CHRISTIAN SELFLESSNESS.

The immortal Bossuet has spoken in strong phraseology of "the incomparable seriousness of the Christian life. It is a truth perfectly consistent with its incomparable joys. The Catholic life is one of daily self sacrifice mingled with the unspeakable happiness of with Jesus Christ in His one rue Church and with His personal, divine self-sacrifice for each one of us and for all Few realize the constant outflow of good deeds all over the wide world through the hands of the Church's children. For an example of this, we quote the following letter, written by Father Rabagliati, the Sa lesian missionary, from Bogota in Columbia, South America, in relation to the lepers and the people's charit-able work and liberal offerings for them in a time of political trouble and distress. The letter deserves careful study and after reflection. He says:
"The alms on the 25th of December

amounted, I believe, to eighty two thousand escudos. During the last week of the nineteenth, and the first of the twentieth century, I resolved to double the rations of the 1.100 lepers of Agna de Dies and the 800 inhabit ants of Contratacion. A most simple work indeed, but it required not less than fifteen thousand escudos. I laid this fact before the public of Bogota, who are most friendly towards me; an-nounced my proposal in a circular, making a general appeal; wrote a few dozen private letters to some wealthy persons; and as if by magic bank. notes by the hundred, big and small, seemed to rain down upon our house. In a fortnight I had in hand no less a sum than sixteen thousand escudos. May our Lord be praised for it. To day the total collected in favor of these poor lepers has reached, in round figures, one hundred and fifty thousand escudos, including twelve thousand which were sent to Agua de Dios, partly during the year, and partly as an offering to the Child Jesus. It is to be noted that during that time the works construction which were being carried on at Agua de Dios, in order to complete a large building destined for orphan leper boys, were not suspended; is goes to show that several thousand more escudos were given for that pur And almost all this money come from the pockets of the Catholics of Bo gota, the revolution not allowing us to appeal to the rest of the Republi

"At ordinary times, in time of abundance and peace, it would not be so very much ; but in time of war, when everything is abnormal, and ruin, misery, hatred and hunger prevail, the above fact is truly phenor Here is made evident one of Don Bosco's greatest miracles. be ; but what is certain is that it is a miracle of Divine Providence which never abandons those who suffer and who trust in It; and it is also due to the great charity of this people, who lly devoted to the lepers. Thus within a year (it is precisely a year since I began to beg for alms) for a single work of charity more than half a million of frances—about \$100,000— have been collected. It is needless for me to say that from that time not a single leper has died of hunger; on the contrary, they have never been better off as regards their rations, which are always brought to them at the right time with mathematical pre-

It is well for us to know and to reflect among the "Latin races," of Europe. It lifts us up from a certain national narrowness, which ought not to find place in so cosmopolitan and con glomerate a people as ours, a narrow ness which surely is foreign to the spirit of the Catholic Church. We We know, and have often said before, that if the sums our Catholic people give, yearly, in these United States, for our parish schools of which non-Catholics have so few, for church and convent buildings, for orphanages and other charitable purposes, among the Indians and negroes, the aged poor, the orphan, the sick, were gathered together, the world would stand amazed. But we think it will hardly be gain said that we do need hardly be gain said that we do need the property of self-sacrifice, that is a deeper spirit of self-sacrifice, to the work for Jesus Christ A late honored and lamented priest said once, when bidding farewell to parish where he had been stattoned : Hecker died. "I came to this congregation with

out a penny in my pocket, and I leave it not one penny richer. Of all crimes, the crime of avarice, the greed for money, the desire to hoard it instead of doing good with it, is one of the worst of which a Christian can be guilty. From my heart I thank God I am able to say I leave as poor as I

The great St. Ambrose so loves the poor-that he even had the consecrated vessels melted down in a time of dire need. "If the Blood of Christ redeemed their souls," he said, "shall not the vessels which hold that Blood be used to redeem their todies?"

These are the thoughts that ought to thrill all our hearts, -what to give, not what to wear, -how to help, not how to be amused, -how to forget self and our selfish aims in one large, generous, boundless purpose, God and im-mortal souls. We are not living in light and trifling times, but in days of intense meaning, that call upon us, with the clear cry of a call to arms, to

ENGLISH PILGRIMS AT

Remarkable Case of a Paralysed Girl.

The English pilgrims, who arrived at Lourdes on Thursday over one hun-dred strong, have been fully occupied during their stay with devotional exercises, telegraphs a Daily Mail cor-respondent, with the pilgrimage.

Each morning and afternoon pil-

grimage services have been held, at which all the pilgrims attended. Serv. ices have been held in the crypt of the Basilica and in the Grotto alternately. The infirm and sick pilgrims have been in the bath several times daily

At the conclusion of the afternoon service yesterday the English visitors assembled in a body in front of the Rosary Church and witnessed a great procession of the Blessed Sacrament. The scenes viewed and the fervent faith observed at Lourdes have excited the admiration of the pilgrims. Last Sunday, the Feast of the Nativ

ed Virgin, was a great ity of the Bless they walked in procession, headed by the banner of St. George, from their hotel to the crypt. Here, after prayers and hymns and a sermon by the Rev. Dean Vere, they proceeded in a body to the front of the church and with the day for the pilgrims. In the afternoon sick waited for the passage of the Blessed Sacrament. This is one of the most thrilling sights in Lourdes, the people praying in most fervent tones for the care of the sefficied.

Suddenly near the steps of the Basilica, after the Host had passed, there was a loud shrick, and a great commo tion. Shouts of "Hosanna" rent the air, and the priests and officials had great difficulty in restraining the people from breaking out and crowding round. When quiet was restored an empty bed was seen, and a young woman was observed kneeling on the steps surrounded by officials.

After Benediction she was taken to the attestation bureau for examina-tion. She had been paralysed, and had come for the fourth time with the Belgian pilgrimage. When she was seen walking up the steps the excitement was intense, many pilgrims clapping their hands with joy. This thrilling sight was witnessed by a large number of English pilgrims.

In the evening the visitors were given the post of honor at the torchlight procession, at the conclusion of which an enormous crowd of pilgrims gathered in front of the Basilica, and were blessed by the Bishop of Tarbes. The Bishop then approached the Eng lish people, and asked them to sing The pilgrims immediately sang

Faith of our Fathers. At the conclusion the Bishop said a few congratulatory words, to which the English responded with three nearty cheers, much to the surprise o the pilgrims of other nationalities present. Yesterday the English visitors left Lourdes for Paris and home. London Daily Mail, Sept. 10.

NON-CATHOLIC MISSIONS.

The recent conference of non Catholic missionaries at Winchester Tenn., is made the subject of an article Ly Rev. William Sullivan, C. S. P., in the current issue of the Catholic World Magazine. Speaking of Father Hecker's work

for the conversion of America he writes: orten derided and far too little known
"Latin races" of our hemisphere—
who, by the way, first discovered and
Bettled and civilized it—as well as among the "Latin races," of Europe.

Ageneration has passed since a man of their wounded.
And those 3000 troops of General Johnson's became so demoralized that the General did not dare to move forward for months, and his troops were eventually disbanded and replaced by another corps.

States to the Character of the United States to the United States to the Character of the United States to the Unit ing of a Catholic America. How he wrought and prayed for that; how for that he was worn by labors without and wasted by zeal within, only those who lived with him may know, and even they inadequately. But the great hope was then as even now it sometimes is, dashed; hard against the stones of indifference, or against the perhaps rougher rack of that sort of sympathy which is as remete from active co oper ation as it is uncolored by enthusiasm. Nor could men be blamed if they took this attitude. No definite working plan for the great Idea had been put in operation, and the practicability whole scheme, so far as the human side of it went, could be fairly debated by

mighty campaign for God, but with a heart made heavy because he faced the forlorn hope almost alone, Father

But his idea lived, for it is divine. And now, in the blessed providence of God, that idea faces this generation in far different equipment that when first it was addressed to the generation just

" Pay For Your Own."

An Anti Treating League has been established in England by Dr. W. N. Cocker, of Blackpool. The members are presented by the founder with a silver gilt watch chain bearing a pen dant charm with a device of a claret cup in gold enamel on a royal blue field and the Latin inscription, " Pro tuo solve "-" pay for your own."

Crimeless Ireland.

Again and again has Catholic Ireland led the other nations of Europe in regard to crimelessness, and now he once more holds that proud post-

tion. The official statistics for the year 1900 have been made public, and these show a decrease of 10 2 per cent correspond like true soldiers of Christ in indictable offences and of 18 2 per to the incomparable seriousness of the Cent. in minor effences as compared Christian life.—Sacred Heart Review. with the preceding year.

ARCHDIOCESE OF OTTAWA.

The memory of the distinguished priest, the founder, and, for many years, the pastor of the Irish Catholic congregation in Quebec city the late Reverend Patrick McMahon—was duly commemorated in St. Patrick's church in this city on the 3rd instant, the fittiethan High Mass for the renose of his soul, recommended by two of his wormer parisinoneria. Wholan, followed by the New Rector, Father Wholan, followed by the chanting of the Mass was rendered by the organ and choir. In the mass cale-brated by the Rev. Rector, Father Wholan, followed by the chanting of the Mass was rendered by the organ and choir. In the mass cale-brated by the Rev. Rector, Father Wholan, followed by the chanting of the Mass was rendered by the organ and choir. In the patrick, was heavily draped catafactic words and pulpit, was heavily draped catafactic words and pulpit, was heavily draped catafactic the faced the congregation as in the case of Ecclesiastics, surmounted by the priestly stole and surrounded by six tall lighted candless.

A solemn Mass for the same object was also celebrated in St. oscapia church with impressive ceromany. The Rev. Father William Murphy was amongst those present at the latter.

The Fost of St. Francis of Assisi was as usual celar church of St. Francis, on the fourth visit Additional sclat was given the occasion by he presence of His Grace the Archbishop, who bestowed the Sacrament of Confirmation on a large number of the children of the parish. Although the lists have not as yet been formally opened the subscriptions towards the crection of a parish church in Ottawa East are coming in very satisfactorily, Already about \$1.00 have been subscribed.

The winter session of the St. Patrick's Literary and Debating Club has opened. The officers of the society are Messre. E. Graham President; F. Stringer, Vice President; M. D. Kelly, Secretary; E. Ryan, Treasurer.

The Forty Hours' Adoration of the Blessed Scrament opened in the chapel of the Monastery of the Precious Blood. Elmbank, in this city on Sunday morning and c

day.

The annual retreat for the pupils of Glouces ter Street of la Congregation de Notre Dame commenced on Thursday. The preachers are Rev. Fathers Solanus, O. F. M., Secretary to His Excellency toe Apostolic Delegate, and Valiquette, O. M. I.

DIOCESE OF PETERBOROUGH.

St. Peter's Total Abstinence Society, organized less than two years ago, has now a membership of about five hundred. A junior branch is being formed for boys under eighteen, and promises to be as great a success as that of the elders. A sum of \$200 was recently voted for the purpose of adding additional volumes to their aiready excellent library, and electric lights will be placed throughout the building. The regular concerts arranged for by the Literary Committee, have aiready commenced, and it is expected that the hall will be crowded at each performance. The members of the society received Holy Communion in a body on Rosary Sunday, Oct. 6.

THE IRISH RACE.

CONTINUED FROM FIFTH PAGE. CONTINUED FROM FIFTH PAGE.

courage, after the death of de Montcalm, to volunteer to run the gauntlet of the British fleet, with despatches for the French Minister, and the skill to pass with his vessel unnoticed, through a sworm of British cruisers.

The Brigade landed in Quebec, on the 26th June, 1755; on the 30th June, they set out on the March to Montreal, when they arrived on the 9th Juny; two regiments were forwarded to Cataraquos, now Kingston, and the remainder were stationed on the frontier near Lake Champlain.

der were stationed on the Front Champlain. The first collision that those Irish soldiers had with the British was on the Sth September, 1775; Dieskau, on that day, had with nim four companies of Grenadiers, 229 men in all, of the Queen's and another regiment, together with 600 Canadians, and about as many Indians; his second in command was Johnson, the Chevacompanies of Grenadiers, 220 men in all, of the Queen's and another regiment, together with 600 Canadians, and about as many Indians; his second in command was Johnson, the Chevalier de Montreuil, spoken of by Knox. Dieskau's force suddenly met with a British force 1000 strong, under Colonel Williams, sent out by General Johnson, to ambuscade Dieskau, At the first dash William's force were utterly radied, and field in confusion towards the entrenched camp where General William Johnson was stationed with the main body 2000 strong. The brave but rash Dieskau, without artillery of any king, resolved at once to storm the entrenched works; and putting himself at the head of his 220 Grenadiers, he gave the other to assault the place; the Canadians and Indians did not second him. Nothing daunted Dieskau rushed up against his foes and was met by a perfect hall of musketry and grape. An English officer of Johnson's army has described that assault by saying in a letter to a friend: "The attack was boldly made and bravely sustained; nothing but our breast works saved us." Three times those Grenadiers dashed at the works, mowed down each my sound the second of the second of the second of the fire of 3,000 muskets, until Dieskau stricken down by the dead bodies of 150 cf his Grenadiers, reluct-antly gave orders to the Chevalier de Montreul to retreat with the surrivors. Accustomed as the English hitherto had been to the cowardly system of fighting then in vogue by dodging behind trees to secure their precious persons, they were so dazzled and intimidated by the unusual bravery of those soldiers with the green facings that General Johnson did not dare molest that little handrul of Grenadiers, as they slowly retired, bearing away their wounded.

And those 3000 troops of General Johnson's the green facings that General Johnson's decame so demeralized that the General Johnson's decam

ny another corps.

That heroic little band bearding 3000 men mentrached within a fortress, you may say, and breasting for two hours a perfect burrican of fire, and disabling of the enemy three times their own number, equal, if they do not surpass, Loonidas and his 300 Spartons at Thermal and the state of the state o

nopyle.
That battle of Lake George, a defeat though
t was in a military parlance, had all the consequences of a victory for the French; for it
retarded for one year the threatened invasion

Well did the brigade, afterwards, and under Well did the brigade, afterwards, and under a more prudent Captain, whee out that defeat; on the 9th August, 1756, when they were recognized by the frame deserted Hutenac; they numbered only 1330, and, with the assistance of 1290 for 1330 for

exclaiming: Never before did 3000 men with a scanty Never before did 3000 men with a scanty utilitery, besiege and capture 1800, there being 1000 other enemies within call, the party at-acked having also a superior fleet on Lake Dhatio."

Ontario."

On the 14th August. 1757, the Brigade assisted by a small number of French Canadians and Indians, reduced Fort William Henry and captured 2409 prisoners, with an immense amount of war material, while de Levis, at the head of the Canadians, held at by a superior force that has been sent under Webb to raise

amount of whe Canadians, held at bay a superior force that has been sent under Webb to raise to seize.

But the crowning glory of the Brigade was on the memorable day of Ticonderoga or Carillon, as the French are wont to call it. On that day the July, 1758, 3000 men of the Brigade assisted by 450 French Canadians utterly added to the control of the termy; on that occasion they withstood for six successive hours the headlong tury of five times their own number, repelling seven successive charges of the entire body of the enemy, with a loss to themselves of 30 officers and 340 men only. It was at this battle that the Irish officers, whose names I mentioned to you, received their wounds; their names are taken from the official returns sent after the battle by de Montcalm to the French Minister and to Governor de Vaudre-uil. The names of such brave men deserve to be embalmed in Irish hearts; and I therefore take the liberty of repeating them, they are McCarthy, Fitzpatrick, Douglass, Carolan O Moran, Forsyth, O'Hearn and O'Donohoe. The other officers killed and wounded on the French is de bear French names; but this does not weaken the evidence I have adduced of the Regiments themselves being Irish; for it was the custom, in those days for Irishman to assume French names, the better to hide their origin in case of capture by the English, for it was the custom, in those days for Irishman to part he had taken in favor of the Amalier de Montreuil; the honor, too, of commanding such brave troops was esged; sought after by Frenchmen. De Montcalm, in his despatches, frequently awards the highest praise to

officers bearing Irish names; and he tells the French Minister that the great victory of Ticonderous or Carillan, was entirely due to the

officers bearing Irish names; and he tells the French Minister that the great victory of Ticonderoga or Carillon, was entirely due to the incredible bravery displayed by both officers and men; and singularly enough it is to care and the incredible bravery displayed by both officers and men; and singularly enough it is to exist commissary Doreil, who had suggested their employment, and as if to justify the latter's foresight that de Monteaim. In a touching letter written on the battlefield, the night of the mettle of the Brigade. The 'employment tendent is the battle, addresses this glowing testimosy to the mettle of the Brigade. The 'employment to small army of the King, where do Monteaim to Doreil, 'has just beanon his enemies.' What a day for the nonor of Francel Had I had 200 savages to serve for the van of 1000 chosen troops led by de Lets, not many of the fleeing enemy would have escaped. Ah! such troops as ours, my dear Doreil; I never saw their match!

The following year's campaign saw the most gigantic preparations made to subdue this colony: Pupulation of men, women and children in Canda at the time, were set in motion to assail to mail sides, the chances were all against de Montealm; with a force inferior in nroops, and without awaiting the arrival of de Bougainville and de Levis, de Montealm and lost the battle and his life, and year no one can venture the assertion that the result of that battle would have been the same, if de Montealm had but awaited the arrival of de Levis and de Bougainville, with their trained Irish soldiers; for when again, on the 28th April, 1760 on the heights of Sillery and Sile, Foye, the Brigade met the British in the shock of battle, an expiring ray of glory was shed on I ish valor, and this time it was not the French who ran.

In conclusion we all must feel some pride it knowing that our race has filled so large a space in the brighest pages of Canadian history; its also time that others be made to feel that Irishmen cannot be considered aliens, or ostracized as such, on

feel that I rishmen cannot be considered alier or ostracized as such, on a soil made famo by their deeds, and hallowed by their blood, The lecturer sat down amid applause.

MARRIAGES.

MARRIAGES.

O'KEEFE-McNALLY.

At 10:30 a. m. on Tuesday, 2th Sept, in St. Peter's Church, Newark, was solemnized the marriage of Mr. Thos. O Keefe of Hawirey, to Miss Marie Nano McNally, eldest daughter of Thomas McNally. The event was one of more than usual interest, as the bride occupies a deservedly high place in the affection and esteemed to conspire in order to make the occasion a bright and happy one. The day dawned with a cloudless sky and the sun beamed forth in full splendor as though to give further confirmation to the old provero "Happy is the bride on whom the sun shines" The church was beautifully decorated with flowers, Miss Mand Sheehan prosided at the organ, and as the strains pealed forth the bridae party entered the church. The bride was given away by her brother, Mr. J.J., McNally of Window, The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Father Cook of Woodstock parish priest. Miss Mary O Keeffe of Dunnville, sister of the groom, acced as bridesmaid, and Mr. The Sheefe assisted the groom. At the church Mr. T. J. Murray of Paris performed by the eduty of usher. The bride was attired in heaving the broadcloth suit with a blouse of the duty of usher. The bride was attired in hemstitched taffeta. She wore a grey pann velvet hat and carried white roses, and wore say no mament a crescent of pearls, the gift of the groom. The bridesmaid wore slate broadcloth suit, with a blouse of pink tucked taffeta, a black velvet Gainsborough hat, and wore a braceleit, which was the gift of the groom. The bridesmaid wore slate broadcloth suit, with a blouse of pink tucked taffeta, a black velvet Gainsborough hat, and gift of the groom. The bridesmaid wore slate broadcloth suit, with a blouse of pink tucked taffeta, a black velvet Gainsborough hat, and wre well the companies of the church for several years. Another was a beautiful plano from Mr. Mn Miss Teres Hemsworth, of Ingersoll, sang several apprice diding gifts were very numerous and testified to the immense popularity of the old entered for the church for several y

DOYLE-MUGAN.

A very pretty but quiet wedding took place at St. Michael's church. Ridgetown, on the morning of Sept 5th. when Miss Mergaret Mugan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Mugan was married to Mr. Maurice L. Doyle of Chatham. The ceremony w.j. performed by the Rev. Father Boubat, assisted by Rev. Father O'Donohue Miss Margaret Regan of Bothwell, cousin of the bride, acted as bridesmaid; while the groom was assisted by his brother. Mr. J. Doyle of Chatham. Though the number of guests was very limited, the many handsome presents received attest the high esteem in which the bride is held. The happy couple left on the morning train for a week's visit to the Pan American. On their return they will reside in their handsome new home at Chatham. That a long life may be vouchsafed the happy couple is the wish of their many friends DOVLE-MUGAN.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Andrew J. Quinlan, Barrie.

Death under any circumstances is sad, but when a life, full of promise, surrounded by everything that makes life a joyous reality, passes away, our deepest sympathies are aroused. On Sept. 18th at her beautiful home near Crown Hill, Mrs. Annie Quinlan, after a brief illness, died of pneumonia at the early age of thirty-four. A devoted husband and an attractive little daughter, Florence, of five summers, mourn her loss.

Mrs. Quinlan is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Nicholson of Flos, and the sister of Mrs. Ryther of Crossland, Miss Emma and Joseph Nicholson of Vigo, Dr. John T. of Sandusky and Albert W. of Western University. Cleve land. All have the sympathies of the entire community in their sad bereavement.

Mrs. Quinlan, who was educated in the collegiate institutes at Barrie and Collingwood, was for some years one of Simcoe's most popular educators. Her patience, her kind and genile demeanor endeared her to all.

But why lament? "The richest class of fruit falls earliest to the ground." Earth has lost one of her fairest and best, but let us hope heaven has gained.

When after cold, grim, merciless death claimed her at her once cherished home, and when on Sept. 20th all that was earthly was tearfully lain in that silent tomb at Barrie, many were the words of praise bathed in words of keen rekret, there spoken by those who came to pay their last respects.

On that bright hill top, in that peaceful citadels he sleeps the sleep of the just.

Requiem in peace!

Weep not for her—in the spring-time she fiew MRS. ANDREW J. QUINLAN, BARRIE.

To that land where the wings of the soul are

unfurled
And now like a star beyond evening's cold
dew.
Looks radiantly down on the tears of the
world." MRS. JEREMIAH RYAN, TORONTO.

We regret to announce the death of Hanorah Griffin, dearly beloved wife of Jeremiah Ryan, who departed this life on the evening of the Griffin, dearly beloved wife of Jeremiah Ryan, who departed this life on the evening of the 19th Sopt.

Deceased was in her sixty-third year, and was a native of the county Galway, Ireland. She emigrated to this country when a child, and was married at Toronto Gore, forty-two years ago do she was the mother of five children, of women two survive her, viz., Minnie, P. Steacher of Sleswick, county of Peel, and William P., of the Paisley Pork Packing Co., Paisley. For forty years she, with her husband and family, resided in Brampton, where her husband was eng ged in the coal and wood buses, but during the last four years they have resided in Toronto, at 250 Farley Ave. The tuneral took place from the family residence on the 21st Sept. to St. Mary's church, where Requiem High Mass was celebrated by Rev. Father McCann, Vicar-General of Toronto; then the remains were conveyed by G. T. R., to Brampton, where the interment took place in the family plot, the last sad rites at the grave being performed by Rev. Father O'Leary of St. Mary's.

A good Catholic during her life, she was consoled in her last moments by the rites of our Holy Mother the Church, the priest attending her daily during her long illness.

She was a good neighbor. a tame friend, a faithful wife and a devoted mothes. The sortywing husband and children have the sympathy of their many friends in their sad bereavement. R. I. P.

MR. JOHN KILLORAN, SEAFORTH.

MR. JOHN KILLORAN, SEAFORTH. Seaforth, Oct. 5th, 1901.
The citizens of Seaforth were surprised on
Tuesday last to learn that Mr. John Killoran,

one of the pioneer residents and oldest business men of the town, had been called to his rest. It was known that he had been alling for some weeks, but few outside of the immediate family circle had any fidea that his case was serious.

Mr. Kiiloran was a native of Sligo, Ireland, and was about sixty five years of age, He came with his parents to Ontario in 18i7. The family took up land in the Gore of Downle, in the county of Perth, and from the dense forests of that time hewed out for themselves a comfortable home.

The earlier years of the deceased were spent

comfortable home.

The earlier years of the deceased were speni
on the farm, after which he came to reside it
what was then the village of Seaforth and had
been a resident here for nearly thirty-five

years.

In connection with his brother in law, Mr.
In connection with his brother in law, Mr.
In connection with his brother in law, Mr.
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owned and occupied by the Dominion Bank and the firm of Killoran & Ryan was widely known. For several years he nad been living retired.

He was strictly honorable in all his business dealings and possessed in a high degree the confidence of his patrons. Socially he was a gennal, whole-seed frishman who never had an evil word to say of any person and who was universally liked frishman who never had an evil word to say of any person and who was universally liked by all who enjoyed his acquaintable. His demise leaves a sad blunk between the pass all forcibly of how rapidly time is passing and the many and saddening changes that are taking place. Mr. Killoran was a decoted member of St. James Catholic church and the funeral services were conducted there on Thursday forenoon, the remains being laid to rest in St. James' cemetery. The decased for many years had been an active worker in Branch 23 of the C. M. B. A. and the members in a body attended the funeral. Rev. Father Corcoran sang the funeral. Rev. Father Corcoran sang the funeral services and spoke in feeling terms of the decased and the consolation he derived from the Sacraments and last sad rites. He is survived by a widow and grown-up family. His sons are James L. barrister, Seaforth; and J. F. Leo, medical student, Toronto; and the Maises was placed to the sacraments and last sad rites. He is survived by a widow and grown-up family. His sons are James L. barrister, Seaforth; and J. F. Leo, medical student, Toronto; and the Misses Wan. Prendergast, Toronto; and the Misses Wan. Prendergast, Toronto; and the Misses Wantheen, Winnifred and Annie. They will long mourn the loss of a kind husband and affectionnate father. Requiescatin pace.

Mr. DANIEL HANLEY, ST. THOMAS.

The funeral of the late Daniel Handley, of St. Thomas. who was fatally injured at In-

Mr. Daniel Hanley, St. Thomas.

The funeral of the late Daniel Hanley, of St. Thoms, who was fatally injured at Inwood on Tuesday, lst inst., took place from his father's residence, Alma street, Friday morning, and was very largely attended—being one of the largest in the history of the city. The railroad organizations of which the deceased was a member turned out strong, being fully two hundred in the line of march. They were marshaled by Mr. Ed. Moylan. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. Father Vincent Reath, C. S. B., Sandwich, a schoolfellow and intimate friend of the deceased. The pail bearers were: Messra, M. Moylan, John Farrell, M. West representing the railroad, R. Coffey, John Lowy and Jos. Hivard (personal friends of deceased). The church was crowded of the doors. Messrs Chas, W. Regan, chas, Dryouriats solos were rendered by Prof. Fred. Dunn and Mrs. Jon. Butler during the celebra. tion of Mass. The family have the hearifelts ympathy of the entire community in the sad and tracte taking off of one of the most worthy as well as the most popular and premising young men in the community. He leaves to mourn his loss, besides his stricken young wife, his father, mother, three brothers — James, Patrick and Moses all of the M. C. R.—and four sisters. The fieral tributes were beautiful representing emblems from the different railroad organizations, the B. of R. T., the B. of R. F., the R. C. and the B. of R. E. besides emblems from the basebal cubs, of which the deceased was an active member, being one of the best amateur players in the country. May he rest in peace!

ADDRESS AND PRESENTATION.

On Thursday evening of last week, Mr. Geo.
Leyes, principal of the Separate school at
Chepstow, was presented with a very handsome clock by the members of the
Mr. B. A.. accompanied by a very
flattering address. The circumstances which
led to this presentation was the resignation of Mr. Leyes, and his departure for Carlsruhe where he has accepted another situation.
The address was read by Mr. J. W. McNab,
and the presentation made by Mr. Engelbert
Zettel Mr. Leyes made a suitable reply, and
then invited all present to his house where he
treated them to an excellent supper. Mr.
Leyes has been principal of the Chepstow
school for the last eighteen years, and was an
excellent teacher. He leaves a host of
friends behind im. Carlsruhe is fortunate in securing sugood a teacher:
C. M. B. A. hall, Branch 115,
Chepstow, Sept. 26, 1901, ADDRESS AND PRESENTATION.

Mr. Geo. Leyes. Recording Secretary:

Dear Sir and Brother—It is with feelings of deepest regret that we have learned of your intention of leaving our pleasant burg, and we feel deeply the loss of your highly valued service as Recording Secretary of this Branch of our noble association.

Your untiring services and unflattering energy have done much in bringing this branch of our society to its present numerical strength.

energy have not to its present numerical strength. You certainly have been a slave to your duties; and this branch can never hope to repay you for the valuable time spent in promoting its welfare, your untring energy in secuting new members, your punctuality in your duties, your good example in your moral bearing, your forbearance in the troubles of your office and your valued advice in handling delicate questions of the business connected with our branch will alwaysstand forth a lasting monument to your keen perception of your dut-

cate questions of the business connected with our branch will always stand forth as a lasting monument to your keen perception of your cuties, your ability and influence with thepeoptic, your diergard of valuable time spent in the promotion of a good society, your exampler, conduct as an executive offleer, and your tact and good judgment in administering the office which you have graced for so many years with such marked ability and success.

In losing you, dear brother, we feel like a family losing a kind father, and we cannot find words to express the sorrow of our hearts; however, as the best of friends must part, as the father must leave his children, and as the children must suffer the loss of the also must we become reconciled to our loss.

We would therefore ask you to accept this small present as a slight token of our personal esteem for yourself, and of our appreciation of your valued services to this branch. We all wish you the professional success in your new field of labor that has characterized your past efforts in our midst, and will watch with unfeigned pleasure the achievements which your ability and energy are sure to produce. We pray Almighty God to shower His blossings on your undertaking, and children many years of health, happiness and propectify.

Signed on behalf of the branch, John Clancy, President; J. W. McNab, Sen. Chancellor: Engelbert Zettel, Marshal.

A Sad Aceident.

A Sad Accident.

We offer our heartfelt sympathy to Geo, C. Gibbons, Esq. K. C., on the death of his son, Alan, at Toronto, which occurred on Sunday morning last. The young man, who was in the eighteenth years of his age, was socidentally shot while handling a revolver. He was attending the Toronto University, and gave promise of a brilliant future. When the new reached London it create: sorrow in the hearts of citizens of all classes because of the respect and esteem in which Mr. Gibbons and his family are held. The funeral—one of the largest which has been seen in London for many years—took place from the family residence, Dufferin avenue, on Tuesday morning.

CHRIST'S PLACE IN HISTORY.

The principal characteristic of almost all our later literature dealing in any way with Christ, is a complete and total ignoring of the supernatural in Him. He is portrayed as one of the characters of a story, and made to go hither and thither at the beck of the author's imagination, just as any other character of historical romance. This is very much to be regretted,

because it ignores that alone in our blessed Lord which calls for our adoration; thar alone through which he became our Redeemer. * * * To see our Blessed Lord subjected to the indignities of such literary composition must strike us as profanity, and there fore, unless we come to the knowledge of our Blessed Lord, to know He was really God, to appreciate His supercannot possibly understand His in- And get the Choicest Quality

fluence upon the world and ourselves.

We must necessarily be brief, for a proper consideration of Christ's divinity means an examination of all hu-

man history.
His name is written across every page of history, and to remove His name from that page we must destroy the page. He is interwoven so completely, so absolutely with all that men have done and said that it is utterly unintelligible that men can understand the history of our race and leave out

What would you think of a man who would write a history of the United States and make no mention of our Civil War, or deny its existence? It would be utterly impossible to do so, for there are thousands of things that have occured whose only explanation can come from this war. Remove it

and those events become unintelligible.
So, also, remove the Godship from our race, both prior to and since His coming, and no single fact or event of human history can be viewed in its proper color. - Rev. Jas. J. Sullivan, S. J., Newspaper Notes of Sermon.

HEALTHY BABIES.

Watchful Mothers Can Keep Their Babies Healthy, Rosy-cheeked and Нарру.

Nothing in the world is such a comfort and joy as a healthy, hearty, rosy-

cheeked, happy baby.

Bables can be kept in perfect health only by having at hand and administering when needed some purely vegetable, harmless remedy, and of all this

class of medicines Baby's Own Tablets are conceded to be the best.

For constipation, colle, diarrhoea, simple fevers, sour stomachs, teething babies, indigestion and sleeplessness, these tablets are a really wonderful You can give them to the smallest baby without the slightest fear. Dissolved in water, they will be taken readily. They contain absolutely not a particle of opiate or other injurious drugs. They are small, sweet lozenges that any baby will take without objection, and their action is prompt and pleasant. They will tone up the whole system and make the little one as hearty and free from infantile disorders as any mother could wish.

Mrs. Walter Brown, Milby, Que, "I have never used any medicine for baby that did him so much good as Baby's Own Tablets. I would not be without them." This is the verdict of all mothers who have used these tablets.

They cost 25 cents a box. All druggists sell them or they may be secured by sending the price direct and the tablets will be forwarded prepaid. The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Dept. T., Brockville, Ont.

TEACHER WANTED.

A QUALIFIED TEACHER CAPABLE TO teach French and English wanted for R.C. S. S. 3, B Malden and Col. North, for the year 1992, male or female, Apply to Daniel A. Ouellette, sec.-treas, Vereker, P. O., Ont., stating salary wanted.

WANTED, A MALE CATHOLIC TEACH-er capable of teaching in both the French WANTED. A separate of teaching in both the Frence of the property of the prope

FOR S. S. NO. 6, PILKINGTON TOWN-ship, male, holding first or second class certificate. Applications received to Nov. 1st. Duties commence Jan 1, 1902. Apply stating salary, George Haennel, Wiesenburg, P. 0,

TEACHER WANTED, MALE, OR FEMALE, holding a second or third class certificate, for the Roman Catholic Separate school No. 6. Proton. Duties to commence Jan. 2, 1902, State salary and send qualifications and testimonials to Thomas Brigley. Secretary Treasurer Feature P. O. Ont. urer, Egerton, P. O., On

TEACHER WANTED FOR R. C. SEPAR-tions received to the 29th October. Applica-tions received to the 29th October. Apply, stating salary. Duties to commence on 21, danuary, 1902. Apply to Thomas Casey, Sec., Ayton, Ont.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for fittings, Armouries, Windsor, Ont.," will be received at this office until Wednesday, 18th October, 1901, inclusively, for the fittings required for the Drill Hall, Windsor, Ont.

Plans and specification can beseen and forms of tender obtained at this Department and at the office of Charles Smith, Clerk of Wcrks, Windsor, Ont.

SEALED TENDERS endorsed "Tender for fittings, Post Office, Picton, Ont.," will also be received at the same time for fittings required for the post office building, Picton, Ont.

Plans and specification can be seen and forms of tender obtained at this Department and at the office of Peter Pulver, Clerk of Works, Picton, Ont.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the form supplied, and signed with their actual signatures.

Esch tender must be accompanied by an acceptable of the considered unless made on the form supplied, and signed with their actual signatures.

supplied, and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, usade payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent (10 pt. c.) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. It ful tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to ac-The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order, FRED. GELINAS, Secretary

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, Sept. 28th, 1901.
Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department, will not be paid for it.

Jubilee Missions We respect from the Rev. Clergy for Mission Goods. Our stock is new and saleable. Usual terms.

BLAKE WEST SIDE GATHOLIC BOOKSTORE

602 QUEEN WEST, TORONTO. "Telephone Park 832."

COWAN'S COCOA and CHOCOLATE



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VOLUME XXIII.

The Catholic Record. London, Saturday October 19, 1901.

RESPECT FOR AUTHORITY.

Just now there is a deal of talk among our brethren over the border anent the advisability of forbidding any contemptuous allusion to authority. The scheme we may say is advocated mainly by some sore-head journals and individuals who are dominated more by their feelings than by their judgment. There may be a few—those who deplore the unsightly cartoon and irreverent and critic meaningless gibe and insult too often seem in great dailies, but they, we are three sure, are not so sanguine as to its feasi-

Force indeed may bridle the tongue, but not the heart. And that is the thing to be regulated and governed. thin Force may hamper for the moment big lawless utterance and deed, lad but its source—the heart that recks sibi God - may add continually are to its vileness until when under press- eve ure of temptation or external goad it ful betrays itself by the use of the pistol ary and dagger. The respect for authority that is born of caprice or sentiment or public opinion is as unsubstantial as an idle dream. It is as unstable as a house built on the sand, and may even possess the being of an anarchist after a good dinner. But the respect for authority that means anything -namely, that based on eternal law, can be rooted only in the hearts of those who believe that authority is from God and who see, howsoever their ideas may conflict with those of the policy in vogue, the nimbus of divine majesty upon the brow of the rightful ruler. That doctrine is inculcated in our schools and colleges and we believe that the exigencies of the times will constrain our opponents to admit that the Catholic system of education that trains the whole man is the well-spring of national vitality and the surest guarantee of its stability.

A QUESTION.

But if such a scheme were adopted we for one should not grow maudlin in sympathy for the anarchist. Some people do that kind of thing for the poor, poor victims of the Spanish Inquisition. As every one knows, those victims were conspirators against law and order and deadly traitors to the State, and the authorities naturally deemed that the best specimens of that kind of traitor should be dead ones. They believed they were empowered to see that the government sustained no injury and if their efforts towards this laudable object were marred by cruelty, it must be ascribed to weak human nature and not to their religious tenets. And suppose an individual of the present day who prates about the right of free-tall were to begin a propaganda against the prevailing order of things political, and be given in consequence a dose of dur ance vile, if nothing worse; would ou friends call it persecution, or merel a salutary and unavoidable mode of re

A WORD TO THE BOOK-REVIEW ER OF THE GLOBE.

Sometime ago the book-reviewer the Toronto Globe had something say of Dr. O'Hagan's Canadian Essa The writer was evidently in wrat mood when he pounced upon the lit book and made a valiant attempt bludgeon it into obscurity. But estimate is so decidedly unfair and characteristic of the writer that should fain credit it to the desire to even with the Professor at any c rather than to make a dispassion criticism of his work. The revie assures us that no principle, philoso cal or literary, appears to have gu the pen of Dr. O'Hagan. Rather words, my dear lady, and indica withal of your scholarly tastes. were the Professor to hearken to he would be obliged to publish books-and for that you are very

gardly in encouragement. 'It seems to us that sighting suc guns in this little gift to our nat literature is merely an exhibit vanity or at best a loss of time. O'Hagan's criticism of Car poets is of the surface. He one a specimen of their and leaves to the reader the task covering their underlying ideas. this is a legitimate method of cri-We don't quarrel with Mr. Birre example, because his delightful of about books is not burdened w principles so dear to the heart Globe reviewer. We do not jud