



THE
**MARITIME
MEDICAL NEWS**

A MONTHLY JOURNAL DEVOTED TO
MEDICINE & SURGERY

Vol. XXII.

HALIFAX,
JANUARY,

NOVA SCOTIA.
1910.

No. 1

MAKING HISTORY

The development of the "Fairchild preparations" is a part of the history of the digestive ferments in medical practice during the past thirty years.

IN 1879 the enzymes of the fresh gastric juice, in their natural association, were first presented in an active and agreeable form in **Essence of Pepsine**, Fairchild; in 1881, the first efficient pancreatic extract, **Extractum Pancreatis**, was offered by Fairchild.

In 1882, Fairchild introduced **Peptonising Tubes**, containing the proteolytic enzyme of the pancreas, for preparing peptonised milk and other foods for the sick; **Peptogenic Milk Powder**, for preparing milk for infants, followed in 1884; **Panopepton**, a peptonised, standardised, "balanced" food for the sick, in 1893.

Diazyme—Essence and Glycerole—first presented the diastase of the pancreas in a practically isolated form; in 1905, **Holadin** was offered as an extract of the entire pancreas gland, peculiarly potent in trysin, amylopsin and lipase.

In **Enzymol**, obtained from the fresh gastric cells, the gastric juice is made available for external application.

The pancreas ferments were utilised as "surgical solvents," and first proved to be capable of hypodermatic use, by means of the "Fairchild" products.

FAIRCHILD BROS & FOSTER

New York

THE MEDICAL LIBRARY OF TORONTO