

The Weekly Monitor

Featuring the
News of
Annapolis and
Digby
Counties

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BRIDGETOWN, ANNAPOLIS COUNTY, N. S., WEDNESDAY, MAY 18, 1921

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RED CROSS ORGANIZATION

Officers Elected at Meeting Held in Bridgetown on Last Wednesday

A meeting for organization of Annapolis County in the Red Cross Membership Enrollment Campaign was held in the Board of Trade rooms, Royal Bank Bldg., Bridgetown, Wednesday, May 11th.

Representatives from the various County towns were present.

On motion Dr. Armstrong, Medical Health Officer, was elected temporary Chairman and Mrs. D. Owen, of Annapolis, Secretary.

A letter of regret was read from Dr. Chisholm, of Prov. Health Dept., stating that owing to illness he had been obliged to return to Halifax.

After some general discussion of the following County officers were elected:

President, Dr. Armstrong, Bridgetown; Secretary, to be filled by appointment by President.

Executive Committee: Mayor Warren, A. A. Dechman, M.D., Bridgetown; L. R. Morse, M. D., H. H. Whitman, Lawrenceport; Mayor Darling and Dr. Sponagle, Middleton; F. C. Whitman and C. C. King, Annapolis Royal.

It was decided that the various towns have a supervision over the adjoining rural sections and that the matter of soliciting members be given to the school teachers in the country sections and that an endeavor be made to get at least a membership fee (\$1.00 from every family in the County.

In the larger centres the Women's Institutes and other organizations will undertake the work.

Sixty per cent. of money collected is to be used in the County for public work: County Health Nurse, School work, etc.

Advertising matter and literature explaining the peace programme and crusade for good health that is to be carried out will be distributed at once, so that every person in the County may know before being asked for their dollar, all about it.

We believe Annapolis County will give a ready response to this crusade.

IS CANADA TO BAR THE DOOR?

Under the above title the Employers' Association of Manitoba has issued in pamphlet form a small folder dealing with the restrictions that the Canadian Government has placed on immigration, pointing out that any excess in unemployment at the present time, is due to the fact that the public stopped buying goods made dear by too high a cost of production in which labor largely figures and that Canada needs new people, not only on the farms, but in all lines of industrial activity where it is now almost impossible to get men to do the great amount of necessary rough labor to keep the wheels of industry moving.

What would Canada have done in ten years without immigration? Where will Canada be if the results show before the Ottawa House that all immigration be suspended until a normal condition of affairs is established is considered? asks the writer. "Lobbyists have been busy at Ottawa for some time, picturing before the members, the fearful results that will likely follow if Canada does not bar the door of immigration. There is abundance of work in Canada and there will be plenty for everybody to do—immigrants and all—for years to come. The present difficulty is that labor and capital will not gamble on the high cost of production, and therefore, it is not the scarcity of work that is causing the trouble but the scarcity of capital.

The propaganda that Labor leaders have been spreading in the Labor Press is of an entirely selfish and class distinction. The phase of the immigration question considered by them is how will immigration affect labor supply, or to be more concrete, how will it affect wages? Labor leaders speak of possible immigration aggregates that will likely flood Canada, but they never eliminate the 30 to 40 per cent of women, school children, and under, included in immigration totals, that do not enter the labor market. Statistics show that of every twenty male immigrants over 21 years of age, the average is about three skilled laborers, ten unskilled workers,

and the other seven of professional and miscellaneous occupations."

"There is a general impression that the only immigrants Canada needs are those going directly on the farms. That may be true but will the immigrant coming to Canada go directly to the farm? Mr. W. S. Bennett, member of the United States Immigration Commission, who worked two and half years investigating the question of immigration abroad, challenges any statement that the cities are the wrong place for the immigrant as far as the immigrant is concerned."

"Mr. Bennett goes on to say that the Immigration Commission found the fact to be that 98 per cent. of the immigrants in a general way and sometimes very specifically, know what employment they are going into before they leave their homes, their wives and other dependents. He has an opportunity in the first few months, to gain a wider knowledge of Canadian conditions from people of his own birth who are all ways to be found in the cities and towns if when the immigrant first lands he is not trained or even equipped to go out on the prairies to settle down and get a living from the soil, what is the use of sending him out there to become a disgruntled and dissatisfied citizen? Immigration is a problem of great consequence to the people of Canada today. Immigration has a great influence on industry and on our prosperity which is the basis of revenue for the government. The public generally, should seriously protest against any government action which would prevent the entry of desirable immigration into Canada. A constructive policy of selective immigration is needed and it is up to Canada to establish a constructive policy based on a careful examination of conditions here and abroad to the end that it may safeguard our interests and promote the general welfare, regardless of any one class."

Certainly there are people who should not be permitted to come into the country, because in the very nature of things their admittance means conflict and radical social disturbance in our midst. Canada already has its share of this class.

REGULAR MEETING IRRIGATION CLUB

A Good Program Enjoyed by the Members and Their Guests. Business Session Held.

A pleasant meeting of the above club was held in the Recreation Hall last Friday evening. After a dinner had been served the following programme was greatly enjoyed by the members and their guests. Opening speech by the President, O. S. Dunham.

Song—Capt. E. H. Lewis. Speech—A. F. Hiltz.

Song—Coun. J. S. Moses. Recitation—Ex-Mayor MacKenzie. Forecast of the Season's Apple Crop—Wm. Miller.

Vocal Trio—A. C. Charlton, N. E. Chute, E. C. Hall.

An address intitled "How to Put a Worm on a Hook—A. F. Little. The Science of Chiropractic—M. W. Graves.

How to Drive a One-Ox Team—A. S. Williams. Recitation from Drummond—Capt. E. H. Lewis.

Whistling Solo—Percy Chute. A True Story—C. B. Longmire. Labor vs. Capital—John Myers.

Running Times by Number—N. E. Chute.

After the programme a short business session was held, during which votes of thanks were extended to Messrs. Hiltz and Myers, also to the entertainment committee, including the cooks and waiters.

Arrangements were made for the annual outing at Karsdale to be held during the month of July.

Another feature of the evening was an unanimous vote to extend an honorary membership to Commodore W. A. Chute, of Bear River, and the President was authorized to convey the same to him in writing.

THE SECOND SPRAY

By G. E. Sanders

This spray should be applied immediately before the blossoms open and in most seasons is the most important spray in Nova Scotia apple orchards.

This is the spray that must be depended upon to control the Green Fruit Worm, which will start feeding on the leaves while the blossoms are out. When applied under high pressure it is as effective as the first spray in the control of the bud-moth and it is of considerable value in the control of the codling moth, since a large proportion of the codling moth larvae feed for a time on leaves before attacking the fruit.

The second spray has to protect the leaves, blossoms and young fruit from apple scab and other fungus diseases over the blossom period until the third or calyx application of spray or over a longer interval than between any other sprays or dusts, and for this reason should be very thoroughly applied.

If liquid is used from 100 to 150 gallons per acre should be applied and the pressure kept above 200 lbs. The formula for the second spray is 3 lb. blue stone, 10 lb. arsenate of lime and 1 lb. arsenate of lime to 40 gallons of water.

If dust is used an extra quantity should be applied. Say over 50 lbs of copper arsenic dust per acre or over 75 lbs. of sulphur lead arsenate dust per acre.

Drop a post card to the Dominion Entomological Laboratory, Annapolis Royal, N. S., for a spray or a dust calendar or special information regarding spraying.

DAYLIGHT SAVING

(Ottawa Journal)

The clocks were turned ahead an hour on Saturday night, and until next autumn the people of Ottawa will enjoy daylight saving. The verb is apt, because that extra hour means much to city dwellers. They are not so selfish, however, as to be insensible to the opposition which many farmers assert against this measure, and sincerely wish it were otherwise. They regard it as wholly due to misunderstanding.

If those who live outside the city do not care to accept the change involved in moving the hands of the clock an hour ahead, all they have to do is to leave the clock alone. They live and work under such circumstances of personal independence that each farmer might be said to be head of a little kingdom of his own. He fixes his hours of toil to suit himself, gets up when he likes,

works as long as he likes, and goes to bed when it suits him.

Even in the city there are people who do not clearly understand daylight saving. They hold that it compels them to get up an hour earlier every morning, and they grumble about it as though it were a fact.

What would happen to such people if they ever went to live in Great Britain, where they would be required to get up five hours earlier every morning, can only be conjectured. No doubt there were individuals who were so sincerely disturbed when scientific men began to teach that the earth was round. Even under standard time it is quite unavoidable that those who live at the eastern end of the zone must get up, an hour earlier, by the sun, than do those at the western end.

The lesson to be learned is that all clock time is arbitrary, and we certainly could not get along only using sun time.

MARINE

Schooner Neva, Captain R. J. Anthony, was ready to sail from Boston on Saturday for Bear River.

Stmr. Empress, Capt. McDonald, resumed the regular service on the Digby-St. John route last Friday.

The schooner Mayflower, Captain Daniel Desmond, with lumber from Parrsboro for Boston, put into Portland, Me., for a harbor April 27.

Both the Boutiller steamers—the Frances Boutiller and the Centreville—are now tied up in Digby. The latter has been there all winter and the former arrived Tuesday night.

Elmer Lewis, of Port Lorne, Annapolis, has shipped as mate of the four-masted schooner Cutty Sark, Captain C. F. Granville, which is bound to St. John's, Nfld. Four seamen, also from Port Lorne, have signed on this vessel.

Turn schooner Ononette, Captain Longmire, which went from St. John, in ballast, to New York, rather than accept the low freight rates on lumber, arrived at her destination on Sunday and will return to St. John with cargo of hard coal.

F. W. Pickles, of Annapolis, has sold for the owners the tern schooner Peacecland to Captain Medley Blenkhorn, Captain C. W. Blair and others of Parrsboro. The Peacecland is a fine vessel of 201 tons register, built in 1919 and classed for thirteen years. For the present she will be employed in the coasting trade.

Making the second former Annapolis Royal three-masted schooner to be reported lost within a week, advises state that the Edna V. Pickles became water-logged off St. Andrew's Bay, Florida, and sank, the crew abandoning the vessel after all efforts to save her proved useless. The other schooner was the C. W. Mills reported destroyed by fire in southern waters. Both vessels were sold parties in the south, but retained their Canadian registry. The Mills was bound from Pascagoula for Havana, lumber laden. Crew saved.

WEST INGLESVILLE

House-cleaning is the order of the day.

Miss Marjorie spent a few days last week with her friend, Miss Madeline Lake, of Lawrenceport.

Mr. Isaac Durling recently purchased a new play yoke of oxen from Mr. Leslie Strong, of Upper Granville.

Mr. Fred Durling, of Paradise, spent Sunday last with his brother and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Zebulon Durling.

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Banks and sons, Gerald and Edwin, spent Sunday, May 8th, at the home of Mr. Leonard Banks.

Mrs. Rosie Stark, of Clarence, and Miss Nina Banks, of Lawrenceport, spent May 1st at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur.

We welcome to our community, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Gibson and family, who lately purchased the home of Mr. Elmer McGill.

Mr. and Mrs. Primrose Durling, of Philadelphia, Pa., are spending their vacation with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. John McGill and Mr. and Mrs. Zebulon Durling.

When a woman begins to lose her eyesight she makes an ideal chaperon.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

MONTHLY MEETING TOWN COUNCIL

Crescent Lodge Asked For Concession For an Oddfellows' Home, If Erected in Bridgetown

The regular monthly meeting of the Town Council was held in the council chamber, Friday evening, May 6th, at 8 o'clock, Mayor Warren in the chair.

Councillors present:—J. S. Moses, A. A. Dechman, A. L. Anderson, H. B. Hicks, C. B. Longmire, C. A. Bent.

The Clerk read the minutes of the last regular meeting of the council, which were confirmed.

The following bills were presented and on motion ordered paid:

Bureau of Vital Statistics \$ 2.50
J. H. MacLean 12.88
Albert Morse 5.50
Time Sheet for month of April 240.45

J. F. Goldsmith's bill under the N. S. T. A., King vs. Frank Keylman, was referred back to the finance committee and the clerk is authorized to act as said committee recommends.

The following resolution was passed unanimously:

Whereas, the sum provided for town purposes is becoming exhausted.

Therefore resolved, that for the purpose of defraying the additional current expenditures of the town of Bridgetown, which have been duly authorized by the council, the council do hereby effect a temporary loan from the Royal Bank of Canada for the sum of \$7,000, and that the Mayor and the Town Clerk be and they are hereby authorized to execute in the name and under the corporate seal of the town of Bridgetown the agreement with the said bank in relation to said loan, which has been presented to this meeting and is hereby approved.

A delegation from Crescent Lodge of Oddfellows consisting of Capt. W. R. Longmire, and O. S. Dunham, Editor of the Bridgetown Monitor, addressed the council, stating that the Grand Lodge of the Maritime Provinces were about to erect an Oddfellows' Home, some \$50,000 navy-bent contributed for that purpose. They asked the council if they thought that some concessions would be granted such a home, if erected in Bridgetown or vicinity.

His Worship, the Mayor, and members of the Town Council gave the committee a very pleasant reception and listened to the addresses with much interest.

On motion of Councillor Hicks, seconded by Coun. Anderson, the following resolution was passed unanimously:

Resolved, that this council is of the opinion that as soon as further information is received they would be very willing and anxious to hold out every possible inducement towards encouraging the building of an institution of this kind in Bridgetown or vicinity.

Charles DeWitt appeared before the council complaining that his appeal from his income tax had not been granted.

Moved by Coun. Hicks, seconded by Coun. Dechman and passed that the matter be referred to the Assessment Appeal Court committee and that they report at the next regular meeting of the council.

It was moved, seconded and passed, that a vote of thanks be extended to Mr. Wm. R. Calder, who presented to the town through the Women's Institute a large Canadian Ensign to be used on public occasions.

The street committee reported favorably re cement sidewalks on Queen St. The matter was left in the hands of the street committee to further the good work.

The committee appointed to look up a suitable person to act as Vendor for the town of Bridgetown recommended Mr. John MacDonald.

Moved by Coun. Anderson, seconded by Coun. Hicks and passed that the said John MacDonald be appointed Vendor at the rate of \$200 per year for the remainder of the council's term.

On motion council adjourned.
J. E. LLOYD
Town Clerk.

THE CRUSADE FOR GOOD HEALTH

Many people wonder why the Red Cross did not stop its work when the war ended. That was what it did after the South African War, and it was expected to do the same after the great war. But the Red Cross was not to be allowed to stop, it

was destined to take on the new obligations of a peace time programme, even before it had completed its war work.

The war had made vividly clear some things which a quarter of a century of peace might not have revealed with so much impressiveness. The war had given us a revelation, for it may fittingly be called a revelation, of the relative worth and ability of the ordinary man and woman. The spirit of the race had not decayed. But the war had revealed also the shockingly poor physical condition of a great proportion of the men of the Empire. In the alleged progress of civilization, in the organization of industries, in the developments of big business for creating and controlling wealth, regard for the intrinsic worth of human life—of men and women in good health living and working under wholesome conditions—had been to a large extent neglected. Think of the significance of this. During the last year of the war, from 1st November, 1917, to 31st October, 1918, the number of men called up to the army in Great Britain was 2,425,184. The summary of the results of the medical examinations of them shows the following facts: Of every nine men, three were fit and healthy, two were in infirm health, three might be described as physical wrecks, and one as a chronic invalid, with a precarious hold on life. Since that time the physical condition of the men at their most vigorous age, what would be the condition of health among the women and children. It is not reported that the disabilities were the results of active diseases; they were evidently in most cases the consequence of poor nutrition, neglect of personal hygiene, and unsanitary conditions of working and living.

It was inevitable that serious consideration should be given to such an alarming state of affairs in respect to health and that action should be taken for the purpose of remedying it as soon and as far as possible. Remembering the great part the Red Cross had played during the war as an auxiliary of the governments, the minds of statesmen and others naturally turned towards it as an organization which could help the governments immensely in the efforts which they must take for the improvement of health and the prevention of disease.

Every child born in Canada should have an opportunity of starting life in sound physical health, of growing to maturity in and through the healthful exercise of its powers and continuing to live in good health under wholesome conditions until the full course of life is run. Towards that end the Red Cross calls upon all intelligent men and women to join the Crusade for Good Health and to join the Red Cross which can do more for the country in peace than it was able to accomplish in war.

BEAR RIVER

Mr. Block spent the week-end at the Grand Central.

Mrs. J. D. Dinsmore is visiting friends in Wolfville.

We are sorry to say Miss Esther Mailman is ill with pneumonia.

J. H. Cunningham went to Halifax on Tuesday, returning Thursday.

John Buckler, of Greenland, is at present quite ill with pneumonia.

Mrs. L. V. Harris was at home on Thursday afternoon of last week.

Mrs. A. B. Clarke held her "At Home" day on Wednesday of this week.

The many friends of Mrs. Seth Wade will regret to hear of her critical illness.

Mr. Lemay has left the Grand Central Hotel and has gone to live with Mr. and Mrs. Snow.

The Baptist Missionary Aid Society held their regular meeting last Thursday afternoon at the parsonage.

There was a Community Sing in the Baptist Vestry on Friday evening, to take the place of the D. Y. P. U., which was held on Monday evening.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Joseph Henshaw, whose sudden death took place at Digby, was held Friday at Mt. Hope cemetery, Bear River. The service was conducted by Rev. J. Hockin. Mrs. Henshaw was formerly a resident of this town, and a member of the Methodist Church.

THE LATEST STYLE

Shopper—"I want to get a fashionable skirt."

Saleslady—"Yes, madam. Will you have it too tight or too short?"

RUN ON MAIL ORDER PLAN

Would be Able to Compete in Every Way With Discount Store

The local merchant deserves to have the first opportunity of supplying the requirements of the district in which he is located. If the buyers at his store would be content to have him conduct his business on the same basis as a mail order house he would be able to compete with them in every respect. If Jones the merchant kept only samples and catalogues on his premises, and sold from these for delivery ten days later, cash in advance, he would be able to undersell the mail-order house.

Imagine going into the corner store for a pair of overalls. Jones exclaims "Yes, we will sell you a pair of overalls. Here is a picture of them. They will cost you the listed price plus the carrying charges from the manufacturer plus the cost of the postal order commission—and you can expect to get them in ten days' time. Call here and see if they have arrived in that time, but pay your money now."

If the local merchant conducted his business in that manner his customers would be indignant. But would he not be justified in doing so, for his largest competitor transacts his business in precisely that way, and the same people do not object. They obtain a catalogue every spring. It is filled with pictures and listed prices. They select their purchase, write out an order for them, pay for a money order, wait ten days, go to the express office, pay the carrying charges and pack them home—and think they have done a good stroke of business.

When they do patronize their local merchant, it is to buy something they want in a hurry. They expect him to keep his shelves stocked with a variety of merchandise for their selection. They examine each article at will, order it, delivered at their homes, and pay for it in thirty days' time, or when they are ready to do so. They expect the merchant to store goods for their convenience, to make deliveries, and finance their buying—and expect to pay nothing for the service.

FALKLAND RIDGE

Edgar Mason is ill from an attack of mumps.

Mrs. Louisa Mason, of Springfield, is visiting relatives and friends in this place.

Harold Mason went to Riversdale Sunday evening with his little daughter, Gertrude.

Aubrey Marshall and Margaret Stoddart, attended the Oddfellows' Parade at New Germany on Sunday, May 8th.

A large number from here attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Avard Rook at Springfield on Sunday, May 8th.

Willie Whynot had the misfortune to get one foot badly scalded Sunday A.M. by a stove getting upset, spilling boiling water over his foot.

H. Mitchell, superintendent Dist. 6, Clarence Hebb, V. J. Silver, Bridgeport, were in this place Friday, assisting in the new line of telephone, which is being put on.

The W. M. A. Society convened in the church May 4, part of the program consisted in presenting certificates of life membership to our Patron, the Rev. G. Durkee and wife, and wife.

Mrs. Richard Trethewey, of Riversdale, spent a short time in this place at the home of her son Harold Mason, she was accompanied on her return by her little grand child, Gertrude.

VICTORIA BEACH

Mr. Archie Ellis recently spent a few days at his home.

Mr. and Mrs. William Westhaver and Mr. and Mrs. Kenney Thorne, were Sunday guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Casey.

A lobster supper was held on Thursday, May 12th, the sum of forty-nine dollars and twenty-five cents being realized.

SAFETY FIRST

Circus Manager—So you want a job as circus attendant, do you? What steps would you take if a lion were to escape?"

Applicant—Good long ones, governor.