Halisidota caryæ Harr. Larvæ very abundant in the rich woods of maple, birch, etc., wandering about in search of suitable places to make their cocoons. The caterpillar of this species, known as the Hickory Halisidota, and that of H. maculata, known as the Spotted Halisidota, were extremely abundant in Canada and northern United States in August and September. Much anxiety was felt by fruit growers and others in districts where the caterpillars appeared in great numbers. The writer published an account of this outbreak in the Annual Report of the Entomological Society of Ontario, for 1907.

Apatela americana Harr. One parasitized larva was collected, the parasite Rhogas intermedius Cress. emerging at Ottawa, Sept. 25th.

Caradrina multifera Wlk. A single specimen taken Sept. 12th. Hadena modica Gn. Sept. 16th.

Hadena dubitans Wlk. Sept. 3rd.

Hadena devastatrix Brace. Sept. 2nd, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th.

Hadena arctica Bdv. Sept. 3rd

Hyppa xylinoides Gn. Sept. 16th.

Rhynchagrotis placida Grt. One specimen, Sept. 15th.
Rhynchagrotis alternata Grt. Two specimens, Sept. 15th, 16th.

Peridroma occulta L. Sept. 3rd.

Noctua smithii Snel. Sept. 4th.

Noctua normaniana Grt. Sept. 7th.

Noctua c-nigrum L. Sept. 2nd.

Noctua rubifera Grt. Sept. 12th. Noctua collaris G. & R. Sept. 8th.

Noctua clandestina. Sept. 10th.

Feltia subgothica Haw. Sept. 9th.

Feltia jaculifera Gn. var. herilis Grt. Sept. 9th.

Feltia venerabilis Wlk. Sept. 5th, 15th, 16th.

Porosagrotis mimallonis Grt. Sept. 5th.

Paragrotis fumalis Grt. Sept. 3rd. This species is uncommon in Ontario. The only other record we have is of a specimen taken at Ottawa by Mr. C. H. Young.

Paragrotis messoria Harr. Sept. 16th.

Paragrotis insulsa Wlk. Sept. 8th.

Paragrotis albipennis Grt. Sept. 5th, 8th, 15th.

Paragrotis ochrogaster Gn. Sept. 15th. Mamestra meditata Grt. Sept. 9th, 16th.

Mamestra picta Harr. Sept. 5th.

Mamestra renigera Steph. Sept. 2nd, 5th, 12th.