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SIXTEENTH YEAR — WEDNESDAY MORNING MARCH 20 1895. — ONE CENT.

REMEDIAL ORDER MADE

Greenway Called Upon to Remove the Grievances.

ELECTIONS PREDICTED IN MAY

Polling Expected Towards the End of the Month.

The Remedial Order to Be Forwarded to Lieutenant-Governor Schultz This Afternoon—It Calls Upon the Greenway Government to Restore to the Catholics the Privileges of Which They Were Deprived.

Ottawa, March 19.—The mail train for Winnipeg leaves here at 1.45 in the afternoon, and it is possible that to-morrow's westbound train will carry a package addressed to Lieutenant-Governor Shultz containing the remedial order of the Governor in Council on the Manitoba school question. This order, in effect, as stated on Monday, acknowledges that the Catholics of Manitoba have a grievance, and calls upon the Government, of which Mr. Greenway is the head, to supplement the legislation of 1890 by a statute or statutes restoring to the Catholics the privileges of which they were unjustly deprived by the Reform Government of Manitoba.

It transpires that after yesterday's meeting of the Privy Council a sub-committee, consisting of Hon. Messrs. Foster, Angers and Montague, met to draft the precise terms of the proposed remedial order, based on Sir Charles Tupper's report. This sub-committee were at work last evening and again this morning, and at 3 o'clock this afternoon the Cabinet again met and agreed upon the exact terms of the order. This will be signed by His Excellency to-night, and will be sent forward to Winnipeg to-morrow.

Look for the Elections in May.

Now that a conclusion has been reached on this question, the next point that arises is as to whether or not there is to be a session of Parliament or dissolution. If your correspondent were a betting man he would wager that there would be a general election. Interested politicians may set it down as a sure thing that polling will take place about the end of May. Parliament is prorogued until next Monday, and possibly the next proclamation will be one announcing dissolution. Some authorities, however, say there may be no announcement of dissolution until it is seen what action the Manitoba Government takes upon the order just made.

THE REMEDIAL ORDER.

How It Will Be Followed by Remedial Legislation—The Position of the Government.

From La Minerve, Montreal, March 19.

In spite of the agitation of the lodges, the work of ultra-Protestants, the activity of McCarthy and the resistance of the Greenway Ministry, we never doubted an instant that the Canadian Privy Council would range itself on the side of the law and the constitution.

Not that Sir Mackenzie Bowell has arrived at this decision without effort nor without opposition. Liberal and revolutionary fanaticism must necessarily have had some reaction upon the ministerial deliberations, but we are of opinion that an understanding has been arrived at. The order-in-council, which will invite the Manitoba Legislature to submit to the decision of Her Majesty, is, it is said, adopted in principle and even in a definite manner. It is the result of mutual concessions upon points of detail between our national representatives and the majority of the Cabinet. What of that? if justice take its course, if the Government has affirmed that the constitution must be respected and obeyed, if it has declared that the law must be executed without partiality or hatred, without regard for anyone.

Justice is costly under a democratic regime, and nothing is more difficult than to bring about liberty under such rule. Canada is now experiencing this.

What will happen?

The order-in-council will have to be transmitted without delay to the Manitoba Legislature. The leaders of the majority will undoubtedly propose that the Chamber receive the document and promise to give it the most serious consideration. Now, one of two things will happen: either the Legislature, before its prorogation, will inform the Privy Council that it refuses to grant the necessary legislation to the Catholics, or it will say nothing, and hold to the terms of its acknowledgment of having received the order. If it refuse, it is probable that Greenway will dissolve the Chamber and appeal to the country to approve his act. In the latter case, the question will be postponed for another year.

During this time what will be the attitude of the Cabinet at Ottawa? We believe it will be most simple. If there is a refusal to act from the majority, the duty of the Cabinet will be to prepare remedial legislation for submission to Parliament, and which the latter will adopt or reject. The law once rejected, the question will be finished; the authority of Parliament will cease along with the jurisdiction of the Council, and the Catholics will have no remedy but in the rupture of the Federal agreement.

The question as to whether the Government ought to convene the Federal House, or dissolve it, is essentially a matter of public interest, to which the school difficulties are not foreign. However, there are other considerations which must be taken into account by Sir Mackenzie Bowell, and upon the gravity of which his Government alone has the right to pronounce, because it alone is in possession of the information which can throw light on the matter.

ORANGE M.P.'S SPEAK.

Remedial Legislation Discussed at the Eastern Orange Grand Lodge.

Gananoque, Ont., March 19.—The annual convention of the Orange Grand Lodge of Eastern Ontario was held here to-day. The Grand Master addressed the meeting, and in the course of his address referred to the Manitoba school matter, and expressed the opinion that the matter should be left to the people of Manitoba to deal with, and deprecated interference with the province in matters provincial. The subject was brought to a climax by Mr. Clark, P.G.M., of Ottawa, in his speech. He said that there were several members of parliament present who had not stated their views or how they would vote if the Government granted remedial legislation to Manitoba.

Mr. Bell, ex-M.P. for Addington, then came forward and said if elected he would vote against any interference with Manitoba. Mr. George Taylor, M.P. for South Leeds, said that two months ago he advised his leaders that he would certainly oppose any intereference with Manitoba.

Major Hughes then said he was sorry his speech had not been more plain, but that he would certainly oppose any interference with Manitoba.

BERGIN OUSTED IN CONVENTION.

Cornwall Conservatives Nominate R. A. Pringle—Bergin's Alleged Speech.

Cornwall, Ont., March 19.—(G. N. W. special.)—The largest and most enthusiastic convention ever held in the County of Stormont, was held at the village of Newington to-day. One hundred and eighty-six delegates were present. Mr. Joseph Kerr moved Dr. Bergin as a candidate. Robert A. Pringle was also named. Col. Bredin stated that he had been a warm supporter and friend of Dr. Bergin's since 1876, and that the same friendly feeling still, and would, exist, but there was a strong feeling that in order to unite the party another candidate had to be brought forward. If that feeling did not exist, the delegates could say so by their ballots. Dr. Bergin said he had a duty to perform before leaving Parliament, and he had already procured from the United States Government a reduction in the tariff on horses, barley and coal and that he was still in communication with an agent of the United States Government to bring about a further reduction in the American tariff, which would benefit the farmers. He further stated that no person would be more disappointed than Sir Mackenzie Bowell if he did not receive the nomination.

Mr. Pringle followed, leaving everything in the hands of the delegates.

A ballot was then taken and resulted as follows: R. A. Pringle, 103; Dr. Bergin, 83. Mr. Pringle stated that he would not give his assent at the present time, but would reserve same until the meeting to be called: to ratify the nomination.

OTTAWA CONSERVATIVES.

Taylor McVeity and H. Robillard Their Two Candidates.

Ottawa, March 20.—At 1 o'clock this morning the Liberal-Conservative convention concluded its labors, the nominees being Taylor McVeity and H. Robillard, M.P. There were 174 votes in convention, and on the first ballot stood: McVeity 90, Champagne 53, Sir James Grant 16, R. G. Code 12, Robillard 2. Second and third ballots were invalid, Mr. Robillard having more than the number required for choice, but too many votes were cast. On the last vote the figures were: Robillard 98, Champagne 72.

Masson Nominated a Second Time.

Owen Sound, Ont., March 19.—The second Conservative convention of the north riding of Grey met here this afternoon to select a candidate. The meeting was long and much recrimination was indulged in. Mr. James Masson, M.P., the nominee of the first convention, who accepted on condition that there was no session of Parliament before an election, was not present. A ballot was called for, the vote standing Masson 49, W. A. McClean 42.

West Bruce Reformers.

Kincardine, Ont., March 19.—The Liberals of West Bruce met here in convention to-day to select a candidate. Peter McKenzie of Kinloss was the nominee. James Rowand, Liberal, is the present member.

Scriver for Huntingdon.

Huntingdon, Que., March 19.—The Liberals of Huntingdon met in convention to-day. Julius Scriver, M.P., will once more be the candidate. He has represented this constituency since 1869.

Declares Hon N. C. Wallace Will Resign.

L'Evenement, Quebec, of Monday publishes a despatch from Toronto, stating that Hon. N. C. Wallace has informed one of his Orangist friends that he will resign if the Government interferes in the school question.

East Durham Patrons.

Millbrook, Ont., March 19.—The Patrons of East Durham met here to-day and selected Mr. Samuel Grandy for their standard-bearer.

The Hamilton Times says that Mr. Samuel Barker has decided to contest Hamilton in the Conservative interest.

DR. BAXTER ELECTED.

Patron Senn Buried Under a Solid Majority of 282.

Cayuga, Ont., March 19.—Dr. Baxter was victorious in the by-election held today, defeating Patron Senn by a majority of 282.

The following are the returns, majorities only being given in each case: Dr. Baxter, Cayuga 134, Township of North Cayuga 96, Township of Oneida 8, Township of Rainfram 92, Township of Walpole 78. Total 408.

John Senn—Caledonia 2, Hagersville 18, Township of Dunn 92, Township of Seneca 10, Township of South Cayuga 4. Total, 126.

Majority for Dr. Baxter 282.

Dr. Baxter has sat in the Local House continuously since 1867, and sustained his first defeat in the election of June last. The returns were:

Senn	1693
Baxter	1678
Majority for Senn	15

In the previous election, held in June, 1890, Dr. Baxter defeated E. E. Sheppard by a majority of 333. In the election of '86 Baxter's majority was 265. Dr. Baxter occupied the position of Speaker during the Parliament of '87-'91.

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Life insurance, as offered by the Mutual Life of New York, commends itself to every prudent and intelligent man of business. The kind of insurance which it places to the credit of every successful applicant furnishes the best possible results at so low a net cost to the assured as to make its contracts the cheapest in the world, while its enormous assets of nearly $205,000,000, as a guaranty of every risk, makes it also the safest to insure in. Every dollar of its assets belongs, first, last and all the time, to its insured. It deservedly holds a foremost place among the great financial institutions of the world, and it offers advantages under all its policy contracts unequalled by any other company of its kind.

Talk with an agent of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York,, or write Henry K. Merritt, manager, 31, 32, 33, Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto.

Father Langevin Consecrated Archbishop.

Winnipeg, Man., March 19.—This day will long be remembered by the Catholics of Manitoba as a day of note in the annals of the church. With the impressive pomp and ceremony usual on such occasions, the Rev. Father Langevin was formally consecrated as Archbishop at St. Boniface and became the head and mouthpiece of the Catholics of Manitoba,

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts, Bank Commerce Building, Toronto

Ports, very choice, Two Crown, $11 per dozen; three crown $13, four crown $16, and ye bloodmaker, a very dark heavy bodied vintage wine for invalids, $16. William Mara, 79 Yonge-street.

Ask your grocer for Salada Ceylon Tea.

AUSTRALIA A GOOD MARKET

ONCE CANADA GAINS A FOOTHOLD SUCCESS IS CERTAIN.

Report of Commissioner Larke—Petition To Prohibit Net Fishing In Waters Adjacent To Michigan—Chartered Bank Returns For February—Hawaii Parcel Post Convention Now In Operation.

Ottawa, March 19.—A communication has been received by the Government from Judge Vance of Port Huron, stating that the Michigan State Fish and Game Protective League has been organized, and is now seeking legislation from the Michigan Legislature to secure a total prohibition of net fishing in the waters of that State contiguous to Canada, including the River St. Clair, Lake St. Clair, Detroit River, St. Mary's River and other waters. Judge Vance says: "We have been encouraged in our efforts to have this law passed by suggestions from prominent men in Canada, who feel a deep interest in this subject, to the effect that the Canadian Government would join with us in prohibiting net fishing in the waters mentioned. We are advised that in most, if not in all the waters mentioned, the Canadian authorities now forbid net fishing, and that they are constantly importuned to permit fishing in these waters because of the fact that such fishing is allowed on the American side.

Australia and Canadian Trade.

By the Australian mail arrived to-day several reports were received from J. S. Larke, Canadian Commissioner to the Australasian Colonies. Mr. Larke states since he took up his residence in Sydney great interest has been manifested by Australian merchants and others in his work. Many inquiries have been received by him from all parts of the continent. Mr. Larke is of opinion that if Canadian producers only send proper men to push the sale of their goods and once get them started there would be no difficulty in retaining the market. Mr. Larke visited Hobart, Tasmania, at a time when three different conferences were in session, the most important being that of the Premiers of the different Australasian Colonies. The question of Federation was discussed and it was decided to present a measure to the several legislative bodies of the different colonies. Then a federal council consisting of five delegates from each colony met, at which matters of interest to the whole continent came up, and finally there was a postal conference which was attended by all Postmasters-General and deputy heads of the different colonies. Preliminary to the federation question, now being discussed, New Zealand and South Australia have made an agreement for reciprocal trade.

Supreme Court Cases.

The argument before the Supreme Court in Robertson v. the Grand Trunk Railway Company was concluded at 2 o'clock to-day. Judgment was reserved.

The next case taken up was Collier v. Wright, an appeal from the decision of the Court of Appeal, sustaining the judgment for plaintiffs (respondents) in the action against appellants as owners of the steamer Reindeer for damages to plaintiff's schooner, Two Brothers, by collision in Quinte Bay. Appellants claim that the steamer was not in fault, as the collision was occasioned by the schooner hanging in the wind when she had started to come about, preventing the steamer clearing her stem to starboard, as she had started to do. Appellants claim that under the admiralty rules a sailing vessel must not change her course when a collision with a steamer is imminent, but must leave it to the latter to avoid her. The argument in this case will be proceeded with to-morrow. S. H. Blake, Q.C., and Holman for appellants; Alcorn, Q.C., for respondents.

Mutinous New Brunswick Sailors.

The Marine Department has been notified of a naval court held at Iloilo, in the Philippine Islands, in January to enquire into charges of mutinous behavior preferred against seven of the crew of the ship Honolulu of St. John, N.B. Five of the men were adjudged guilty of mutiny and two of insubordination, and had to endure terms of punishment ranging from four to twelve weeks. During the row on the vessel the master, Capt. Dexter, shot one man, Charles Drager, in self-defence. The court adjudged that the captain was quite justified in this action, owing to the threatening attitude of Drager.

Chartered Bank Changes.

The changes in the statement of the chartered banks for February are not of great importance. The same quiet determination seems to exist as to investments. Loans are evidently made with great caution, and only upon extra good security, which, if it keeps the volume of trade at a low ebb, will tend to prevent disappointment and failures later. Starting from the basis of our present volume, the changes during the month are not unfavorable, as the general trend is a continued reduction until May, when, in most cases, low water mark is reached. The principal changes are as follows, viz: Bank notes were reduced $101,842. Balances due to Dominion Government increased $459,774. People's deposits show a total reduction of $1,231,868, as follows: Those payable on demand were reduced $2,045,716, but those payable after notice increased $813,848, leaving a decrease, as before mentioned. Total liabilities show a falling off of $806,133. Specie has fallen off $408,132, Dominion notes increased $284,499. Notes of, and bills between, banks were reduced $1,069,850. Loans between banks in Canada, secured, increased $148,625. Deposits payable on demand, or after notice, in banks in Canada, show a reduction of $347,552. Foreign balances show a reduction of $785,970, of which $440,318 is in the United States, and $345,653 in England. Slight increases have taken place in Canadian municipal and foreign securities, and also railway securities, but a slight reduction in stocks and bonds on call. Current loans increased $1,867,261. Loans to provincial governments increased $177,535. Overdue debts have been reduced $190,236. Total assets were reduced $58,029. Directors' liabilities show a reduction of $115,643. The greatest amount of bank notes in circulation at any time during the month was $29,875,664, being only $1,060,230 more than on the 28th, the date upon which the returns were made.

Notes.

The parcel post convention between Canada and Hawaii having been signed by Sir A. P. Caron, and transmitted to Honolulu, is now in operation.

The Government has decided to suitably reward the captain, first mate and four seamen of the steamship Glenwood of West Hartlepool, England, for rescuing the shipwrecked crew of the schooner St. John of St. John, on Sept. 29 last, about 250 miles east of Cape Hatteras.

James Pringle has been appointed deputy collector of inland revenue at Whitby, vice Howden, deceased.

The Dominion and Provincial accounts arbitrators will meet again in Quebec on 25th inst.

RELIEF FOR NEWFOUNDLAND.

The Post Asserts That Canada Must Assume the Debt, But That Is All Newfoundland Can Expect.

London, March 19.—In the House of Commons Mr. Sydney Buxton, Parliamentary Secretary to the Colonial Office, in answer to Sir George Baden-Powell, said he understood that the approaching conference at Ottawa between the members of the Dominion Government and Sir William Whiteway, Premier, with other representatives of the island of Newfoundland, would fully consider the proposal for the entry of the island into the Canadian confederation as a province. In the meantime, he said, it was impossible to give any information as to the terms of the union or to say whether or not the dispute regarding the French fisheries would be included in the subjects discussed.

Mr. Buxton further said that a reply had been received from Newfoundland in answer to the Imperial Government's offer to relieve the prevailing distress on the island out of the public funds, and Sir Herbert Murray would shortly start for Newfoundland as Her Majesty's commissioner to carry out that object.

The Honolulu Sentenced.

Sir Edward Grey, Under Foreign Secretary, stated that as soon as the official report regarding the sentence at Honolulu of Rickard should be received the question of applying for the mitigation of his sentence would be considered.

Australian Bill in the Lords.

London, March 19.—In the House of Lords the Marquis of Ripon, Secretary of State for the Colonies, moved the second reading of the bill repealing the restrictions upon the Australian colonies regarding the imposition of customs duties. Lord Ripon explained that the bill was the outcome of the recent conference of the colonies, and its operation would enable the colonies to enter into fiscal relations with each other for the establishment of differential duties. The bill was read a second time.

CANADA SHOULD ASSUME THE DEBT.

The London Post Discusses Murray's Mission and Newfoundland Affairs.

London, March 19.—The Post to-morrow will say: "There is reason to believe that the sole object of the Government in sending Mr. Herbert Murray, formerly chairman of the customs department, to Newfoundland is that he may provide the fishermen with funds as the banks and leading merchants hitherto have done at the beginning of the fishing season. It is not known." The Post continues, "whether or not Mr. Murray will require the same security for the advances as those who have previously supplied the funds. His mission has nothing to do with the present position of the colony.

"There are many reasons for Canada's taking the liabilities of Newfoundland and admitting that colony to federation. Her fisheries are a source of wealth, while the possession of her bait grounds would be a good card to play against the United States.

"Moreover, the inclusion of Newfoundland in the Dominion virtually means the security of the Gulf of St. Lawrence in the event of foreign invasion. Newfoundland, however, would gain little else than pecuniary assistance. Yet if Canada does not guarantee the colony's debt nobody else will. The idea of her reverting to a crown colony may be abandoned. It will probably happen that Newfoundland will become a part of Canada with Premier Whiteway as the first Lieutenant-Governor."

Bannerman Not a Speakership Candidate.

London, March 19.—Lord Rosebery this forenoon had a conference with H. Campbell-Bannerman in regard to the latter's acceptance of the candidacy for the Speakership. Later he attended a Cabinet meeting, which lasted an hour. After the Cabinet meeting Lord Rosebery returned to the country. His medical attendants hope that it will not be necessary for him to go abroad in order to recuperate.

After the meeting of the Cabinet to-day it was announced that H. Campbell-Bannerman had withdrawn his candidacy for the Speakership.

Military School Transfer Wanted.

Montreal, March 20.—Owing to the difficulty experienced by the officers connected with the city volunteer corps, principally business and professional men, in sparing the time to attend the Royal Military School at St. John, Que., to qualify for their commission, an effort was some time ago made to get the school removed to Montreal. Yesterday past and present commanding officers of the city corps, as well as a number of prominent citizens, waited upon the Minister of Militia, who was in town, and again laid their views before him, pointing out that it would contribute much to the efficiency of the force if the school were transferred to Montreal. Hon. Mr. Patterson expressed himself in sympathy with the deputation, promised to lay the matter before the Governor-in-Council as early as possible and to do all in his power in favor of what he considered was only a reasonable request. He also visited the drill hall and promised many repairs and improvements.

Oshawa Treasurer's Sudden End.

Oshawa, March 19.—Henry Carswell, Town Treasurer for the past thirty years, died suddenly of apoplexy last night.

He was a native of London, England, and came to Canada with his parents in 1835, and settled in Toronto, afterwards coming to Oshawa in 1846. Deceased was a brother of the temperance lecturer, Edward Carswell.

The most efficient stomach corrective known to the medical faculty—Adams Tutti Frutti. Take no imitations.

Cheap Rates to England.

The steerage fare from Toronto to Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Londonderry, Belfast, is still reduced to $19.15 by the Allan Line. The Royal Mail steamship Mongolian sails from Portland March 28, and from Halifax March 30.

Try Sutton's handsome new American Billiards, 30c per hour 130 King-st. west.

Hotel Del Monte, Preston Springs.

Open the year round. Tropical temperature. The water and baths are recommended by leading physicians, and rates low. Apply to C.P.R. or G.T.R. offices for pamphlets. d

Salada Ceylon Tea is delicious.

A Big Deal.

Hope Bros. & Patterson have purchased Quinn's stock of men's furnishings, amounting to $13,500, at 50c on the dollar, and will commence a slaughter sale at 10 o'clock Saturday morning at Quinn's well-known stand, 115 King-street west. Hope Bros. & Patterson, purchasers. ed

'Salada" Ceylon Tea is delicious.

Dunlop's English Violets.

The English violet excels all others in beauty of tint and sweetness of perfume. Dunlop has now about 10,000 plants in bloom.

Turkish baths, open all night, phone 128

Good Old Irish.

No mean factor among Irish industries is the production of some of the finest whiskies in the world. These can be had in their original purity and excellence from Michie & Co., who keep all the best brands in stock at 3 1-2 King-street west.

ACCIDENTAL OR BY DESIGN?

HOW DID THE FIRE AT DICKS' HOUSE ORIGINATE?

Further Evidence Respecting the Oil Can Which Was Found on Top of the Hot Air Pipe—Positive Testimony That the Body Was That of Mrs. Dicks and That She Died of Fire and Suffocation.

The inquest into the death of Mrs. Mary Dicks, who was burned to death in her house in St. Helen's-avenue, was resumed last evening before Coroner Johnson. The evidence of several of the neighbors, and of the physicians who conducted the post-mortem examination, was given, but no light was thrown on the tragedy. The oil can will form the basis of the Crown case, and the witness who testified to its finding was subjected to a thorough cross-examination. The defence will endeavor to show that the can was kicked into the position in which it was found by some of the curious sightseers who visited the house three days subsequent to the fire. Photographs of the furnace, the store where the body was found and the upper story of the house were produced by Mr. John Miller, who testified to having taken them the day after the discovery of the oil can.

Dicks was present, with a much more cheerful and hopeful countenance than at the previous sitting of the inquest.

Andrew Collins, 9 Dora-street, was on the scene soon after the alarm was given. He was informed by Tracey, a former witness, that Mrs. Dicks was in the house somewhere. He made an ineffectual attempt to force the Dora-street door. The body lay inside the store, almost due east and west, with the head pointing a little to the north-east, and the feet a few inches south of the door. A large quantity of sea grass had been strewn around where the body lay, and the floor beneath it was untouched by the flames. The witness and Tracey searched the house when daylight came, in quest of a sum of money which Dicks said his wife had concealed somewhere in the house. They found a woman's skirt, a coffee pot full of frozen water, a pickle bottle, two plates and a knife in the room said to have been occupied by Dicks and his wife. No trace of any money could be found. Dicks remained in the yard while the search was being made. Portions of a broken lamp they picked up on the eighth step from the top of the stairway.

To Mr. Cassels, who is ably handling the defence, the witness said he had always thought Dicks and his wife lived together on very friendly terms.

The Post-Mortem.

Dr. Caven gave the result of the post-mortem examination, made in conjunction with Dr. McConnell. The body gave evidence of having been submitted to the action of smoke and fire during life. The stomach was greatly distended with food consisting largely of meat and vegetable matter. On the left arm were found the remains of a blue serge waist. Remnants of a cotton chemise and a cotton undervest were also found. There were indications of a goitre having been removed from the right side of the neck. The lungs contained a frothy substance, indicating suffocation, and the appearances were altogether those of death by burning.

Dr. John McConnell corroborated the testimony of Dr. Caven. He had made a careful examination of the premises the day following the fire, giving special attention to the furnace and the pipes leading from it, and was hopeful that if oil can where it is said to have been found. If it had been there he would have seen it, and could swear positively that it was not there. He gave Dicks a death certificate that day, as he had decided that an inquest was not necessary.

The Oil Can.

John Millar, 11 Dora-street, told of the finding of the oil can on the Wednesday following the day of the fire. It was lying between the joists on the hot-air flue, about half way between the furnace and the register. There was a large amount of frozen straw lying over the can. It could not be seen by any person who had not a lamp or light of some kind.

Photographs of the furnace were produced, and the witness pointed out to the Coroner and jury where the can lay.

The witness found portions of a tunnel lying in the cellar, directly under the spot where Arthur Dicks, jr., says the coal oil was kept in the store.

Albert Ellis went to the Dicks house to examine the furnace on Feb. 19, but thought it was not dangerous. There were none of the pipes which he would consider were too close to the joists. Tin hot-air pipes were never dangerous. He had sometimes placed tin pipes flat on a wood surface.

George Pearl corroborated the testimony of Miller as to the finding of the oil can.

Relatives of the Accused.

Several of the Crown witnesses being absent Mr. Cassels asked permission to call some relatives of the prisoner. The first of these was Mrs. H. Smith, sister of Dicks, who said her deceased sister-in-law was of a very nervous excitable disposition, and expressed fears of the furnace causing a fire. Mrs. Dicks frequently spoke of the insurance she was carrying and tried to induce the witness to enter some of the fraternal organizations with which she was connected. The witness thought deceased had a mania for insurance. Her brother and his wife were very attentive and affectionate towards one another, the husband usually giving way to the wishes of the wife.

H. Smith told substantially the same story as that given by his wife.

Miss Agnes Hance, sister of the deceased, who was called by the Crown, was at the fatal house on Saturday after the fire. She had heard nothing of her sister's death until on going up to pay her a visit she found the house burned, and was informed by an old lady who was looking around the house that Mrs. Dicks had lost her life in the flames. She then met Arthur Dicks, jr., and remarked to him that it looked queer that they all should be saved but his mother. The boy answered that his father had done all he could to save her, but she had gone into the store to save some money which his father had given her, and which she had secreted in the shop. The past two years Dicks treated his wife very good, but previous to this quarrelled with her very often, and would sometimes send her and some of the children home. He seemed to lose his temper quickly.

Mr. Cassels asked the witness if the cause of trouble between her family and the Dicks family was not her brother James. The police record of the latter was produced and showed several convictions for minor offences. Under a lengthy cross-examination, Miss Hance admitted that she thought Dicks was justified in forbidding his wife having anything to do with her brother James.

Another sitting of the jury will be held on Friday evening.

'Salada" is the King of all Teas

Arlington Hotel.

This elegant, comfortable hotel offers every inducement to those desiring permanent winter accommodations.

TRYING TO GET IT ON A STRING.

Deeply Interested Gentleman with Hatchet: If he gobbles that bait I have him.

$3000 BLAZE AT BEAVERTON.

The Biggest Block in the Village Burned to the Ground.

Beaverton, Ont., March 19.—This morning a fire broke out in the "Iron Block" belonging to A. Hamilton, nearly the whole block being consumed.

The losses and insurances are:

	Loss.	Insurance.
D. McRae, livery	$600	$600
J. Birchard, carriages	250	250
G. Williamson, harness	200	200
J. Cameron, building	1000	none
A. Hamilton, grocer	600	none
G. M. McEwan	100	none
Mrs. McDonald	200	none

Death of Trinity College Bursar.

Rev. H. W. Davies, D.D., bursar of Trinity University, died yesterday at the residence of his son, H. P. Davies, May Place, Rosedale.

Rev. Dr. Davies was a graduate of Trinity College. He came from Cornwall in 1866, and was connected with the Normal School, being principal for upwards of 20 years. He was born in Ogdensburg, N.Y., and was educated in Canada. He was the author of Davies' Grammar, which was authorized for adoption in the public schools, and also of several other works. Last fall he fell from a trolley car, and has never been strong since. This accident was contributory to his death. He had been seriously ill for the past three weeks. He was chaplain of Ionic Lodge for 21 years, and was Past Grand Chaplain of the Grand Lodge. He leaves two sons, a daughter and widow. The funeral takes place on Thursday afternoon at 3.30 from his son's residence.

Turkish baths, bed for all night bather.

Ladies' Day.

To-day will be a most interesting occasion for Toronto's fashionable ladies. It is McKendry's millinery opening occasion. This firm hold a leading position in this particular branch of trade, and judging by the preparations made yesterday the display will be a great one. We understand the dress goods, silk and cloak departments have some excellent novelties to show. A string band will be in attendance this afternoon.

"Salada" Ceylon Tea is delicious.

Sherries, Oloronso, $8.50 per dozen; Manzanilla, light and dry, $9 to $10 per dozen; Oloroso, superior, $11 per dozen; Pasto, dry and delicate, $13 per dozen. William Mara, 79 Yonge-street.

"Salada" Tea is sold in lead packets only

One Dollar for Every Year.

Very fine Madeira, 15 years old, $15 per dozen. William Mara, 79 Yonge-street.

Queen's Own, Highlanders and Grenadiers, attention! Tonka smoking Mixture remains cool under fire. This is why soldiers prefer it. Ask your tobacconist for a 10c package.

You'll Be Sorry

If you do not visit Bonner's great fire sale and secure bargains in white shirts, that sold at 75c, now 40c; white shirts that sold at $1.25, now 65c; white shirts that sold at $1.75, now 75c; ties, collars, cuffs, etc., at your own price. See the baskets full of them. Five pairs of men's cashmere socks with high spliced heels and toes for $1, regular price 35c per pair. Remember Bonner's great fire sale, cor. Yonge and Queen-streets.

Turkish baths, day and night, 704 King st

Breakfast Specialties.

The first thing that suggests itself is the famous English breakfast tea that Michie & Co. now sell for 55c per lb, but it was of the canned fruit they are showing in such a large and varied assortment that we intended to speak.

Fine, Followed by Snow.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Calgary, 20—42; Battleford, 6—32; Qu'Appelle, 12—14; Winnipeg, 6 below—38; Parry Sound, 6—32; Toronto, 20—35; Kingston, 10—34; Montreal, 16—30; Halifax, 12—32.

PROBS.—Fair weather followed by increasing easterly winds and cloudiness with snow, turning to sleet or rain.

THE MANITOBA SCHOOL QUESTION

Ably Dealt With in the Latest Issue of The Barrister.

The March number of The Barrister is to hand, and contains a leading article on the Manitoba school case. This should be read by everyone to understand this great question which is fraught with so much importance to Canada. Mr. O. A. Howland's second article on "The Constitutional Rights of Canada," will be anticipated with pleasure by all who read this first. This number is now for sale at John P. McKenna's, Bookseller, 80 Yonge-street. The career of Sir Oliver Mowat as a lawyer is dealt with in a very interesting way. When it is remembered that Sir Oliver quit active practice 31 years ago, it will be realized that the present generation knows little of his career at the bar.

Health and vigor maintained by using Adams' Tutti Frutti. It strengthens digestion. Refuse imitations.

A Large Purchase.

Over 5000 cases of boots and shoes were received to-day by Guinane Bros., purchased last Monday in Quebec at a very low rate on the dollar, by one of the firm, from the wholesale houses of W. R. Polley and Langlois & Co.

It is one of the largest deals in shoes that this enterprising firm has ever made, and instead of jobbing the stock off to the trade they intend to offer it for sale retail at their spacious premises, 214 Yonge-street. The public may expect cheap shoes.

Salada Ceylon Tea is delicious.

Good News for Invalids.

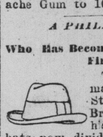
Almoxin Wine contains natural salts of iron, which is the principal and surest means of recomposing the nutritive and digestive ferments. All the principal physicians have been made acquainted with the analysis. Sold by all druggists and wine merchants.

Ask your grocer for Salada Ceylon Teas

A reduction in price of Gibbons' Toothache Gum to 10c, sold by all druggists.

A PHILADELPHIA MAN

Who Has Become Famous As a Maker of Fine Headgear.



The soft felts and Derbys manufactured by J. B. Stetson of the City of Brotherly Love have made his name famous. Stetson's hats now divide with those of Dunlap the honors of the American trade. There are no finer hats than Stetson's.

Stetson's hats are at Dineens'. The firm is sole agent for Canada. Stetson's hats are five dollars each—and they're worth it.

No hatter on the continent can give better value than is to be found in Dineens' three dollar hats. At that popular price the firm sells derbys and fedoras, in the newest blocks of all the prominent makers, and in every fashionable color; guaranteeing the style and quality.

There are cheaper hats in stock, good value for the money, but the three dollar hats will give satisfaction.

It's not too late to buy furs. Some magnificent garments are still on Dineens' bargain counters, at prices lower than lowest wholesale figures. All were made on the premises and are guaranteed.

DEATHS.

DAVIES—At the residence of his son, H. P. Davies, "Paynts House," Rosedale, on Tuesday, March 19, Rev. Dr. Davies, aged 61 years.

Funeral Thursday, 3.30 p.m., from his late residence to St. Simon's Church, thence to St. James' Cemetery.

THOMSON—At her late residence, 269 Spadina-avenue, on Tuesday, March 19, Catherine, widow of the late Charles Thomson, in her 67th year.

Funeral Thursday at 2.30.

Aberdeenshire papers please copy.

SILVESTER — At 60 Churchill-avenue, on March 18, Henry Silvester, in the 81st year of his age.

Funeral from above address on Thursday, March 21, at 2 p.m., to St. James' Cemetery.

THE STRONGEST YET.

Things Look Blacker for the Hyams Twins.

HOOK COULDN'T HAVE SLIPPED OFF

Was Spliced on Two Weeks Prior to the Fatality.

Unsuccessful Attempt to Get the Skull of the Dead Man Out of the Possession of the Crown—Mr. Horn of Counsel for the Prisoners Offers to Be Committed for Contempt—Dallas Hyams Negotiates for Heavy Insurance a Day or Two After the Tragedy and While Negotiations Were Pending for the Settlement of the Wells Insurance—The Crown Suggests It Was Done to Make the Insurance Company Less Suspicious.

Evidence of the most damaging character was submitted by the Crown yesterday at the trial of Harry P. and Dallas T. Hyams, charged with the murder of William C. Wells in the Colborne-street warehouse of the prisoners on Jan. 16, 1893. The accused appeared cheerful when they entered the dock at 10.30 a.m. Before they left it at 5 p.m., their confidence had entirely departed, and they looked haggard and careworn. Half a dozen expert witnesses were called by the Crown, who swore positively that they could not imagine a condition of things in the elevator shaft whereby the weight could have slipped off, and they gave cogent reasons for their opinions.

The defence has claimed all along that the hook on the weight had been changed since the accident. The man who spliced the hook into the rope was put in the box, and it was proven that it was the same hook as is now there, and that the change was made on Dec. 28, 1892, just 19 days before the fatality.

The similarity between the Hendershott murder case and the charge against the twins was adverted to three or four times. The counsel for the defence in the Hendershott case abandoned their original theory that the victim was killed by the falling tree and fell back on the branches. It is likely, however, the defence in this case will stick to the explanation given by Harry P. Hyams, that the weight shipped off the rope, since it was off the rope when the first parties to be summoned to the warehouse after the occurrence arrived there.

Mr. T. W. Horn of counsel for the defence offered to be formally committed for contempt for declining to testify as to the negotiations entered into by the Hyams brothers to secure the insurance money from Martha Wells after the tragedy, but the Magistrate reserved his decision until the conclusion of the Crown's case.

An important fact which developed was that a day or two after the tragedy Dallas P. Hyams commenced negotiations with the New York Life to have $25,000 insurance placed on his life. This, the Crown claims, was done to make the company less anxious to investigate the circumstances of the alleged accident.

There was the same array of counsel for the defence present when the enquiry was resumed.

The Elevator.

The Crown proceeded with testimony as to the condition of the elevator in the Colborne-street warehouse. John Fensom, who is a practical elevator builder, testified that he made experiments in the weight shaft recently. He put an obstruction in the shaft in the shape of a plank, worked the pull ropes as rapidly as he could and when the weight came down upon the obstruction the slack in the rope was scarcely notic