

period. They are not compactly located, but scattered over a territory a hundred miles in length by sixty in breadth; the southern point is about forty miles above Detroit, Michigan, on the western side of the river.—*Burrill's Christian Citizen*

HORRIBLE MURDER AT CHORLTON-CUM-HARDY, NEAR MANCHESTER.—On Wednesday evening, in the village of Chorlton-cum-Hardy, two men quarrelled under the influence of drink; one stabbed the other to the heart, and instantaneous death was the result. The deceased was a small farmer and market gardener, resident in the village; and the murderer, a mechanic of the Leeds Railway Company, his wife keeping a beer-house, wherein the tragedy took place, of which he was the villainous perpetrator. He did not attempt to escape, but remained at the scene, expressing his regret at what he had done, until the arrival of a constable from Salford police station.

GLASGOW MUSICAL GIN SIPS.—In renewing licenses for the current year, the Magistrates unreservedly disapprove of the principle on which the business of these establishments is carried on— attracting great numbers of persons in the evening, by musical entertainments, for the purpose of disposing of liquor. But they agree to renewal on the following conditions:—That no business is carried on at any time on Sunday. That no person, apparently under sixteen years of age, is received or entertained. That no gambling by what is called "Skatles," or otherwise, is carried on. That dancing is not permitted, &c.

FATHER MATHEW A BISHOP.—The election of a Roman Catholic Bishop for the diocese of Cork, in the room of the late Right Rev. Dr. Murphy, took place in Cork, last month, when the following were nominated:—First on the list, Very Rev. T. Mather, Cork; 2d. Very Rev. W. Delany, Brandon; 3d. Very Rev. T. Barry, Bantry. The selection will, no doubt, afford the adherents of Father Mathew, Catholic and Protestant, great satisfaction; and there can be little doubt that his holiness the Pope, whose hands the ultimate decision rests, will confirm the choice of the majority of the clergy.—*Irish paper.*

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Bank of Montreal, the president announced that the bank had divided 7 per cent. for the last year, and that "the rest" contained at £75,000, besides a contingent fund calculated to cover all losses. The prosperity led the meeting to resolve to apply to parliament for leave to increase their capital to one million, the present amount being £750,000. A thousand pounds were voted to the president, the Hon. P. McGill, who, at a meeting of the new board, was re-elected president, and T. B. Anderson, Esq., vice-president.—*Witness.*

The City Bank has also resolved to apply for an increase of capital stock, to the extent of £200,000. £400 was presented to the president, John Frothingham, Esq.

The Quebec Bank has also resolved to apply for an addition of £50,000.

The forty-seventh annual meeting of the Church Missionary Society was held on the 4th May, in Exeter Hall, London. The receipts for the past year were £116,627. The report, on this score, was cheering. The great difficulty had been to obtain fresh recruits for the missionary field.

The usual annual meeting of the British and Foreign Bible Society took place on 5th May, also at Exeter Hall; the marquis of Cholmondeley in the chair. The entire receipts of the year were £117,440, being an increase on the previous year of £16,134 3s 3d, and nearly £6000 over any year previous.

The Naval and Military Bible Society held its sixty-seventh anniversary on the 6th May. Its object is to supply sailors and soldiers with the Scriptures. During the past year there have been distributed 16,071 Bibles and Testaments by this society, some for the same period, £2553.

The Irish Society of London, for promoting religious and general instruction amongst the Irish, in their native language, was held on 6th May. The number of schools is 700, and the number of pupils is increasing. The receipts during the year was £661 6s 9d.

The annual meeting of the Sunday School Union was held at Exeter Hall on the evening of 6th May. The report was interesting. The receipts were £1575; expenditure, £1772. The sale of books and libraries during the year were £3752.

The Congregational Union of England and Wales held its usual meeting 11th May. The collection for British missions for the past year amounted to £1411.

A decided improvement is reported in the manufacturing dis-

tricts of Great Britain, consequent upon the great fall of wheat, which is represented to have amounted to from 10s to 12s, and in some cases 18s, per quarter, in the manufacturing towns. This change in the corn market was sudden and unexpected, and the fine weather tended still further to depress prices.—*Witness.*

Food riots have been frequent in England, and as a general election is impending, it is much feared that the opportunity will be seized for formidable disturbances. This fear will, it is thought, cause the election to be postponed until after harvest. Somerset and Devon are in a state bordering upon insurrection. Mothers, when they behold their starving babes, grow frantic; and the cry—"Better die by the law than by hunger"—uttered by a famishing female at Taunton, whilst attempting to break into the millers' stores, appears to find an echo in many breasts.—*Ibid.*

The Rev. Dr. Chalmers was found dead in bed on 31st May. He was to have spoken next day at the Assembly of the Free Church. A physician pronounced death to have ensued from apoplexy.

The Ten Hours' Factory Bill has passed both houses. The amendments of the lords to the Irish Poor Law Bill have been reluctantly accepted by the commons and government.

Disease and crime, in Ireland, were both on the increase, but the prospects for the future crops were excellent.

The Times is thundering against the railways as the cause of the prevailing monetary derangement.

The earl of Clarendon is the new viceroy for Ireland. The civil war in Portugal appeared to be drawing to a crisis, and that unfavourable to the royal cause, when the British government interfered to suppress the civil war there, and uphold the queen's authority. This armed intervention has called forth indignant remonstrance from several members of parliament and influential journals.

Spain continues to be agitated by contending factions, especially in Catalonia. The shots fired at the queen are exciting much inquiry. Some persons of importance are thought to be implicated.

There is nothing of much moment from Mexico. The Montreal Courier suggests that all the railroads of the province should be owned and managed by government. Other city papers have taken up the subject, and it is likely to be considered. The suggestion is admitted to be a most important one.

O'Connell is dead. He died at Genoa on the 15th May last. He was on his way to Rome.

THE NEW LICENSING SYSTEM.—We understand that on Sunday last, on account of the new regulations of the magistrates as to licenses being rigidly enforced by the police, there was a marked change observable in the appearance of the streets, and in the conduct of those of the working classes in the poorer localities of the city who have been accustomed to morning dram-drinking. All spirit shops being shut for the day, scarcely a single person was to be seen the worse of liquor, with the exception of those of the middle classes who could afford to go to the better class of taverns. The police were more than usually watchful, and notwithstanding that the hotels and taverns did a roaring business, the streets were quiet, and free from riot or disorder. In the Gorbals district, we are informed, that although Superintendent Richardson and his officers had been on the alert from six o'clock in the morning till twelve at night, they could not find a single publican violating the rules laid down by the magistrates; and in Glasgow and the other districts, where equal attention was bestowed, no cases were made out against the publicans.—*Glasgow Chronicle.*

MONTREAL PRICES CURRENT.—JUNE 28.

ASHES—Pots. 25s 0d a 25s 6d	PEARL - per min. 5s 3d a 5s 6d
Pearls 25s 3d a 25s 9d	BEER per 200 lbs.—
FLOUR—	Prime Malt (do) 60s 0d a 00s 0d
Canada Superfine (per hrl.	Prime . . (do) 50s 0d a 00s 0d
196 lbs.) . . . 37s 0d a 37s 6d	PORK per 200 lbs.—
Do Fino (do) 35s 0d a 36s 3d	Mess - 100s 0d a 102s 6d
Do Extra (do) 00s 0d a 00s 0d	Prime Mess 60s 0d a 82s 6d
Do Middling, none	Prime . . . 72s 6d a 00s 0d
American Superfine	BUTTER per lb. . . . 0d a 0d
(do) 00s 0d a 00s 0d	
Wheat, U. C. Best,	
(per 60 lbs.) . . 3s 0d a 3s 6d	