Calling the Boll—The Killed, Wounded and Missing of the Political Fight.

LONDON, July 16.—It is about time to cry the roll call and thad out who are killed, who wounded and who missing.

Our great electoral campaign of last week told the story of the disaster to Goshen and Dilke, and how the brave Joseph Cowan, worn out by much war, had fallen out of the manks. I had hardly sent off the letter when there came the news of the tate of Sir George Trevelyan. This was to Trevelyan's friends a surprising calamity. He had been returned without opposition for the same constituency only a lew months ago at the time of his taking office under Gladstone. Now he has appealed to his constituents as the opponent of Galstone and has been defeated by a very respectable but altogether obscure local

Trevelyan's is a curious fall. It is perhaps a more striking testimony to Gledatone s influence in Scotland than even the defeat of Goschen. Personally I feel sorry for Trevelyan, although in a political sense I cannot but be gratified by his defeat. I wish he had kept to literature mainly. If he had continued to write books as good as his "Early Years of Fox" he might have made a memorable name in lengtish letters. Now what is his record? Thus far that of a political failure.

CAUSE OF HIS OVERTHROW.

There is no use attempting to evade the tect, as his friends do, and trying to make out that he proved himself a sound statesman in Ireland. Success in at tesmanship as in war means accomplishing the work one is sent to do. Trevelyan simply failed to govern Ireland, and there is an end of the matter. He became early conscious of failure and sickened of the task and grew sour against the Irish people, as if it were a crime in them not to like coercion, or at least sit down uncomplaining nuder it One could see the evident growth of this sense of failure in I'revelyan and the too manifest signs of hittainess of spirit is engendered in him. The struggle turned his hair and board white and bowed his shoulders as with the weight of age, and Trevelyen is some years short of fifty yet. May his fate be a warning to others not to attempt an impossible task. A liberal statesman bannot govern Ireland by the agency of coercion.

HEALY ONLY WOUNDED.

I only reckon Healy-Tim Healy-as one of the wounded in this fight. Defeated as he was in South Londonderry, he polled a thousand votes more than he had at the last election, when he was put at the head of the

But this time the "No Popery" dodge and "Dismemberment of the Empire" "Dismemberment of the Empire" cry proved too much for some weak kneed Presbyterians in Derry county, and they either kept away from the polls altogether or voted against the author of the famous "Healy clause" in the Land bill. Healy will probably have a seat in Sligo, to be made vacant by Sexton's certain decision to sit for

Some one said the other day that four of the most remarkable men in the late Parlia ment ought to dine together and console each other on their absence from the new Parlia-

ment—Goschen, Dilke, Trevelyan and Healy.
We may now add a fifth very remarkable
man, although not with any of the sound, statesmanlike gitts of the men I have already gamed. I allude to Sir Robert Peel, who became a sudden and complete convert to home rule, stood as the Gladstonian candidate for a Scottish constuency, and was defeated.

## SORBY FOR PEEL.

I am sorry personally and politically for race, and among them that of Ireland of late years and rendered us splendid service in our effort to accomplich the release of one of the men wrongfully convicted of murder under Lord Spencer's reign It was, indeed, the powerful appeal of Sir Robert to Cledetone himself that invariant Cledetone himself tha indeed, the powerful appeal of Sir Robert to Gladatone himself that inspired Gladatone to throw over Sir William Harcourt and promise an inquiry, which inquiry led to the instant release of the convicted man. Peel was a very unpopular trish Secretary many years ago.

It was he who at one time got into a famous quarrel with The O'Donoghue. He called O'Donoghus a "mannikin traitor," to which

quarrel with The O'Donoghue. He called O'Donoghue a "mannikin traitor," to which O'Donoghue replied by a challenge to fight a duel. Lord Palmerston interfered, and, in the words ol Mr. Foker's servant in "Pendannia" "the fight didn't some of"

dennis," " the fight didn't come off."

Peel, however, has shown the capacity of learning a lesson from facts, which graver Senaturs have not always proved themselves to possess. He is, or was, a man of great abinty and elequence. Twenty years ago he used to thrill the House of Commons by the vigor of his passionate cratory on questions

of foreign policy.
People do not take him seriously of late.
He has changed, perhaps, rather too often and too rapidly, and he does not himself take

Many years ago Punch had a poem describing him as the "mountebank member," and Peel never took any pains to prove that he did not deserve the epithet.

Every Irishman rejoices in the defeat of the pert, purse proud, ill-tempered, vulgar Mitchell Henry. No other man, even among those who deserted the Irish cause on the field of battle, was disliked quite so much as Mitchell Henry. Otherwise he is not worth talking about, and so let him pass away, once for all into that observative which he is confor all, into that obscurity which he is cer-

tainly not qualified to adorn.

A marked triumph of Gladstone is the dafeat of the clever, andacious, buoyant Albert Grey, grandson of the great Earl Grey, who, as Charles Grey, sat at the feet of Fox, and as Lord Grey had Lord John Russell sitting

Albert Grey was one of the most active spirits in opposing Gladet me on Home Rule. Now he is defeated on his own chosen ground. We are glad, too, that Brand, son of the late Speaker, has been thrust out of Parliament. Braul's father, Lord Hampden, is now convinced of home rule, and he is a very able man. His son is not an able man by any means, and therefore gets it into his head that he is wiser than his father on the question of home rule. Parnell personally went down to oppose him in the interest of the Gladstonian candidate. Now Rrand is not "enatched from the burning," but, on the centrary, is consigned thereto.

Apropos of the expulsion of the French princes a lover of statistics has drawn up a or ignominous end. According to this authority the world has had 2,550 kings or emperors, who have reigned over 74 peoples. Of these 300 were overthrown, 64 were ferced to abdicate, 28 committed saioide, 23 became mad or imbecile, 100 were killed in battle, 123 were captured by the enemy, 25 were tortured to death, 151 were assassinated, and 108 were executed. Uneasy lies the head, indeed.

WITNESS:

Dean Sir, —You will please find enclosed a bank draft for \$235, with a list of sub

## HOME RULE ELECTION FUND.

HOWN HONN WHITE-	ſ
Previously acknowledged \$ 492 42	l
Geo. McGuire, North Unalew 1 00	L
Di Grivousia	
J. Wall	
Then Clarmor	L
Paddy from Cork 2 W	L
From a Lady Friend 5 00	ľ
John Neagle, Lachine 2 0u	L
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PAL MUTBEY WO	U
T. O Corman do IV	
Par D. MaManamy, Sherbrooke, P.Q. 235 00	1
Per Lawrence Stattery, Sheen, Oat. 51 00	ŀ
Per J. K. McGuire, Aliumette Island,	L
Per J. R. Blocketts, Miller St. 75	U
F. U.A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	
W. Doran 10 00	l
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SUBSCRIBERS TO THE IRISH HOME	ı
SUBSCRIBERS TO THE IRISH HOME	Ī
WILL BLECHON FUND, COR-	

RULE ELECTION FUND, CON TINUED.

8 494 00

Acknowledged on the 14th inst.......\$2,472 75

to day..... 494 00

82,966 73

I have now \$2,966.75 in Each to the credit of the Home Rule Election Fund.
EDWARD MURPHT, General Treasurer.

Montreal, 15th July, 1886. Montreal, 15th July, 1880.

Note.—The following names to be added to the St. Ann's T. A. & B. Society's list, the amount of which was included in the return published on the 10th inst.:—John Mc. Na ly \$5, John Cornoy \$5, M. Dinecn \$2, James Ke ly \$2, John Donnelly \$1.

James Ke ly \$2, John Donnelly \$1.

To the Editor of THE POST and TRUE WIT-

DRAR SIR, - I herewith enclose fifty-one dillers as a contribution from the Irishmen of Sheen, County Poncies. Quebec, to did our fellow-countrymen in their present just and determined effort for Home Rule. There is no disguishing the fact that the pulse of the nation abread throbs in unison with the heart of our in ther and, in her desperate struggle for her rights—her lattle is cur battle; her cause is our cause; her wrings are our wrongs; her foes are our foes—the ines at home, and even here, are just now pretty well define i—even in this free land we lately saw the hideens presence of the cloven-foot of the off-shot of the and ence or the dioven-toot of the on-shot of the traditional and hereditary enemy of our race and of civil diberty everywhere; but by way of comfort we would like to remind our opponents—the opponents of Irish Home Rule, and the would-be emasculators thereof that we are a nation abroad as well as to home; that on this continent our numbers are millions; that our cause is holy, and that our courage is tried; that the Irishmen of to-day are not the Irishmen of hity, or even twenty, years age, as witness that splendid array; that bold and solid phalanx of able and patriotic Nationalis's in the last foreign parliament, and you will fail to discover the voice of a coward or slave. We are no longersuppliants begging for a moiety of justice but a nation erect and determined—demanding the restoration of our native partiament, a parliament of which we were deprived by the basest of all means—force, fraud and bribery. Here in Canada, this land of civil and religious liberty, we are, irrespective of ruce or creed, Home Rulers; we know and appreciate its worth, and wish to see our native land enjoy the like priviwish to see our native land enjoy the like privi-lege. We notice with joy and gratitude the aid and sympathy extended to our kindred at home by good and just men here of other nationalities, but keenly and bit'erly do we feel, and long will we remember, the cruel and unjust acts of the foes of our country, in the trying and supreme hour of her need. I will conclude by wishing long life and a green old age to that truly Grand old Man, Mr. Glad-stone, and to cur noble countryman, Mr. Par-nell. This is the prayer of thousands of our race, and among them that of

Sheen, 12th July, 1886.

James Merchant., 1.00 Michael Waters., 1.00 Captain Dunbar., 1.00 Arthur Dovine... 1.00 Denis Darcy, Sr... 50 Michael Fox....
John Donnelly... Owen Jennings... M. O'Connor.... George Morris.... 1.00 Laurence Slattery 1.00 Parnell O'Connor. Wm. McDonald., Michae Hayes... 1.00 John Tapp....

B. E. McIvor... 1.00 Writiam Darcy...

John McParlan... 1.00
Timothy Sullivan... 1.00

ALLUMETTE ISLAND, Que., July 12, 1886. To the Elitor of The Post and True Witness:-DEAR Sin,—Please acknowledge receipt of \$17.75, as subscription to the frish Parliamentary Fund, for which you will insert in the columns of the True Witness the following

J. Ryan, jonr 8	1.00	J. E. McGuire. \$1.00
C. Toner	1.00	A Friend 1.00
P. Tackney		M. Cleary 1.00
F. Warren.		M. Gaffcey 1.00
W. Sarsfield		M. Cahill 0.25
G. Hicks		A. Ryan 25
T. Smith		T. Fuffy 1.00
W. Bardin	1.00	M. Kennedy 1.00
P. Lynch		W. Kelly 25
F. McGuire		l'. Frawley 1.00
T. McMalion	50	J. J. McCluiro . 1.00
I. MICHINIA		J. E. McGuire.

To the Editor of The Post and True Witness:

DEAR SIR,-Please find enclosed a bank draft for the sum of thirty three dollars towards the Home Rule election fund, being the result of a collection taken up in the Township of Shefford, including the village

of Waterloo —

COLLECTED BY JOHN CLEARY.

Rev. M. (fill. S1; Dr. Phelan, S1; Patrick Kelpyn, S1; John Dunn, S1; John Tining, S1; A. F. Savaria, S1; Charles Mitchell, S1; John Mitchell, 1; I. Fregue, M. D., S1; Hon. G. G. Stevens, S1; George Allen, S1; Bernard Hagan, S1; Patrick McGuirk, S1; Patrick Kilmertin, 50c; Thos. McMahom, 50c; Louis Bouchaud, 50c; A. Female Friend, 50c; V. McLaughlin, 50; J. H. Lefebvre, 50c; A. Friend, 25c; C. E. Coderre, 25c; A. Sympathizer, 25c; John Cleary, S1; Patrick S. Cleary, S1; Picter Dunn, S1; Michael McGuirk, S1; Michael Mahery, S1; James Maguire, S1; Nicholas Carey, S1; John S. Dunn, S1; Patrick Maguire, S1; Thos. McGowau, S1; J. P. Noyes, S1; Patrick Corcoran, S1; Thos. O'Pay, 50c; Michael Baile, 50c; E. A. Taylor, 50c; L. Jodoin, N.P., 50c; Jeter Daign ault, 25c; Navier Gibault, 25c; A. Friend, 26c; another friend, 50c; A. W. Snow, 25c, Total, S3. Total, \$33.

SHERBROOKE, 13th July, 1886. To the Editor of THE POST and TRUE

WITNESS:

being convinced of the justice of Ireland's de-mand for local government, and that her reace-ful agitation to attain that end is not regarded by intelligent people as endangering the unity

of the Empire.	-	- [					
Very t	ruly yours,	1					
	D. MOMAKANY.	- 1					
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Wm Griffith 5 00	J H Walsh 50	<u>و ۱</u>					
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HM Mulligan 2 00	M Mashan 20						
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A Friend 2 00							
Wm. Hayes 1 00							
G. T. Hall 1 00	T. E. Flaberty . 1 0	"' !					

IRELAND'S EFFORT TO OBTAIN FREEDOM AND JUSTICE.

P. Haley ..... 1 00

F. Sinuett.... 1 00 M. Hayes...... 1 (0)

MR. EDITOR .- I humbly request space in your truly valuable columns for the publica-tion of the accompanying contributions to the Home Rule Election Fund, while, in brhalf of my country, I return my sincere and heartfelt thanks to each and every individual who responded to my call, especially those triumphs are our triumphs; her defeat is who do not belong to my nationality, I return our defeat; her friends are our friends, and her them tenfold thanks for their liberal gener-

As it is evident that any braiss or fracture of the human body affects the whole frame, and as nations, like in lividuals, have their ages of youth, vigor and decay, and consequently are oft n threatened with internal as well as external calamities, it becomes evi dent that any discentent, misrule or malady affecting any portion of a nation or an empire is a source of danger and weakness to the state. And as it is universally admitted, even by our bitterest opponents, that Ireland has been mirgoverned, and should have centrel of her local affairs; and whereas she is legitimately and lawfully. through the voice of her representatives, en deavoring to procure justice without revolu-lution or bloodshed, supported by almost one-half the British freeholders, and led by the greatest of living British statesmen, who for half a century has devoted his boundless tilent and mighty energy in behalf of his country, it seems as though every loyal British subject who prides in belonging to that glorious empire should raise his pen and voice in behalf of any legitimate course or act, based upon union and justice, that would help to restore harmony.

I hope my countrymen will still persevere in their legitimate exertions in forwarding aid to that noble nursery of their famed ancestors, as history fails to relate of another nation who without revolution or human sacrifice has in the same period procured so meny reforms.

vine Providence seems to have preserved me as a living evidence to testily to the first dawn of Irclant's freedom when I first beheld The O'Gorman Mahon (The Achilles of his The O'Gorman Mahon (The Achilles of his country) canvassing the electors of Clars in behalf of the immortal O'Connell, who through no cause but that of his Christian creed and the dark penal code of Britain was excluded from their legislative assembly until the clarion voice of the "Mighty Tribune" gained the emancipation of his country.

Mythology teaches us that the mighty goddess, Minerva, was produced from the brains or torchead of Jupiter, so it would appear that every word the immortal O'Connell spoke was transformed into an

O'Connell spoke was transformed into an Irish patrict, who flocked to his standard of liberty, until at this enlightened era they form an invulnerable phalanx, and have captured the mighty Saxon legislative citadel with one of the greatest political generals of this age in the van calling on his colleagues to restore justice to Ireland, while he is sustained in his noble cause by the voice of an overwholming majority of the Christian

Hoping these few sentiments will have the desired effect of procuring the sympathy of all classes of the community in favor of just ice to a struggling people, I have the honor, sir, to remain
Your humble and obedient servant,

## COMMERCE.

Weekly Review of Montreal Whole-

Wholesale trade has assumed a midsummer character. There is a fair movement, however, while the prospects for a more healthy trade are good. Remittances are considered fair. Failures are few and unimportant.

FLOUR, GRAIN, &c.

FLOUR. -- There is no improvement in prices, the principal demand coming from local sources. Patents, Huagarian per brl, \$5.50 to \$0.69; do American do, \$5.50 to \$6.00; do Ontario do, \$1.00 to \$4.65; Strong Bakers' (American), \$4.50 to \$4.75; Strong Bakers' (Manitoban) \$4.50 to \$4.75; Strong Bakers' (Manitoban), \$4.40 to \$4.50 Strong Bakers' (Canada), \$4.05 to \$4.20; Superior Extra, \$3.80 to \$3.90; do choice, \$4.00 to \$4.10; Extra Superior, \$3.60 to \$3.70; Fancy, \$3.35 to \$3.40; Spring Extra, \$3.30 to \$3.35; Superior, \$3.00 to \$3.10; Fine, \$2.80 to \$2.85; Middlings, \$2.70 to \$2.75; Pollards, \$2.50 to \$2.60; Ontario bags (strong b.i., \$1.60 to \$1.65; do (spring extra), \$4.50 to \$1.55 do (superfine), \$1.40 to \$1.60; Olty bags (delivered), \$2.20 to \$2.25.

OATMEAL.—A fair demand for cabineal at about former prices:—Oatmoal in bbls \$4.10

about former prices :- Oatmonl in bbla \$4 10 to \$4.25 for ordinary, and \$1.35 to \$4.50 granu-lated. In sacks \$2.00 to \$2.10. Moulie \$22.00 to \$23.00 per ton. Pearl barley \$6.50 per bbl, and split pear \$3.75 per bbl. Corn-meal \$1.50 to \$1.75.

Mulifero There have been some large sales of Montreal bran during the week at \$11 country PRODUCE.
on track, sales of smaller perceis taking place at \$12 to \$12.50. One or two carloads of Western have been offering at \$10.50. Shorts stocks the market bas developed fresh

S. CARSLEY'S PRICES.

Colored Silk Plush only \$1.10 per yard; and cheekhere at from \$1.20 to \$1.25.

S. CARSLEY'S PRICES. Black [Velveteens 36c, sold elsewhere at from 40c to 41c.

S. CARSLEY'S PRICES. What are called Checked Dress Silks Sile, sold elsewhere at from 25c to 30c. These goods are not Silk, but are sold as such by some firms.

S. CARSLEY'S PRICES. Colored Satina 25c; sold e'sewhere at

from 35c to 45c. 8. CARSLEY'S PRICES. Colored Dress Silks (all Silk) 38c, much lower than Montreal regular rates. MATTER WHAT

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Montreal. Value Value Value Montreal. Montreal. Montreal. CARSLEY, S. CARSLEY, S. CARSLEY, S. CARSLEY, S. CARSLEY,

WANTED-A FEMALE TEACHER FOR an Elementary School. A Catholic preferred. For terms, salary, etc., apply to JAMES McCaffrey, Secretary-Treasurer, Vinosta Post Office, County of Ottawa. 50-2

#### DIED.

GALLIGAN.—At Amprior, July 12, 18 6, Elizabeth Gordon, beloved wife of Michael Galligan, native of County Longford, Parish of

received to the upward movement in th West. We quote prices as follows: Canada red winter and white wheat 83c to 85c, and apr ag at 84c to 85c. The shipments for week ending July 13th were 8,400 bushels to Lon don, 5,980 bushels to Liverpool and 37,426 bushels to Glasgow.

CORN, .- There is nothing reported in this market outside of the through shipping busi-ness, which has been done on the basis of about 45c laid down here duty paid. OATS -The market is dull with prices in favor of sellers. Sales have been made at

equal to 30c afloat. PEAN. - There appears to be a better feeling in peas with business reported at 693 per 66 bs. Minat. and we onote 69s to 70c.

Ryg. -There is no movement in this cereal and Trices are purely nominal, 58c being the highest price obtainable.

BARLEY.—The only business reported is

the sale of two cors of feed barley at 45c per

MALT.—Montreal malt has been sold at 85c to 90c, and Ontario is queted at 70 to 80c as to quality, duty paid.

BUCKWHEAT.—The market remains quiet, with prices the same as quoted last week, namely 480 to 500 per 48 lbs.

SEEDS.—There is a steadier feeling in sympathy with Western markets. Red clover \$6 to \$7 per bushel; Alsike \$7 to \$7 50, and timothy \$2 25 to \$2.70.

Ashes—The market is casier at \$3 90 to \$4 for first note and there is comparatively little.

for first pots, and there is comparatively little doing; in seconds the last sale was at \$3.50 Shipments are small, and receipts light. Wood .- Prices are not altered though

the tendency is to firmness; the demand continues very fair We quote:—Cape, 12½c to 13½c; Australian, 142 to 17c. Domestic, A super, 27c to 38c; B super, 22c to 24c; unassorted, 21c to 22c; fleece, 19c to 21c nominal; black, 21c to 22c.

## DAIRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER—A lot of about 150 packages creamery was sold in the country at 181c for export. As regards Eeastern Townships there is very little doing in round lots. In Western there is not much demand at the mo-ment. One lot of fine goods was sold at 13c and 13to asked for another lot. We quote:— Creamery 18c to 19c; Townships, finest, 14ho to 15c; Townships, fair to good, 13c to 14c; Mor isburg, finest, 14½c; Merrisburg, fair to good, 13: to 14c; Brockville, finest, 14½c; Brockville, fair to good, 11c to 12; Western, finest, 13c to 13½c; Western, fuir to good,

10c to 12c; low grades, So to 9c.

CHEESE—The "boom" in the cheese manket engresses the attention of the trade, and various are the comments as to the final result. We quote:--Finest, white, She to She; inest, colored, She to She; medium to fine, 70 to Se; lower grades, 5he to She.

## PROVISIONS.

PORK, LARD, &c.—There has been a material decline in the Western pork market, which has caused on easier feeling here. A mederate business on country as well as city account has been done. Sales of lard have transpired at 9 to 9 to 9 to per the for Western in pails. Smoked meats have moved off rather slowly, but prices are unelsered. We quote as follows: - Montreal short cut pork per brl, \$14 00 to 14 50; Chicago short out clear per bri, \$14 00 to 14 25; Mess pork, Western, per bri, \$13 25 to 13 50; India mess beef, per ce, \$00 00 to 00 00; Mess beof, per brl, \$00 00 to 90 00; Hams, city cured per lb, 11c to 12c; Hams, canvassed, 12½c to 13c; Hams & flanks, green, per lb, 800 00 to 00 00; Lard, Western, in pails, per lb, 9c to 9½c; Lard, Canadian, in pails, per lb. 8½c to 9c; Bacon, per lb, 10½c to 11c; Shoulders, per lb., 0 00 to 0 00; Tallow, common, refined, per lb, 4½c to 5½c.

S12.50 to \$13.50.

WHEAT.—The local market is very quiet and somewhat unsettled, the views of holders having been saking like.

having been somewhat modified by the cheek.

Assume that and an advance of figures having taken place at 132 to 1340, and some holders are saking 14c.

Hors.—The market here is quiet and un-

ask more than browers feel inclined to give.

At the moment prices are purely neminal.

MAPLE SUGAR AND SYRUP—The market keepe very quiet under a limited demand. Prices range from 650 to 800 in cans as to quality. Maple augar is quiet at' 7 je to 10c

as to quality.

Brans—There is still an absence of any movement, sales of a few small quantities are being reported at \$1.15 to \$1.25 per bushel. Car lote at 75c to \$1.00.

HAY AND STRAW — Seles of pressed hay have been made at \$12 50 per ton in oar lots. In loose hay there is a fair demand at about former quotations. Straw is quiet at \$7.00 to \$8.00 per ten.

HONEY-Bome very fine strained honey has been received here, but we have heard of no business yet. Prices are quoted at 82 to 10c.

#### FRUM.

APPLES.—Sales of new apples have been at \$4 to \$5 per bhl for good stock, inferior having brought less money. In crates, New York Astracane have been placed at \$1.50 to \$2.50 per crate as to quality.

EVAPORATED APPLES, &c. - New evaporated apples are steady with sales at 8 to 8 per lb, and o d meets with slow enquiry at 7c.

ORANGES.—The market is quiet, under a limited demand, but as supplies are in small undersal unde compass, prices are firm at \$10 to \$12 per case to \$9. In catmest there is not much doing

for Valencias, as to quality.

LEMONS.—The demand on country and city account is good, and sales during the week wheat show an advance of several cents since have been made at from \$7.50 to \$8.50 per last week. We quote No. 1 fall, 81 to \$20: box. Stocks are generally light, but the late No. 2, 79 to 80c; No. 3, 76 to 77c. The high prices curtails consumption.

during the past few days and have sold well steady demand for peas for export. Comis at \$1.25 to \$1.75 for reds and \$1.50 to \$3 for dearer, say 47 to 48:; the demand is purely vellows as to size and quentity of bunches. STRAWBERBIES -- The few berries now arriving are small and business has been done equal to that usually done at this season d during the past week at from 6 to 8he as to quality for Western berries.

California Fruit.—Apricots \$2 50 to \$6 per box, do plums \$2.50 to \$3 per box. Bartlett Pears \$5 to \$6 per box as to quality. COCOANUTS. - \$5 25 to \$5.50 per 100. PINEAPPLES. -- Scarce and prices nominal at

20 to 25, each.

#### LIVE STOCK.

MECEIPTS AND EXPORTS OF LIVE STOCK The following were the receipts of live stock at Point St. Charles by the Grand Trunk Railway for the week ended July 17:-Cattle, 1,197; sheep, 4,374; calves, 305; hogs, 328.

Exports of cattle have fallen behind last year by about 1,400 head, but are still considerably in excess of any previous year. Sheep, however, show an increase of 6,900 head. At PointSt. Charles cattle yards, business was fairly active, there being a good supply of cattle offered for which there was a fair demand from shippers at easier prices, and sales were made at from 41c to 5c per lb., live weight, for export stock. Grass cattle have been coming in freely during the past week | previously listed, and there is a fair jobbing and shows a better quality now. In butchers' | demand for other articles. cattle there was very little doing, and good beeves brought 40, while inferior stock was to lower, with sales at 30 per lb. For sheep there was an active demand, but the market was weak, and prices fell off to special to say of pulled wools, the market for lo per lb. owing to large offerings, and sales which has ruled rather quiet. Combing is of round lots were made at 30 to 40 per lb. worth from 180 to 1200; super would bring There was a good demand for hogs, and all perhaps 220 to 240, and for extra the price is

settled, offerings are rather light, and holders | prices were easier at 410 to 50 per lb | Calve were in good supply, and sales were in die at from \$2 to \$10 cach, as to quality.

> BRITISH LIVE STOCK TRADE. The condition of the British cattle trade The conducts of the first cattle trade while showing up better than a week ago when soute depression prevailed, has not improved much, but what change has have improved much. taken place has been in the right direction, Receipts from all quarter have continued heavy. At Liverpool there were large offerings and a weak demand, by: values raied higher. Prime Canadian atem went on the basis of 12 je per lb. Fair te choice grades were at 12c, poer to medium at 11c, and inferior and bulls at 8ic to 10c. lic, and inferior and sum avoge to 10; There was a large supply of sheep offered, but values were not quotably changed. The meat markets have made some improvement

TORONTO WHOLESALE MARKETS. There is no change in the market since lar

FLOUR AND MEAL.—After some variations In flour during the week, the condition of the market has almost relapsed into its for

and cornmeel is nominal. GRAIN.-Prices of both fall and spring same figures apply in the case of spring, BANANAS. -Several cars have been received Octs are scarce and wanted. There it a

local. GROCERIES -General business is quite the year. The demand for sugars continues, an I the tone the market appears to lequito as firm ... week ago. In sugar, for Canadian refined the price is 51 to 5.

Bright is hard to get, the refiners carnet supply it. Teas are moving to a moderate HARDWARE. - No special feature con noted in the metals trade since our last to view. The price of horse nails is becoming

more atoudy. Payments are fair.

HIDES AND SKINS.—An active demand for bides has caused a further stiffening in price, we now quote steers Sic, and the same for green cows, dealers paying 830 and selling at 93c. Caliskins continue quiet. Lambs and pelts are unchanged. Rough and rendered tallow are still low and very dull of sale.

PROVISIONS -About the same condition of affairs exists this week as last. Rutter is unchanged in price and recipts are equal to all demands. The cheese market has been fairly steady and 80 to 810 is still the quotation. Lard is tairly active at 93 to 94c, and eggs are in moderate request at 12c per dozen, There is a brink anquiry for hams at 12c to 124c. Dried and evaporated apples are u

Wook.-Fleece has been pretty well picked up through the country, and quotations are firm at 185 to 205 for ordinary combing, and 22c to 23c for Southdown. We have nothing the offerings were bought up quickly, but 126: to 27c.

# Lime Baking Powders Must Go.

Official Expressions-"Royal" found to be the only absolutely pure baking powder.

Governor Hill, of New York (says a reporter of the N. Y. Tribunc), says: "I have been astonished lately at the extent of the adulteration of food. It would seem that every thing we cat is adulterated. \* \* This adulteration of groceries is becoming a national evil-one that we shall have to adopt severe means to check."

The machinery of the law cannot be put at work too speedily or too vigorously against this wholesale adulteration of the things we cat. Both the health and the pockets of the people demand protection.

e There is no article of food in general use more wickedly adulterated than baking powder. The New York State Board of Health has analyzed 84 different brands purchased in the State, and found most of them to contain alum or lime, many to such an extent as to render them seriously objectionable for use in food.

The sale of adulterated baking powders has been prohibited by statute in several States. It will be in the interests of the public health when their sale is made a misdemeanor everywhere, and the penalties of the law are rigidly enforced.

The only baking powder yet found by chemical analysis to be entirely free from lime and absolutely pure is the "Royal." This perfect purity results from the exclusive use of cream of tartar specially refined and prepared by patent processes, which totally remove from it the tartrate of lime and other impurities. The cost of this chemically pure cream of fartar is much greater than any other. The high grade of the Royal Daking Powder has been fully established by official chemists.

Prof. Love, who made the analyses of baking powders for the New York State Board of Health, as well as for the Government,

certifies to the parity and wholesomeness of the "Royal." Prof. II. A. Morr, late Government chemist, says: "It is a

scientific fact that the Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure." Dr. E. H. BARTLEY, chemist of the Brooklyn Department of Health, says (April 24, 1885): "I have recently analyzed samples of the Royal Baking Powder, purchased by myself in the stores of this city, and find it free from lime in any form." -

Prof. McMurtree, chief chemist U. S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., says: "The chemical tests to which I have submitted the Royal Baking Powder prove it perfectly healthful, and free from every deleterious substance."

<sup>2</sup>Bread, cake, biscuits, etc., prepared with Royal Baking Powder will be lighter, sweeter, and more wholesome than if made with any other baking powder or leavening agent.