

therefore separately catalogued, in such a way as to be easily identified on it. Places beyond the limits of the map in question, are so described as to enable them to be recognized either on existing maps or on the ground.

The meanings given for the Indian names of places are such as I was able to obtain, but may not in all cases be accurate. In many instances the Indians themselves do not know what the names mean, and in others it was found difficult to understand the explanations given by them.

I am indebted to Mr. J. W. Mackay, Indian agent at Kamloops, for several interesting contributions, which will be found embodied in the following pages; also for his courtesy in replying to many questions which have occurred in the course of the preparation of the matter for this paper.

The orthography here employed in rendering the native names, is identical with that previously adopted by the writer in his "Notes and Observations on the Kwakwaka'wakw People" ('Trans. Royal Soc. Can.,' vol. v) and in other papers.

The name Shuswap, the usual anglicised form of Shoo-whā'-pa-mooh,¹ that of a tribal division, is in this paper employed to designate all the Salish people of the southern inland portion of British Columbia, bounded on the east by the Kootenaha, on the north by the Tinneh, and westward by various tribes of the Lower Fraser and coast. It is inconvenient to designate the people collectively as the Salish of British Columbia, as the Salish affinities of several tribes on the side of the coast have now been clearly shown.

TRIBAL SUBDIVISIONS.

The name of the Shuswaps for themselves, or for Indians in general as distinguished from other peoples, is *Koo'-li-mooh*, "the people," or, perhaps more strictly, "mankind." They are divided into numerous village-communities, of which a number, though by no means a complete list, is given on a later page. The existence of many small dependent villages or hamlets with names of their own, renders it very difficult to make a satisfactory enumeration of the numerous septs. Superior to these, however, five principal divisions, depending on differences of dialect, and recognized as such by the natives themselves, exist among the people of Salish stock in British Columbia. These are given below, together with some notes on the limits of each, which, however, are to be regarded merely as in further explanation of the map upon which the boundaries are drawn. These boundaries nearly correspond with those given by Dr. Boas on the map accompanying his report, but the scale of that map is too small and the geographical features too indeterminate to enable the sub-divisions to be shown with precision. On the earlier map which accompanies the "Comparative Vocabularies of the Indian Tribes of British Columbia" no attempt was made to show the precise lines of division.

1. *Shoo-whā'-pa-mooh* (*Sū'-Quapmaq*, Boas; *Se-huapm-uh*, Mackay.) These are the Shuswaps proper, from whom the name here applied to the group of related tribes is

¹ *Shuswap*, as written by Mr. Mackay, is, as he urges, no doubt nearer to the true pronunciation. *Shushwap* as employed by Dr. Boas in the heading of his article above cited, is yet another variant. As, however, none of these forms can lay claim to accuracy, and the name is here employed merely as a general designation, I do not feel justified in adding to the confusion which already exists in the matter by changing the orthography long established on the maps.