thielt. The Germans kept up a continuous fire from four to six o'clock in the morning, resulting in the loss of only forty Belgians killed and wounded. The Germans suffered more severely. Several German prisoners were taken. One German, who wore the badge of the Red Cross, was shot at noon on the charge that he had gone over the battlefield shooting Belgian wounded while ostensibly treating them."

## BELGIANS DROVE OFF SQUADRON OF UHLANS

Canadian Press Despatch.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—A despatch to the Havas Agency from Ostend, says that a squadron of Uhlans with quick-firing guns have seized a railroad station near Ostend. They carried away the station safe, blew up a portion of the track and left in the direction of Ostend. At Snaeskerke bridge, Belgian gendarmes in automobiles and on bicycles came up with and engaged them. After an hour's fighting the Uhlans fled, carrying away seven dead. The Belgians had six men killed and two wounded.

(ADVERTISEMENT.)

## HOW TO STOP STOMACH TORMENT

Sound Advice From a Well-Known Physician.

Men and women who suffer from what they call Dyspepsia, Indigestion, or just plain "stomach trouble" usually seek regular relief in the form of some pepsin pill or tablet, or other artificial digestant. This, experience teaches me, is a serious error. In nine cases out of ten, the distress is caused by the development of acids in the stomach—formed by the fermenting of the food. Instead of a digestant being required, something should be taken to dissolve or neutralize this acidity, when normal digestion will follow as a matter of course. This acid matter is distinctly poisonous and unless it is dissolved, digestion merely carries the mass of fermenting food from the stomach to the intestines, where its poison is absorbed by the blood and carried all over the body.

If all the great army of people who suffer after nearly every meal would make it a point to take a teaspoonful of Bisurated Magnesia in a quarter glass of water after each meal, there would be no formation of acidity and consequently no distress or discomfort. Sour acid, gassy stomach, heartburn, belching, bloating, etc., would then be a thing of the past. "Bisurated Magnesia" is a physician's prescription. It is inexpensive and can be obtained at any drug store. It is prepared for just such trouble and the best proof of its efficacy is that it will stop the sharpest, biting stomach distress in five minutes from the time it enters the stomach, simply by dissolving the acids that have been formed there. Its action is absolutely harmless.

## PRUSSIANS FAILED TO TAKE NANCY

### French Embassy at Washington Reports Enemy Unable to Stop Movement.

Canadian Press Despatch.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—The French embassy today received the following despatch from its foreign office, dated yesterday:

"The movement begun yesterday by the commander-in-chief has been followed all day with the greatest method and the enemy is unable to stop it. It is confirmed that the army corps of the Prussian Guards was much exhausted. The Prussian Guard was attacked terrifically by the Algerians and suffered great loss. The Prussian attack against Nancy was unsuccessful. The Belgians coming from Emberse have been able, by an energetic offensive movement, to recapture Malines and to push back the Germans to Vilverve.

"The Russians are following with great energy their move in Galicia and routed a cavalry division. The Serbs have routed the Austrians from Chibets and their own territory.

"The spirit of the population remains excellent. They will fight to the finish."

## BELGIAN ROYAL FAMILY SEEK SECRET SHELTER

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The Belgian royal family will abandon the temporary palace, establishing themselves in a secret place in the city as a result of the attack by a Zeppelin airship, according to The Morning Post correspondent at Antwerp.

"The attack," he adds, "was evidently designed against the royal family. The warrior of the air stole silently over the forts outside the city against which no assault was made and steered toward the palace, where it dropped six explosive bombs. None found the mark exactly, tho all landed within the palace grounds. One narrowly escaped wrecking the Antwerp cathedral and three found human victims."

## AMERICANS ADVISED TO RETURN AT ONCE

ROME, Aug. 26.—The American embassy, thru the consuls, has advised all Americans in Italy to return home now while communications between Europe and the United States are free. Later, it is said, complications may arise rendering transportation difficult. The warning adds: "Americans doing otherwise remain at their own risk."

## VICTORY OVER RUSSIANS CLAIMED BY AUSTRIANS

Canadian Press Despatch

BERLIN, Aug. 26.—By wireless telegraph to the Associated Press, by way of Nauen and Sayville, Long Island:

Official reports made public in Vienna and received here by telegraph say that a battle of three days' duration at Krasnick (in Russian Poland, 28 miles southwest of Lublin), ended yesterday in a complete Austrian victory.

The Russian forces were repulsed along the entire front of 70 kilometres (42 miles) and are now in full flight in the direction of Lublin.

## CANADIAN LOANS MAKE AN ADVANCE

### Circulation Down According to Bank Statement for July.

OTTAWA, Aug. 26.—A decrease of more than seven millions in liabilities, and about the same amount in assets, as compared with the June statement, is shown by the July statement of Canadian banks, issued by the finance department today.

Circulation is down by four and a half millions, demand deposits more than eight millions, and deposits outside Canada seven millions. There were notable increases in all these in the June statement. Notice deposits, which were stationary in June, are up by over seven and a half millions.

Call loans in Canada show a gain of one million, current loans in Canada two millions, and current loans outside Canada about the same. There is a drop of eleven and a half millions in call loans outside, which in the June statement recorded an increase of seven millions.

Compared with the July decrease of seven millions each in assets and liabilities, there was a thirty million dollar increase in June over May. The statement follows:

| | June. | July. |
|---|---|---|
| Circulation | $ 99,138,029 | $ 94,815,561 |
| Reserve fund | 113,369,898 | 113,381,526 |
| Dem'nd deposits | 355,006,229 | 346,854,051 |
| Notice deposits | 663,650,230 | 671,214,126 |
| Deposits outside Canada | 103,061,603 | 95,873,092 |
| Total liabilities | 1,330,488,767 | 1,322,252,452 |
| Current coin | 46,108,956 | 51,412,353 |
| Dominion notes | 92,114,482 | 90,616,856 |
| Deposits in central gold reserve | 3,050,000 | 4,400,000 |
| Call loans in Canada | 67,401,484 | 68,441,816 |
| Call loans outside | 137,120,167 | 125,545,287 |
| Current loans in Canada | 838,276,428 | 840,198,625 |
| Current loans outside | 46,186,854 | 48,013,052 |
| Total assets | 1,575,307,596 | 1,568,174,983 |

## BELGIANS PROTEST BRYAN RETICENT

### War on Women and Children by Germans Elicits No Opinion From Him.

Canadian Press Despatch.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—E. Havenith, the Belgian minister, presented a protest at the state department today against what he termed a "war against women and children"—the Zeppelin airship attack on Antwerp. Ten persons were killed, the minister stated, four of them women. Eight people were injured.

Secretary Bryan was very reticent in discussing the attitude of the United States toward such protests, and intimated that the state departmen could take no action. Reported activity of American Minister Whitlock in officially protesting to Germany was denied by Secretary Bryan.

Official despatches to the Belgian legation confirmed the result of the engagement near Malines on Aug. 24 and 25. The Belgian army, the telegram states, repulsed three divisions of Germans near Vitverde, east of the railway from Antwerp to Brussels.

## BRITAIN NEXT OBJECT OF GERMAN INVASION

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The military correspondent of The Times today says: "We and the Dutch need have no doubt that the annexation of all the north seaports from the Straits of Dover to Emden will follow a German success in the war—a success which would only be preliminary to the concentration of all German effort upon the subjugation of England."

**GOVERNOR FOR BELGIUM.**

LONDON, Aug. 26.—(6.15 a.m.)—A despatch to the Reuter Telegram Co. from Berlin, via Amsterdam, says that Field Marshal Baron Kolmar Von Der Goltz has been appointed military governor of the occupied part of Belgium and has proceeded to his post. The governor of the district of Aix-la-Chapelle has been appointed civil administrator of the same region.

ATLANTIC CITY

Cape May, Sea Isle City, Ocean City, Stone Harbor and Wildwood

ROUND TRIP FARES

$15.25 via all rail.

$13.50 via steamer to Lewiston, rail to the shore.

Children Half Fare.

AUGUST 28

Return in 15 Days

Spend your vacation at the seashore—the most economical and most enjoyable you can have. Hotels and boarding houses from a dollar a day up.

Tickets good for two weeks.

Stopover allowed at Philadelphia on return trip.

Lehigh Valley Railroad

See ticket agent at 63 Yonge Street, Toronto.

## BELIEVE LEIPZIG OFF NORTHERN COAST OF B.C.

### Activity of British Men of War Reported in Vicinity of Alaska.

Canadian Press Despatch.

KETCHIKAN, Alaska, Aug. 26.—Coal en route to this port on board the Canadian Pacific freight steamer Princess Ena, consigned to the Northland Dock Co. of Ketchikan, was seized by the British Government at Prince Rupert yesterday and is being loaded there on board the cruiser Rainbow. Fishermen say the German cruiser Leipzig is cruising about Dixon entrance and within 60 miles of Prince Rupert.

The belief that the Leipzig is off Northern British Columbia is based on reports of fishermen and the activity of British ships north of Vancouver Island.

## SUGGEST RAISING AN AFRICAN CORPS

### General Botha Named as Probable Commander — A Great Soldier.

Special to The Toronto World.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—That Great Britain in the hour of need will seek aid from other colonies than Canada, and especially from United South Africa, where are some of the finest soldiers in the world, was the opinion voiced yesterday by many Englishmen in this city. It was even declared on apparently good authority that very soon the British war office may call for volunteers from the Transvaal and the Orange River Colony, which will mean that the warlike burgher, of whom Kipling remarked there are "Few but apt in the field," will bear arms again, but this time under the flag of Great Britain and her allies.

Among other incongruities of this remarkable war, where Russian and Japanese may find themselves fighting side by side, the same Boer generals who on many fields outwitted so often, not only Sir John French, but other trained tacticians of the British army in South Africa, might receive commands with the allies. That the Boer's inherent knowledge in the art of waging war would be of inestimable value to the allies is granted by all military experts.

**General Botha Named.**

It is being advocated most strongly among Englishmen here and in Great Britain that General Louis Botha, who succeeded General Joubert as commander-in-chief of the Boer forces in the late South African war, be placed in command of a colonial division with the British army in the field. General Botha already holds the rank of honorary general in the British army, having been appointed to that rank by King George two years ago.

When the union of South Africa was effected, following establishment of peace, Gen. Botha became first premier. His administration of his office endeared him both to his own people and to the British Government.

Concerning his qualifications as a commander and leader of men any of the British generals who pitted their wits and their forces against him in South Africa will testify. Personally General Botha is a man of commanding appearance, and was spoken of as "the most handsome" of the Boer generals. He was born a British subject, his birthplace being Greytown, Natal, where he first saw the light in 1863.

In the event of a colonial force being assembled in United South Africa for service with the allies in Europe it is likely that an important command will be given to General Christian De Wet, the Free State Boer, who astonished the world with his remarkable exploits during the late war. In his history of the South African war Sir Arthur Conan Doyle said that Gen. De Wet handled his forces "with a discreet audacity which marks him as a born leader, which he afterward proved himself to be."

## STRICT ENFORCEMENT OF MARRIAGE LAWS

### Provincial Board of Health Daily Refuses Special Permits.

The clauses of the Ontario marriage law are being put to the test now that the season of fall fairs has come again. Dr. J. W. S. McCullough reports that the provincial health office is being visited daily by persons desirous of evading the new regulations and entering wedlock after a few hours on Canadian soil. The majority of the parties concerned come from over the border and are advised by ministers to proceed to the department.

Usual pleas failing as a rule, recourse has been made of late to the statement that the parties are cousins and cannot become married according to the laws of Michigan. It is the rule of the department, however, to refuse permits to all such applicants. Two such came from Ohio yesterday and requested the certificate.

The law, which ordains that one of the contracting parties must live in a town for 15 days or advertise the approaching marriage, is found to be stopping much of the complaint from the border towns, and is being rigidly enforced by the board of health.

## TRIED TO BLOW UP BIG BANK IN LONDON

Canadian Press Despatch.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—"An attempt to blow up one of the chief London banks," says The Evening News, "has led to an official warning to all banks to examine thoroly upon delivery all deep boxes deposited with them. A harmless looking deep box," the paper continues, "was presented at a London bank for deposit in the strong room. A sharp ear caught an ominous ticking, and an infernal machine was dsicovered in the box."

**ISSUE DAILY BULLETINS.**

THE HAGUE, Aug. 26.—Possibly to counteract one another, the French and German legations now issue daily bulletins on the result of the fighting. The French legation says that while the losses to the French in the fighting around Metz and Luneville were heavy, those of the Germans were heavier.

Today's German bulletin states that there is a panic at Antwerp, due to the fear of a siege by the Germans (the remainder of the bulletin was deleted by the censor at some point of transmission).

## IF OSTEND BECAME PORT OF GERMANY

### Well Equipped as Refuge and Harbor — Good Naval Base.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The Daily Mail believes that the Germans will occupy Ostend for use later as a base of operations against England. "The German movement against Ostend is of great importance and is dictated possibly by naval as well as military considerations," says the paper.

"Ostend is only 66 miles off the British coast. If the Germans establish themselves there and bring up heavy artillery, they may render it a dangerous base of operations against England. Airships acting from it could watch the channel and the Thames and carry out raids against Great Britain.

"From a naval standpoint Ostend is well equipped to serve as a refuge and harbor. If it were strongly held by land several German warships might attempt a dash thither from Wilhelmshaven and Heligoland. They then could carry out a harrassing warfare against shipping in the channel and await favorable opportunity for disembarking expeditionary forces to the British Isles.

## GERMAN SHIP CHASED WIRELESS DESTROYED

Canadian Press Despatch.

MANILA, Aug. 26.—The North German Lloyd steamer Princess Alice reached Cebu from Zamboanga today with a huge hole in her stern patched up with cement. The captain admits that after leaving Manila he tried to establish wireless connection with Yap, one of the Caroline islands, but found that the Yap station had been destroyed by the British. While speeding from Zamboanga he was chased by a British warship and barely reached port. He doesn't explain the damage to his vessel. The Princess Alice sailed from Hamburg on June 25 for Yokohama and arrived at Penang July 29.

## British Courage Rises To Meet German Foe

### *Announcement of War Losses Has Intensified Determination of Britons—No Intention of Introducing Compulsory Service Yet—Kitchener Wants Six Hundred Thousand Men.*

Canadian Press Despatch.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—Since the withdrawal of the allied armies to the defences of the French frontier, virtually no news has reached the public of the military operations in southern Belgium.

Owing to the difficulty of compiling a correct list along such an extended front, no details of the British casualties, which Premier Asquith estimated yesterday at 2000, have yet been received. This delay is increasing the distress of anxious relatives of men at the front.

The announcement of losses, however, only seems to have intensified British determination, judging from the extra work being performed by the recruiting officers today. This tenacity of purpose was further evidenced by Premier Asquith in the house of commons this afternoon, in making the announcement that he proposed to ask King George to convey to the King of the Belgians the admiration with which Great Britain regarded the "heroic resistance of his army and people to the wanton invasion of their territory, and an assurance of the determination of the country to support in every way the efforts of Belgium to vindicate her own independence and the public law of Europe."

**To Publish Atrocious Facts.**

The premier declared further that the Belgian Government were taking steps to get the established facts of German atrocities, as related in the statement given out yesterday by the Belgian minister here, to the knowledge of the whole civilized world.

The opponents of compulsory military service in Great Britain momentarily raised their heads in the house of commons today, but the premier reassured them. He said there was no intention of introducing this system. He added, however, that the secretary of war, Kitchener, needed all the recruits he could get. It was a great mistake to think, Premier Asquith declared, that Great Britain wanted only 100,000 men.

**Russians on to Posen.**

The rush of the main Russian army toward the fortress of Posen in the German Province of Posen, if true, is regarded here as the sensational news of the day. It might account for the Germans falling back in eastern Prussia.

**More Men Needed.**

There is no attempt, however, to disguise the need of more men. The war secretary wants 600,000 men, but this does not mean, the premier said, that all are destined for foreign service. But he explained that it is the intention of the government to have an effective fighting force developed, ready for any contingency. So far as the enlistment of men between 30 and 40 is concerned, the premier said, the matter has not yet been disposed of.

Q.O.R. Service Battalion

Detail will leave here Wednesday to join Service Battalion at Valcartier. Men with previous service who wish to join must report to the Orderly Room, the Armories, immediately.

R. PELLATT, Captain, Regimental Adjutant.

Pull off the airtight crown stopper and pour yourself a glass of

WHITE LABEL ALE

when you're thirsty.

It's full flavored like the finest English Ales, but extra digestible and doesn't become overcharged with gas. Try a bottle of White Label, the epicurean beverage.

Sold by dealers and hotels

DOMINION BREWERY CO., LIMITED

TORONTO

3 DAYS MORE TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE

SPECIAL 15-day 'WAR' OPPORTUNITY

**FILL OUT THIS COUPON** and send to THE WORLD Office, 40 Richmond Street West, with **$1.50, and receive** THE DAILY WORLD for the balance of the year, delivered to your door before breakfast every morning, or by mail to your rural route or postoffice address, and a **$500.00 ACCIDENT INSURANCE POLICY,** guaranteed by **THE NORTH AMERICAN ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY,** enclosed in a neat leather case, and an **IDENTIFICATION and PROTECTION TAG,** which can be attached to your keys, suitcase, purse, umbrella, or any other article of value. Both POLICY and TAG good for one year, and the **KEY REGISTRY OF CANADA, LIMITED (any branch),** will pay the finder of the article (if lost) the sum of **$1.00.** NOTE THE FACT THAT THIS OFFER IS ONLY GOOD FOR 3 MORE DAYS.

ATTACH KEYS, IF LOST TO KEY REGISTRY OF CANADA, LTD. ROOM 411, C.P.R. BUILDING TORONTO, CAN. $1.00 REWARD TO FINDER

Start sending the "WORLD" today to:

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

Also send me the Policy, Tag, etc., by first mail.

POLICY TO BE VALID FROM DATE.

.....

ed7